

ECG Series Controller for Electric Actuators

EtherCAT Specifications

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Read this Instruction Manual before using the product. In particular, read the safety notes carefully. Keep this Instruction Manual safe for use at any time.





PREFACE

Thank you for purchasing CKD controller for electric actuators "ECG Series EtherCAT Specifications."

This Instruction Manual describes basic matters related to the operation of this product in order to fully demonstrate its performance. Please read this Instruction Manual carefully and use the product properly.

Keep this Instruction Manual in a safe place and be careful not to lose it.

Product specifications and appearances presented in this Instruction Manual are subject to change without notice.

SAFETY INFORMATION

When designing and manufacturing equipment using this product, you are obliged to manufacture safe equipment. To that end, make sure that the safety of the machine mechanism of the equipment and the electric system that controls such mechanism is ensured.

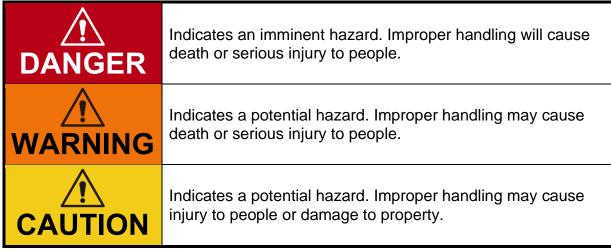
Ensure to observe organization's standards, laws and regulations etc. for safety related to design and management of the equipment.

In order to use our products safely, it is important to select, use, handle, and maintain the products properly.

Observe the warnings and precautions described in this Instruction Manual to ensure device safety.

Various safety measures have been taken for the product, but handling that is not described in this Instruction Manual may cause an accident. Thoroughly read and understand this Instruction Manual before using the product.

To explicitly indicate the severity and likelihood of a potential harm or damage, precautions are classified into three categories: "DANGER", "WARNING", and "CAUTION".



Precautions classified as "CAUTION" may still lead to serious results depending on the situation.

All precautions are equally important and must be observed.

< Warning symbol type >

\Diamond	A general purpose mark indicating prohibited (not allowed) actions.		A mark that prohibits touching equipment.
	A mark that prohibits the act of putting a finger.		A general purpose mark indicating the danger such as electric shock and burn.
	A mark indicating the danger that occurs when an automatic equipment is started.	0	A general purpose mark indicating what you must do.
	A mark instructing you to carefully read the Instruction Manual.		A mark instructing the connection of the ground wire.

In addition, the following icons indicate general precautions, usage tips, or technical information or glossary.



• Contains useful information such as general precautions, supplementary information, and reference information.



• Contains detailed information and tips on how to use it in a practical way.



 Contains technical information and glossary that you should know when using the function.

A DANGER



Do not use this product for the following applications.

- Medical equipment pertaining to sustainment and management of human life and body
- Mechanisms or machines to transfer and transport people
- · Critical parts for securing safety in a mechanical device

WARNING



Never modify or implement additional processing to the product.

 Modification or additional processing may not only pose a risk of fire or electric shock, but may not satisfy the specifications described in this Instruction Manual.

Never handle the product, install or remove the equipment until safety is confirmed.

- Check and maintain the machinery and equipment only after confirming that all systems related to the product are safe. In addition, be careful not to get an electric shock by turning off the power of the device or the power of the corresponding equipment.
- Even after the operation is stopped, as there may be high-temperature parts or charging parts, carefully handle the product, and install or remove the equipment.



The product must be handled by a person who has sufficient knowledge and experience.

• This product is designed and manufactured as general industrial machinery equipment and parts, so please handle with care.

Use the product according to the specifications.

- It cannot be used outside of product-specific specifications.
- Since this product is intended to use in general industrial machinery equipment and parts, it is not applicable when used in the following conditions. It will be applicable if you consult with our company at the time of its adoption and understand the specifications of our company's product. However, even in such a case, take safety measures to avoid danger in case of failure.
 - Use under conditions and environments other than those specified, and outdoor use.
 - Use in equipment and applications that come into direct contact with nuclear power, railways, aviation, ships, vehicles, medical equipment, beverages and food.
 - Use in applications requiring safety, such as recreational equipment, emergency shut off circuits, press machines, brake circuits, and safety measures.
 - Use in applications that are expected to have a significant impact on people and property and require special safety.

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1. Product Overview

1.1. System Structure



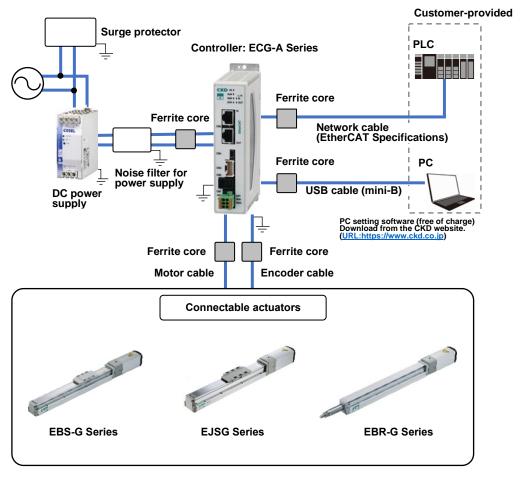
- EtherCAT is the patented technology and registered trademark licensed by German Beckhoff Automation GmbH & Co. KG.
- Windows is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corporation in the United States, Japan, and other countries.
- Other company and product names in this document are company's trademarks or registered trademarks.

Since the ECG-A series and ECG-B series are connected to different actuators, so check each system configuration.

1.1.1. System Structure

■ ECG-A Series

<WHEN CONNECTING EBS/EJSG/EBR SERIES>



The following items can be purchased from us in the system configuration.

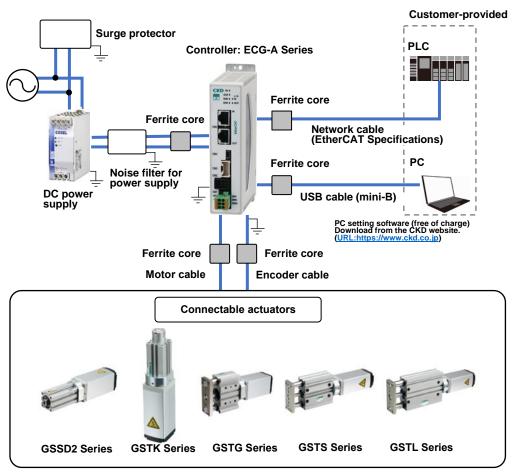
	Component	Product name/Model no.
This product	Controller	ECG-A Series
Accessories	Power supply connector	DFMC1,5/3-STF-3,5 (PHOENIX CONTACT)
	Actuator	EBS-G/EJSG/EBR-G Series
	Motor cable	EA-CBLM□-□□□
Sold separately	Encoder cable	EA-CBLE□-□□□
	24 VDC power supply	EA-PWR-KHNA240F-24
	Noise filter	AX-NSF-NF2015A-OD
Provided for free	PC setting software	S-Tools

To use the product as a product conforming to the European standards, refer to "6STANDARD COMPLIANCE" and follow the instructions.



- A "ferrite core" is a magnetic material that uses a ferrite material. It is used to attenuate high frequency noise.
- A "surge protector" is a device that protects equipment and communication equipment from transient abnormal high voltages such as lightning.
- A "noise filter" is an electric or electronic circuit for removing noise and a device that contains it.

<WHEN CONNECTING GSSD2/GSTK/GSTG/GSTS/GSTL SERIES>



The following items can be purchased from us in the system configuration.

	Component	Product name/Model no.
This product	Controller	ECG-A Series
Accessories Power supply connector		DFMC1,5/3-STF-3,5 (PHOENIX CONTACT)
	Actuator	GSSD2/GSTK/GSTG/GSTS/GSTL Series
	Motor cable	EA-CBLM
Sold separately	Encoder cable	EA-CBLE
	24 VDC power supply	EA-PWR-KHNA240F-24
	Noise filter	AX-NSF-NF2015A-OD
Provided for free	PC setting software	S-Tools

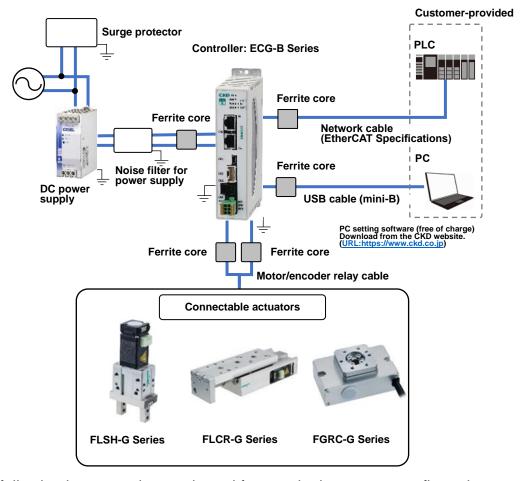
To use the product as a product conforming to the European standards, refer to "6STANDARD COMPLIANCE" and follow the instructions.



- A "ferrite core" is a magnetic material that uses a ferrite material. It is used to attenuate high frequency noise.
- A "surge protector" is a device that protects equipment and communication equipment from transient abnormal high voltages such as lightning.
- A "noise filter" is an electric or electronic circuit for removing noise and a device that contains it.

■ ECG-B Series

<WHEN CONNECTING FLSH-G/FLCR-G/FGRC-G SERIES>



The following items can be purchased from us in the system configuration.

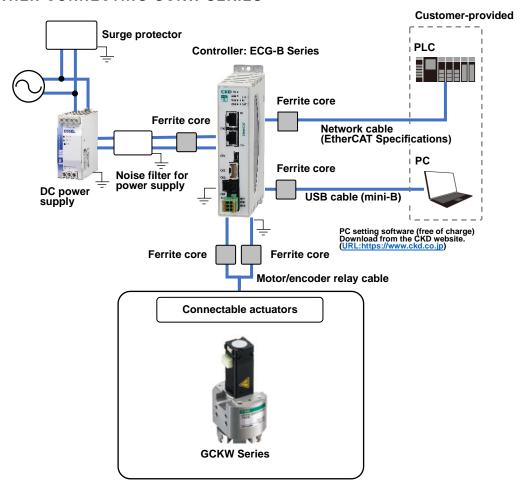
	Component	Product name/Model no.
This product	Controller	ECG-B Series
Accessories	Power supply connector	DFMC1,5/3-STF-3,5 (PHOENIX CONTACT)
	Actuator	FLSH-G/FLCR-G/FGRC-G Series
Sold concretely	Motor/encoder relay cable	EA-CBLMEa-aaa
Sold separately	24 VDC power supply	EA-PWR-KHNA240F-24
	Noise filter	AX-NSF-NF2015A-OD
Provided for free PC setting software		S-Tools

To use the product as a product conforming to the European standards, refer to "6STANDARD COMPLIANCE" and follow the instructions.



- A "ferrite core" is a magnetic material that uses a ferrite material. It is used to attenuate high frequency noise.
- A "surge protector" is a device that protects equipment and communication equipment from transient abnormal high voltages such as lightning.
- A "noise filter" is an electric or electronic circuit for removing noise and a device that contains it.

< WHEN CONNECTING GCKW SERIES>



The following items can be purchased from us in the system configuration.

	Component	Product name/Model no.
This product	Controller	ECG-B Series
Accessories Power supply connector	DFMC1,5/3-STF-3,5 (PHOENIX CONTACT)	
	Actuator	GCKW Series
Cald agreementable	Motor/encoder relay cable	EA-CBLME
Sold separately	24 VDC power supply	EA-PWR-KHNA240F-24
	Noise filter	AX-NSF-NF2015A-OD
Provided for free	PC setting software	S-Tools

To use the product as a product conforming to the European standards, refer to "6STANDARD COMPLIANCE" and follow the instructions.



- A "ferrite core" is a magnetic material that uses a ferrite material. It is used to attenuate high frequency noise.
- A "surge protector" is a device that protects equipment and communication equipment from transient abnormal high voltages such as lightning.
- A "noise filter" is an electric or electronic circuit for removing noise and a device that contains it.

1.1.2. Flow of Work

A CAUTION



Set information corresponding to the actuator connected to the controller.

 Actuating with information not corresponding to the actuator will cause the actuator to operate unexpectedly. It may cause injury to people around it or failure of the actuator.

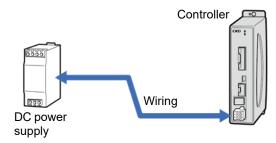
Follow the procedure below to wire and configure the controller so that it can be operated from the PLC.

1. Unpack

Take the product out of the box. Refer to "2.2Unpacking" for details.

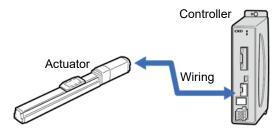
2. Connect the power supply

Connect the controller and the power supply. Refer to "2.3.1Wiring to the Power Supply" for details.



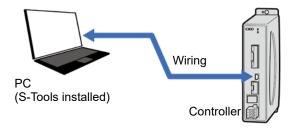
3. Connect the actuator

Connect the controller and the actuator. Refer to "2.3.2Wiring to the Actuator" for details.



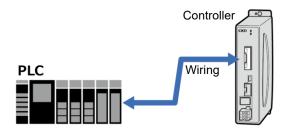
4. Connect S-Tools

Connect the controller and the PC with S-Tools installed. Refer to "2.3.3Wiring With S-Tools" for details.



5. Connect the PLC

Connect the controller and the PLC. Refer to "2.3.4Wiring to an EtherCAT Network Cable" for details.



6. Make communication settings

Set the Operation mode of the controller, Device ID, and the Device ID setting for Station Alias register" using S-Tools. Refer to "3.3EtherCAT Device Settings" for details.

Conduct settings of master according to the master unit manufacturer's instruction manual. Import an ESI file as needed. Refer to "3.2Obtaining ESI files" for details.

7. Set the actuator information

Set the information of the actuator connected to the controller.

Refer to "3.1Setting Actuator Information" for details.

* No setting is required when using ECG-A Series.

8. Set the parameters and point data

Determine the controller setting. Refer to "3.5Setting Parameters" and "3.6Point Data Setting" for more information.

9. Operate.

Operate the actuator using the PLC. Refer to "3.7Operation and Time-chart" for details.

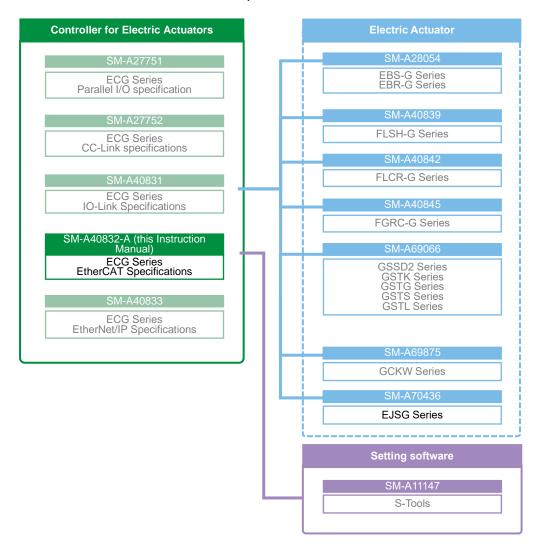


- The work in steps 3 to 8 are not placed in order: adjust the order according to your requirement. However, perform the "Set the actuator information" before the "Set the parameter and point data."
- S-Tools are required to set the actuator information.

1.2. Instruction Manuals Related to This Product

This Instruction Manual is "SM-A40832-A".

The instruction manuals related to this product are as follows.



1.3. Software Version Update Information

1.3.1. Version List

Depending on the controller software version, some actuators cannot be connected or some functions cannot be used.



 Depending on the interface specification, the software version corresponding to the actuator differs. Refer to "1.2 Instruction Manuals Related to This Product" and check the software version described in the instruction manual of the interface specification of the controller to be used.

■ Actuators and controller software versions

Software versions of actuators and corresponding controllers to be used are listed below.

ECG-A SERIES

Actuator		0.6	
Series Classification		Software Ver. of the controller	
EBS Series	-	Version 1.00.00 or later	
EBR Series	-	version 1.00.00 or later	
EBS Series	Compatible with secondary batteries Note 1	Version 1.02.00 or later	
GSSD2 Series	-		
GSTK Series	-		
GSTG Series	-	Version 1.06.00 or later	
GSTS Series	-		
GSTL Series	-		
EJSG Series	-	Version 1.06.00 or later	

Note 1: An actuator that supports secondary batteries can be used even if the ECG is the earlier version listed, but the actuator model number displayed is the same as the standard actuator.

<ECG-B SERIES>

Actuator		Outron Manadalla and aller
Series	Classification	Software Ver. of the controller
FLSH Series	-	
FLCR Series	-	Version 1.00.00 or later
FGRC Series	-	
FLCR Series	With brake	Version 1.01.00 or later
FLSH Series	Stroke: 12, 18, 22 Rubber cover: G, F Finger: 2, 3, 4	Version 1.02.00 or later
GCKW Series	-	Version 1.03.00 or later

■ Additional function and controller software Ver.

The following section lists the relationship between the additional functions and compatible controller software versions.

