CKD

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

PARECT Electro-pneumatic Regulator

MEVT Series

SERIAL TRANSMISSION TYPE MEVT-T9GAR

CC-Link

- Please read this instruction manual carefully before using this product, particularly the section describing safety.
- Retain this instruction manual with the product for further consultation whenever necessary.

For Safety Use

To use this product safety, basic knowledge of pneumatic equipment, including materials, piping, electrical system and mechanism, is required (ISO 4414 *1 JIS B 8370 *2).

We do not bear any responsibility for accidents caused by any person without such knowledge or arising from improper operation.

Our customers use this product for a very wide range of applications, and we cannot keep track of all of them. Depending on operating conditions, the product may fail to operate to maximum performance, or cause an accident. Thus, before placing an order, examine whether the product meets your application, requirements, and how to use it.

This product incorporates many functions and mechanisms to ensure safety. However, improper operation could result in an accident. To prevent such accidents **read this operation manual carefully for proper operation**.

Observe the cautions on handling described in this manual, as well as the following instructions:

Additionally, the caution is classified into the following three groups, "CAUTION", "WARNING", and "DANGER", to identify the degree of the danger it presents and possible hazard.



CAUTION

Points to caution when handling the product

Inferior quality air will deteriorate the product characteristics and affect its durability badly. Use an air dryer, filter and Oil mist filter to eliminate solid material, moisture and tar and thus provide clean air from the pressure source.



When the control pressure decreases, for example, the air runs from the secondary side through the regulator to the exhaust port (R). Dust inside the secondary side piping or the load circuit, therefore, will similarly deteriorate the product's characteristics and greatly affect its durability. Ensure the interior of the piping is always clean.

- (2) The products response capability will be affected by the working pressure and load volume. When a stable response is required, regulate the working pressure.
- (3) Flush air into the pneumatic pipes employed in the PARECT electro-pneumatic regulator before connection. Be careful not to allow sealant tape to stray into the pipes.
- (4) To avoid malfunction caused by electrical noise:
 - (a) Insert a line filter into the AC power line.
 - (b) Use a surge suppresser like a CR or diode in the inductive load (solenoid valve, relay and so on) to remove any noise at the source.
 - (c) Keep the MEVT series cables as far away as possible from power line for motor.
 - (d) In the case of the influence of noise, each slave station can possibly be supplied the power and wire individually.
 - (e) Wire the power line as short as possible.
 - (f) Don't share the power with devices that generate the noise, such as inverter motor.
 - (g) Don't wire the power line or communication line in parallel with other lines.
- (5) Avoid unplanned dismantling of the product. We shall not warrant the product operation in cases where it has been dismantled without authorization.
- (6) Avoid operating the product in places where it may be affected by direct sunlight, water or oil.
- (7) If the product remains connected to its supply pressure for a long time while leaving the power turned off, the output pressure may increase to the level of the supply pressure. For safety, when there is a problem, use the valve on either the inlet or outlet side. It is recommended to set up the system for safe operation.

- (8) If the power is turned off when the unit is up to control pressure, the pressure will be maintained. In this case, if you need to be in an exhaust state, lower the control pressure first and then turn off the power or use the exhaust valve. However, the maintained pressure is not guaranteed to last for very long.
- (9) Since the working pressure is supposed to provide the exact control pressure, it is important for the working pressure not to drop below "Control pressure + Maximum control pressure × 0.1". In particular, if the primary pressure is supplied for a long period of time with the secondary pressure specified in a range that exceeds 0MPa up to 12% F.S., this will shorten the life span of the product and thus the product should not be used in this way.
- (10) The MEVT Series regulators may oscillate if a leak occurs to the secondary side piping. When connecting pipes to the regulator, connect them firmly to prevent leaks. Do not use the regulator for blowing or in any other application where the secondary side can be affected by back pressure. If used in such applications, the regulator will not be able to achieve the specified pressure. Moreover, a large oscillation noise will be heard and the product's durability will be greatly reduced.
- (11) Don't supply the input signal over maximum control pressure, because an excessive input signal exerts a bad influence on the deterioration of the characteristic and also the durability.
- (12) Keep the exhaust port (R) open to the air to allow the release of the exhaust into the air.
- (13) When it is maintained the condition where the power is on and the working pressure isn't supplied or the condition where the power is on and the input signal is missing from the control range, the deterioration of the characteristic and also life occur. Therefore, the product should not be used in this way.

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MEVT Series

PARECT Electro-pneumatic Regulator SERIAL TRANSMISSION TYPE (MEVT-T9GAR)

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1 DESIGN AND SELECTION

1. DESIGN AND SELECTION

\bigwedge warning : (1)	With a thorough understanding of compressed air characteristics, design a pneumatic circuit.
•	Where instantaneous stop holding at emergency stop is required, the same function as in the mechanical or hy- draulic or electrical units cannot be expected.
•	There arise pop-up, jet-out and leaking phenomena caused by compressibility and expansibility, which are air characteristics.
(2)	Prior to use, always ensure that the product with- stands the operating environment.
•	The product cannot be used in corrosive gas, chemical liquid solvent, water, water vapor (steam) and ozone at- mosphere. When a product is exposed to water drop- lets, oil or metallic powder, such as spatters and chips, be sure to protect it.
•	No product can be used in the explosive gas atmosphere.
(3)	Always give special care to the electric circuit during emergency stop, and cylinder operation, etc. during power failure.
(4)	Attach a "residual pressure discharge valve" to the compressed air inlet of the equipment.
•	The pressure switch controls operation so that it cannot be carried out where the set pressure is not reached. The residual pressure discharge valve discharges com- pressed air remaining inside the pneumatic circuit, to prevent accidents caused by pneumatic equipment oper- ation due to residual pressure.

-5-



CAUTION :	(1)	Note the maintenance conditions clearly in the equipment instruction manual.		
	•	The product functions may significantly lower, dependin on the operating condition, operating environment an maintenance situation, thereby safety might not be se cured. If this maintenance work is conducted accurate and correctly, it is possible to exhibit the product func- tion and performance sufficiently.		
	(2)	Use be a constant voltage power supply.		
	(3)	Check the leak current to avoid a malfunction caused by such leakage from other control equip- ment. The EVT may malfunction under the influence of leak current when a programmable controller or the like is used.		
	•			
		In case of 24 V DC: 1.8mA or less		
	(4)	To avoid malfunction caused by electrical noise:		
	٠	Insert a line filter into the AC power line.		
	•	Use a surge suppresser like a CR or diode in the induc- tive load (solenoid valve, relay and so on) to remove any noise at the source.		
		Keep the MEVT series cables as far away as possibl from power line for motor.		
	 Absolutely use the designated line for the serial t mission type. In the case of the influence of noise, each slave s can possibly be supplied the power and wire individu 			
 Wire the power line as short as possible. Don't share the power with devices that go noise, such as inverter motor. 		Wire the power line as short as possible.		
		Don't share the power with devices that generate the noise, such as inverter motor.		
	٠	Don't wire the power line or communication line in par- allel with other lines.		
	(5)	Do not use combined with a cylinder having a sub- stantial leakage amount such as, a few friction cyl- inder or an air bearing cylinder.		
	•	Avoid using a product in blowing or under the operating conditions that the back pressure is applied to the sec- ondary side. No set pressure can be maintained, and its service life may be shortened along with a large beat sound.		
	(6)	EVT100 arises residual pressure of 2kPa max and EVT500, 10kPa max even when the input signal is set to 0%. When 0MPa is required, take adequate measures; for example, attach a 3-way valve to the secondary side for changeover to the atmosphere.		

