A

LCM

LCR

LCG LCW

LCX STM

STG STS/STL STR2

UCA2 ULK* JSK/M2

JSG JSC3/JSC4

USSD

UFCD

USC

JSB3

LMB I MI

HCM

HCA

LBC

CAC4

UCAC2 CAC-N UCAC-N

RCS2

RCC2

PCC SHC

MCP

GLC

MFC BBS

RRC

GRC

RV3²

HRL

Chuk

MecHnd/Chuk

ShkAbs

SpdContr

Ending

FJ FK

LN Hand

UB

Pneumatic components

Safety Precautions

Be sure to read this section before use.

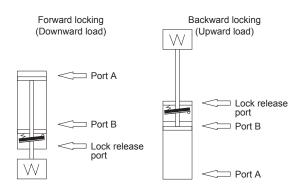
Refer to Intro Page 73 for general information of the cylinder, and to Intro Page 80 for general information of the cylinder switch.

Product-specific cautions: Compact cylinder with position locking USSD Series

Design/selection

AWARNING

- Cylinder with position locking mechanism (for holding cylinder stationary).
 Emergency stops (while the cylinder is in operation) can significantly decrease the service life.
- If back pressure is applied to the locking mechanism, the lock may be released. Use a discrete valve, or use an individual exhaust manifold.
- Do not apply torque to the rod when locked because the holding force may decrease, creating a dangerous condition. Also, use this product in mechanisms in which the rod does not rotate.
- To release the lock, when using forward locking, supply pressure to port B, and when using backward locking, supply pressure to port A. Check that load is not applied to the locking mechanism. When both ports A and B are exhausted and the piston is locked, if pressure is supplied to port A for forward locking or to port B for backward locking, the lock may not be released or, even if released, the piston rod may pop out, creating a hazard.



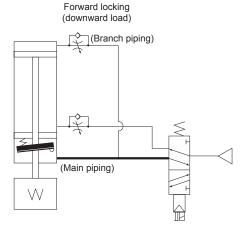
Do not use multiple synchronized cylinders with position locking. If the synchronization deviates, an excess moment load or load concentration is applied to the cylinder locked first, risking lock release defects, shortened service life, or damage.

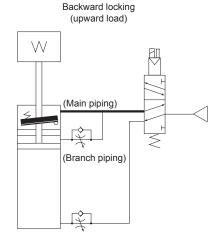
ACAUTION

Basic circuit diagram

Arrange the air piping of this cylinder as shown in the figure below. Arranging the pipes differently from the figure below, such as piping the position locking part as a single unit, may cause problems such as delayed response.

- Be sure to branch the piping of this cylinder after the valve into the position locking part (lock release port as main piping) and cylinder part (cylinder port as branch piping) as shown in the figure below.
- Be sure to design the piping so that the lock is released before the cylinder starts operating. Failure to do so may prevent unlocking or cause the piston rod to jump out.





Using the emergency stop with the air piping as shown in the figure above will move the cylinder backward in a forward locking and forward in a backward locking, returning it to the original position. (When there is no residual pressure, the cylinder stops at that point.)

Product-specific cautions

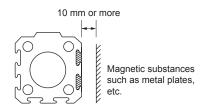
Mounting, installation and adjustment

A WARNING

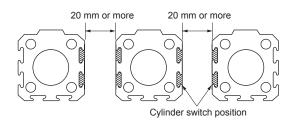
- Do not apply grease to the piston rod because the holding force may decrease, creating a dangerous condition.
- Do not use the product so as to apply rotation torque to the piston rod, as the holding force may decrease.