ECG-A SERIES

Additional function		Software Ver. of the controller
Item	Item Explanation	
Adding parameter · Holding point signal output · Traveling signal ON hold time	3.5.1	Version 1.06.00 or later
Adding signal Soft limit overSoft limit overSoft limit over	3.5.2	Version 1.07.00 or later
Adding parameter · Initial servo ON method	3.5.1	Version 1.08.00 or later
Adding parameter choices Home position return direction (coordinate axis)	3.5.1 3.7.5	Version 1.10.00 or later

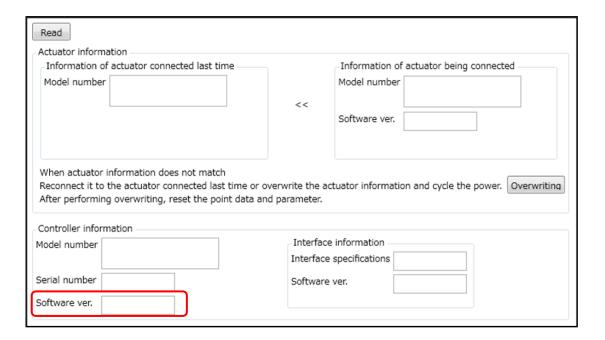
<ECG-B SERIES>

Additional fund	Software Ver. of the controller	
Item Explanation		
Adding parameter · Holding point signal output · Traveling signal ON hold time	3.5.1	Version 1.03.00 or later
Initial value change Pressing speed Home position return speed	3.5.1 3.6.16	
Adding signal Soft limit overSoft limit overSoft limit over	3.5.2	Version 1.04.00 or later
·Adding parameter choices · Home position return direction (coordinate axis)	3.5.1 3.7.5	Version 1.06.00 or later
Adding parameter FGRC home position return method	3.5.1 3.7.5	version 1.00.00 of later

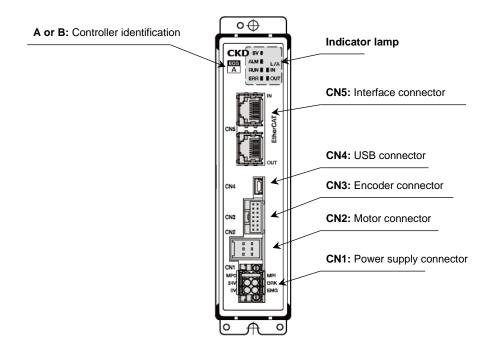
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1.3.1. How to Check Version
Software Ver. of the controller can be checked from the controller information in the Model Information view of S-Tools.

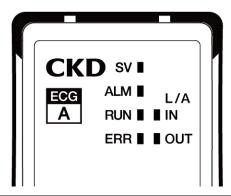


1.4. Part Name



Symbol	Name	Description	
A or B	Controller identification code	Identification code: A	Identification code: B
		Controller: ECG-A Series	Controller: ECG-B Series
		Supported actuators: EBS-G Series,	
		EJSG Series, EBR-G Series, GSSD2 Series, GSTK Series, GSTG Series, GSTS Series, GSTL Series	Supported actuators: FLSH-G Series, FLCR-G Series, FGRC-G Series, GCKW Series
SV、ALM RUN, ERR, L/A IN, L/A OUT	Indicator lamp	SV stands for servo lamp and ALM stands for alarm lamp. For LED indications, see "1.4.1 LED Display".	
CN1	Power supply connector	A connector for connecting power to the controller. Refer to "2.3.1Wiring to the Power Supply" for information on wiring method.	
CN2	Motor connector	A connector for connecting the motor cable Connection cable model No.: Refer to "2.3.2Wiring to the Actuator" for the EA-CBLME ————————————————————————————————————	A connector for connecting the motor and encoder relay cable. Connection cable model No.:
CN3	Encoder connector	A connector for connecting the encoder cable Connection cable model No.:	Refer to "2.3.2Wiring to the Actuator" for the EA-CBLMEu-unu connection cable.
		Refer to "2.3.2Wiring to the Actuator" for the EA-CBLME□-□□□ connection cable.	
CN4	USB connector	A connector for connecting with S-Tools. Use a commercially available USB cable (mini-B type) for the connection cable.	
CN5	Interface connector	A connector for connecting the host device Connect an EtherCAT-specific cable. Refer to "2.3.4Wiring to an EtherCAT Network Cable" for wiring.	

1.4.1. LED Display



Name	Color	Explanation
sv	Green	Indicates the servo ON/OFF status. Indicates the most significant digit n of the alarm code when an alarm occurs.
ALM	Red	Indicates the status of alarm/warning occurrence.
RUN	Green	Indicates the slave status.
ERR	Red	Indicates the communication status.
L/A IN	Green	Indicates the link status on the IN side.
L/A OUT	Green	Indicates the link status on the OUT side.

■ Servo lamp and alarm lamp

Controller state		sv	ALM
Control power OFF		Off	
At normal operation	At servo ON	Lit green	Off
	At servo OFF	Blinking green (lit once per second)	
At alarm occurrence	At occurrence of non- cancelable alarm	Blinking green (After lighting off for 2 seconds, light on once every 1 second n times, and then repeat) -> Alarm 0xn□□□ occurs	Lit red
	At occurrence of cancelable alarm		Blinking red (lit once per second)
At occurrence of warning	At servo ON	Lit green	Plinking rod
	At servo OFF	Blinking green (lit once per second)	Blinking red (lit once per 2 seconds)

[%] For the correspondence of the alarm code and alarm description, refer to "5.2Alarm Indications and Countermeasures".



- "Non-cancelable alarm" is an alarm output from the controller when an abnormality affecting the actuator operation is detected. Turn the power off and on again to cancel.
- "Cancelable alarm" is an alarm output from the controller when an abnormality affecting the actuator operation is detected. To cancel, perform an alarm reset using a host device (PLC, etc.) or S-Tools.

■ Communication status check lamp

<RUN>

LED Status	Operation
Off	INIT Status
Blinking	PRE-OPERATIONAL status
Blinking (momentarily)	SAFE-OPERATIONAL status
Blinking (high-speed)	BOOTSTRAP status
ON	OPERATIONAL status

<ERR>

LED Status	Operation
Off	Communication normal
Blinking	Communication error
ON	WDT error

<L/A IN>

LED Status	Operation
Off	NO LINK, NO ACTIVITY
ON	LINK, NO ACTIVITY
Blinking (high-speed)	LINK, ACTIVITY

<L/A OUT>

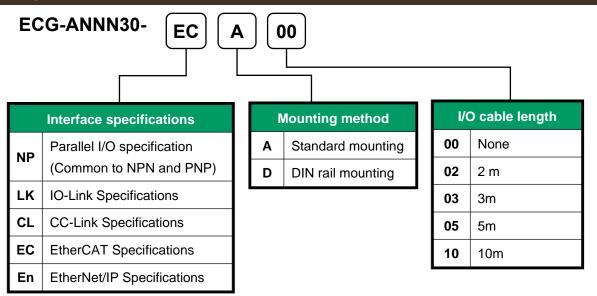
LED Status	Operation
Off	NO LINK, NO ACTIVITY
ON	LINK, NO ACTIVITY
Blinking (high-speed)	LINK, ACTIVITY



• "WDT" is the abbreviation for watchdog timer. A timer that detects an error in the computation time, monitors the time of one scan of the program, and issues an alarm if processing does not finish within the scheduled time.

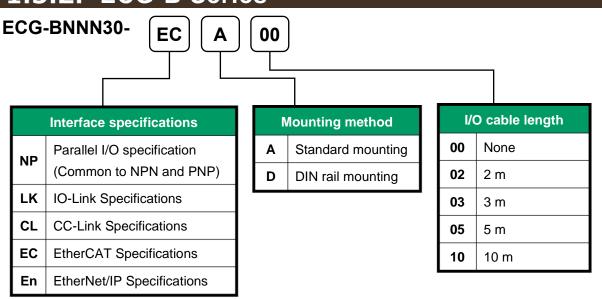
1.5. Model Number Indication

1.5.1. ECG-A Series



^{**} The "I/O cable length" is available only when the "Interface specifications" are parallel I/O specification.
When the "Interface specifications" are other than the parallel I/O specifications, only "00" can be selected for "I/O cable length".

1.5.2. ECG-B Series



^{**} The "I/O cable length" is available only when the "Interface specifications" are parallel I/O specification. When the "Interface specifications" are other than the parallel I/O specifications, only "00" can be selected for "I/O cable length".

2. INSTALLATION

M DANGER



Do not use the product in a place where dangerous substances such as ignitable, inflammable, or explosive materials are present.

• This may cause ignition, ignition, or explosion.

Do not work with wet hands.

Doing so may cause electric shock.



Prevent water and oil from splashing onto the product.

 A fire, electric leakage, or failure may occur. Even oil drops and oil mists are prohibited.

When connecting a PC, make sure that the frame ground of the computer is not grounded.

• If a plus terminal of the product is grounded, connecting the product to a PC with a USB cable may cause short-circuit in the DC power supply.



When installing the product, fix the workpiece while surely holding the product and the workpiece.

- An injury may occur if the product falls down, falls off, or malfunctions. For the controller power supply (control power supply and power supply) and the input/output circuit power supply, use a DC stabilized power supply (24 VDC ± 10%) with sufficient capacity.
- If the product is directly connected to an AC power supply, a fire, burst or damage may occur.

Install overcurrent protective equipment (such as a breaker for wiring and a circuit protector) on the primary side of the power supply when wiring in accordance with "JIS B 9960-1:2019 (IEC 60204-1:2016) Safety of machinery—Electrical equipment of machines—Part 1: General requirements".

Reference: Excerpt from JIS B 9960-1:2019 "7.2.1 General matters".

Overcurrent protection shall be provided if the circuit current may exceed the rated value of the component or the allowable current of the conductor, whichever is less. The ratings or settings to be selected are detailed in 7.2.10.





Do not install the product to a combustible material.

• Installing it on combustible materials or near combustible materials may cause a fire.

Do not place heavy objects on cables or pinch them.

• If the cable sheath is torn or excessive stress is applied, it may cause poor continuity or deterioration of insulation.

Do not connect the communication connector used for the product to other equipment.

A failure or damage may occur.

Do not use or store in areas exposed to strong electromagnetic or radiation.

A malfunction or failure may occur

Because precision equipment is built in, do not lay it on its side or subject it to vibration or impact during transportation.

Component damage may occur.

Do not disassemble or modify the product not specified in this Instruction Manual.

• In addition to causing injuries, accidents, malfunctions, or failures, it may not meet the specifications such as this Instruction Manual.



Provide a safety guard fence so as not to enter the operating area of the actuator.



Insulate unused wires.

• A malfunction, failure, or electric shock may occur.



When restarting after emergency stop or irregular stop, make sure that the actuator is safe to operate.

MARNING



Design a safety circuit or safety device so that if the machine stops due to a system abnormality such as an emergency stop or a power failure, the equipment will not be damaged or personal injury will not occur.

Check the wiring of the product with this Instruction Manual or the related instruction manual to ensure that there are no wiring errors or loose connectors.

• There is a possibility of a malfunction or overcurrent flowing in. Overcurrent may cause abnormal operation, damage, or fire.

Make sure that the wiring is insulated.

• There is a possibility of a malfunction or overcurrent flowing in. Overcurrent may cause abnormal operation, damage, or fire.

Make sure that the wires do not contact other circuits and there is no ground fault and insulation failure between terminals.

There is a possibility of a malfunction or overcurrent flowing in.
 Overcurrent may cause abnormal operation, damage, or fire.

Make sure to install the emergency stop button in a location where operation is easy.

- Make sure that the emergency stop button has a structure that cannot be automatically reset, and that no one can reset it inadvertently.
- It may take several seconds from the emergency stop to the actuator stop, depending on the speed and loading load when the actuator moves.

Consider the possibility of motor or power source failure.

• Even if motor or power source failure occurs, take measures to prevent personal injury or equipment failure.

When there is a need for resetting the actuator to the starting position, design a safe control unit.

Install the product indoors and in a dry place.

• It may cause an electric leakage or a fire accident in a place exposed to water or a place with high humidity (place with humidity of 80% or more, or with condensation).

When using an actuator for other than horizontal mounting, use the actuator with a brake.

• If it is not equipped with a brake, the moving part may drop at the time of servo OFF (including an emergency stop and alarm) or power OFF, resulting in injury or damage to a workpiece.



Perform class D grounding (grounding resistance: 100 $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$ or less) for the product.

• Electric leakage may cause a fire, electric shock or malfunction.





Do not use the product in an environment where a strong magnetic field occurs.

A malfunction may occur.

Do not perform a withstand voltage test or an insulation resistance test on a device with the product installed.

 Due to the circuit design, the product may be damaged if a withstand voltage test or an insulation resistance test is performed on the device with the product installed. If a withstand voltage test or an insulation resistance test is required as a device, remove the product before performing it.

Do not store or use the product in a place exposed to ultraviolet rays or in an atmosphere where corrosive gas or salt are present.

• It may cause performance deterioration and strength deterioration due to

Do not install the product in a place subjected to strong vibrations or shocks.

• If the product is subjected to strong vibrations or shocks, a malfunction may occur.

Do not use the product in a place where condensation occurs due to a sudden change in the ambient temperature.

• It may cause a malfunction of the product or deteriorate of strength.

Connect only cables designed for the product.

A failure of the product or unexpected accident may occur.

When transporting or mounting, do not have the moving part or cable part of the product.

• An injury or cable disconnection may occur.

Do not move the lead cable from the actuator.

• Secure the connector using a cable clamper, etc. so as to prevent it from moving. Use the lead cable with a bending radius of 40 mm or more.

Do not bend the relay cable up to 200 mm from the end of the connector.

Poor continuity may occur.

Do not hold the controller case tightly.

Do not bend the fixed cable repeatedly.

• If repetitive bending is unavoidable, use a movable cable.



When performing electric welding to the equipment to which the product is installed, remove all the frame ground connections of the product.

• If electric welding is performed with the frame ground connected, the product may be damaged due to welding current, excessive high voltage during welding, or surge voltage.





When installing an external stopper or a holding mechanism (such as a brake), arrange it so as not to affect the detection of the home position.

 Unintended position may be recognized as the home position due to the influence of external stopper or holding mechanism at the time of home position return.

Install the wiring so that no induction noise is applied.

- Avoid a place where a large current or strong magnetic field occurs.
- Do not use the same piping or wiring (with multi-core cables) as the power line of a large motor other than the product.
- Do not use the same piping or wiring as the power supplies and wires for inverters used for robots. Apply frame ground to the power supply and insert a filter into the output section.

Use a stabilized power supply (24 VDC \pm 10%) as the power supply, and select one with sufficient capacity for the number of installed products.

• If the capacity is not sufficient, a malfunction may occur.

Use cables with a bending radius of 51mm or more. In addition, fix the fixed cable so as not to move easily.

• Since the bending radius cannot be applied to the bending of the connector part, it is recommended to fix near the connector.

Secure sufficient space for maintenance and inspection.

• Otherwise, maintenance and inspection cannot be performed, which may cause equipment stop or damage, or injuries.

The customer is responsible for checking the compatibility of the product with the customer's system, machinery, and device.

When holding the product, hold its bottom surface.

When transporting and installing the product, ensure the safety of the workers by securely supporting the product using a lift or supporting gear and by assigning more than one worker.

Install the product in a way that it is not subjected to twisting or bending force.

Before adjusting the gain, firmly fix the actuator body to the rigid equipment.

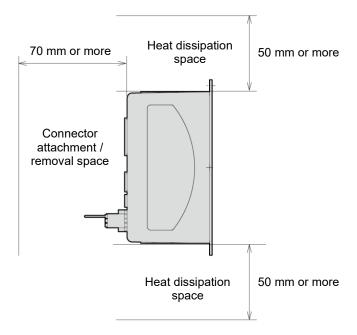
Separate the power for the output section of the product from the power for inductive loads such as solenoid valves and relays that generate surges.

• If the power supply is shared, surge current may be applied to the output part, causing damage.

If the power cannot be separated, connect the surge absorption elements in parallel directly to all the inductive loads.

2.1. Installation Environment

- Before storing or using the product, check the ambient temperature and atmosphere specified in the product specifications.
- Use the product at an ambient temperature between 0°C and 40°C. Ventilate if heat is accumulated.
- Use the product at an ambient humidity between 35% and 80% RH. Do not use the product in a place where condensation occurs.
- Store in a place with an ambient temperature of -10 to 50°C and an ambient humidity of 35 to 80% RH, and avoid condensation and freezing.
- Avoiding places exposed to direct sunlight or near heating elements, install in a place free from dust, corrosive gas, explosive gas, flammable gas, and flammable materials. Chemical resistance has not been considered for the product.
- Install the actuator on a smooth and flat surface.
- Installing the actuator on a smooth surface with dents may cause the actuator to malfunction or be damaged.
- Install the controller so that the exhaust port faces up and down and the power supply connector on the front panel faces down. Secure a space of 50 mm or more on both the top and bottom surfaces in consideration of natural convection as a heat dissipation space.
- Since the controller uses S-Tools, secure a space of 70 mm or more in front of the controller so that the connector of the connection cable to the PC can be attached and detached.



2.2. Unpacking

CAUTION



Heavy products shall not be carried by a worker alone.

Never ride on the packaging.

Do not place heavy items or items with concentrated loads that may deform the packaging.

Do not apply excessive force to any part of the product.



Pay sufficient attention to avoid an impact such as dropping during transportation and handling.



When taking out the product from the packaging, hold the product body.

Keep it level when standing still.

Make sure that the model number on your order is the same as the model number on the product.

Check the exterior of the product for any damage.

2.3. Wiring Method

! WARNING



Do not touch the charging part with bare hands.

• Doing so may cause electric shock.



Perform the wiring with the power supply turned OFF.