\bigvee	
CAUTION : (7)	Use a valve on inlet and outlet as needed. If the product is left as it is with the supply pressure when no power is turned ON, the secondary side pres- sure may increase up to the supply pressure. If some trouble is concerned on safety, take proper safety measures in the system; for example, use a valve on inlet or outlet.
(8)	Operating Environment Avoid using a product in the place where it is ex- posed direct to sunlight, water, oil or the like. Con- tact us when using a product that falls outside the designated specifications and specifications for spe- cial applications.
•	Ambient Temperature Contact us when the product is used at exceeding 50°C or a low temperature not exceeding 5°C. Vibration & impact Avoid using the product at the vibration of 50 m/s ² min. and impact of 300m/s ² min.
(9)	The SUB power terminal can be used for transfer wiring to other devices. However, contain the cur- rent passing from the MAIN terminal to the SUB terminal, within 1.5A. The unusual rise of tempera- ture by the over current will break the MEVT. Be careful to avoid noise effects of other devices.

1 DESIGN AND SELECTION



2. INSTALLATION

$\cancel{MARNING}: (1)$	For MEVT installation, do not use the method of supporting the MEVT with piping.	
•	Attach and fix the MEVT main body.	
(2)	Do not wash and coat the MEVT, using water and solvent.	
 Some plastics parts may be damaged. The coating agent may block the exhaust port, ca malfunctions. (3) Check the piping port position by the product or nameplate, etc. for correct connections. 		
		•

2 INSTALLATION	
	When installing:
	(1) Keep a sufficient space for removal & re-installation, wiring and piping work around the EVT.
	(2) Provide a pneumatic filter just in the pre-stage of the circuit in which the pneumatic equipment is used.
	(3) The response time is af- fected by operating pressure and load ca- pacity. When stable reproduci- bility is required for this responsibility, set up a regulator in the pre-stage.
	(4) Attaching position
	• Since the MEVT is designed for DIN rail mounting, fix the DIN rail to the attaching surface at intervals of 50 to 100mm where the total manifold mass exceeds 1kg or in the environment under vibration and impact, and then ensure that no abnormality is identified in the installation condition before use.
	 There is no restriction in the attaching direction and at- taching posture. Check the mounting screw doesn't get loose by resonance during operation, to avoid the mani- fold to fall off.
	 Removal & re-installation of MEVT
	To Remove MEVT: Loosen the DIN rail fixing screws. (4pcs. in 2 right & left places)
	To Re-install MEVT:
	1. Set the jaw over the DIN rail from $\textcircled{1}$ to $\textcircled{2}$ as shown below.
	2. Press the retainer in the direction to (3) below.
	 While pressing it so that no clearance is produced between the blocks, tighten the DIN rail fixing screws. (Recommendable tightening torque: 0.6 to 0.8N·m.)
	 When the retainer jaw is not hooked firmly, air leakage and product fall-ing-off may result: always check this mounting condition carefully. Push Image: Condition the retainer is a straight of the retainer straight of the retainer is a straight of the retainer is a s



2 INSTALLATION				
CAUTION :	 (10) Piping Connect Applicable Tub Use our CKD of Soft nylon (F-1) Polyurethane (When a common outside diamet The hardness of deg. min. (Ru If a tube that of and hardness may lower, the making it hard 	ction designated tube 1500 Series) U-9500 Series ercially available ter accuracy, v of the polyuret bber hardness does not satisf as specified i ereby causing to insert the tu	e.) le tube is used, vall thickness a hane tube used tester) y outside diame s used, the ch the tube to c ube.	give care to and hardness. should be 93 eter accuracy bucking force some off and
	Outside	Inside dian	neter (mm)	
	diameter (mm)	Nylon	Urethane	
	φ4	φ 2.5	φ2	
	φ6	φ4	φ4	
	Outside Diameter	Tolerance		
	Soft & hard r	nylon ϕ 4, ϕ 6	±0.1mm	
	Urethane ϕ 4. ϕ	6	+0.1mm	
			-0.15mm	
	The tube bending bending radius leakage may re	nding radius sl s. (Otherwise esult.)	nould exceed † , tube detachr	the minimum nent and air
	Tube hore	Minimum bend	ling radius (mm)	
		Nylon	Urethane	
	φ4	10	10	
	ϕ 6	20	20	
	 Minimum Tube The standard should corresp more. (Other 	Length length of outp oond to the tub wise, oscillatior	out port (A) sic be internal volur n may result.)	le tube used me of $1m\ell$ or
	Tuba have	Minimum	Length (mm)	
		Nylon	Urethane	
	φ4	200	320	
	ϕ 6	80	80	
	 Tube Cutting Using the tube the axial direction causes air leak Tube Connection Provide the ling the tube used bending piping that the tube not exceed 401 Applicable Blang Always use the Blank plug GWI 	e cutter (AZ-12 ction. Inserti- cage. ion State ear part as lon from the joint at the joint in tensile force i N. nk Plug e blank plug des	200), cut a tube on of the tube g as the outside edge part to sertion port. n the lateral d signated by CKI	e vertically in e cut aslant e diameter of avoid sharply Take care so irection does D.

3. OPERATION

Operating Conditions:

The pressure supplied to the electro-pneumatic regulator should be used in the pressure range from the minimum operating pressure to maximum operating pressure that is specified in "5.3 Specifications".

For supply power, use a stabilized power supply with the ripple rate 1% max. at supply voltage 24 V DC+/-10%.

The input signal used and other working conditions should be based on "5.3 Specifications".

Zero (Point) & Span Adjustment:

This product is factory adjusted for the specified control pressure output in relation to each input signal before shipment.

As a rule, no zero & span adjustment change is allowed.

If zero & span adjustments are required at customer's end, contact our nearest sales office or agent.

However, it should be understood that the zero and span adjusted product is out of warranty.



CAUTION :	٠	The pneumatic equipment should be disassembled and re-assembled by the worker who got technical knowledge thereon: this work requires the level of pneumatic skill qualification class 2 or higher.	
	•	When the pneumatic equipment is disassembled and re-assembled, read the instruction manual for the corresponding product carefully and have a thorough understanding of the contents, then start this operations work.	
	Miscellaneous:		
	(1)	Avoid disassembly; otherwise, accidents may result. It should be understood that the operation after dis- assembly falls outside the warranty range.	
	(2)	If the power is turned off when the unit is up to con- trol pressure, the pressure will be maintained. In this case, if you need to be in an exhaust state, lower the control pressure first and then turn off the power or use the exhaust valve. However, the maintained pressure is not guaranteed to last for very long.	
	(3)	Since the working pressure is supposed to provide the exact control pressure, it is important for the working pressure not to drop below "Control pressure + Maximum control pressure $\times 0.1$ ". In particular, if the primary pressure is supplied for a long period of time with the secondary pressure specified in a range that exceeds OMPa up to 12% F.S., this will shorten the life span of the product and thus the product should not be used in this way.	
	(4)	The MEVT Series regulators may oscillate if a leak occurs to the secondary side piping. When con- necting pipes to the regulator, connect them firmly to prevent leaks. Do not use the regulator for blowing or in any other application where the sec- ondary side can be affected by back pressure. If used in such applications, the regulator will not be able to achieve the specified pressure. Moreover, a large oscillation noise will be heard and the prod- uct's durability will be greatly reduced.	

