

- (1) The cylinder average speed is obtained from the combination of 4G Series and piping system. It is expressed as the cylinder's piston speed calculated by dividing the stroke length by the time that the piston rod takes from start to end of movement with the cylinder rod installed facing upward. When the load factor is 50%, the average speed should be approximately the cylinder's piston speed multiplied by 0.5.
- (2) The cylinder average speed described in "Pneumatic system device selection guide" is that when one cylinder is operated alone.
- (3) The effective cross-sectional area of the solenoid valve used for the calculation below is the 2-position value.
- (4) This selection guide is for reference. With the CKD sizing program, confirm conditions to be actually used.
- (5) The effective cross-sectional area S and sonic conductance C are converted as  $S \approx 5.0 \times C$ .

### Standard system table (with internal check valve)

#### 1. Common exhaust

Valve port size	System No.	Speed controller	Cylinder piping Pipe length 1 m	Common exhaust piping	Composite effective sectional area (mm <sup>2</sup> )
C4	A1	SC3W-6-4	ø4xø2.5	ø8xø5.7x3 m	1.5
C6	B1	SC3W-6-6	ø6xø4	ø8xø5.7x3 m	2.8
C6	B2	SC1-6	ø6xø4	ø8xø5.7x3 m	4.0
C8	B3	SC1-8	ø8xø5.7	ø8xø5.7x3 m	5.5

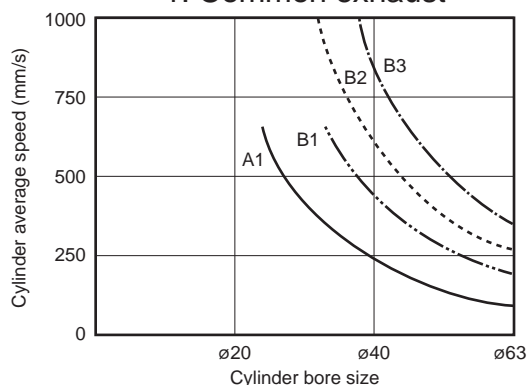
#### 2. Atmospheric release exhaust (integrated exhaust muffler)

Valve port size	System No.	Speed controller	Cylinder piping Pipe length 1 m	Common exhaust piping	Composite effective sectional area (mm <sup>2</sup> )
C4	A2	SC3W-6-4	ø4xø2.5	NW4G2-EX	1.6
C6	B4	SC3W-6-6	ø6xø4	NW4G2-EX	3.0
C6	B5	SC1-6	ø6xø4	NW4G2-EX	4.3
C8	B6	SC1-8	ø8xø5.7	NW4G2-EX	6.6

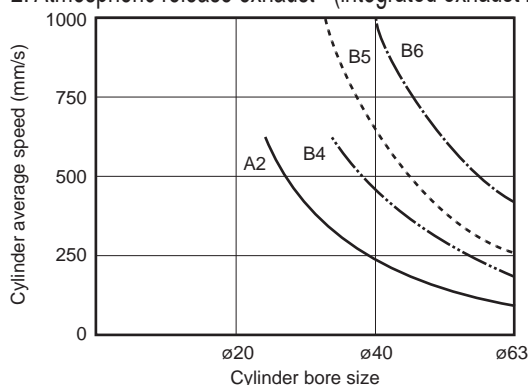
#### 3. Exhaust with silencer

Valve port size	System No.	Speed controller	Cylinder piping Pipe length 1 m	Common exhaust piping	Composite effective sectional area (mm <sup>2</sup> )
C4	A3	SC3W-6-4	ø4xø2.5	SLW-H8	1.5
C6	B7	SC3W-6-6	ø6xø4	SLW-H8	2.8
C6	B8	SC1-6	ø6xø4	SLW-H8	3.8
C8	B9	SC1-8	ø8xø5.7	SLW-H10	6.4