Touching the electrical wiring connections may result in electric shock.



Read and fully understand this Instruction Manual before performing the electrical wiring.

⚠ CAUTION



Secure a sufficient bending radius for the network cable and do not bend it forcibly.

Take countermeasures against lightning surges in the equipment side.

- The product is not resistant to lightning surges.
- Use AC voltage in installation category 2.

Tighten the screws again on the terminal block with the specified torque so that the wiring connections do not come loose or come off, and insert the connectors correctly.

• A fire, electric shock or malfunction of the equipment may occur.



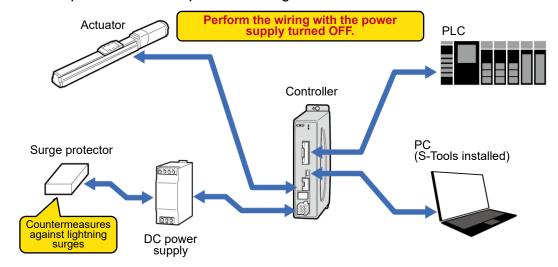
Check the working voltage and polarity before wiring.

Incorrect wiring may cause a failure.

Keep the network cable away from power lines and high-voltage lines so that it is not affected by noise.

Use a dedicated network cable conforming to the EtherCAT specifications.

Check the precautions and perform wiring.





• The "installation category" is a concept that describes how well an electrical device can withstand the application of a transient voltage from an AC power source. The installation category 2 corresponds to "primary side circuit for equipment using a power cord connected to an outlet".

2.3.1. Wiring to the Power Supply

♠ WARNING



During normal operation (other than during maintenance), be sure to set the input to the force brake release (BRK) to 0 VDC or open state so that the brake is applied.

 When 24 VDC is applied to the force brake release (BRK), the brake is forcibly released. Therefore, there is a risk of injury or damage to the workpiece due to the moving part of the actuator dropping, etc., except when installed horizontally.

■ Power supply connector specifications

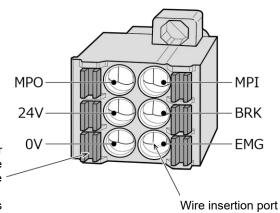
<List of power supply connector terminals (DFMC1,5/3 STF 3,5 (PHOENIX CONTACT))>

Terminal name	Function name	Description of function		
MPI	Power supply (+)	MPI and MPO are connected by a jumper wire at the time of shipment. By removing the jumper wire, the power supply is shut off.		
МРО	Power supply shutoff	MPI and MPO are connected by a jumper wire at the time of shipment. By removing the jumper wire, the power supply is shut off.		
	Force brake release	Forcibly release the brake. The actuator cannot turn the servo ON while the brake is forcibly released.		
BRK		24 VDC applied	Forcibly release the brake.	
		0 VDC or open state	Allows the brake to be applied.	
24V	Common power supply (+)	Same 24 VDC applied for control power supply and power supp		
	Emergency stop	Connect the emergency stop switch for b contact. The actuator cannot turn the servo ON during emergency stop.		
EMG	input	24 VDC applied	Emergency stop is released.	
		0 VDC or open state	It will be an emergency stop.	
0V	Common power supply (-)	Apply 0 VDC common to control power supply, power supply, brake release and emergency stop input.		

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Power supply connector (power supply connector is an accessory)



When pushing the opening / closing lever with a precision screwdriver, etc., the wire insertion port opens and the wire can be inserted.

Releasing the opening/closing lever closes the wire insertion port.

Use the wire with the following specifications to connect to the power supply connector.

Item	Explanation
Core wire	0.5 mm² (AWG20) single wire, stranded wire, stranded wire with bar terminal without insulating sleeve
Lead wire stripping area	8 mm from the end of the lead wire



 Emergency stop input can be set to "Enabled" or "Disabled" by the parameter "Emergency stop input".

■ Specifications of power supply circuit

		Item	Specifications
Power supply voltage			24 VDC ± 10%
	ECG-A Series	□35 (EBS-04, EJSG-04, EBR-04, GSSD2-20, GSTK-20, GSTG-20, GSTS-20, GSTL-20)	2.4 A or less
		□42 (EBS-05, EJSG-05, EBR-05, GSSD2-32, GSTK-32, GSTG-32, GSTS-32, GSTL-32)	2.7 A or less
Motor section instantaneous maximum		□56 (EBS-08, EJSG-08, EBR-08, GSSD2-50, GSTK-50, GSTG-50, GSTS-50, GSTL-50)	4.0 A or less
current	ECG-B Series	□20(FLSH-16, FLCR-16, FGRC-10, GCKW-16)	1.5 A or less
		□25(FLSH-20, FLCR-20, FGRC-30, GCKW-20)	3.0 A or less
		□25(FLSH-25,FLCR-25,GCKW-25)	4.5 A or less
		□35(FGRC-50)	4.2 A or less
Control power supply voltage		24 VDC ± 10%	
Control unit current consumption		0.4 A or less	

■ Electrical circuit and basic configuration of the power supply

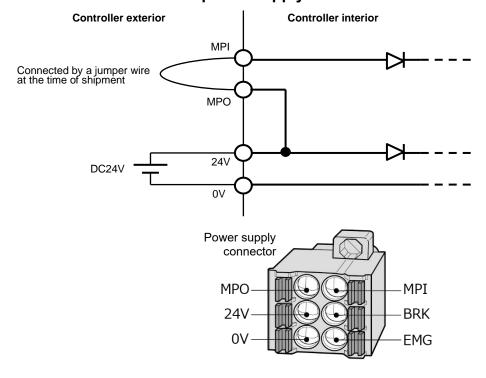
A CAUTION



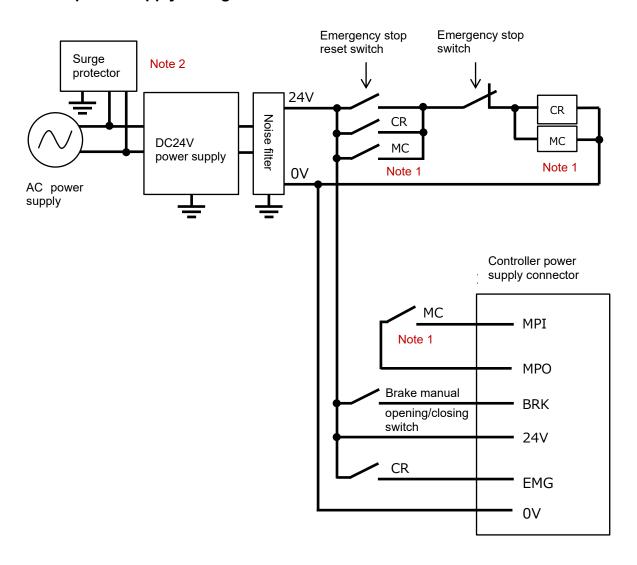
Reconfirm wiring prior to energizing to prevent wiring mistakes
Tighten the screws again on the terminal block with the specified
torque so that the wiring connections do not come loose or come off,
and insert the connectors correctly.

• A fire, electric shock or malfunction of the equipment may occur.

<Electrical schematic of power supply>



<Basic power supply configuration>



Note 1: To externally shut the power supply off (such as for supporting safety categories), connect a contact such as an electromagnetic switch between the MPI and MPO terminals.

Note 2: A surge protector is required to comply with the CE marking.

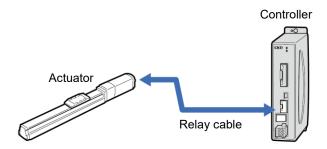
2.3.2. Wiring to the Actuator





If repetitive bending is unavoidable, use a movable cable.

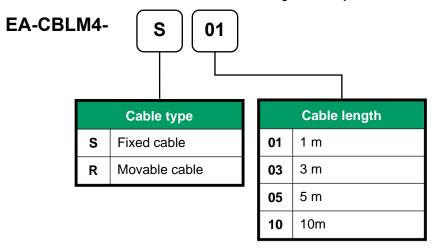
Use the dedicated relay cable to wire the controller and actuator. The combinations of controller and relay cable are as follows.



Controller	Relay cable		
ECC A Sories	Motor cable	EA-CBLM	
ECG-A Series	Encoder cable	EA-CBLE	
ECG-B Series	Motor/encoder relay cable	EA-CBLME	

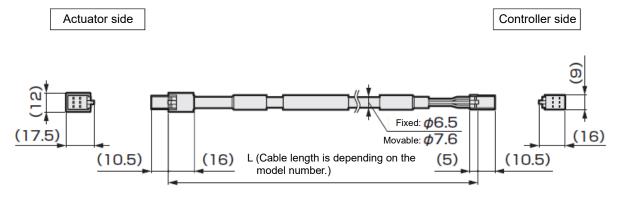
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■ Motor cable model number system (ECG-A Series): Standard Series

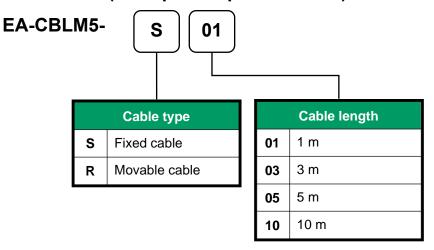


- ※ For the EBS-G Series and EBR-G Series, actuators shipped before October 20022 are supplied with a motor cable with the model number "EA-CBLM2-□□□" and an encoder cable with the model number "EA-CBLE2-□□□". Refer to instruction manuals for the actuator of the "1.2 Instruction Manuals Related to This Product" for details.
- ※ For the GSSD2 Series, GSTK Series, GSTG Series, GSTS Series and GSTL Series, motor cable with model number "EA-CBLM2-□□□" and encoder cable with model number "EA-CBLE2-□□□" are attached to actuators shipped before May 2023. Refer to instruction manuals for the actuator of the "1.2 Instruction Manuals Related to This Product" for details.

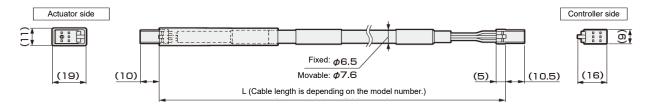
■ Motor cable dimensions (ECG-A Series): Standard Series



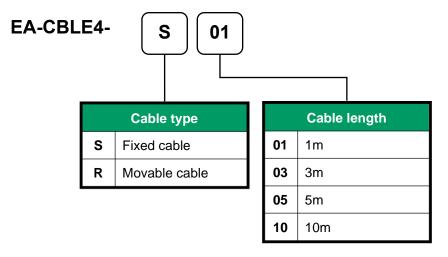
■ Motor cable model number explanation (ECG-A Series): P4 Series, G Series (Dust-proof Specifications)



- ※ For the P4 Series, actuators shipped before January 20023 are supplied with a motor cable with the model number "EA-CBLM3-□□□" and an encoder cable with the model number "EA-CBLE3-□□□". Refer to instruction manuals for the actuator of the "1.2 Instruction Manuals Related to This Product" for details.
- Motor cable dimensions (ECG-A Series): P4 Series, G Series (Dust-proof Specifications)

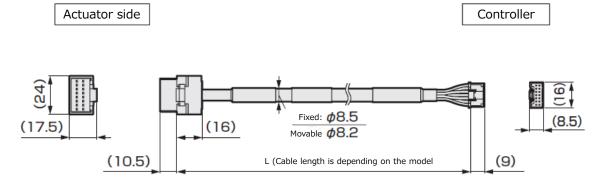


■ Encoder cable model number system (ECG-A Series): Standard Series

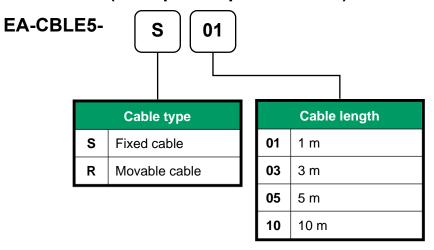


- ** For the EBS-G Series and EBR-G Series, actuators shipped before October 20022 are supplied with a motor cable with the model number "EA-CBLM2-uuu" and an encoder cable with the model number "EA-CBLE2-uuu". Refer to instruction manuals for the actuator of the "1.2 Instruction Manuals Related to This Product" for details.
- ※ For the GSSD2 Series, GSTK Series, GSTG Series, GSTS Series and GSTL Series, motor cable with model number "EA-CBLM2-□□□" and encoder cable with model number "EA-CBLE2-□□□" are attached to actuators shipped before May 2023. Refer to instruction manuals for the actuator of the "1.2 Instruction Manuals Related to This Product" for details.

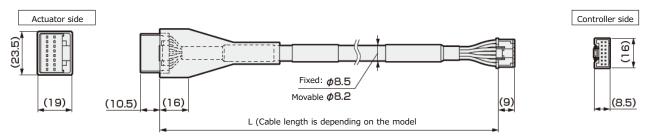
■ Encoder cable dimensions (ECG-A Series): Standard Series



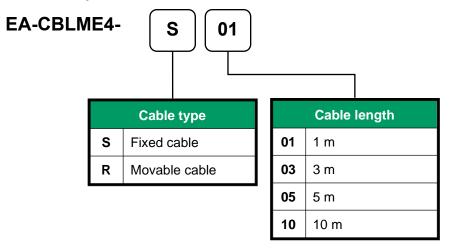
■ Encoder cable model number explanation (ECG-A Series): P4 Series, G Series (Dust-proof Specifications)



- ※ For the P4 Series, actuators shipped before January 20023 are supplied with a motor cable with the model number "EA-CBLM3-□□□" and an encoder cable with the model number "EA-CBLE3-□□□". Refer to instruction manuals for the actuator of the "1.2 Instruction Manuals Related to This Product" for details.
- Encoder cable dimensions (ECG-A Series): P4 Series, G Series (Dust-proof Specifications)

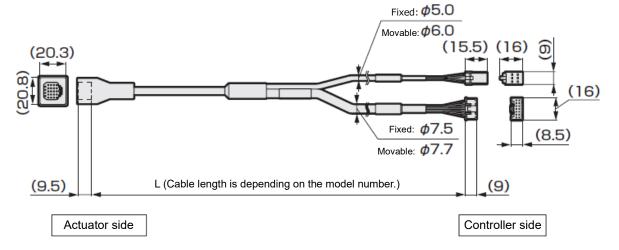


■ Motor and encoder relay cable model number system (ECG-B Series)



- ※ For the FLSH-G Series, FLCR-G Series, and FGRC Series, actuators shipped before October 2022 are supplied with an encoder cable with the model number "EA-CBLE2-□□□". Refer to instruction manuals for the actuator of the "1.2 Instruction Manuals Related to This Product" for details.
- ※ For the GCKW Series, actuators shipped before May 2023 are supplied with a relay cable with the model number "EA-CBLME2-uuu". Refer to instruction manuals for the actuator of the "1.2 Instruction Manuals Related to This Product" for details.

■ Motor and encoder relay cable external dimensions (ECG-B Series)



2.3.3. Wiring With S-Tools





Do not connect the USB connector to other equipment.



During normal operation (when operating from a host device such as a PLC), remove the USB cable from the controller.

• During normal operation, set to the PLC mode to allow control from the host device (PLC, etc.).

Setup software S-Tools (free of charge) must be installed on the PC. Download S-Tools from CDK website (<u>URL: https://www.ckd.co.jp</u>).

■ Communication specifications

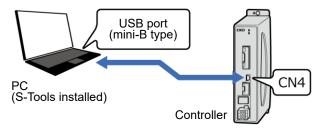
ltem	Specifications	
Interface	USB2.0	
Communication speed	Full speed(12Mbps)	

■ Connection method

<Connecting>

1. Connect the controller to a PC

Connect the controller and the PC with S-Tools installed. Connect a USB cable (mini-B type) to CN4 on the front of the controller and a USB port on the PC.



<Disconnect>

Follow the procedures below to disconnect the USB cable.

1. Switch to PLC mode

2. Exit S-Tools

Exit S-Tools on the PC.

3. Disconnect the USB cable from the controller

Disconnect the USB cable from CN4 on the front of the controller.

■ Control mode

The controller has the following two modes when S-Tools is connected.

- **PLC mode:** Control from a host device (PLC, etc.) is enabled, and control from S-Tools is disabled except for some cases.
- **TOOL mode:** Control from S-Tools is enabled, and control from a host device (PLC, etc.) is disabled except for some cases.

If the USB cable is disconnected in the TOOL mode, the controller cannot be controlled from the host device (PLC, etc.). Make sure that the controller is in the PLC mode before removing the USB cable.



- S-Tools are required to set and change parameters and point data.
 Refer to the S-Tools instruction manual (SM-A11147) for details such as setting method.
- To set the ECG-A Series and ECG-B Series, the S-Tools version must be Ver. 1.04.00.00 or later.

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2.3.4. Wiring to an EtherCAT Network Cable

A CAUTION



Before wiring, confirm safety, then stop communication, and then turn off the power of peripheral devices.

EtherCAT is capable of the use of normal Ethernet cables and flexible wiring methods. But it is limited by the type of wiring, equipment, master, or hub to be used: understand these specifications before performing the wiring.

For details, refer to the instruction manual of the master unit manufacturer or ETG (EtherCAT Technology Group).

A communication connector is not attached to this product. Purchase a communication connector that meets the specifications separately.

<Example of cable with connector>

Cable	Туре	Manufacturer	
Industrial Ethernet cable	PNET/B-RJB-RJB/***□ Note 1	JMACS Japan Co., Ltd.	

Note 1: *** represents the length, and □ represents M = meter or C = centimeter.