3



4. MAINTENANCE

WARNING :	(1)	Prior to maintenance work, be sure to turn the pow- er OFF and stop supply compressed air to ensure that no residual pressure is present.
	•	These operations are the conditions required for securing operational safety.
CAUTION :	(1)	Carry out routine and periodic checking as planned so that maintenance control is implemented correct- ly.
	•	Unless this maintenance control is satisfactory, the product functions remarkably lower, leading to equipment malfunction and accidents, such as short service life, damage and malfunctioning.
	1.	Pressure control to supply compressed air
	•	Check to see if the set pressure is supplied. Check to see if the pressure gauge during equipment op- eration is pointing to the set pressure.
		(MIN) (MAX)
	2.	Pneumatic filter control
	•	Check to see if the bowl and element fouling condition is normal.
	3.	Control for compressed air leak in the piping con- nection part
	•	Check to see if the condition of the connection section especially in the movable part is normal.
	4.	EVT operating condition control
	•	Check for operation delay and check to see if the ex- haust status is normal.
	5.	Control for pneumatic actuator operating condition
	•	Check to see if the pneumatic actuator is working smoothly. Check to see if the stopped condition at the stroke end is normal. Check to see if the section coupled with the load is nor- mal.



5. PRODUCTS

5.1 General outline of the system

MEVT *** ** T9GAR **** *** 3

- 1) The MEVT^{*}-^{*}-T9GAR-^{*}-^{*}-3 is a PARECT Electro-pneumatic regulator mounted with a slave station to the EVT-T9GAR which can be connected to the open field network CC-Link. There are some following characteristics.
- (1) It helps to curtail wiring man-hours since only the CC-Link cable is required to connect it to a PLC.
- (2) Installation can choose which the under or back fixation.
- (3) The HOLD/CLEAR switch can be used to hold or clear the output signal during a communication fault or analog output permission signal is turned off.
- (4) The communication speed can be set to : 156k, 625k, 2.5M, 5M, 10M bps.
- 2) What are CC-Link ?

CC-Link, which is an open field network for FA purposes, reduces wiring of I/O devices such as sensors and valves and intelligent devices such as high speed counters and inverters, and the system can be controlled without consciousness of communications..

It has the following features.

- (1) CC-Link is the fastest network in the industry (10Mbps), and it can meet requirements of sensors requiring quick responses and communication of large volume data.
- (2) The remote control that handles bit data and data communications that handle word data (analog) can be made simultaneously, while the communication time is fast and stable.
- (3) An n-to-n cyclic transmission between controllers can be made, making distributed control easier.
- NOTE) Be sure to read the User's Manual.
 - This manual mainly describes the MEVT **- T9GAR-**-**-3 and the slave station EVT-T9GAR. Also, read the User's Manual for the master station and other slave stations to be connected to this system. In addition, regarding the PARECT Electro-pneumatic Regulator, please read this manual and the above manuals carefully to fully understand the functions and performance of the product to be able to use it properly.
- If the customer has any question about the CC-Link, contact the following home page.
 - **CC-Link Association**

Home page address : http://www.cc-link.org



5.2 Structure of the System

• Combination of PLC and Master unit

PLC Maker	Type of CPU	Type of Master Unit
	For A series	AJ61BT11
	For AnS series	A1SJ61BT11
MITSUBISHI	For QnA series	AJ61QBT11
ELECTRIC	For QnAS series	A1SJ61QBT11
CORPORATION	For Q series	QJ61BT11
	For FX series	FX2N-16CCL-M
	Personal computer (PCI bus)	A80BD-J61BT11
NEC ,Ltd	Personal computer (PCI bus)	FC-UG-X002
etc.	Various	The Master Unit adaptable CC-Link

• Fundamental structure of system



Master station	Station controlling remote I/O stations, remote device stations,		
	and local stations.		
Remote I/O station	Remote station that handles ON/OFF data only.		
Remote device station	Remote station that handles ON/OFF data and numerical data.		
Local station	Station that has its own CPU and can communicate with		
	the master station and other local stations.		
Intelligent device station	Station informed by the transient transmission.		
	(including the local station)		



5.3 Specifications

1) PARECT Electro-pneumatic Regulator (Individual) *1

Model		EV/0100		
Item		EV1100	EVT500	
Media		Cleaned air (equiva	lent to ISO 1. 3. 2)	
Max. working pr	essure	200kPa	0.7MPa	
Min. working pro	essure	Control pressure + Max	. control pressure $ imes 0.1$	
Droof programs	Inlet side	300kPa	1.05 MPa	
r rooi pressure	Outlet side	150kPa	0.75MPa	
Pressure control	range	0 to 100kPa	0 to 0.5 MPa	
Power supply vol	ltage	$DC24V\pm10\%$ (Stabilized power sup	pply with a ripple rate of 1% or less)	
Consumption cur	rrent	0.1A or	r lower	
Insulation resist	ance	$100 M \Omega$ (DC500V	⁷ megger) or more	
Withstand voltag	ge	AC 1500V 1 minute		
Hysteresis	*2, 3	0.4% F.S. or less		
Linearity	※ 2, 3	$\pm 0.5\%$ F.S. or less		
Resolution	※ 2, 3	0.1% F.S. or less		
Repeatability	*2, 3	0.3% F.S. or less		
Temperature	Zero point fluctuation	0.15% F.S	S. / or less	
characteristic	Span fluctuation	0.07% F.S. / or less		
Max. flow rate (A	ANR) ×4	2L/min	6L / min	
Step response	No load	0.1s or less		
※ 5, 6	15cm ³ load	0.5s or less		
Ambient temper	ature	5 to 50° C		
Fluid temperatu	re	$5 ext{ to } 50^\circ\! ext{C}$		
Lubrication		Nil		
Indicator	*7	Green/Red LED		
Installation posi-	tion	Free		
Working environ	ment	No corrosive gas		
Dimensions		$W14 \times D75 \times H75$		
Mass (body)		80g		

1: The above specifications are valid when the product is powered by 24 ± 0.15 VDC at normal temperature.

*2: Accuracy of serial transmission department is not included.

*3: These specifications are valid at a working pressure which is "1.1 times the maximum control pressure" (EVT100: 110kPa, EVT500: 0.55MPa) and control pressure is from 10 to 100%. It is also assumed that the secondary side circuit constitutes a closed circuit. If the product is used for such purposes as blowing, for example, a pressure fluctuation may occur.

*4: Working pressure : Maximum operating pressure, Control pressure : Maximum control pressure

%5: Working pressure ∶ Maximum working pressure, Step rate ∶ 50% F.S. $\rightarrow 100\%$ F.S.



※6∶ Serial transmission delay is not included.

%7: Indicator is for a rough standard. Accuracy is not guaranteed.