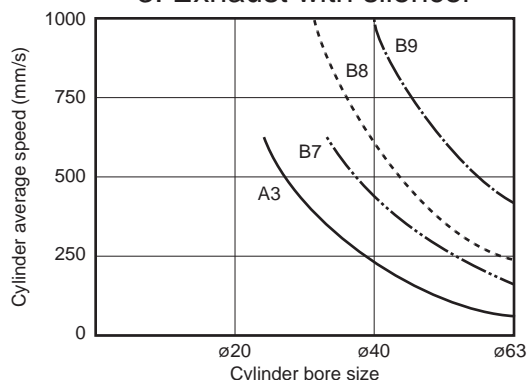
#### 1. Common exhaust



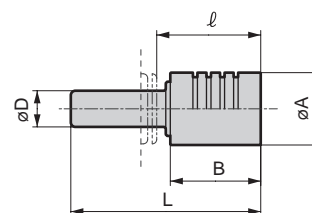
#### 2. Atmospheric release exhaust (integrated exhaust muffler)



#### 3. Exhaust with silencer



#### ● Silencer



Model No.	D	B	L	l	A
SLW-H8	ø8	20	42	23	16
SLW-H10	ø10	27	53	34	20

### How to use the guide

Device selection guide is used to select the optimum model at a glance.

#### ● Fluid control components selection

Whether the cylinder bore size and cylinder being used are driven with relative high or low speed is determined as a condition. Using the table shown below as a reference, select the theoretical reference speed of the cylinder.

Degree of cylinder speed	Theoretical reference speed (mm/s)
Low speed	250
Medium speed	500
High speed	750
Ultra high speed	1,000

Using the table in the device selection guide 1 (next page), select the equivalent bore size of cylinder tube and the proper standard system No. corresponding to theoretical reference speed.

### Explanation of technical terms

- Theoretical reference speed: indicates degree of cylinder speed, expressed as the following formula. (This value matches speed with no load. When load is applied, speed drops considerably.)

$$v_o = 1920 \times \frac{S}{A} = 2445 \times \frac{S}{D^2} \quad (1)$$

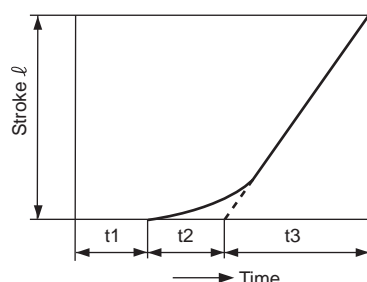
$v_o$ : Theoretical reference speed (mm/s)

A: Cylinder sectional area (cm<sup>2</sup>)

S: Composite effective cross-sectional area of circuit (exhaust air side) (mm<sup>2</sup>)

D: Cylinder bore size (cm)

When expressed as a graph, the theoretical reference speed is the speed within the range where the cylinder moves at a uniform speed



$$v_o = \frac{l}{t_3} \text{ (A/s)}$$

t1 : Time until movement starts

t2 : Time of primary delay

t3 : Operating time with constant velocity

l : Stroke length

- Note: t1 and t2 differ depending on load.  
Can be effectively ignored with no load.

- Required flow rate: indicates instantaneous flow rate for operating a cylinder with velocity  $v_o$ , expressed with the following formula. Values in the table are when  $P = 0.5$  MPa. The required flow rate is a value necessary to select clean air system components.

$$Q = \frac{A v_o (P + 0.101) \times 60}{0.101 \times 10^4} = \left\{ \frac{A v_o (P + 1.03) \times 60}{1.03 \times 10^4} \right\} \quad (2)$$

Q: Required flow rate (RX) (ANR)

P: Supply pressure (MPa)

- Required effective sectional area: indicates composite effective cross sectional area for the exhaust circuit required for moving the cylinder at speed  $v_o$ . (Composite effective cross-sectional area of valve, speed controller, silencer or piping)
- Proper standard system: indicates the most appropriate combination of valve, speed controller, silencer and bore size for operating a cylinder with velocity  $v_o$ . The combination in the table is for a pipe length of 1 m.