<Example of assembling type connector>

Connector	Туре	Manufacturer
RJ45 modular plug for industrial use	3R104-1110-**0 AM Note 1	3M Japan Limited

Note 1: ** represents the case color or cover color.

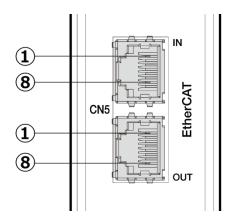
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■ Connection method

<Communication cable>

As shown below, connect a communication cable conforming to the EtherCAT specifications to the

RJ45 plug (EtherCAT compliant product).



Port	Pin number	Signal name	Explanation
	(1)	TD+	Send data (plus)
	(2)	TD-	Send data (minus)
	(3)	RD+	Receive data (plus)
INVOLIT	(4)	Vacant	-
IN/OUT	(5)	Vacant	-
	(6)	RD-	Receive data (minus)
	(7)	Vacant	-
	(8)	Vacant	-

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3. USAGE

M DANGER



Do not enter the operating area when the actuator is in an operational state.

· An injury may occur.

Do not work with wet hands.

• Doing so may cause electric shock.

♠ WARNING



Do not climb on the product or put things on it.

 A fall accident, injury due to the product falling down or off, etc., or malfunction and runaway due to the product damage may occur.

Do not issue a command with a set value smaller than the positioning repeatability.

• The positioning control may not be performed properly.

Do not apply a load greater than the allowable value to the product.

 Details of the allowable value are provided on the model selection page of the catalog.



Do not touch the main unit with hands or body during operation or immediately after stopping.

There is a risk of contact with hot areas and burns.



Confirm the wiring with peripheral devices and that equipment is safe to operate before supplying electricity to the product.

 If electricity is supplied inadvertently, an electric shock or injury may occur.

If the controller LED does not light or blink when the power is turned on, turn off the power immediately.



Before controlling the actuator from a position where it cannot be seen, check that it is safe for the actuator to operate.



When a power failure occurs, turn off the power to the controller.

• The product can suddenly start moving when the power is restored and it can lead to an accident.

Before moving the moving part of the actuator manually, perform after confirming the servo OFF.

• When setting the servo OFF, operate with sufficient safety so that there is no danger of the moving part falling.

Take measures to prevent damage to the human body and the device in case of power failures.

An unexpected accident may occur.





When the controller and actuator are connected with a cable, do not move the actuator moving part by external force except for manual operation.

• A malfunction or damage may occur due to regenerative currents.

Do not apply external force to the actuator during the home position return operation.

• The home position may be misrecognized.

Do not dent or scratch the moving part of the actuator.

An operation fault may occur.

Do not set the servo OFF while gravity or force of inertia is applied.

The moving part may continue to move or fall off if the servo OFF is set.
 For safety reasons, perform the servo OFF operation in a balanced state, or be careful not to drop the workpiece by its own weight in the case of vertical installation.

Do not issue the stop command during acceleration or deceleration.

• There is a risk of danger due to speed change.

Do not turn the power on and off frequently.

• Elements in the controller may become damaged.

Do not hit the piston rod or table against the mechanical stopper, etc., except when returning to the home position or when using as clamping.

 The feed screw may become damaged due to impacts and failure may occur.



Do not insert fingers or objects into the opening of the product.

An injury or product damage may occur.



If it operates with vibration, adjust the speed or gain to prevent vibration.

• Depending on the conditions of use, it may operate with vibration even within the operation speed range.



When changing the combination of the actuator and controller, be sure to check the program and parameters before operating them.

An accident may occur.

Use the actuator so that no impact is applied to the moving part. Since the product life varies depending on the transfer load, etc., set it with sufficient margin.



 "Regenerative current" is the current that is generated by the motor operating like a generator when the moving part of the actuator is moved by an external force. Reverse current flows from the motor to the controller, causing malfunction or damage.

3.1. Setting Actuator Information

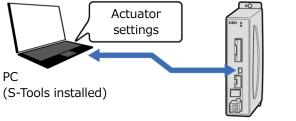
CAUTION



Set information corresponding to the actuator connected to the controller.

 Actuating with information not corresponding to the actuator will cause the actuator to operate unexpectedly. It may cause injury to people around it or failure of the actuator.

For the ECG-B series controller, set the actuator information first. When writing actuator information to the controller, use the latest S-Tools (Ver. 1.04.00.00 or later). For details, refer to "Actuator settings" in the S-Tools Instruction Manual (SM-A11147).



Controller: ECG-B Series



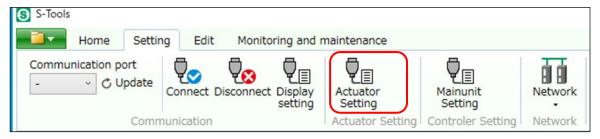
- ECG-A series does not require actuator information settings.
- Actuator information cannot be set with versions of S-Tools older than Ver. 1.04.00.00.

<Procedure for writing actuator information>

Use S-Tools to select the model number of the actuator to be used and write to the controller.

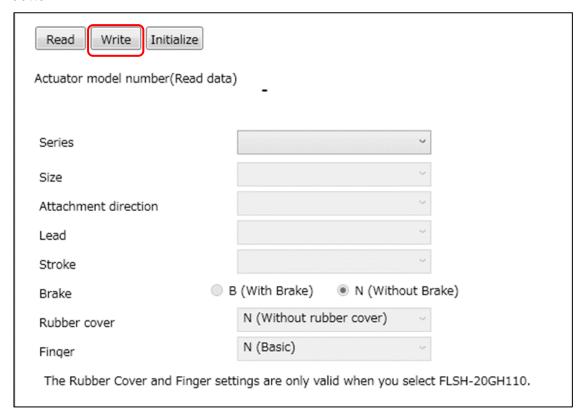
1. Click [Actuator Settings] in S-Tools

Select the [Setting] tab of S-Tools and click the [Actuator setting] button.



2. Select the actuator to be used and click [Write]

After selecting the model number of the actuator to be use, click the [Write] button.



3.2. Obtaining ESI files

In order for the EtherCAT device to join the network, an ESI (EtherCAT Slave Information) file describing the communication specifications of the device must be installed in the configuration tool of the master unit.

Refer to the instruction manual of the master unit manufacturer for how to install the ESI file.

Use the latest ESI file to configure an appropriate network.

ESI files are available on the website of CKD (https://www.ckd.co.jp/).

<How to obtain>

- 1. Select "Component Products" from the website
 Select "Component Products" from the "Products & Support" tab or the "Product
 Information" page.
- 2. Select "Electric actuator" in the product lineup
- 3. Select "Stepping motor drive"
- 4. Access the detail page of "Controller Model No. ECG"

Access the detail page of "Controller ECG" from the product list.

5. Select "Software" and download "ECG Series ESI file (EtherCAT).zip"

The following xml foles are stored in "ECG Series ESI Files (EtherCAT) .zip". Import xml file of (1) when using ECG-A Series, and from xml file of (2) when using ECG-B Series to the development tool.

Number	File name	Corresponding controller
(1)	CKD_ECG-A_ECAT_yyyymmdd.xml	ECG-A Series
(2)	CKD_ECG-B_ECAT_yyyymmdd.xml	ECG-B Series

[%] "yyyymmdd" indicates the date.

3.3. EtherCAT Device Settings

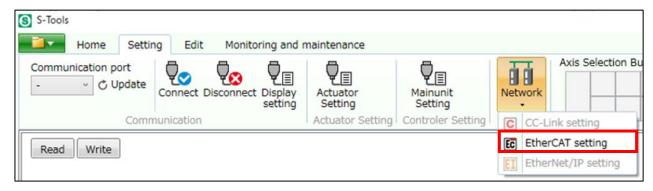
To connect this product as an EtherCAT device, it is necessary to set the device ID, etc. of this product in the PLC using a PLC development tool, etc. Refer to the PLC manual for the PLC setting method.

<Controller EtherCAT settings>

S-Tools can be used to set the Device ID settings for Devise ID, Station Alias register.

1. Click [EtherCAT setting]

Select the "Settings" tab of S-Tools and click the [EtherCAT setting] button in the network submenu.



2. Confirm the settings and click [Write]

Confirm that each set value has been set, and then select [Write].



Name	Description	
Operation mode	Set the operation mode. Select "PIO," "SDP," or "FDP." The initial value is "PIO". Note 1	
Device ID	Set the device ID. The initial value is "1".	
Device ID setting for Station Alias register	Select either "Set" or "Not set." The initial value is "Set."	

Note 1: Refer to "3.4.3Operation Mode" for the operation mode.

3.4. Communication Format

3.4.1. Data Communication

Type of data communication	Description
Cyclic communication	This type of communication is used between the master and slave on a set cycle. Also called process data communication.
Message communication	This type of communication is used by a PLC or other host device to access certain data on a slave through the master, when needed. Used for service data communication.

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3.4.2. Send/Receive Data

The following data is transmitted and received between the PLC and the controller, and cyclic transmission is used for all data transmission and reception.

Refer to "3.4.7Data Access" for the communication method.

Name	Content	Accessible Reference data	Send and receive Reference data
Input/output signals	The actuator is operated in the same way as the controller of the parallel I/O specifications.	-	"3.4.4Process Data" "3.4.5 Cyclic Data Details for PIO Mode"
Read data and write data	The point data and user parameters are set, and the alarm history is checked.	"3.4.6Data Number"	"3.4.4Process Data"
Monitor	Position, speed, current, and alarm status are monitored.	-	"3.4.4Process Data"

■ Input/output signals

The items listed in the table below (signal name) are transmitted and received.

Classification	Item (signal name)
Data to be written to the controller by the PLC (Input signal and Input data)	Point number selection bit n, point travel start, point number n travel start, solenoid valve travel command n, solenoid valve travel command n, home position return start, servo ON, alarm reset, stop, pause, INCH selection, JOG/INCH (+) travel start, JOG/INCH (-) travel start, direct value travel selection, position, positioning width, speed, acceleration, deceleration, pressing rate, pressing speed, pressing distance, mode, gain magnification
Data to be read from the controller by the PLC (Output signal and Output data)	Point number confirmation bit n, point travel complete, point number n travel complete, switch n, home position return complete, servo ON state, traveling, zone 1, zone 2, point zone, alarm, warning, operation preparation complete, alarm confirmation bit n, direct value travel status



- When the PIO mode is selected, the same items as the controller of the parallel I/O specifications are sent and received.
- When the simple direct value mode or full direct value mode is selected, and the direct value travel is selected in the "direct value travel selection," it is necessary to set the "position," "speed," etc.

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<Data to be written to the controller by the PLC (Input signal and input data)>

-Buta to be Written to	the control	er by the PLO (input signal and input data)?	
Signal name	Explanation		
Point number selection bit n	Sets the point number (0 to 63) to be selected when the travel starts, in binary (n = 0 to 5).		
Point travel start	Starts the transwitched from	vel with the setting of the selected point number when n OFF to ON.	
Point number n travel start	Starts the transwitched from	vel with the setting of the point number n (1 to 7) when n OFF to ON.	
Solenoid valve travel command n	Performs the	movement with the setting of the point number n (1 to 2). movement by the edge input in case of a 2 position type, and nput in case of a 3 position type.	
Solenoid valve travel	When OFF	Move with the setting of point number 1.	
command	When ON	Move with the setting of point number 2.	
Home position return start	Starts the hor	me position return when switched from OFF to ON.	
Same ON	When OFF	Switches the actuator to the servo OFF status.	
Servo ON	When ON	Switches the actuator to the servo ON status.	
Alarm reset	Executes the	alarm reset when switched from OFF to ON.	
	When ON	The actuator is ready to move.	
Stop Note 1	When OFF	The actuator becomes immovable state. When it is set to OFF while the actuator is traveling, the actuator decelerates to a stop and the travel command is cancelled. The travel does not resume even when switched ON.	
	When ON	The actuator becomes ready to move and resumes moving.	
Pause Note 1	When OFF	The actuator becomes immovable state. When it is set to OFF while the actuator is traveling, the actuator decelerates to a stop but the travel command is held.	
INCH selection	When ON	INCH is selected, and JOG travel is performed by inputting "JOG/INCH (+)/(-) travel start".	
INCH Selection	When OFF	JOG is selected, and JOG travel is performed by inputting "JOG/INCH (+) (-) travel start".	
JOG/INCH(+) travel start	When it is ON, the actuator moving part moves in the - direction. The speed is the value set in the parameter "JOG/INCH Speed", and the acceleration and deceleration are 0.3 G for the ECG-A series and 0.1 G for the ECG-B series.		
JOG/INCH(+) travel start	When it is ON, the actuator moving part moves in the + direction. The speed is the value set in the parameter "JOG/INCH Speed", and the acceleration and deceleration are 0.3 G for the ECG-A series and 0.1 G for the ECG-B series.		
Direct value travel	When OFF	Switched to point travel.	
selection	When ON	Switched to direct value travel.	
Position	Refer to "3.6.5Setting the Position" for the setting range, etc.		
Positioning width	Refer to "3.6.6Setting the Positioning Width" for the setting range, etc.		
Note 1: A pegative logic signal			

Note 1: A negative logic signal

Signal name	Explanation
Speed	Refer to "3.6.7Setting the Speed" for the setting range, etc.
Acceleration	Refer to "3.6.8Setting the Acceleration" for the setting range, etc.
Deceleration	Refer to "3.6.9Setting the Deceleration" for the setting range, etc.
Pressing rate	Refer to "3.6.15Setting the Pressing Rate" for the setting range, etc.
Pressing speed	Refer to "3.6.16Setting the Pressing Speed" for the setting range, etc.
Pressing distance	Refer to "3.6.17Setting the Pressing Distance" for the setting range, etc.
	You can select the operation method, position specification method, acceleration/deceleration method, stop method, or rotation direction.
	Refer to "3.6.4Selecting the Operation Method" for the choices for the operation method.
Mode	Refer to "3.6.3Selecting the Position Specification Method" for the choices for the position specification method.
Mode	Refer to "3.6.10Selecting the Acceleration/Deceleration Method" for the choices for the acceleration/deceleration method.
	Refer to "3.6.11Selecting the Stop Method" for the choices for the stop method.
	Refer to "3.6.12Selecting the Rotation Direction" for the choices for the rotation direction.
Gain magnification	Refer to "3.6.13Setting the Gain Magnification" for the setting range, etc.



- The point number (0 to 63) is the decimal number of the 6-digit binary point number selection bit.
- For the "point number selection bit n", the bit with larger n indicates the upper value when the point number is set in binary.
 Input example>

When bit 0 = OFF, bit 1 = OFF, bit 2 = ON, bit 3 = OFF, bit 4 = OFF, and bit 5 = OFF are set in the point number selection bit, this indicates that the point 4 is selected.

<Data to be read from the controller by the PLC (Output signal and Output data>

Signal name	Explanation	
Point number confirmation bit n	The number (0 to 63) of the point where the travel is completed is output in binary (n=0 to 5).	
Point travel complete	Turns ON when movement is within the range to be completed.	
Point number n travel complete	Turns ON when the movement to the point number (n = 1 to 7) is within the range to be completed.	
Switch n	Turns ON when the current position is within the range of "operation completion position" \pm "positioning width" of point n, and turns OFF when it is not within the above range (n = 1, 2).	
Home position return complete	Turns ON when the home position return is completed, and turns OFF when it is not completed or during the home position return.	
Traveling	Turns ON when the actuator is traveling, and turns OFF when it is stopped.	
Zone n	ON or OFF is output when the current position is within the "zone n (+) (-)" set in the parameter (n = 1, 2). Refer to "3.5.3Zone Settings and Output Signals" for details.	
Point zone	Turns ON when the current position is within the range set by the "point zone (+) (-)" of the point number n during or after traveling with the setting of the point number n, and turns OFF when it is not within the above range (n = 0 to 63). Refer to "3.6.14Point Zone Setting and Output Signal" for details.	
Servo ON state	Turns ON when the servo ON state, and turns OFF when the servo OFF state.	
Alarm Note 1	Turns OFF when an alarm occurs, and turns ON when no alarm occurs.	
Warning Note 1	Turns OFF when a warning occurs, and turns ON when no warning occurs.	
Operation preparation complete	Turns ON when the travel command from the PLC can be received. Turns OFF when the movement command cannot be received. However, when the input signal for pause is OFF, the actuator cannot move even if the operation preparation complete is ON.	
Alarm confirmation bit n	When an alarm occurs, the number of the fourth digit from the bottom of the alarm is output in binary. (n=0 to 3)	
Direct value travel status	When direct travel starts, the direct value travel status turns ON, which is OFF at power-on. When point travel starts, the direct value travel status turns OFF.	
Soft limit over Note 2	Turns ON when the current position of the actuator is outside the set software limit. Refer to "3.5.2Setting Soft Limit and Soft Limit Over Signal Output" for details.	
Soft limit over (+) Note 2	Turns ON when the actuator's current position is larger than the set soft limit (+). Refer to "3.5.2Setting Soft Limit and Soft Limit Over Signal Output" for details.	
Soft limit over (-) Note 2	Turns ON when the current position of the actuator is less than the set soft limit (-). Refer to "3.5.2Setting Soft Limit and Soft Limit Over Signal Output" for details.	

Note 1: A negative logic signal

Note 2: This signal cannot be used if the software version is old. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

- The point number (0 to 63) is the decimal number of the 6-digit binary point number confirmation bit.
- The upper 1 digit (0 to F) of the alarm code is the hexadecimal number of the 4-digit binary alarm confirmation bit.