2) PARECT Electro-pneumatic Regulator (Manifold specifications)

Item		Specifications	
Manifold type		Block manifold	
Installation type		DIN rail mount type	
Air supply and exhaust		Concentrated supply and exhaust	
Max. manifold number		12 💥 8, 9	
Port size	Output port (A)	ϕ 4、 ϕ 6 Push-in joint	
	Input port (P) Exhaust port (R)	$\phi 4$, $\phi 6$ Push-in joint	

*8: Slave station is possible installation to maximum 3 units to one manifold.

*9: PARECT Electro-pneumatic regulator maximum 4 units to one slave station.



3) Slave station specification

	Item	Specifications
Power sup	ply voltage (Slave side)	$DC24V\pm10\%$ (Stabilized power supply with a ripple rate of 1% or less)
Consumpti	on current (Slave side)	80mA or lower (Except for load current)
Ambient te	emperature	5 to 50° C
Ambient h	umidity	30 to 85%RH (No dew fall)
Working en	nvironment	No corrosive gas
Object of c	ommunication	CC-Link Ver1.10 conformance
Transmiss	ion speed	156k/625k/2.5M/5M/10M bps (Selectable by switch)
Max. num	per of Input / Output (AD/DA)	4/4
DA	Pressure set ting data	12 bit
output	Accuracy	$\pm 1\%$ F.S. or less (Accuracy of EVT is not included.)
AD	Pressure monitoring data	12 bit
input	Accuracy	$\pm 6\%$ F.S. or less (Accuracy of EVT's monitoring voltage is included.)
Fuse		Slave power supply: 24V 2A
No. of monopolized stations		1 station (Remote device station)

CAUTION :	Incorrect address settings of serial transmission slave stations could cause the EVT and the actuator to malfunction. Before using the product, check the set addresses of the slave stations.
•	Do not touch electric wiring connections (exposed live parts) this will cause an electric shock. During wiring, keep the power off. Also, do not touch these live parts with wet hands.
•	For operation of serial transmission slave stations, read the communication system operation manual carefully.
•	This product works only on DC. Use this product as per the specified supply voltage.
•	The output data (pressure setting) is placed in the cleared state until I/O communication is started after power-ON.



4) Profile

Remote register signal list

EVT-T9GAR \rightarrow Master		Master \rightarrow EVT-T9GAR	
Remote Input (RX)	Name	Remote Output (RY)	Name
RXn0	CH1 A/D conversion completion flag	RYn0	CH1 Analog output permission signal
RXn1	CH2 A/D conversion completion flag	RYn1	CH2 Analog output permission signal
RXn2	CH3 A/D conversion completion flag	RYn2	CH3 Analog output permission signal
RXn3	CH4 A/D conversion completion flag	RYn3	CH4 Analog output permission signal
RXn4	Reserve	RYn4	Not used
RXn5	Reserve	RYn5	Not used
RXn6	Reserve	RYn6	Not used
RXn7	Reserve	RYn7	Not used
RXn8	Not used	RYn8	Not used
RXn9	Not used	RYn9	Not used
RXnA	Not used	RYnA	Not used
RXnB	Not used	RYnB	Not used
RXnC	Not used	RYnC	Not used
RXnD	Not used	RYnD	Not used
RXnE	Not used	RYnE	Not used
RXnF	Not used	RYnF	Not used
RX(n+1) 0	Reserve	RY(n+1) 0	Reserve
RX(n+1) 1	Reserve	RY(n+1) 1	Reserve
RX(n+1) 2	Reserve	RY(n+1) 2	Reserve
RX(n+1) 3	Reserve	RY(n+1) 3	Reserve
RX(n+1) 4	Reserve	RY(n+1) 4	Reserve
RX(n+1) 5	Reserve	RY(n+1) 5	Reserve
RX(n+1) 6	Reserve	RY(n+1) 6	Reserve
RX(n+1) 7	Reserve	RY(n+1) 7	Reserve
RX(n+1) 8	Not used	RY(n+1) 8	Not used
RX(n+1) 9	Not used	RY(n+1) 9	Not used
RX(n+1) A	Not used	RY(n+1) A	Not used
RX(n+1) B	Remote READY	RY(n+1) B	Vacant
RX(n+1) C	Not used	RY(n+1) C	Not used
RX(n+1) D	Not used	RY(n+1) D	Not used
RX(n+1) E	(Reserve:QnA)	RY(n+1) E	(Reserve:QnA)
RX(n+1) F	(Reserve:QnA)	RY(n+1) F	(Reserve:QnA)

 $n \ : \ \mbox{Address given to the master unit according to the station number setting}$

Details of remote I/O signals

Device No.	Signal name	Description
RXn0~3	A/D conversion com- pletion flag	The signal is turned on upon completion of first A/D conversion after power-on. Once the signal is turned, it is not turned off (during correct communication). Conversion is made in four channels without relations to the number of con- nected load units (EVT). After the signal is turned on, save the digital output value (monitored pressure data).
RX(n+1) B	Remote ready	The signal is turned on after power-on. Once the signal is turned on, it is not turned off (during correct communication). The signal is used to interlock in the reading/writing cycle of the master unit.
RYn0~3	Analog output per- mission signal	 Analog value output permission signal. The analog value (output voltage added to the load (EVT)) is issued after this signal is turned on. The analog output is not output if this signal is turned off. The state of the load (EVT) follows the setting of the output selection switch of the slave station in the output prohibition state. HOLD: The output data sent to the EVT immediately before the output is prohibited is held. CLEAR: The output data sent to the EVT is reset to "0."



Remote register signal list

Master \rightarrow EVT-T9GAR			EVT-T9GAR \rightarrow Master		
Address	Name	Default	Address	Name	Default
RWwm	CH1 Digital value setting area	0	RWrn	CH1 Digital output value	0
RWwm+1	CH2 Digital value setting area	0	RWrn+1	CH2 Digital output value	0
RWwm+2	CH3 Digital value setting area	0	RWrn+2	CH3 Digital output value	0
RWwm+3	CH4 Digital value setting area	0	RWrn+3	CH4 Digital output value	0

 $m,\,n~:~$ Address given to the master unit according to the station number setting

Device No.	Signal name	Description		
		• The digital value for performing D/A conversion (load (EVT) control) is written from the CPU of the PLC.		
		• After the power is turned on, the digital value of all channels is reset to "0."		
		• The digital value that can be set is a 16-bit binary, and the setting range covers 12 bits. The upper four bits are ignored.		
		Calculation formula:		
		(EVT500) Digital value = EVT pressure setting (MPa) $~\times~~4095/0.5$		
RWwm~RWwm+3	Digital value setting area	(EVT100) Digital value = EVT pressure setting (MPa) \times 4095/0.1		
	(Pressure data setting)	Example: Adjusting the EVT pressure at 0.3MPa (EVT500)		
	_	Digital value (decimal) $= 0.3 \times 4095/0.5 = 2457$		
		Digital value (hexadecimal)=0999Hex		
		b15 b14 b13 b12 b11 b10 b9 b8 b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0		
		Data section (12bits)		
	-3 Digital output value (Moni- tored pressure data)	• The monitored load (EVT) output is converted into a digital value and stored.		
		• The digital output value is indicated in a 12-bit binary. "0" is set in the upper four bits.		
		Calculation formula: (EVT500) EVT pressure (MPa) = monitored output (decimal) $\times 0.5/4095$		
		(EVT500) EVT pressure (MPa) = monitored output (decimal) $\times ~ 0.1/4095$		
BWrn~BWrn+3		Example: If the monitored output value is 0555hex (EVT500)		
itter		Monitored output value (hexadecimal) $=0555$ Hex		
		Monitored output value (decimal) $=1365$		
		$\mathrm{EVT} \ \mathrm{pressure} \!=\! 1365 \!\times\! 0.5 \!/ 4095 \! \equiv\! 0.1667 \mathrm{MPa}$		
		b15 b14 b13 b12 b11 b10 b9 b8 b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0 0<		
		Data section (12bits)		



5.4 Dimensions

1) Serial transmission type CC-Link (T9GAR) (unit: mm)





2) Slave station appearance



① Monitor lamps

Monitor lamps show the state of the main body of the slave station and the network.