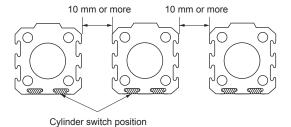
A CAUTION

- Main piping in the basic circuit diagram on the previous page should be thicker and shorter than branch piping.
- The cylinder switch could malfunction if there is a magnetic substance such as a metal plate installed adjacently. Confirm that a distance of at least 10 mm is allocated from the surface of the cylinders. (Same for all bore sizes)

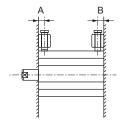


■ The cylinder switch may malfunction if cylinders are installed adjacently. Check that the following distances are provided between cylinders. (Same for all bore sizes)





- Be sure to provide a guide separately when using multiple synchronized cylinders.
 Using only the cylinder may impair synchronicity and cause the rod to twist, leading to malfunctions.
- As compatible piping fittings are limited, refer to the table below to select the fitting.





Item	Port size	Port position		Applicable	Fitting	Inapplicable
Bore size (mm)	FUIT SIZE	Α	В	fittings	O.D. øC	fittings
ø20	M5x0.8	10	5.5	SC3W-M5-4 SC3W-M5-6 GWS4-M5-S GWS4-M5 GWL4-M5 GWL6-M5	ø11 or less	GWS6-M5
ø25		12	6			
ø32	Rc1/8	12	8	SC3W-6-4/6/8 GWS4-6 GWS6-6 GWS8-6 GWL4-6 GWL6-6	ø15 or less	GWS10-6 GWL8-6 GWL10-6
ø40		15	8.5			
ø50	Rc1/4	15	10.5	SC3W-8-6/8/10 GWS4-8 GWS6-8 GWS10-8 GWL4 to 12-8	ø21 or less	GWS12-8
ø63		15.5	11			
ø80	Rc3/8	16	13	SC3W-10-6/8/10 GWS6-10 GWS8-10 GWS10-10	ø21 or less	
ø100		23	15			

NHS

HRL

LN Hand

Chuk MecHnd/Chuk ShkAbs

FJ FK SpdContr Ending



Product-specific cautions

LCM LCR LCG LCW I CX STM STG STR2 UCA2 ULK* JSK/M2 JSG JSC3/JSC4 USSD UFCD USC UB JSB3 LMB LML HCM HCA LBC CAC4 UCAC2 CAC-N UCAC-N RCS2 RCC2 PCC

SHC

MCP

GLC

MFC BBS

RRC

GRC RV3*

NHS

HRL LN

Hand

Chuk MecHnd/Chuk ShkAbs

FJ

FΚ

SpdContr

Ending

WARNING

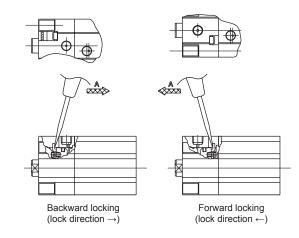
- The required grease is applied to brakes. Avoid applying extra grease and do not wipe grease off.
- Do not disassemble the unit, as doing so may be dangerous.
- Always use the product with the dust cover on, except for when performing manual release, in order to prevent failure or malfunction.
- If no air pressure is supplied in vertical mounting, etc., holding force may not be sufficient when the lock is manually released. This may cause the rod to move (drop) with the load's weight.
 For safety, take the following measures before manually releasing the lock:
 - Move the load to the bottom end.
 - Provide a stopper to the load
 - Apply air pressure to the cylinder to balance the load.

CAUTION

- When locking the first time after leaving the lock released for a long time, a delayed response may occur in the lock.
 - Do not leave the lock pressurized, and operate the lock at each cylinder operation.
 - (Use the basic circuit diagram shown on page 882)
- Keeping the cylinder with pressure applied to the lock mechanism may cause the lock to release.
 Do not use 3-position closed center and 3-position P/A/B connection solenoid valves.
- Due to the structure, the piston rod drops by about 1 mm when the lock is applied.

■ How to unlock manually

Use/maintenance



- Remove the cover, insert a flathead screwdriver and lightly push it down in the direction of arrow A to lift the release lever, unlock and free the piston rod.
- The cylinder body may be damaged or may malfunction if a unit with excessive inertia, etc., is actuated. Use within the allowable absorbed energy range.