- For the "point number confirmation bit n" and "alarm confirmation bit n," the bit with larger n indicates the upper value when the point number or the alarm code is output in binary.
 - <Output example>

When bit 0 = OFF, bit 1 = OFF, bit 2 = ON, and bit 3 = OFF in the alarm confirmation bit, this indicates that alarm $0x4_{\square\square\square}$ has occurred. Refer to "5.2Alarm Indications and Countermeasures" for the details of alarms.

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■ Write data and read data

Operate the following items (signal name).

Classification	Item (signal name)
Data to be written to the controller by the PLC (Input signal and Input data)	Data number, data R/W selection, data request, write data
Data to be read from the controller by the PLC (Output signal and Output data)	Data write status, data complete, data response, read data, data (alarm)

<Pre><Pre>cedure to read data>

1. Set the "Data number"

Set the number of the data to read as "Data number."

2. Set "Data R/W selection" to "0 (read)"

3. Turn ON "Data request"

4. The data of the set number is output

The data of the number set as "Data number" is output to "Read data." Check "data response" and "data completion" to see if the data was read correctly. Refer to "3.7.13Data Read" for details.

<Pre><Pre>cedure to write data>

1. Set the "Data number"

Set the number of the data to write as "Data number."

2. Set "Write data"

Set the value to write as "Write data."

3. Turn ON "Data request"

After setting "Data R/W selection" to "1 (Write)", turn "data request" ON. Check "data response" and "data completion" to see if the data was written correctly. Refer to "3.7.14Data Write" for details.



 Setting point data and parameter and reading alarm history can also be performed using S-Tools. For parameters that cannot be set from a PLC, use S-Tools.

■ Monitor

Operate the following items (signal name).

Classification	Item (signal name)	
Data to be written to the controller by the PLC (Input signal and Input data)	Monitor No. n, monitor request	
Data to be read from the controller by the PLC (Output signal and Output data)	Monitor response, monitor complete, monitor value n, position, speed, current, alarm	

1. Select Monitor No. n

Select the data you want to monitor by Monitor No. n.

2. Set "Monitor request" to ON

3. The current value is output

The current value of the selected data is output as "monitor value n." Check "Monitor response" and "Monitor completion" to see if the monitor was performed correctly. Refer to "3.7.12Monitor" for details.



• After the monitor number is switched, there will be some time lag until the data actually switchesAfter the monitor number is switched, there will be some time lag until the data actually switches. The time difference may be longer depending on the communication speed, etc., but switching is completed within 2 ms. If you refer to the data immediately after switching, you may reference unintended data.

3.4.3. Operation Mode

There are 3 operation modes (EtherCAT) as below. The PIO mode can be changed among the 5 types according to the setting of operation mode (PIO).

<Mode list of operation mode (EtherCAT)>

Name	Abbreviation	Set value from PLC
PIO mode	PIO	0
Simple direct value mode	SDP	1
Full direct value mode	FDP	2

■ PIO mode

This mode performs control in accordance with conventional signal I/O.

<Mode list of operation mode (PIO)>

Name	Abbreviation	Set value from PLC
64-point mode	B064	0
Simple 7-point mode	S007	1
Solenoid valve mode, double 2-position type	VW2P	2
Solenoid valve mode, double 3-position type	VW3P	3
Solenoid valve mode, single type	VSGL	4

■ Simple direct value mode and full direct value mode

This mode is used to perform control by point travel or direct value travel.

	Simple direct value mode	Full direct value mode				
	When the direct value travel selection of the input signal is OFF, the point travel can be used.					
Point travel	The point data selection method is the same	as the 64-point mode of the PIO mode.				
	When the point travel is started, the direct value travel status of the output signal turns OFF.					
	When the direct value travel selection of the input signal is ON, the direct value travel can be used.					
	When the direct value travel is started, the direct value travel status of the output signal turns ON.					
Direct value	The point number confirmation bit of the output signal is not set when the travel is completed.					
travel	Only the data that are input from the PLC are used as position data; and other data (including speed and acceleration) to be used are from point data.	It uses data (data equivalent to point data such as position and speed) that				
	The point data selection method is the same as the 64-point mode of the PIO mode.					

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<Send/receive Data list of operation mode (EtherCAT)>

Operation mode		PIO mode	Simple direct value mode	Full direct value mode
Abbreviation		PIO	SDP	FDP
Reading/writing	of parameters	Yes	Yes	Yes
Direct value tra		Unselectable	1: Direct value travel	1: Direct value travel
Positioni	ng point	64 points	Unlimited	Unlimited
	Target position	Δ	0	0
	Positioning width	Δ	Δ	0
	Speed	Δ	Δ	0
	Acceleration	Δ	Δ	0
	Deceleration	Δ	Δ	0
	Pressing rate	Δ	Δ	0
Direct value travel items	Pressing distance	Δ	Δ	0
Note 2	Pressing speed	Δ	Δ	0
	Position specification method	Δ	Δ	0
	Operation method	Δ	Δ	0
	Stop method	Δ	Δ	0
	Acceleration/ deceleration method	Δ	Δ	0
	Position	-	0	0
	Speed	-	0	0
Monitor Note 3	Current	-	0	0
	Alarm	-	0	0

Note 1: When the direct value travel selection is "0: Point travel," the point travel can be performed in the same way as the 64-point mode.

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Note 2: For the direct value travel items, \bigcirc indicates that it works with the set value from the PLC and \triangle that it works with the set value of the point data.

Note 3: For the monitor, @ indicates that it can be monitored, and - indicates that it cannot be monitored.

3.4.4. Process Data

The format of the data to be sent and received as process data is described below. Refer to "3.4.7Data Access" and the PLC manufacturer's manual for the communication method.

■ PIO mode(Operation mode (CC-Link): 0)

Example: 64 point mode (Operation mode (PIO): 0)

The table below is for the 64-point mode (Operation mode (PIO): 0). Refer to "3.4.5 Cyclic Data Details for PIO Mode" for details on the operation mode (PIO).

<Input signal> (Data to be written to the controller from the PLC)

Input signal Operation mode(EtherCAT): 0					
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	ltem	Value (decimal)
			0	Point number selection bit 0	
			1	Point number selection bit 1	
			2	Point number selection bit 2	Binary data 0 to 63
			3	Point number selection bit 3	The bit 0 side indicates the low- order bit, and the bit 5 side indicates the high-order bit.
			4	Point number selection bit 4	, v
			5	Point number selection bit 5	
		Input signal 1	6	Point travel start	0: -, 1: Start
	0x01		7	JOG (-) travel start	0: Stop, 1: Start
0x2001			8	JOG (+) travel start	0: Stop, 1: Start
			9	Home position return start	0: -, 1: Home position return start
			10	Servo ON	0: Servo OFF, 1: Servo ON
			11	Alarm reset	0: -, 1: Reset
			12	Stop Note 1	0: Stop, 1: Cancel
			13	-	-
			14	Data request	0: -, 1: Execute
		1	15	Data R/W selection	0: Read, 1: Write
			16 to 31	-	-
	0x02	Input signal 2	0 to 31	-	-

Note 1: Stop is negative logic. Turn ON the bit to "1: Cancel" to operate.

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 When starting, confirm that communication with the PLC is established, and then refer to the data of each signal such as an alarm. If communication is not established, the controller cannot be operated even if each bit is "1: ON."

<Input data> (Data to be written to the controller from the PLC)

Input signal Operation mode(EtherCAT): 0				
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	ltem	Value (decimal)
0x2003	0x01	Input data 1	Write data	Data written when executing data write.
	0x02	Input data 2	Data number	Data number of data to read and data to write.
	0x03 to 0x0E	Intput data 3 to Input data 14	-	-

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<Output signal> (Data to be read from the controller by the PLC)

Output signal Operation mode(EtherCAT): 0					
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	ltem	Value (decimal)
0x2005	0x01	Output signal 1	0	Point number confirmation bit 0/ Alarm confirmation bit 0	Point numbers 0 to 63 Alarm 0 to 15 Note 1 Set the travel complete point number when normal and the alarm when abnormal. The bit 0 side indicates the loworder bit, and the bit 5 side indicates the high-order bit.
			1	Point number confirmation bit 1/ Alarm confirmation bit 1	
			2	Point number confirmation bit 2/ Alarm confirmation bit 2	
			3	Point number confirmation bit 3/ Alarm confirmation bit 3	
			4	Point number confirmation bit 4	
			5	Point number confirmation bit 5	
			6	Point travel complete Note 2	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete

Note 1: The alarm 0 to 15 indicates the first digit of the alarm code as a hexadecimal number. For details, refer to "Input/output signals" of "3.4.2Send/Receive Data". Refer to "5.2Alarm Indications and Countermeasures" for the alarm codes.

Note 2: Both point travel complete and traveling may be ON ("1") at the same time depending on the timing.

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		Outpu	t signal	Operation mode(EtherC	AT): 0
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	ltem	Value (decimal)
			7	Selection output 1 Note 1, Note 2 Point zone Zone 1 Zone 2 Traveling Warning Soft limit over Soft limit over (-) Soft limit over (+)	Point zone/Zone 1/Zone 2 0: Outside zone, 1: Inside zone Traveling 0: Stopped, 1: Traveling Warning 0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered Soft limit over 0: Within the range of soft limit, 1: Outside the range of software limit Soft limit over (-) 0: soft limit (-) or more, 1: less than soft limit (-) Soft limit over (+) 0: less than soft limit (+), 1: over soft limit (+)
0x2005	0x01	Output signal 1	8	Selection output 2 Note 1, Note 2 Point zone Zone 1 Zone 2 Traveling Warning Soft limit over Soft limit over (-) Soft limit over (+)	Point zone/Zone 1/Zone 2 0: Outside zone, 1: Inside zone Traveling 0: Stopped, 1: Traveling Warning 0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered Soft limit over 0: Within the range of soft limit, 1: Outside the range of software limit Soft limit over (-) 0: soft limit (-) or more, 1: less than soft limit (-) Soft limit over (+) 0: less than soft limit (+), 1: over soft limit (+)
			9	Home position return complete Note 3	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete
			10	Servo ON state Note 3	0: OFF state, 1: ON state

Note 1: Both point travel complete and traveling may be ON ("1") at the same time depending on the timing.

Note 2: If the software version is old, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), and soft limit over (+) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

Note 3: Content can be monitored even in TOOL mode. However, it is only when the forced output mode is not in

effect. Other items will be "0: OFF".

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	Output signal Operation mode(EtherCAT): 0							
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	Item	Value (decimal)			
			11	Alarm Note 1	0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered			
		Output signal 1	12	Operation preparation complete	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete			
	0x01		13	Data response Note 1	Indicates the data read/write execution result. 0 to 1 Note 2			
0x2005			14	Data complete Note 1	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete			
			15	Data Write status	0: Read, 1: Write			
			16 to 31	-	-			
	0 x 02	Output signal 2	0 to 31	-	-			

Note 1: Content can be monitored even in TOOL mode. However, it is only when the forced output mode is not in effect. Other items will be "0: OFF".

Note 2: Refer to "3.7.13Data Read" and "3.7.14Data Write" for details of the execution results of data response.



• When starting, confirm that communication with the PLC is established, and then refer to the data of each signal such as an alarm.

<Output data> (Data to be read from the controller by the PLC)

	Output signal Operation mode(EtherCAT): 0							
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	ltem	Value (decimal)				
	0x01	Output data 1	Read data Note 1	Set the data that was read.				
0x2007	0x02	Output data 2	Data (alarm) Note 1	The time is set when alarm data detail is read. ** The alarm code is set to the read data.				
	0x03 to 0x0E	Output data 3 to Output data 14	-	-				

Note 1: Content can be monitored even in TOOL mode. However, it is only when the forced output mode is not in effect. Other items will be "0: OFF".

■ <Simple direct value mode(operation mode (EtherCAT): 1)>

<Input signal> (Data to be written to the controller from the PLC)

Input signal Operation mode(EtherCAT: 2)								
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	ltem	Value (decimal)			
			0	Point number selection bit 0				
			1	Point number selection bit 1	Binary data			
			2	Point number selection bit 2	0 to 63			
			3	Point number selection bit 3	* The bit 0 side indicates the low- order bit, and the bit 5 side indicates			
			4	Point number selection bit 4	the high-order bit.			
			5	Point number selection bit 5				
			6	-	-			
			7	JOG/INCH(-) travel start	0: Stop, 1: Start			
	0x01	Input signal 1	8	JOG/INCH(+) travel start	0: Stop, 1: Start			
			9	INCH selection	0: JOG, 1: INCH			
			10	Point travel start	0: -, 1: Start			
			11	Home position return start	0: -, 1: Home position return start			
			12	Servo ON	0: Servo OFF, 1: Servo ON			
0x2001			13	Alarm reset	0: -, 1: Reset			
			14	Stop Note 1	0: Stop, 1: Cancel			
			15	Pause Note 1	0: Pause, 1: Cancel			
			16 to 31	-	-			
			0 to 3	-	-			
			4	Data request	0: -, 1: Execute			
			5	Data R/W selection	0: Read, 1: Write			
		Input	6 to 11	-	-			
	0x02	signal 2	12	Monitor request	0 : Monitoring stop, 1: Execute			
		Sigilal 2	13 to 14	-	-			
			15	Direct value travel selection Note 2	0: Point travel, 1: Direct value travel			
			16 to 31	-	-			

Note 1: Stop and pause are negative logics. To enable operation, set the both bits to "1: Cancel". You cannot disable

stop and pause in the simple direct value mode or the full direct value mode.

Note 2: When the direct value travel selection is "0: Point travel," the point travel can be performed in the same way as the 64-point mode.

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 When starting, confirm that communication with the PLC is established, and then refer to the data of each signal such as an alarm. If communication is not established, the controller cannot be operated even if each bit is "1: ON."

<Input data> (Data to be written to the controller from the PLC)

	Input signal Operation mode(EtherCAT): 1							
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	ltem	Value (decimal)				
	0x01	Input data 1	Position (0.01 mm) (0.01 deg) Note 1	-999999 to 999999				
	0x02	Input data 2	Write data	Data written when executing data write.				
	0x03	Input data 3	Data number	Data number of data to read and data to write.				
	0x04	Input data 4	Monitor number 1	1: Position 2: Speed 3: Current value 5: Alarm				
0x2007	0x05	Input data 5	Monitor number 2	1: Position 2: Speed 3: Current value 5: Alarm				
	0x06	Input data 6	Monitor number 3	1: Position 2: Speed 3: Current value 5: Alarm				
	0x07 to 0x0E	Intput data 7 to Input data 14	-	-				

Note 1: When the PLC is powered on, the set value is 0. The set value does not change unless a new value is written from the PLC.



 After the monitor number is switched, there will be some time lag until the data actually switches. The time difference may be longer depending on the communication speed, etc., but switching is completed within 2 ms. If you refer to the data immediately after switching, you may reference unintended data.

<Output signal> (Data to be read from the controller by the PLC)

Output signal Operation mode(EtherCAT): 1							
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	ltem	Value (decimal)		
			0	Point number confirmation bit 0			
			1	Point number confirmation bit 1	Binary data		
			2	Point number confirmation bit 2	For direct value travel: 0 is set. For point travel: The travel		
			3	Point number confirmation bit 3	completion point number is set. * The bit 0 side indicates the low-		
			4	Point number confirmation bit 4	order bit, and the bit 5 side indicates the high-order bit. Note 3		
		Output signal 1	5	Point number confirmation bit 5			
	0x01		6 to 9	-	-		
			10	Point travel complete Note 1	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete		
0x2005			11	Home position return complete Note 2	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete		
0,2003			12	Servo ON state Note 2	0: OFF state, 1: ON state		
			13	Alarm Note 2	0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered		
			14	Warning Note 2	0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered		
			15	Operation preparation complete	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete		
			16 to 31	-			
	0x02	Output	0 to 3	Data response Note 2	Indicates the data read/write execution result. 0 to 8 Note 4 * The bit 0 side indicates the low-order bit, and the bit 3 side indicates the high-order bit.		
		signal 2	4	Data complete Note 2	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete		
			5	Data Write status	0: Read, 1: Write		
			6 to 7	-	-		

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Note 1: Both point travel complete and traveling may be ON ("1") at the same time depending on the timing. Note 2: Content can be monitored even in TOOL mode. However, it is only when the forced output mode is not in effect. Other items will be "0: OFF".

Note 3: The values of Output signal 1 bit 0 to 5 becomes undefined if the direct value travel selection (Input signal 2, bit 15) is turned ON from OFF.

Note 4: Refer to "3.7.13Data Read" and "3.7.14Data Write" for details of the execution results of data response.

	Output signal Operation mode(EtherCAT): 1								
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	ltem	Value (decimal)				
			8 to 11	Monitor response Note 1	0: Normal, 1: Monitor number error * The bit 8 side indicates the low-order bit, and the bit 11 side indicates the high-order bit.				
			12	Monitor complete Note 1	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete				
			13 to 14	-	-				
			15	Direct value travel status	0: Point travel, 1: Direct value travel				
			16	Point zone	0: Outside zone, 1: Inside zone				
0x2005	0x02	Output signal 2	17	Traveling Note 2	0: Stopped, 1: Traveling				
			18	Zone 1	0: Outside zone, 1: Inside zone				
			19	Zone 2	0: Outside zone, 1: Inside zone				
			20	Soft limit (+) Note 3	Within the range of soft limit Outside the range of software limit				
			21	Soft limit over (-) Note 3	0: soft limit (-) or more 1: less than soft limit (-)				
			22	Soft limit over (+) Note 3	0: less than soft limit (+) 1: over soft limit (+)				
			23 to 31	-	-				

Note 1: Content can be monitored even in TOOL mode. However, it is only when the forced output mode is not in effect. Other items will be "0: OFF".