② Setting switches

Enter the settings of the station number of the slave station, transmission speed, output issued upon analog output permission signal shutdown and communication faults, and terminating station.

- ③ Cover Cover protects monitor lamps and setting switches.
- ④ Power supply connector
 Power (DC24V) for slave station is connected.
- Communication connector
 Communication cable for the Network is connected.
- ⑥ Valve connectorEVT cable is connected.



5.5 Switch and LED display



1) Switches

Enter the settings of the station number of the slave station, transmission speed, output issued upon analog output permission signal shutdown and communication faults, and terminating station.

V

IV

Symbol	Switch name	Description of setting
Ι,Π	(Station number setting)	Specify the station number of the slave station in the range from 1 to 64. Specify the tens digit at II, and specify the units digit at I.
Ш	(Transmission speed setting)	Specify the transmission speed for communication with the master station in the range from 0 to 4.
IV	(Output mode setting)	Select whether the output state is held (HOLD) or reset (CLEAR) upon analog output permission signal shutdown and communication faults.
V	(Terminating station setting)	Turn on if the slave station is at the end of the network configured with the master station being at another end. * An external resistor may be connected according to some wiring specifications. (Refer to Section 5.5 5)

CAUTION :	• If the switch setting is changed with the power turned on, settings other than HOLD/CLEAR are not recognized. To change the setting, turn the power off.
	• The cover of the slave station unit can easily be opened and closed. Keep the cover closed except when you have to change switch positions or recon- nect wires. If you keep the cover open unneces- sarily, foreign matter may enter the circuit board causing an unexpected failure, or the cover may be broken by accidental contact. While the cover is open as you change switch positions or reconnect wires, be careful not to cause the entry of foreign matter.
	• Setting switch has been precisely built. Disorderly handling may cause damage of switch. To set station number, never touch internal circuit printed board.



2) Station number settings (Switches I and II) Enter the station number of the product in the range from 1 to 64. (No duplicate station number is allowed.) Enter the tens digit at x10 (switch II). Enter the units digit at x1 (switch I).

3) Transmission speed setting (BRATE) (Switch III) Enter the speed of communication with the master station.

Transmission speed (B RATE)	Setting
$156 \mathrm{kbps}$	0
$625 \mathrm{kbps}$	1
2.5Mbps	2
5 Mbps	3
10Mbps	4
Prohibited	$5 \sim 9$



Example) STATION No. : 17 Transmission speed (BRATE) : 4(10Mbps)

CAUTION :	• Enter the same transmission speed at all st tions in the network including the master, lo and remote stations. Correct data link is established if the transmission speed setting even only one station is different from that the others.
	and remote stations. Correct data link is established if the transmission speed setting even only one station is different from that the others.

4) Output mode setting (Switch IV)

Enter the data to be output upon analog output permission signal shutdown and communication faults.

Switch state	Description of setting
ON	• The output of the corresponding channel immediately before shutdown of the analog output per- mission signal is held even after the "analog output permission signal" flag is turned off.
(HOLD)	• The outputs of all channels are held upon a communication fault. (However, the description is true only for the designated address.)
OFF	• The output data of the corresponding channel is reset to "0" upon shutdown of the "analog output permission signal" flag.
(CLEAR)	• The outputs of all channels are turned off (output data sent to EVT: "0") upon a communication fault. (However, the description is true only for the designated address.)



5) Terminating station setting (Switch V)

Switch state	Description of setting
ON	Terminating station
OFF	Intermediate station



Example) Output setting mode: HOLD Terminating station setting: Intermediate station

* <u>Terminating station setting</u>

This slave station is equipped with a built-in 110Ω terminator across communication lines DA and DB. Merely turn switch V on to configure the slave station as a terminating station. There is no need for an external terminator connected to the connector of the product.

To use the slave station as a terminating station in a network where a terminator other than 110Ω is necessary for the communication cable such as the special CC-Link cable (special high performance CC-Link cable (FANC-SBH made by Kuramo Electric Co., Ltd.)), turn the terminating station setting switch V off. Then connect a marketed or special accessory terminator to the communication connector of this product according to the connection condition (specification) to configure the terminating station.



Example) Case with resistor connected across DA and DB

CAUTION :	 If the switch setting is changed with the power turned on, settings other than HOLD/CLEAR are not recognized. To change the setting, turn the power off.
	 Refer to the user's manual of the master station or the one issued by CC-Link Association to connect the terminator correctly. An inadequate terminator or wrong connection method may cause communica- tion faults.
	 To connect an external terminator, be sure to turn the terminating station setting off.
	 To connect an external terminator, provide the re- sistor leads with insulation treatment to avoid short circuits.



5) LED indication

The states of the slave station and network are indicated. Refer to the table below for LED indication

LED name	Description of indication
LERR	Unlit during correct communication (LRUN: lit). Lit upon a transmission error (CRC error). Lit upon station number setting or transmission setting error. Blinks if the station number setting or transmission speed setting is changed in the middle. Unlit upon timeout.
LRUN	Lit when the slave station is ready to receive correct data from the mas- ter station. Unlit upon timeout.
RD	Lit upon reception of data.
SD	Lit upon transmission of data.
POWER	Lit after the power is turned on.



- 5.6 Inside structure
 - EVT •





Main component list

No.	Name of parts	Material	No. Name of parts		Material
1	Valve for supply	-	7	Connecting hook plate	Polyamid
2	Wiring cover	Acryloni- trile-butadiene-styr ene	8	Valve for exhaust	_
3	Valve cover	Acryloni- trile-butadiene-styr ene	9	Controller	_
4	Indicator lens	Polycarbonate	10	Pressure sensor	-
5	Body	Polyamid	11	Case	Acryloni- trile-butadiene-styr ene
6	Push-in joint	-			

5.7 Component

Serial Transmission CC-Link Type (T9GAR)



Main component list

No.	Name of parts	Model no.	No.	Name of parts	Model no.
1	Retainer L	EVT-HL	6	End block R	EVT-ER
2	End block L	EVT-EL	7	Retainer R	EVT-HR
3	EVT	EVT×00			
4	Pipe joint	EVT-P			
5	Electric equipment, supply and exhaust block	EVT-T*			

Mass

Mass					(g)
Name of parts		Mass	Name of parts	Mass	
EVT	EVT※00	80	Electric equipment, supply and exhaust block	T9GAR	145
End block	EVT-EL	30 Retainer		EVT-H ※	25
EIIU DIOCK	EVT-ER	30	Pipe joint	EVT-P	_



5.8 Block constitution

- EVT:
 - The EVT can be installed on the DIN rails by the required number of stations. However, the number of stations is determined, depending on the kind of the slave station.
 (Refer to "PARECT Electropneumatic Regulator (Manifold) Specifications" given in Section 5.3 (2).)
 - ② The EVT is called "1st, 2nd, 3rd …" from the right side with the joint in front.
 - ③ REG. No. marked on the EVT wiring cover is assigned as 1, 2, 3 … from the nearer side for each connected electric equipment, supply and exhaust block.
- Electric equipment, supply and exhaust block:
 - ① The EVT can be installed in the connecting part of each block freely as required.
- End block:
- ① Set up the EVT on both sides for the serial transmission type.