### Calculation method of flow rate

Depending on the actual unit, they are shown as follows.

Choked flow when  $\frac{P_2 + 0.1}{P_1 + 0.1} \leq b$

$$Q = 600 \times C (P_1 + 0.1) \sqrt{\frac{293}{273 + t}} \quad (1)$$

Subsonic flow when  $\frac{P_2 + 0.1}{P_1 + 0.1} > b$

$$Q = 600 \times C (P_1 + 0.1) \sqrt{1 - \left[ \frac{\frac{P_2 + 0.1}{P_1 + 0.1} - b}{1 - b} \right]^2} \sqrt{\frac{293}{273 + t}} \quad (2)$$

Q : Air flow rate [dm<sup>3</sup>/min(ANR)], SI unit dm<sup>3</sup> (cubic decimeter) can also be expressed with l (liter). 1 dm<sup>3</sup> = 1 l  
C : Sonic conductance [dm<sup>3</sup>/(s·bar)]  
b : Critical pressure ratio [-]  
P<sub>1</sub> : Upstream pressure [MPa]  
P<sub>2</sub> : Downstream pressure [MPa]  
t : Temperature [°C]

When calculating with effective cross-sectional area S, substitute value C obtained with  $C = S/5$  in the above formula.

For subsonic flow, substitute  $b = 0.5$  in formula (2).

4GA/B
M4GA/B
MN4GA/B
4GA/B (master)
4GB With sensor
4GD/E
M4GD/E
MN4GD/E
4GA4/B4
MN3E MN4E
W4GA/B2
W4GB4
MN3S0 MN4S0
4SA/B0
4KA/B
4KA/B (master)
4F
4F (master)
PV5G GMF
PV5 GMF
PV5S-0
3Q
MV3QR
3MA/B0
3PA/B
P/M/B
NP/NAP NVP
4G*0EJ
4F*0EX
4F*0E
HMV HSV
2QV 3QV
SKH
Silencer
TotAirSys (Total Air)
TotAirSys (Gamma)
Ending

# W4G2 Series

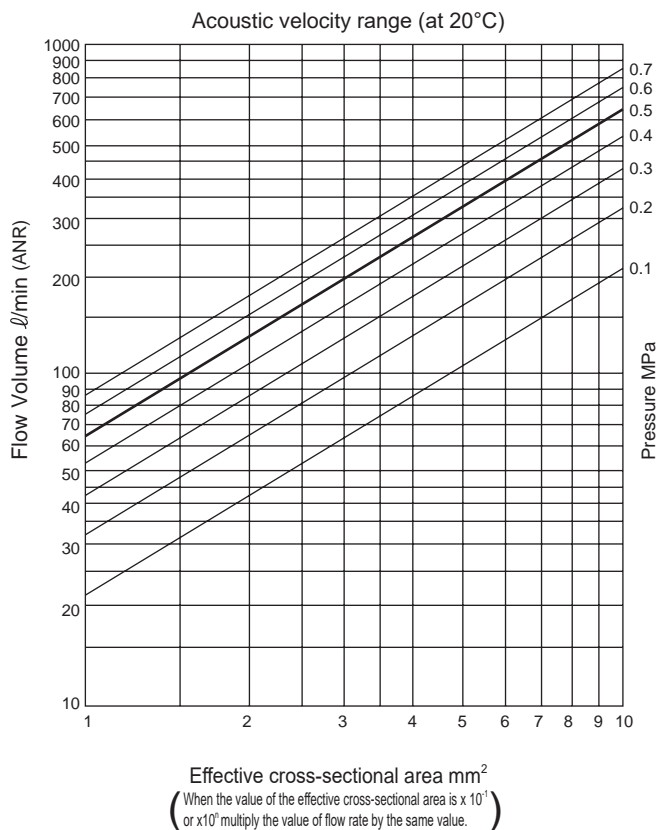
## Technical data ① Pneumatic system selection guide