Note 2: Both point travel complete and traveling may be ON ("1") at the same time depending on the timing.

Note 3: This signal is not assigned if the software version is old. For the correspondence of the version and controller

specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".



• When starting, confirm that communication with the PLC is established, and then refer to the data of each signal such as an alarm.

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<Output data> (Data to be read from the controller by the PLC)

	Output signal Operation mode(EtherCAT): 1								
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	ltem	Value (decimal)					
	0x01	Output data 1	Position (0.01 mm) (0.01 deg) Note 1	-999999 to 999999					
	0x02	Output data 2	Read data Note 1	Set the data that was read.					
	0x03	Output data 3	Data (alarm) Note 1	The time is set when alarm data detail is read. * The alarm code is set to the read data.					
0x2007	0x04	Output data 4	Monitor value Note 1	The monitor data that was read is set.					
	0x05	Output data 5	Monitor value Note 1	The monitor data that was read is set.					
	0x06	Output data 6	Monitor value Note 1	The monitor data that was read is set.					
	0x07 to 0x0E	Output data 7 to Output data 14	-	-					

Note 1: Content can be monitored even in TOOL mode. However, it is only when the forced output mode is not in effect. Other items will be "0: OFF".

■ Full direct value mode (operation mode (EtherCAT): 2)

<Input signal> (Data to be written to the controller from the PLC)

Input signal Operation mode(EtherCAT): 2							
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	ltem	Value (decimal)		
			0	Point number selection bit 0			
			1	Point number selection bit 1	Binary data		
			2	Point number selection bit 2	0 to 63		
			3	Point number selection bit 3	X The bit 0 side indicates the low- order bit, and the bit 5 side indicates		
			4	Point number selection bit 4	the high-order bit.		
			5	Point number selection bit 5			
			6	-	-		
			7	JOG/INCH(-) travel start	0: Stop, 1: Start		
0x01	0x01	Input signal 1	8	JOG/INCH(+) travel start	0: Stop, 1: Start		
			9	INCH selection	0: JOG, 1: INCH		
			10	Point travel start	0: -, 1: Start		
0x2001			11	Home position return start	0: -, 1: Home position return start		
			12	Servo ON	0: Servo OFF, 1: Servo ON		
			13	Alarm reset	0: -, 1: Reset		
			14	Stop Note 1	0: Stop, 1: Cancel		
			15	Pause Note 1	0: Pause, 1: Cancel		
			16 to 31	-	-		
			0 to 3	-	-		
			4	Data request	0: -, 1: Execute		
		Input	5	Data R/W selection	0: Read, 1: Write		
	0x02	Input signal 2	6 to 11	-	-		
			12	Monitor request	0 : Monitoring stop, 1: Execute		
			13 to 14	-	-		

Note 1: Stop and pause are negative logics. To enable operation, set the both bits to "1: Cancel". You cannot disable stop and pause in the simple direct value mode or the full direct value mode.

Input signal Operation mode(EtherCAT): 2						
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	ltem	Value (decimal)	
0x2001 0x02	x02 Input signal 2	15	Direct value travel selection Note 2	0: Point travel, 1: Direct value travel		
		16 to 31	-	-		

Note 2: When the direct value travel selection is "0: Point travel," the point travel can be performed in the same way as the 64-point mode.



 When starting, confirm that communication with the PLC is established, and then refer to the data of each signal such as an alarm. If communication is not established, the controller cannot be operated even if each bit is "1: ON."

<Input data> (Data to be written to the controller from the PLC)

	Input signal Operation mode(EtherCAT): 2						
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Item	Value (decimal)			
	0x01	Input data 1	Position (0.01 mm) (0.01 deg) Note 1	-999999 to 999999			
	0x02	Input data 2	Positioning width (0.01 mm) (0.01 deg) Note 1	0 to 999 (when setting = 0, use common parameter value.)			
	0x03	Input data 3	Speed (mm/s) (deg/s) Note 1	0 to 9999 (when setting = 0, use common parameter value.)			
	0x04	Input data 4	Acceleration (0.01 G) Note 1	0 to 255 (when setting = 0, use common parameter value.)			
	0x05	Input data 5	Deceleration (0.01 G) Note 1	0 to 255 (when setting = 0, use common parameter value.)			
	0x06	Input data 6	Pressing rate (%) Note 1	0 to 100 (when setting = 0, use common parameter value.)			
	0x07	Input data 7	Pressing speed (mm/s) (deg/s) Note 1	0 to 99 (when setting = 0, use common parameter value.)			
	0x08	Input data 8	Pressing distance (0.01 mm) (0.01 deg) Note 1	-999999 to 999999 (when setting = 0, use common parameter value.			
0x2003	0x09	Input data 9	Mode Note 1	Bit 1 to 0 (operation method) 0: Positioning operation 1: Pressing operation 1 2: Pressing operation 2 Bit 3 to 2 (position specification method) 0: Absolute 1: Incremental Bit 7 to 4 (rotation direction) 0: Common 1: Close rotation 2:CW 3:CCW Bit 11 to 8 (Acceleration/deceleration method) 0: Common 1: Trapezoid Bit 15 to 12 (Stop method) 0: Common 1: Control 2: Fixed excitation 3: Automatic servo OFF 1 4: Automatic servo OFF 2 5: Automatic servo OFF 3			

Note 1: When the PLC is powered on, the set value is 0. The set value does not change unless a new value is written from the PLC.

Input signal Operation mode(EtherCAT): 2							
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Item	Value (decimal)			
	0x0A	Input data 10	Gain magnification (%) Note 1	0 to 9999 (when setting = 0, this means that gain magnification is not used.)			
	0x0B	Input data 11	Write data	Data written when executing data write.			
	0x0C	Input data 12	Data number	Data number of data to read and data to write.			
0x2003	0x04	Input data 13	Monitor number 1	1: Position 2: Speed 3: Current value 5: Alarm			
	0x05	Input data 14	Monitor number 2	1: Position 2: Speed 3: Current value 5: Alarm			

Note 1: When the PLC is powered on, the set value is 0. The set value does not change unless a new value is written from the PLC.



- After the monitor number is switched, there will be some time lag until the data actually switches. The time difference may be longer depending on the communication speed, etc., but switching is completed within 2 ms. If you refer to the data immediately after switching, you may reference unintended data.
- Some values may generate an alarm even if they are within the settable range in this table, depending on the actuator model No. (size, etc.). If a value out of the specification is set, unexpected operation may occur.

<Output signal> (Data to be read from the controller by the PLC)

Coutput sig	Output signal Operation mode(EtherCAT): 2								
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	Item	Value (decimal)				
			0	Point number confirmation bit 0					
			1	Point number confirmation bit 1	Binary data				
			2	Point number confirmation bit 2	For direct value travel: 0 is set. For point travel: The travel				
			3	Point number confirmation bit 3	completion point number is set. * The bit 0 side indicates the low-				
			4	Point number confirmation bit 4	order bit, and the bit 5 side indicates the high-order bit. Note 3				
			5	Point number confirmation bit 5					
	0x01	Output signal 1	6 to 9	-	-				
			10	Point travel complete Note 1	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete				
0x2005			11	Home position return complete Note 2	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete				
			12	Servo ON state Note 2	0: OFF state, 1: ON state				
			13	Alarm Note 2	0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered				
			14	Warning Note 2	0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered				
			15	Operation preparation complete	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete				
			16 to 31	-	-				
	0x02	Output signal 2	0 to 3	Data response Note 2	Indicates the data read/write execution result. 0 to 8 Note 4 * The bit 0 side indicates the low-order bit, and the bit 3 side indicates the high-order bit.				
			4	Data complete Note 2	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete				
			5	Data Write status	0: Read, 1: Write				

Note 1: Both point travel complete and traveling may be ON ("1") at the same time depending on the timing.

Note 2: Content can be monitored even in TOOL mode. However, it is only when the forced output mode is not in effect. Other items will be "0: OFF".

Note 3: The values of Output signal 1 bit 0 to 5 becomes undefined if the direct value travel selection (Input signal 2, bit 15) is turned ON from OFF.

Note 4: Refer to "3.7.13Data Read" and "3.7.14Data Write" for details of the execution results of data response.

Output signal Operation mode(EtherCAT): 2								
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	ltem	Value (decimal)			
			6 to 7	-	-			
		Output			8 to 11	Monitor response Note 1	O: Normal, 1: Monitor number error * The bit 8 side indicates the low-order bit, and the bit 11 side indicates the high-order bit.	
			12	Monitor complete Note 1	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete			
			13 to 14	-	-			
			15	Direct value travel status	0: Point travel, 1: Direct value travel			
0x2005	0x02		16	Point zone Note 2	0: Outside zone, 1: Inside zone			
		signal 2	17	Traveling Note 3	0: Stopped, 1: Traveling			
			18	Zone 1	0: Outside zone, 1: Inside zone			
			19	Zone 2	0: Outside zone, 1: Inside zone			
		_	20	Soft limit (+) Note 4	Within the range of soft limit Outside the range of software limit			
			21	Soft limit over (-) Note 4	0: soft limit (-) or more 1: less than soft limit (-)			
			22	Soft limit over (+) Note 4	0: less than soft limit (+) 1: over soft limit (+)			
			23 to 31	-	-			

Note 1: Content can be monitored even in TOOL mode. However, it is only when the forced output mode is not in effect. Other items will be "0: OFF".

Note 2: For direct value travel, the point zone is always "0: OFF."

Note 3: Both point travel complete and traveling may be ON ("1") at the same time depending on the timing.

Note 4: This signal is not assigned if the software version is old. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".



 When starting, confirm that communication with the PLC is established, and then refer to the data of each signal such as an alarm.

Output data> (Data to be read from the controller by the PLC)

	Output signal Operation mode(EtherCAT): 2								
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	ltem	Value (decimal)					
	0x01	Output data 1	Position (0.01 mm) (deg) Note 1	-999999 to 999999					
	0x02	Output data 2	Speed (mm/s) (deg/s) Note 1	0 to 9999					
	0x03	Output data 3	Current (%) Note 1	0 to 100					
	0x04	Output data 4	-	-					
	0x05	Output data 5	Alarm Note 1	The alarm code is set.					
0x2007	0x06 to 0x0A	Output data 6 to Output data 10	-	-					
	0x0B	Output data 11	Read data Note 1	Set the data that was read.					
	0x0C	Output data 12	Data (alarm) Note 1	The time is set when alarm data detail is read. * The alarm code is set to the read data.					
	0x0D	Output data 13	Monitor value Note 1	The monitor data that was read is set.					
	0x0E	Output data 14	Monitor value Note 1	The monitor data that was read is set.					

Note 1: Content can be monitored even in TOOL mode. However, it is only when the forced output mode is not in effect. Other items will be "0: OFF".

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3.4.5. Cyclic Data Details for PIO Mode

■ 64-point (B064) (operation mode (PIO): 0)

<Input signal> (Data to be written to the controller from the PLC)

	Input signal Operation mode(PIO): 0								
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	ltem	Value (decimal)				
			0	Point number selection bit 0	Binary data 0 to 63 * The bit 0 side indicates the low- order bit, and the bit 5 side indicates the high-order bit.				
			1	Point number selection bit 1					
			2	Point number selection bit 2					
		Input signal 1	3	Point number selection bit 3					
			4	Point number selection bit 4					
0x2001	0x01		5	Point number selection bit 5					
			6	Point travel start	0: -, 1: Start				
			7	JOG (-) travel start	0: Stop, 1: Start				
			8	JOG (+) travel start	0: Stop, 1: Start				
			9	Home position return start	0: -, 1: Home position return start				
			10	Servo ON	0: Servo OFF, 1: Servo ON				
			11	Alarm reset	0: -, 1: Reset				
			12	Stop Note 1	0: Stop, 1: Cancel				
			13	-	-				
			14	Data request	0: -, 1: Execute				
			15	Data R/W selection	0: Read, 1: Write				

Note 1: Stop is negative logic. Turn ON the bit to "1: Cancel" to operate.

<Input data> (Data to be written to the controller from the PLC)

Output data Operation mode(PIO): 0							
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	ltem	Value (decimal)			
	0x01	Input data 1	Write data	Data written when executing data write.			
0x2003	0x02	Input data 2	Data number	Data number of data to read and data to write.			

<Output signal> (Data to be read from the controller by the PLC)

Output signal Operation mode(PIO): 0							
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	ltem	Value (decimal)		
			0	Point number confirmation bit 0/ Alarm confirmation bit 0			
			1	Point number confirmation bit 1/ Alarm confirmation bit 1	Point numbers 0 to 63		
			2	Point number confirmation bit 2/ Alarm confirmation bit 2	Alarm 0 to 15 Note 1 Set the travel complete point number when normal and the alarm when abnormal. The bit 0 side indicates the low-		
			3	Point number confirmation bit 3/ Alarm confirmation bit 3	order bit, and the bit 5 side indicates the high-order bit.		
			4	Point number confirmation bit 4			
0x2005	0x01	Output	5	Point number confirmation bit 5			
0,2003		signal 1	6	Point travel complete Note 2	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete		
			7	Selection output 1 Note 2 Note 3 Point zone Zone 1 Zone 2 Traveling Warning Soft limit over Soft limit over (-) Soft limit over (+)	Point zone/Zone 1/Zone 2 0: Outside zone, 1: Inside zone Traveling 0: Stopped, 1: Traveling Warning 0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered Soft limit over 0: Within the range of soft limit, 1: Outside the range of software limit Soft limit over (-) 0: soft limit (-) or more, 1: less than soft limit (-) Soft limit over (+) 0: less than soft limit (+), 1: over soft limit (+)		

Note 1: The alarm 0 to 15 indicates the first digit of the alarm code as a hexadecimal number. For details, refer to "Input/output signals" of "3.4.2Send/Receive Data". Refer to "5.2Alarm Indications and Countermeasures" for the alarm codes.

Note 2: Both point travel complete and traveling may be ON ("1") at the same time depending on the timing.

Note 3: If the software version is old, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), and soft limit over (+) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

	Output signal Operation mode(PIO): 0								
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	Item	Value (decimal)				
0x2005	0x01	Output signal 1	8	Selection output 2 Note 1 Note 2 Point zone Zone 1 Zone 2 Traveling Warning Soft limit over Soft limit over (-) Soft limit over (+)	Point zone/Zone 1/Zone 2 0: Outside zone, 1: Inside zone Traveling 0: Stopped, 1: Traveling Warning 0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered Soft limit over 0: Within the range of soft limit, 1: Outside the range of software limit Soft limit over (-) 0: soft limit (-) or more, 1: less than soft limit (-) Soft limit over (+) 0: less than soft limit (+), 1: over soft limit (+)				
			9	Home position return complete Note 3	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete				
			10	Servo ON state Note 3	0: OFF state, 1: ON state				
			11	Alarm Note 3	0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered				
			12	Operation preparation complete	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete				
			13	Data response Note 3	Indicates the data read/write execution result. 0 to 1 Note 4				
			14	Data complete Note 3	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete				
			15	Data Write status	0: Read, 1: Write				

Note 1: Both point travel complete and traveling may be ON ("1") at the same time depending on the timing.

Note 2: If the software version is old, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), and soft limit over (+) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

Note 3: Content can be monitored even in TOOL mode. However, it is only when the forced output mode is not in effect. Other items will be "0: OFF".

Note 4: Refer to "3.7.13Data Read" and "3.7.14Data Write" for details of the execution results of data response.

<Output data> (Data to be read from the controller by the PLC)

Output data Operation mode(PIO): 0							
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	ltem	Value (decimal)			
	0x01	Output data 1	Read data	Set the data that was read.			
0x2007	0x02	Output data 2	Data (alarm)	The time is set when alarm data detail is read. ** The alarm code is set to the read data.			

■ Simple 7-point mode (S007) (operation mode (PIO): 1)

<Input signal> (Data to be written to the controller from the PLC)

	Input signal Operation mode(PIO): 1								
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	Item	Value (decimal)				
			0	Point number 1 travel start	0: -, 1: Start				
			1	Point number 2 travel start	0: -, 1: Start				
			2	Point number 3 travel start	0: -, 1: Start				
			3	Point number 4 travel start	0: -, 1: Start				
			4	Point number 5 travel start	0: -, 1: Start				
			5	Point number 6 travel start	0: -, 1: Start				
0x2001	0x01	Input signal 1	6	Point number 7 travel start	0: -, 1: Start				
			7	JOG (-) travel start	0: Stop, 1: Start				
			8	JOG (+) travel start	0: Stop, 1: Start				
			9	Home position return start	0: -, 1: Home position return start				
			10	Servo ON	0: Servo OFF, 1: Servo ON				
			11	Alarm reset	0: -, 1: Reset				
			12	Stop Note 1	0: Stop, 1: Cancel				
			13	-	-				
			14	Data request	0: -, 1: Execute				
			15	Data R/W selection	0: Read, 1: Write				

Note 1: Stop is negative logic. Turn ON the bit to "1: Cancel" to operate.