5.9 Troubleshooting the slave station

The slave station troubleshooting procedure must be given not to the discrete unit but to the entire system. The slave station gives LED indication according to the specifications of CC-Link. When a fault occurs, refer to LED indication of the slave station, that of the master station and the data of special registers to know details of the fault and take adequate corrective actions.

POWER	SD	RD	LRUN	LERR	Description	Remedy
0	0				Normal	
0	0			•	The PLC is stopped after it has run	Run the PLC.
0	0	0	0	O	The switch setting (station number or BRATE) is changed.	Check the switch setting (station num- ber or BRATE) of the slave station.
0	_	0	_	•	There is a duplicate station num ber.	Check for duplication in station number setting at the switch and check for du- plication in station number of the number of occupied stations. (Turn the power off then on again.)
0	—	0	•	•	The PLC is stopped after power-on.	Run the PLC.
0	•	0	•	•	Designation as a reserved station	Cancel designation of the reserved sta- tion.
0	•	⊖or ●	•	•	Broken wire in communicatior cable	Repair the broken wire. ("LRUN" is unlit at stations later than the broken point.)
					Short circuited communication cable	Correct the short circuit. ("LRUN" is unlit at all stations.)
0	•	\bigcirc or $igodot$	•	0	"65" or a larger station number is specified.	Check the station number. (Turn the power off then on again.)
0	•	•	•	0	"5" or a larger BRATE is specified.	Check the BRATE setting. (Turn the power off then on again.)
0	•	_	•	•	The BRATE setting is different from that of other stations.	Keep consistency in the BRATE setting among all stations. (Turn the power off then on again.)
0					The PLC is reset.	Run the PLC.
0	•	•		•	The PLC is turned off.	Turn the PLC on and run it.
					The power is not turned on.	Supply regulated 24VDC power (ripple ratio within 1%) to the slave station.
•	•	•		•	The source voltage is low.	Check the source voltage (check for voltage drop).

Faults concerning this slave station and remedies are shown below.

Note: LED indication may differ from that shown above with some master stations.

-: Indefinite

 \bigcirc :Lit

©:Blink ●:Unlit



6. WIRING

The Slave station has a network connector. The network cable is connected to this network connector.

(Refer	to	Tightening	r torque	"6 5	Screw	and	tightening	torau	ം")
(nerer	ιU	rightening	g iorque	0.0	DUTEW	anu	ugnuening	loryu	e./

	Ter- minal name	Function	Target of connection	Cable color (Slave sta- tion indica- tion)	6
1	DA	Communication terminal	Connect to the "DA" communication cable of the master station or other slaves such as remote I/O station.	Blue(DA)	
2	DB	Communication terminal	Connect to the "DB" communication cable of the master station or other slaves such as remote I/O station.	White(DB)	
3	DG	Communication terminal	Connect to the "DG" communication cable of the master station or other slaves such as remote I/O station.	Yellow(DG)	
4	SLD	Shielding ter- minal	Connect to the "SLD" communication cable of the master station or other slaves such as remote I/O station.	Bare wire (SLD)	
5	FG	Grounding terminal	Ground in the class 3 or better condition. $\$ 1	(FG)	
6	MAIN SUB ※2	Power supply of slave station (Incl. power supply for load)	Use regulated 24VDC +/-10% power (ripple ratio within 1%).	(24V)(0V)	

*1. The SLD and FG terminals are connected with each other inside the slave station.

%2. MAIN and SUB are connected with each other inside the slave station. (Refer to Section 6.4 Power Cable Wiring.)

Do not touch electric wiring connections (exposed **CAUTION**: live pats) : this will cause an electric shock. During wiring, keep the power off. Also, do not touch these live parts with wet hands. Take care so that the tensile force and impact force are not applied to the power line and signal line. In the case of a long wiring, unexpected force may be generated due to its dead weight and shock, thereby causing damage to the connector and equipment. In this case, proper action should be taken therefor; for example, fix the wiring to the equipment halfway. When a cable is inserted into the connector, it may intrude into not the connector tightening side, but the other side; it is, therefore, necessary to keep the cable fixing screw loose enough. When inserting the power connector and communication connector, do not forget to tighten the connector fixing screw firmly. Both connectors, if only inserted, are detached, causing malfunctions. When no connector fixing screw is provided, ensure that the connector jaw is hooked securely.



6.1 Communication line

In this system, a special CC-Link cable is used as a communication cable. The special CC-Link cable includes variations, and the compatible version, transmission distance and terminator resistance vary according to the cable.

Part of recommended cables are shown below. Special CC-Link cables other than those listed below can be used, too,

Model	Manufacturer	Compatible version	Impedance char- acteristics	Terminator
FANC-SB	Kuramo Electric Co., Ltd.	1.00	100Ω	110Ω
FANC-FBH	Kuramo Electric Co., Ltd.	1.00	130Ω	130Ω
FANC-110SBH	Kuramo Electric Co., Ltd.	1.10	110Ω	110Ω
CCL-SBS [100]	Sumitomo Wiring Systems, Ltd.	1.00	100Ω	110Ω
CS-110	Daiden Co., Ltd.	1.10	110Ω	110Ω
CCNC-SB	Nihon Electric Wire & Cable Co., Ltd.	1.00	100Ω	110Ω
CCNC-SBH	Nihon Electric Wire & Cable Co., Ltd.	1.00	130Ω	130Ω

Note: To use the cable rated at a terminator resistance of 130Ω , do not use the built-in terminating resistor (110Ω) of the slave station. (Refer to Section 5.5 5) Terminating Station Setting.

6.2 Transmission distance

• In case of Ver. 1.10 system All the devices and cables must be compatible with Ver. 1.10. If any Ver. 1.00 device is included, devices function according to Ver. 1.00 specifications.



Note 1: Because a terminator is built in the slave station, no external terminator is necessary with a switch setting even if the slave station is installed at the end of the communication cable (network).
(Check the resistance of the terminator and connection terminal without fail. In some cases, the built-in terminator of the slave station may not be used.)
[Refer to Section 5.5 5] Terminating station setting.]

B RATE	Transmission speed	① Cable length between adjacent stations	② Max. total cable extension
4 (10Mbps)	10Mbps		100m
3 (5Mbps)	5 Mbps		160m
2 (2.5Mbps)	2.5Mbps	0.2m or above	400m
1 (625kbps)	625kbps		900m
0 (156kbps)	156kbps		1200m

Note: The wiring distance specified above is for a network configured with only Ver. 1.10 stationary CC-Link cables. If Ver. 1.10 movable CC-Link cable is used, the wiring distance changes according to the cable specifications. Contact the cable manufacturer for details.