### [Device selection guide 1]

Cylinder Bore size (mm)	Theoretical reference speed (mm/s)	Required flow rate (l/min)(ANR)	Required effective sectional area (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Proper standard system No.		
				1. Common exhaust	2. Atmospheric release exhaust	3. Exhaust with silencer
ø 6	(500)	-	(0.1)	A1	A2	A3
ø10	(500)	-	(0.2)	A1	A2	A3
ø16	(500)	-	(0.5)	A1	A2	A3
ø20	250	29	0.5	A1	A2	A3
	400	46	1.6	B1	A2	B7
ø25	250	44	0.8	A1	A2	A3
	400	70	1.9	B1	B4	B7
ø30	250	64	1.1	A1	A2	A3
	400	100	2.8	B2	B4	B7
ø32	250	73	1.3	A1	A2	A3
	400	120	3.1	B2	B5	B8
ø40	250	110	1.7	B1	B4	B7
	500	230	3.3	B2	B5	B8
	750	340	5.0	B3	B6	B9
	1000	450	6.6	-	B6	-
ø50	250	280	2.6	B1	B4	B7
	500	560	5.2	B3	B6	B9
	750	840	7.7	-	-	-
	1000	1100	10.4	-	-	-
ø63	250	450	4.1	B3	B5	B9
	500	910	8.2	-	-	-
	750	1400	12.3	-	-	-
	1000	1800	16.4	-	-	-

\* Refer to page 1070 for system No.

### [Effective cross-sectional area]



### [Clean air system components]

#### Clean air system components

Part name	Model No.	Port size	Max. flow (l/min atm press conv)
F.R.L. kit	C1000-6-W	Rc1/8	450
	C1000-8-W	Rc1/4	630
	C3000-8-W	Rc1/4	1280
	C3000-10-W	Rc3/8	1750
	C4000-8-W	Rc1/4	1430
	C4000-10-W	Rc3/8	2400
F.R. unit	C4000-15-W	Rc1/2	3000
	W1000-6-W	Rc1/8	830
	W1000-8-W	Rc1/4	1150
	W3000-8-W	Rc1/4	2150
	W3000-10-W	Rc3/8	2430
	W4000-8-W	Rc1/4	2500
Air filter (F)	W4000-10-W	Rc3/8	4350
	W4000-15-W	Rc1/2	4750
	F1000-6-W	Rc1/8	460
	F1000-8-W	Rc1/4	610
	F3000-8-W	Rc1/4	1230
	F3000-10-W	Rc3/8	1500
Regulator (R)	F4000-8-W	Rc1/4	1320
	F4000-10-W	Rc3/8	2140
	F4000-15-W	Rc1/2	3000
	R1000-6-W	Rc1/8	770
	R1000-8-W	Rc1/4	1350
	R3000-8-W	Rc1/4	2000
Lubricator (L)	R3000-10-W	Rc3/8	2600
	R4000-8-W	Rc1/4	2500
	R4000-10-W	Rc3/8	4400
	R4000-15-W	Rc1/2	5000
	L1000-6-W	Rc1/8	550
	L1000-8-W	Rc1/4	700
	L3000-8-W	Rc1/4	1100
	L3000-10-W	Rc3/8	2250
	L4000-8-W	Rc1/4	1000
	L4000-10-W	Rc3/8	1700
	L4000-15-W	Rc1/2	2700

Note) Max. flow rate: For FRL, FR and R, flow rate at 0.7 MPa primary pressure, 0.5 MPa set pressure, 0.1 MPa pressure drop.  
 For air filter, flow rate at 0.7 MPa primary pressure, 0.02 MPa pressure drop. For lubricator, flow rate at 0.5 MPa primary pressure, 0.03 MPa pressure.