<Input data> (Data to be written to the controller from the PLC)

Output data Operation mode(PIO): 1							
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Item	Value (decimal)			
0~2002	0x01	Input data 1	Write data	Data written when executing data write.			
0x2003	0x02	Input data 2	Data number	Data number of data to read and data to write.			

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<Output signal> (Data to be read from the controller by the PLC)

-Output sig	Output signal Operation mode(PIO): 1													
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	ltem	Value (decimal)									
			0	Point number 1 travel complete Note 1	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete									
			1	Point number 2 travel complete Note 1	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete									
			2	Point number 3 travel complete Note 1	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete									
			3	Point number 4 travel complete Note 1	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete									
			4	Point number 5 travel complete Note 1	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete									
													5	Point number 6 travel complete Note 1
									6	Point number 7 travel complete Note 1	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete			
0x2005	0x01	Output signal 1	7	Selection output 1 Note 1 Note 2 Point zone Zone 1 Zone 2 Traveling Warning Soft limit over Soft limit over (-) Soft limit over (+)	Point zone/Zone 1/Zone 2 0: Outside zone, 1: Inside zone Traveling 0: Stopped, 1: Traveling Warning 0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered Soft limit over 0: Within the range of soft limit, 1: Outside the range of software limit Soft limit over (-) 0: soft limit (-) or more, 1: less than soft limit (-) Soft limit over (+) 0: less than soft limit (+), 1: over soft limit (+)									

Note 1: Point number n travel complete and traveling can become "1: ON" at the same time depending on the timing. Note 2: If the software version is old, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), and soft limit over (+) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

	Output signal Operation mode(PIO): 1							
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	ltem	Value (decimal)			
0x2005 0x01	Output	8	Selection output 2 Note 1 Note 2 Point zone Zone 1 Zone 2 Traveling Warning Soft limit over Soft limit over (-) Soft limit over (+)	Point zone/Zone 1/Zone 2 0: Outside zone, 1: Inside zone Traveling 0: Stopped, 1: Traveling Warning 0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered Soft limit over 0: Within the range of soft limit, 1: Outside the range of software limit Soft limit over (-) 0: soft limit (-) or more, 1: less than soft limit (-) Soft limit over (+) 0: less than soft limit (+), 1: over soft limit (+)				
			9	Home position return complete Note 3	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete			
			10	Servo ON state Note 3	0: OFF state, 1: ON state			
			11	Alarm Note 3	0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered			
			12	Operation preparation complete	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete			
			13	Data response Note 3	Indicates the data read/write execution result. 0 to 1 Note 4			
			14	Data complete Note 3	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete			
			15	Data Write status	0: Read, 1: Write			

Note 1: Point number n travel complete and traveling can become "1: ON" at the same time depending on the timing. Note 2: If the software version is old, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), and soft limit over (+) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

Note 3: Content can be monitored even in TOOL mode. However, it is only when the forced output mode is not in effect. Other items will be "0: OFF".

Note 4: Refer to "3.7.13Data Read" and "3.7.14Data Write" for details of the execution results of data response.

<Output data> (Data to be read from the controller by the PLC)

Output data Operation mode(PIO): 1							
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Item	Value (decimal)			
	0x01	Output data 1	Read data	Set the data that was read.			
0x2007	0x02	Output data 2	Data (alarm)	The time is set when alarm data detail is read. ** The alarm code is set to the read data.			

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■ Solenoid valve mode, double 2-position type (VW2P) (operation mode (PIO): 2)

<Input signal> (Data to be written to the controller from the PLC)

	Input signal Operation mode(PIO): 2								
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	ltem	Value (decimal)				
			0	Solenoid valve travel command 1	0: -, 1: ON				
			1	Solenoid valve travel command 2	0: -, 1: ON				
			2	-	-				
			3	-	-				
			4	-	-				
			5	-	-				
			6	-	-				
0x2001 0x0	0x01	Input	7	-	-				
		signal 1	8	-	-				
			9	Home position return start	0: -, 1: Home position return start				
			10	Servo ON	0: Servo OFF, 1: Servo ON				
			11	Alarm reset	0: -, 1: Reset				
			12	-	-				
			13	-	-				
			14	Data request	0: -, 1: Execute				
			15	Data R/W selection	0: Read, 1: Write				

<Input data> (Data to be written to the controller from the PLC)

Output data Operation mode(PIO): 2						
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	ltem	Value (decimal)		
0×2002	0x01	Input data 1	Write data	Data written when executing data write.		
0x2003	0x02	Input data 2	Data number	Data number of data to read and data to write.		

<Output signal> (Data to be read from the controller by the PLC)

	Output signal Operation mode(PIO): 2							
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	ltem	Value (decimal)			
			0	Point number 1 travel complete Note 1	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete			
			1	Point number 2 travel complete Note 1	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete			
			2	-	-			
			3	-	-			
			4	Switch 1	0: OFF, 1: ON			
			5	Switch 2	0: OFF, 1: ON			
			6	-	-			
0x2005	0x01	Output signal 1	7	Selection output 1 Note 1 Note 2 Point zone Zone 1 Zone 2 Traveling Warning Soft limit over Soft limit over (-) Soft limit over (+)	Point zone/Zone 1/Zone 2 0: Outside zone, 1: Inside zone Traveling 0: Stopped, 1: Traveling Warning 0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered Soft limit over 0: Within the range of soft limit, 1: Outside the range of software limit Soft limit over (-) 0: soft limit (-) or more, 1: less than soft limit (-) Soft limit over (+) 0: less than soft limit (+), 1: over soft limit (+)			

Note 1: Both point travel complete and moving may be "1: ON" at the same time depending on the timing.

Note 2: If the software version is old, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), and soft limit over (+) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

		Out	tput sig	nal Operation mode(PIO): 2
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	Item	Value (decimal)
0x2005		c01 Output signal 1	8	Selection output 2 Note 1 Note 2 Point zone Zone 1 Zone 2 Traveling Warning Soft limit over Soft limit over (-) Soft limit over (+)	Point zone/Zone 1/Zone 2 0: Outside zone, 1: Inside zone Traveling 0: Stopped, 1: Traveling Warning 0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered Soft limit over 0: Within the range of soft limit, 1: Outside the range of software limit Soft limit over (-) 0: soft limit (-) or more, 1: less than soft limit (-) Soft limit over (+) 0: less than soft limit (+), 1: over soft limit (+)
			9	Home position return complete Note 3	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete
			10	Servo ON state Note 3	0: OFF state, 1: ON state
			11	Alarm Note 3	0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered
			12	Operation preparation complete	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete
			13	Data response Note 3	Indicates the data read/write execution result. 0 to 1 Note 4
			14	Data complete Note 3	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete
			15	Data Write status	0: Read, 1: Write

Note 1: Both point travel complete and moving may be "1: ON" at the same time depending on the timing.

Note 2: If the software version is old, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), and soft limit over (+) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

Note 3: Content can be monitored even in TOOL mode. However, it is only when the forced output mode is not in effect. Other items will be "0: OFF".

Note 4: Refer to "3.7.13Data Read" and "3.7.14Data Write" for details of the execution results of data response.

<Output data> (Data to be read from the controller by the PLC)

Output data Operation mode(PIO): 2							
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index Display name Item Value (decimal)						
	0x01	Output data 1	Read data	Set the data that was read.			
0x2007	0x02	Output data 2	Data (alarm)	The time is set when alarm data detail is read. ** The alarm code is set to the read data.			

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■ Solenoid valve mode, double 3-position type (VW3P) (operation mode (PIO): 3)

<Input signal> (Data to be written to the controller from the PLC)

input oigh	Input signal Operation mode(PIO): 3								
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	ltem	Value (decimal)				
			0	Solenoid valve travel command 1	0: -, 1: ON				
			1	Solenoid valve travel command 2	0: -, 1: ON				
			2	-	-				
			3	-	-				
		Input signal 1	4	-	-				
			5	-	-				
			6	-	-				
0x2001	0x01		7	-	-				
			8	-	-				
			9	Home position return start	0: -, 1: Home position return start				
			10	Servo ON	0: Servo OFF, 1: Servo ON				
			11	Alarm reset	0: -, 1: Reset				
			12	-	-				
			13	-	-				
			14	Data request	0: -, 1: Execute				
			15	Data R/W selection	0: Read, 1: Write				

<Input data> (Data to be written to the controller from the PLC)

Output data Operation mode(PIO): 3						
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	ltem	Value (decimal)		
0×2002	0x01	Input data 1	Write data	Data written when executing data write.		
0x2003	0x02	Input data 2	Data number	Data number of data to read and data to write.		

<Output signal> (Data to be read from the controller by the PLC)

	Output signal Operation mode(PIO): 3								
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	Item	Value (decimal)				
			0	Point number 1 travel complete Note 1	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete				
			1	Point number 2 travel complete Note 1	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete				
			2	-	-				
			3	-	-				
			4	Switch 1	0: OFF, 1: ON				
			5	Switch 2	0: OFF, 1: ON				
			6	-	-				
0x2005	0x01	Output signal 1	7	Selection output 1 Note 1 Note 2 Point zone Zone 1 Zone 2 Traveling Warning Soft limit over Soft limit over (-) Soft limit over (+)	Point zone/Zone 1/Zone 2 0: Outside zone, 1: Inside zone Traveling 0: Stopped, 1: Traveling Warning 0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered Soft limit over 0: Within the range of soft limit, 1: Outside the range of software limit Soft limit over (-) 0: soft limit (-) or more, 1: less than soft limit (-) Soft limit over (+) 0: less than soft limit (+), 1: over soft limit (+)				

Note 1: Both point travel complete and moving may be "1: ON" at the same time depending on the timing.

Note 2: If the software version is old, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), and soft limit over (+) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

		Out	tput sig	nal Operation mode(PIO): 3
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	Item	Value (decimal)
0x2005 0x01	Output	8	Selection output 2 Note 1 Note 2 Point zone Zone 1 Zone 2 Traveling Warning Soft limit over Soft limit over (-) Soft limit over (+)	Point zone/Zone 1/Zone 2 0: Outside zone, 1: Inside zone Traveling 0: Stopped, 1: Traveling Warning 0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered Soft limit over 0: Within the range of soft limit, 1: Outside the range of software limit Soft limit over (-) 0: soft limit (-) or more, 1: less than soft limit (-) Soft limit over (+) 0: less than soft limit (+), 1: over soft limit (+)	
			9	Home position return complete Note 3	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete
			10	Servo ON state Note 3	0: OFF state, 1: ON state
			11	Alarm Note 3	0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered
			12	Operation preparation complete	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete
			13	Data response Note 3	Indicates the data read/write execution result. 0 to 1 Note 4
			14	Data complete Note 3	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete
			15	Data Write status	0: Read, 1: Write

Note 1: Both point travel complete and moving may be "1: ON" at the same time depending on the timing.

Note 2: If the software version is old, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), and soft limit over (+) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

Note 3: Content can be monitored even in TOOL mode. However, it is only when the forced output mode is not in effect. Other items will be "0: OFF".

Note 4: Refer to "3.7.13Data Read" and "3.7.14Data Write" for details of the execution results of data response.

<Output data> (Data to be read from the controller by the PLC)

Output data Operation mode(PIO): 3							
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	ltem	Value (decimal)			
	0x01	Output data 1	Read data	Set the data that was read.			
0x2007	0x02	Output data 2	Data (alarm)	The time is set when alarm data detail is read. ** The alarm code is set to the read data.			

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■ Solenoid valve mode, single type (VSGL) (operation mode (PIO): 4)

<Input signal> (Data to be written to the controller from the PLC)

	Input signal Operation mode(PIO): 4								
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	ltem	Value (decimal)				
			0	-	-				
			1	Solenoid valve travel command	0: Travel to point 1, 1: Travel to point 2				
			2	-	-				
			3	-	-				
			4	-	-				
		Input signal 1	5	-	-				
			6	-	-				
0x2001	0x01		7	-	-				
0.001	UXUI		8	-	-				
			9	Home position return start	0: -, 1: Home position return start				
			10	Servo ON	0: Servo OFF, 1: Servo ON				
			11	Alarm reset	0: -, 1: Reset				
			12	-	-				
			13	-	-				
			14	Data request	0: -, 1: Execute				
			15	Data R/W selection	0: Read, 1: Write				

<Input data> (Data to be written to the controller from the PLC)

Output data Operation mode(PIO): 4							
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	ltem	Value (decimal)			
0x2003	0x01	Input data 1	Write data	Data written when executing data write.			
	0x02	Input data 2	Data number	Data number of data to read and data to write.			

<Output signal> (Data to be read from the controller by the PLC)

Coutput sig	Output signal Operation mode(PIO): 4								
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	Item	Value (decimal)				
			0	Point number 1 travel complete Note 1	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete				
			1	Point number 2 travel complete Note 1	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete				
			2	-	-				
			3	-	-				
			4 5	Switch 1	0: OFF, 1: ON				
				Switch 2	0: OFF, 1: ON				
			6	-	-				
0x2005	0x01	Output signal 1	7	Selection output 1 Note 1 Note 2 Point zone Zone 1 Zone 2 Traveling Warning Soft limit over Soft limit over (-) Soft limit over (+)	Point zone/Zone 1/Zone 2 0: Outside zone, 1: Inside zone Traveling 0: Stopped, 1: Traveling Warning 0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered Soft limit over 0: Within the range of soft limit, 1: Outside the range of software limit Soft limit over (-) 0: soft limit (-) or more, 1: less than soft limit (-) Soft limit over (+) 0: less than soft limit (+), 1: over soft limit (+)				

Note 1: Both point travel complete and moving may be "1: ON" at the same time depending on the timing.

Note 2: If the software version is old, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), and soft limit over (+) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

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	Output signal Operation mode(PIO): 4								
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Bit	ltem	Value (decimal)				
0x2005 0x01	Output	8	Selection output 2 Note 1 Note 2 Point zone Zone 1 Zone 2 Traveling Warning Soft limit over Soft limit over (-) Soft limit over (+)	Point zone/Zone 1/Zone 2 0: Outside zone, 1: Inside zone Traveling 0: Stopped, 1: Traveling Warning 0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered Soft limit over 0: Within the range of soft limit, 1: Outside the range of software limit Soft limit over (-) 0: soft limit (-) or more, 1: less than soft limit (-) Soft limit over (+) 0: less than soft limit (+), 1: over soft limit (+)					
			9	Home position return complete Note 3	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete				
			10	Servo ON state Note 3	0: OFF state, 1: ON state				
			11	Alarm Note 3	0: Triggered, 1: Not triggered				
			12	Operation preparation complete	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete				
			13	Data response Note 3	Indicates the data read/write execution result. 0 to 1 Note 4				
			14	Data complete Note 3	0: Incomplete, 1: Complete				
			15	Data Write status	0: Read, 1: Write				

Note 1: Both point travel complete and moving may be "1: ON" at the same time depending on the timing.

Note 2: If the software version is old, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), and soft limit over (+) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

Note 3: Content can be monitored even in TOOL mode. However, it is only when the forced output mode is not in effect. Other items will be "0: OFF".

Note 4: Refer to "3.7.13Data Read" and "3.7.14Data Write" for details of the execution results of data response.

<Output data> (Data to be read from the controller by the PLC)

	Output data Operation mode(PIO): 4							
Index (hexadeci mal)	Sub Index	Display name	Value (decimal)					
	0x01	Output data 1	Read data	Set the data that was read.				
0x2007	0x02	Output data 2	Data (alarm)	The time is set when alarm data detail is read. ** The alarm code is set to the read data.				

3.4.6. Data Number

Indicates the data number used when executing data read or data write.

Refer to "3.7.13Data Read" and "3.7.14Data Write" for execution of data read and data write and "3.4.7Data Access" for the communication method. Refer to the manual provided by the PLC manufacturer.

<Data number list>

Data number (hexadecimal)	Item	Value (decimal)	Unit	Access	Remarks
0x0505	Data initializati on Note 1	0x999n (hexadeci mal)	-	W	n: Set the bit as follows. Bit 0: 1 = Parameter data Initialize all Bit 1: (Not in use) Bit 2: 1 = Point data Initialize all Bit 3: (Not in use)
0x057F	Software reset Note2	9999	-	W	9999 = Software reset
0x2810	Stroke	0 to 9999	mm(deg)	R	-
0x4000	Alarm data details	Alarm code Alarm date and time	-	R	Read data Bit 15 to 0: Alarm code Bit 31 to 16: 0 Data (alarm) Bit 15 to 0: seconds (upper 16 bits) Bit 31 to 16: seconds (lower 16 bits) The latest data in the alarm history is read.
0x4800	Integrated running distance	0 to 999999999	m(10 ³ deg)	R	-
0x4802	Integrated number of travel times	0 to 999999999	Times	R	-
0x4804	Integrated operating time	0 to 999999999	S	R	-

Note 1: When "initialize all parameter data" is executed, the parameters of the operation mode (EtherCAT), device ID, and register 0x0012 enabled are also initialized. Set the initialized parameters again before turning the power back on or resetting the software.

Note 2: When the data complete turns ON, turn OFF the data request immediately. If the data request remains ON, the software reset will be executed again after the software reset is completed.

X For the item Access, R represents read and W write.