• In case of Ver. 1.00 system

If a Ver. 1.00 device or cable is used in the system, devices function according to Ver. 1.00 specifications.

1. To configure a system including local or intelligent device stations



<sup>Note 1: Because a terminator is built in the slave station, no external terminator is necessary with a switch setting even if the slave station is installed at the end of the communication cable (network).
(Check the resistance of the terminator and connection terminal without fail. If the high performance cable is used, the built-in terminator of the slave station cannot be used.)
[Refer to Section 5.5 5] Terminating Station Setting.]</sup>

	S	pecial CC-Link cab	le	Special high performance CC-Link cable		
B RATE (transmission speed)	①※ Cable length between adja- cent stations	② Cable length between adja- cent stations	3 Max. total ca- ble extension	①※ Cable length between adja- cent stations	② Cable length between adja- cent stations	3 Max. total ca- ble extension
	1.0m or above	2.0m or above	100m	1.0m or above	2 Om on about	80m
4 (10Mbps)	0.6m or above		80m	0.7m or above	2.011 of above	50m
	0.3m or above		50m			
2 (5Mbpg)	0.6m or above		150m	0.6m or above		150m
3 (51vibps)	0.3m or above		110m	0.3m or above		110m
2 (2.5Mbps)			200m		2.0 or above m	200m
1 (625kbps)	0.3m or above		600m	0.3m or above		600m
0 (156kbps)			1200m			1200m

% (1) supposes the cable length between remote I/O stations and remote device stations. If the master station or a local or intelligent device station is included, cable length (2) is applicable.

2. To configure a system including remote I/O and remote device stations only



Note 1: Because a terminator is built in the slave station, no external terminator is necessary with a switch setting even if the slave station is installed at the end of the communication cable (network). (Check the resistance of the terminator and connection terminal without fail. If the high performance cable

is used, the built-in terminator of the slave station cannot be used.) [Refer to Section 5.5 5] Terminating Station Setting.]



B RATE	Total	() Cabla langth	2	Special CC-Link cable	Special high perfor- mance CC-Link cable	
(transmis-	remote	between adja-	Cable length to	3	3	
sion speed)	stations	cent stations	master station	Max. total cable exten-	Max. total cable exten-	
				sion	sion	
		1.0m or above		100m or less	100m or less	
		0.7m or above		80m or less	100m or less	
	64 or less	0.6m or above		80m or less	30m or less	
4 (10Mbps)		0.4m or above		50m or less	30m or less	
		0.3m or above		50m or less	20m or less	
	48 or less	0.4m or above		50m or less	100m or less	
		0.3m or above	1m or above	50m or less	80m or less	
	32 or less	0.3m or above		50m or less	100m or less	
3 (5Mbps)		0.3m or above		50m or less	160m or less	
	64 or less	0.6mor above		10m or less	160m or less	
2 (2.5Mbps)				200m or less	400m or less	
1 (625kbps)		0.3m or above		600m or less	900m or less	
0 (156kbps)				1200m or less	1200m or less	

• T branch connection (1) Without a repeater



Note 1: Because a terminator is built in the slave station, no external terminator is necessary with a switch setting even if the slave station is installed at the end of the trunk line communication cable (network). If the slave station is connected to the T branch, the connection method varies according to the master station and the built-in terminator may not be used in some cases. Check the resistance of the terminator and connection terminal without fail. [Refer to Section 5.5 5)Terminating Station Setting.]

B RATE	Number of stations connected in each branch	① Cable length between adjacent remote I/O or remote device stations	② Cable length between master, local or intelligent device sta- tion and its adjacent station	③ Max. branch line length	Total branch line length	④ T branch interval	5 Max. total trunk line length
1 (625kbps)	C	0.2m on about	1m or above (※1)	0 m	50m	No	100m
0 (156kbps)	0	0.5m or above	2m or above (※2)	0111	200m	limit	500m

%1 In case of a system configured with remote I/O or remote device stations only

2 In case of system configuration including local or intelligent device stations

Note 2: The T branch is not allowed in a system where the transmission speed is 2.5M, 5M, or 10Mbps.

Note 1: Use Ver. 1.10 special CC-Link cable (impedance characteristics: 110Ω) and special CC-Link cable (impedance characteristics: 100Ω). Do not use special high performance CC-Link cables (impedance characteristics: 130Ω).



(2) With repeaters

Use repeaters to include T branches at all transmission speeds. Use repeaters to extend the transmission distance.

Note: The system including repeaters is not covered with CC-Link specifications. Adopt wiring conforming to the repeater specifications.

CAUTION :	•	The transmission distance varies according to the transmission speed, communication cable and other particulars. Refer to the master station user's manual or manuals prepared by CC-Link Association to prepare wiring in the specification range.
	•	The number of connected stations varies according to the number of occupied stations, station type and other conditions. Refer to the master station user's manual or manuals prepared by CC-Link Association.
	•	With Ver. 1.10, different cable manufacturers can be included. With Ver. 1.00, only one cable manufacturer is allowed.
	•	Do not use the special CC-Link cable and special high performance CC-Link cable together in a single network.
	•	The specifications of the T branch connection may vary according to the master station. Be sure to re- fer to the master station user's manual for details before preparing wiring.
	•	To connect repeaters, adopt wiring conforming to the specifications of the repeater.
	•	To use movable communication cables, the wiring distance varies according to cable specifications. Contact the cable manufacturer for details.



6.3 Communication line wiring

Follow the procedure below to connect the special CC-Link cable to the slave station.

- ① Check for safety and turn the slave station off.
- ² Peel off the cable sheath without cutting conductor cables (sheath peeling length: 7mm). Connect the bare cable without soldering (otherwise poor contact may be caused). Crimp terminals specified below are recommended. Note that the peeling length varies according to the type of the crimp terminals. (See the figure below.)
- The thickness of the shield must be within 1.5mm² with two cables, and use * insulating tube or the like for insulation. To use a crimp terminal, choose one matching the thickness of the shield.

Cable





③ nsert the DA (blue), DB (white), DG (yellow) and SLD (bare) cables of the CC-Link cable into the corresponding holes (DA, DB, DG and SLD) while taking care of the orientation of the accessory connector (BLZP5.08HC/05/180F SN OR BX) (see the figure below). The accessory connector can be removed from the product.



- ④ Using the fixing screw of the connector, securely tighten each cable. (Tightening torque: 0.5N-m)
- ⁽⁵⁾ Connect the grounding cable (FG) similarly. To install a crimp terminal to the grounding cable, choose the one matching the accessory connector. The cross section of the grounding cable must be between 0.5 and 1.5mm².
- 6 Check that the communication cable names (DA, DB, DG, SLD and FG) indicated on the right side of the female connector of the main body of the slave station agree with those indicated on the connected communication cable (that is no wiring error), and insert the connector into the slave station and tighten the fixing screws securely to a tightening torque of 0.4N-m.

CAUTION :	•	For the communication line, be sure to use the cable conforming to the CC-Link specification.			
	•	Maintain a sufficient bending radius for the communication line: avoid bending the communication line unnecessarily.			
	•	With the communication line at least 30cm apart from other wirings, lay the line. If this line is laid in the same duct with the wiring having many high-frequency components, such as the high-frequency line, power line and inverter, malfunc- tions may result.			



6.4 Power line wiring

In the case of a single electric equipment, supply and exhaust block (4 MEVT's max.):

Input the power line to the MAIN power terminal.



In the case of one or more electric equipment, supply and exhaust blocks (5 MEVT's min.):

Input the power line into the first MAIN power terminal and input it into the another MAIN power terminal via SUB power terminal as shown below.



Power line (Wire size: 0.5 to 1.5mm²):

Connect the power cable to this product according to the following procedure.

- 1. After checking for safety, turn the slave station power "OFF".
- 2. Remove the cable covering without cutting the cable halfway. (Wire peeling length: 7mm)

Since there is a possibility of poor contact in the exposed wire if finished by solder, the wire must be connected with its covering separated without finishing by solder.

Also, the following is recommended as a crimp terminal. (The wire peeling length required when a crimp terminal is mounted is 10mm.)





3. Fix the power cable to the power terminal by the adequate tightening torque of 0.5N·m while matching the polarity: 24V line to 24V terminal and 0V line to 0V terminal.

Supplied connector : BL3.5/2F (with connector fixing screw) Weidmuller Japan In this product (T9GAR), the slave station (unit) power supply and load (EVT) power supply cannot be separated from each other, which are common.



CAUTION : `

Do not touch electric wiring connections (exposed live pats) : this will cause an electric shock. During wiring, keep the power off. Also, do not touch these live parts with wet hands.

 After checking the slave station terminal polarity and cable terminal polarity, connect the power supply. (Left side: 24V - right side: 0V as illustrated below)

ראשר	
0 0	0 0 0
$\begin{bmatrix} S \cup B \\ (24V 0V) \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} M & A & & N \\ (24 V & 0V) \end{bmatrix}$

- Select a power cable after calculating the current consumption.
- Where the power is supplied to several slave stations from one power supply, select a cable and make wiring connections in consideration of voltage drop caused by electric wires.
- When voltage drop is unavoidable, always take adequate action; for example, divide the power line into plural systems or provide another power supply in order to maintain the specified supply voltage.
- To avoid malfunction caused by electrical noise:
- Insert a line filter into the AC power line.
- Use a surge suppresser like a CR or diode in the inductive load (solenoid valve, relay and so on) to remove any noise at the source.
- Keep the MEVT series cables as far away as possible from power line for motor.
- In the case of the influence of noise, each slave station can possibly be supplied the power and wire individually.
- Wire the power line as short as possible.
- Don't share the power with devices that generate the noise, such as an inverter motor.
- Don't wire the power line or communication line in parallel with other lines.
- Since the SUB power terminal is only for crossover wiring, use only the MAIN power terminal in individual wiring. Since application of power supply to the SUB power terminal and MAIN power terminal together may cause malfunctions, avoid such wiring.
- The MAIN power terminal and SUB power terminal are connected with each other inside. Connect to the MAIN terminal in regular cases. If the SUB power terminal is not used, leave the accessory connector connected on the SUB power terminal to avoid short circuits.
- The SUB power terminal can be used for transfer wiring to other devices. However, contain the current passing from the MAIN terminal to the SUB terminal, within 1.5A. The unusual rise of temperature by the over current will break the MEVT. Be careful to avoid noise effects of other devices.



6.5 Screw and tightening torque

The adequate torque to tighten screws used in this product are shown below.

	Connector fixing screw	Cable fixing screw
Power connector	0.4N•m	0.25N·m
Communication connector	0.4N•m	0.5 N·m



6.6 Maintenance

- 1) How to attach the connector
- 1. Turn the slave station power "OFF".
- 2. Set the slave station address and the output in the event of communication error.

Communication connector

- 3. Fix the power connector and the communication connector tightly.
- 4. After checking for safety, turn the slave station power "ON".

- 2) How to remove the connector
- 1. After checking for safety, turn the slave station power "OFF".
- 2. After it is confirmed that the power of the slave station is off, remove the power connector and the communication connector.

CAUTION : •		Avoid pulling the cable or connector unnecessarily; otherwise, wire disconnection and damage may re-sult.		
	•	The touch to the electrical wiring connection part (bare live part) may give rise to electric shocks.		

7 HÒW TO EXTEND

7. HOW TO EXTEND EVT

Disassembled MEVT



How To Extend EVT

- 1. Loosen screws to fix DIN rail.
- 2. Open the wiring cover^B.
- 3. Open the wiring cover[®].

Serial transmission type (T9GAR)





- 4. Unhook the connecting hook spring (F) and connecting hook plate (G) in the place where it is desired to increase the station to separate the blocks each other.
- 5. Separate the blocks in the station increasing part.



6. Insert the pipe joint \oplus (2pcs.) into the input (P) and exhaust (R) ports in the separated block.

NOTE: The separation part, as shown below, is in the condition such that 4pipe joints \bigoplus (2pcs. each from both sides) are protruded.



7. Attach the added EVT to the DIN rails.





- 8. Press the end block so that no clearance is produced between the blocks, and hook the connecting hook spring (F) and connecting hook plate (G) for coupling.
- 9. Insert the extended EVT signal line into the internal connector in the electric equipment, supply & exhaust block.
- 10. Close the wiring cover \mathbb{C} .
- 11. Close the wiring cover[®] while giving care to signal line entangling.
- 12. ① Hook the retainer jaw on the DIN rail.
 - ② While pressing the end block so that no clearance is produced between the blocks,
 - ③ Press the retainer in the arrow direction, then
 - (4) Tighten the DIN rail fixing screw(A) by the recommendable tightening torque of 0.6 to 0.8N·m.





8. PRODUCT CODE

8.1 How to order



Precautions in Selecting Model

- Note 1: The control input signal of serial transmission CC-Link type is only 0 to 5V DC.
- Note 2: The input (P) & exhaust (R) port size should be designated in the electric equipment, supply & exhaust block.
- Note 3: The input (P) & output (A) port has a built-in filter.

8 PRODUCT CODE

8.2 Component code

The following are component codes. Plumbing section

A. EVT

(a) Type

T9GAR

= 4 / 4

- Select codes for individual from the optional table.
- B. End block

In the case of the serial transmission type (T9GAR), install End blocks to both sides of manifold.



C. Electric equipment, supply and exhaust block (Wiring section)



CC-Link Ver1.10 Input / output

(b) Input (P) • Exhaust (R) port size

C4

C6

(b) Input (P) • Exhaust (R) port size

 ϕ 4 Push-in joint

 ϕ 6 Push-in joint

	ETERSTIC
000	
	0.00



Peripheral equipment DIN rail, Silencer, Blank plug

• DIN rail

EVT-BAA <Length>



• Silencer







Product code	D	L	А	Product code	D	L	Ι	d
SLW-H6	6	41	16	GWP4-B	4	27	9	6
				GWP6-B	6	29	11	8



Push-in joint

Model	Name of parts	Push-in joint Product code
EVT	ϕ 4 Straight type	4G1- JOINT -C4
EV1	ϕ 6 Straight type	4G1- JOINT -C6

How to replace push-in joints.





- ① Pull out the stopper pin with a screwdriver or the like.
- ② Pull out the Push-in joint.
- X Take care so that the filter is not detached during this replacement.
- ③ Insert the joint for replacement vertically until it comes to the end.
- ④ Insert the stopper pin. Just pull the joint to check for mounting.

Push-in joint