Data number (hexadecimal)	Item	Value (decimal)	Unit	Access	Remarks
0x5000	Soft limit (+) Note 1	-999999 to 999999	0.01mm (0.01deg)	R/W	-
0x5002	Soft limit (-) Note 1	-999999 to 999999	0.01mm (0.01deg)	R/W	-
0x5004	Zone 1 (+)	-999999 to 999999	0.01mm (0.01deg)	R/W	-
0x5006	Zone 1 (-)	-999999 to 999999	0.01mm (0.01deg)	R/W	-
0x5008	Zone 2 (+)	-999999 to 999999	0.01mm (0.01deg)	R/W	-
0x500A	Zone 2 (-)	-999999 to 999999	0.01mm (0.01deg)	R/W	-
0x500C	Zone hysteresis	0 to 999	0.01mm (0.01deg)	R/W	-
0x500E	Home position return direction (coordinate axis) Note 2	0 to 2	-	R/W	0 : Normal (standard coordinate), 1: Opposite (standard coordinate), 2: Opposite (inverted coordinate)
0x5010	Home position return speed	1 to 99	mm/s (deg/s)	R/W	-
0x5012	Home position offset amount Note 1	-999999 to 999999	0.01mm (0.01deg)	R/W	-
0x5014	Automatic home position return Note 1	0 to 1	-	R/W	0: Disabled, 1: Enabled
0x5018	Emergency stop input Note 1	0 to 1	-	R/W	0: Enabled, 1: Disabled
0x5020	Pressing judgment time	0 to 9999	Ms	R/W	-
0x5022	Fixed current at stop	0 to 100	%	R/W	-
0x5024	Automatic servo OFF time 1	0 to 9999	s	R/W	-
0x5026	Automatic servo OFF time 2	0 to 9999	s	R/W	-
0x5028	Automatic servo OFF time 3	0 to 9999	s	R/W	-

Note 1: After writing, turn on the power again.

Note 2: If the software version is old, opposite (inverted coordinate) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

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[%] For the item Access, R represents read and W write.

Data number (hexadecimal)	Item	Value (decimal)	Unit	Access	Remarks
0x5030	Threshold value for integrated running distance	0 to 999999999	m(10 ³ deg)	R/W	-
0x5032	Threshold value for integrated number of travel times	0 to 999999999	times	R/W	-
0x5034	Threshold value for integrated operating time	0 to 999999999	s	R/W	-
0x5040	Common positioning width	1 to 999	0.01mm (0.01deg)	R/W	-
0x5042	Common speed	1 to 9999	m/s (deg/s)	R/W	-
0x5044	Common acceleration	1 to 999	0.01G	R/W	-
0x5046	Common deceleration	1 to 999	0.01G	R/W	-
0x5048	Common pressing rate	1 to 100	%	R/W	-
0x504A	Common pressing speed	1 to 99	mm/s (deg/s)	R/W	-
0x504C	Common pressing distance	-999999 to 999999	0.01mm (0.01deg)	R/W	-
0x504E	Common acceleration/decel eration method	1	-	R/W	1: Trapezoid
0x5050	Common stop method	1 to 5	-	R/W	1: Control 2: Fixed excitation 3: Automatic servo OFF 1 4: Automatic servo OFF 2 5: Automatic servo OFF 3
0x5054	Common rotation direction	1 to 3	-	R/W	1: Close rotation 2:CW 3:CCW
0x5080	G1 gain (response)	0 to 15	-	R/W	-
0x5082	G2 gain (load magnification)	0 to 15	-	R/W	-
0x5400	Operation mode (PIO) Note 1	0 to 4	-	R/W	0:B064 1:S007 2:VW2P 3:VW3P 4:VSGL

Note 1: After writing, turn on the power again.

Note 2: If the software version is old, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), and soft limit over (+) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

 $[\]ensuremath{\mathbb{X}}$ For the item Access, R represents read and W write.

Data number (hexadecimal)	Item	Value (decimal)	Unit	Access	Remarks
0x5404	Output selection 1 Note 1	0 to 4	-	R/W	0: Point zone 1: Zone 1 2: Zone 2 3: Traveling 4: Warning 5: Soft limit over 6: Soft limit over (-) 7: Soft limit over (+)
0x5406	Output selection 2 Note 1, Note 2	0 to 4	-	R/W	0: Point zone 1: Zone 1 2: Zone 2 3: Traveling 4: Warning 5: Soft limit over 6: Soft limit over (-) 7: Soft limit over (+)
0x540C	Stop input Note 1	0 to 1	-	R/W	0: Enabled, 1: Disabled
0x5410	JOG/INCH speed	1 to 100	mm/s (deg/s)	R/W	-
0x5412	INCH distance	1 to 1000	0.01mm (0.01deg)	R/W	-
0x54C0	Operation mode (EtherCAT) Note 1	0 to 2	-	R/W	0:PIO 1:SDP 2:FDP
0x54C2	Device ID Note 1	0 to 65535	-	R/W	-
0x54C4	Register 0x0012 enabled Note 1	0 to 1	-	R/W	0: Disabled (Standard) 1: Enabled (OMRON PLC)

Note 1: After writing, turn on the power again.

Note 2: If the software version is old, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), and soft limit over (+) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

[%] For the item Access, R represents read and W write.

Data number (hexadecimal)	Item	Value (decimal)	Unit	Access	Remarks
0x8000 + 0x0020*n	Position	-999999 to 999999	0.01mm (0.01deg)	R/W	Point data for point No. n (n=0 to 63)
0x8002 + 0x0020*n	Positioning width	0 to 999	0.01mm (0.01deg)	R/W	Point data for point No. n (n=0 to 63)
0x8004 + 0x0020*n	Speed	0 to 9999	mm/s (deg/s)	R/W	Point data for point No. n (n=0 to 63)
0x8006 + 0x0020*n	Acceleratio n	0 to 999	0.01G	R/W	Point data for point No. n (n=0 to 63)
0x8008 + 0x0020*n	Deceleratio n	0 to 999	0.01G	R/W	Point data for point No. n (n=0 to 63)
0x800A + 0x0020*n	Pressing rate	0 to 100	%	R/W	Point data for point No. n (n=0 to 63)
0x800C + 0x0020*n	Pressing speed	0 to 99	mm/s (deg/s)	R/W	Point data for point No. n (n=0 to 63)
0x800E + 0x0020*n	Pressing distance	-999999 to 999999	0.01mm (0.01deg)	R/W	Point data for point No. n (n=0 to 63)

 $[\]ensuremath{\mathbb{X}}$ For the item Access, R represents read and W write.

Data number (hexadecimal)	Item	Value (decimal)	Unit	Access	Remarks
0x8010 + 0x0020*n	Mode	0 to 65535	-	R/W	Point data for point No. n (n=0 to 63) Bit 3 to 0: Operation method 0: Positioning operation 1: Pressing operation 2 Bit 7 to 4: Position specification method 0: Absolute 1: Incremental Bit 11 to 8: Acceleration/deceleration method 0: Common 1: Trapezoid Bit 15 to 12: Stop method 0: Common 1: Control 2: Fixed excitation 3: Automatic servo OFF 1 4: Automatic servo OFF 2 5: Automatic servo OFF 3 Bit 19 to 16: Rotation direction 0: Common 1: Close rotation 2:CW 3:CCW
0x8012 + 0x0020*n	Gain magnificat ion	0 to 9999	%	R/W	Point data for point No. n (n=0 to 63)
0x8014 + 0x0020*n	Point zone (+)	-999999 to 999999	0.01mm (0.01deg)	R/W	Point data for point No. n (n=0 to 63)
0x8016 + 0x0020*n	Point zone (-)	-999999 to 999999	0.01mm (0.01deg)	R/W	Point data for point No. n (n=0 to 63)

[%] For the item Access, R represents read and W write.



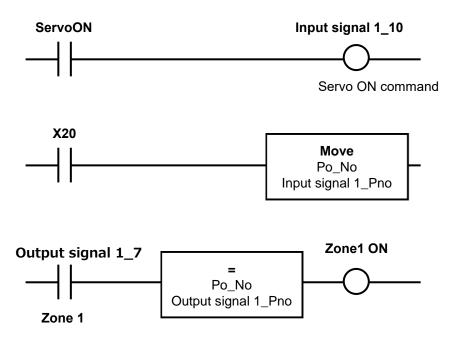
 Some values may generate an alarm even if they are within the settable range in this table, depending on the actuator model No. (size, etc.). If a value out of the specification is set, unexpected operation may occur.

3.4.7. Data Access

■ Process data

Process data is the data always communicated between the master and slave at a set cycle Set the data length and configuration using a PLC development tool, and assign relays and data memories.

Name	Content
Input signal, Input data	It will be updated when data is set (coil, bit SET, Move command, etc.).
Output signal, Output data	Remote input and remote register (input) can be referenced through means such as contacts, Compare command, or Move command.



X For detailed information on settings, updates and references, refer to the manual from the PLC manufacturer.

3.5. Setting Parameters

S-Tools can be used to set and change parameters. Refer to the S-Tools instruction manual (SM-A11147) for details such as setting method.



 When setting parameters, the moving direction of the actuator is as follows. However, if "Home position return direction (coordinate axis)" = "Opposite (inverted coordinate)", "- direction" and " + direction" will be inverted. The "- direction" indicates the motor direction, finger opening direction, PULL direction and counterclockwise direction.

The "+ direction" indicates the opposite motor direction, finger closing direction, PUSH direction and clockwise direction.

3.5.1. Parameter List

The parameters that can be set by the user are as follows.

Name	Content	Setting range	Initial value	Unit	
		EBS, EJSG, EBR			
Soft limit (+)	Sets the operable range in the + direction (opposite motor side) of the actuator	GSSD2, GSTK, GSTG, GSTS, GSTL	Soft limit (-) to + stroke + margin	0.00	mm
Note 1	Refer to "3.5.2Setting	FLSH, GCKW			
	Soft Limit " for details.	FLCR			
		FGRC	Soft limit (-) - 360		deg
		EBS, EJSG, EBR		0.00	
Soft limit (-)	Sets the operable range in the - direction (motor side) of the	GSSD2, GSTK, GSTG, GSTS, GSTL	-stroke -margin to soft limit (+)		mm
Note 1	actuator Refer to "3.5.2Setting	FLSH, GCKW		0.00	
	Soft Limit " for details.	FLCR			
	the second secon	FGRC	-360 to soft limit (+)		deg

Note 1: Power cycle or software reset is required for the parameter settings to take effect.

Name	С	ontent	Setting range	Initial value	Unit
Zone 1 (+)	signal zone 1.	position of the output one Settings and for details.	-9999.99 to 9999.99 Note 1	0.00	mm(deg)
Zone 1 (-)	signal zone 1.	osition of the output one Settings and for details.	-9999.99 to 9999.99 Note 1	0.00	mm(deg)
Zone 2 (+)	signal zone 2.	position of the output one Settings and for details.	-9999.99 to 9999.99 Note 1	0.00	mm(deg)
Zone 2 (-)	signal zone 2.	osition of the output one Settings and for details.	-9999.99 to 9999.99 Note 1	0.00	mm(deg)
Zone hysteresis	Zone 2 outputs.	es of Zone 1 and one Settings and for details.	0.00 to 9.99	0.00	mm(deg)
Home position return direction (coordinate axis) Note 2, Note 3	return to "normal (standar opposite (standar opposite (inverte	of the home position of the home position of coordinate), or ed coordinate)".	Normal (standard coordinate), opposite (standard coordinate), and opposite (inverted	Norma I (stand ard coordi	None
11010 2, 11010 0	Operation" for de		coordinate)	nate)	
		EBS, EJSG, EBR	5 to 20		
Home position	Set the speed	GSSD2, GSTK, GSTG, GSTS, GSTL	20 to 30	20	mm/s
return speed	for home position return	FLSH, GCKW	5 to 15	15	
		FLCR	5 to 20	Note 4	
		FGRC	20 to 30	INULE 4	deg/s
Home position offset amount Note 2	Set the offset amount for the home position. Refer to "3.7.5Home	Home position return direction (coordinate axis) = normal (standard coordinate), opposite (inverted coordinate)	0.00 to + stroke		mm
	Position Return Operation" for details.	Home position return direction (coordinate axis)= opposite (standard coordinate)	- stroke to 0.00		(deg)

Note 1: In FGRC series, setting the values of zone 1 (+), zone 1 (-), zone 2 (+), and zone 2 (-) to 360 or more or to -360 or less is treated as 0.

Note 2: Power cycle or software reset is required for the parameter settings to take effect.

Note 3: If the software version is old, opposite (inverted coordinate) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

Note 4: Initial value is 20, if the software version is old. For the correspondence of the version and controller

specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

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Name	Content	Setting range	Initial value	Unit
Automatic home position return Note 1	When this is set to enabled, home position return is performed at the first movement command input after the controller is powered on, and the movement starts at the second movement command input. It is not enabled, when the actuator with an absolute encoder is used.	Disabled, enabled	Disabled	None
FGRC home position return method Note 1, Note 2, Note 3	This parameter is valid only when FGRC series is connected. In the FGRC series, select whether to reference the position of the internal sensor or to reference the position pushed against the stopper of the external mounting when returning to home. Refer to "3.7.5Home Position Return Operation" for details.	Sensor, pushing	Sensor	None
Emergency stop input Note 2	Set the emergency stop input to "Enabled" or "Disabled". For an emergency stop, see "2.3.1Wiring to the Power Supply".	Enabled, disabled	Enabled	None
Initial servo ON method Note 1, Note 2	Set the excitation method when the servo is turned on for the first time after the power is turned on. When setting to "Simple", the excitation phase detection operation is simplified and can shorten the time to operation preparation complete. Only ECG-A Series can be set.	Normal, simple	Normal	None
Pressing judgment time	Set the time until it is judged that the pressing is complete in the pressing zone of the pressing operation 1. During the pressing judgment time, when the current value reaches the one corresponding to the value set in the pressing rate, it is judged that pressing is complete.	0 to 9999	200	ms
Fixed current at stop	Set the current value to maintain the workpiece when stopped.	0 to 100	65	%
Automatic servo OFF 1	Sets the time until performing servo OFF after reaching the target position in the positioning operation or pressing operation. It becomes valid if "Automatic servo OFF 1" is selected in "Stop method" of Point Data.	0 to 9999	0	sec
Automatic servo OFF 2	Sets the time until performing servo OFF after reaching the target position in the positioning operation or pressing operation. It becomes valid if "Automatic servo OFF 2" is selected in "Stop method" of Point Data.	0 to 9999	0	sec
Automatic servo OFF 3	Sets the time until performing servo OFF after reaching the target position in the positioning operation or pressing operation. It becomes valid if "Automatic servo OFF 3" is selected in "Stop method" of Point Data.	0 to 9999	0	sec
Threshold value for integrated running distance (Actuator)	A warning is output when the integrated running distance of the actuator exceeds the threshold. If the setting is 0, no warning is output. For warnings, see "5.2.2Warning".	0 to 99999999 9	0	m(10 ³ d eg)

Note 1: Power cycle or software reset is required for the parameter settings to take effect.

Note 2: This parameter is not available if the software version is old. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

Note 3: When selecting the choice "Pushing", it is necessary to calculate the torque at the time of the pushing before selecting the product.

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Name	Con	tent	Setting range	Initial value	Unit
Threshold value for integrated number of travel times (Actuator)	A warning is output integrated number of the actuator exceed the setting is 0, no warnings, see "5"	f travel times of s the threshold. If varning is output.	0 to 999999999	0	times
Threshold value for integrated operating time (Motor)	A warning is output integrated operating exceeds the thresholo, no warning is output see "5.2.2Warning".	time of the motor old. If the setting is	0 to 999999999	0	sec
Common positioning width	Set the tolerance va completion output. V point data, this value	Vhen 0 is set to the	Refer to "3.6.6Setting the Positioning Width"	0.10	mm(deg)
Common speed	Set the common spe interval. When 0 is s data, this value appl	et to the point	Refer to "3.6.7Setting the Speed"	30	(mm/s) (deg/s)
Common acceleration	Set the common acc transfer interval. Wh point data, this value	en 0 is set to the	Refer to "3.6.8Setting the Acceleration"	0.10	G
Common deceleration	Set the deceleration interval. When 0 is s data, this value appl	et to the point	Refer to "3.6.9Setting the Deceleration"	0.10	G
Common pressing rate	Set the common pre pressing zone. Whe point data, this value	n 0 is set to the	Refer to "3.6.15Setting the Pressing Rate"	50	%
Common pressing speed	Set the common pressing speed for the pressing zone. When 0 is set to the point data, this value applies	EBS, EJSG, EBR FLSH, GCKW	Refer to "3.6.16Setting the Pressing Speed"	20 15 Note 1	mm/s
	value applies.	FGRC			
Common pressing distance	Set the common pre the pressing interval the point data, this v	. When 0 is set to	Refer to "3.6.17Setting the Pressing Distance"	3.00	mm(deg)
Common acceleration / deceleration method	The value is fixed to "Common" is set to value applies.		Refer to "3.6.10Selecting the Acceleration/Dece leration Method"	Trapezoid	None
Common stop method	Set the common sto positioning completi "Common" is set to setting applies.	on. When	Refer to "3.6.11Selecting the Stop Method"	Control	None
Common rotation direction	Sets the common rowhen connecting FO "Common" is set to setting applies.	GRC Series. When the point data, this	Refer to "3.6.12Selecting the Rotation Direction"	Close rotation	None

Note 1: Initial value is 20, if the software version is old. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

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Name	Content	Setting range	Initial value	Unit
Operation mode (PIO) Note 1	Sets the operation mode (PIO). Refer to "3.6.1Operation Mode (PIO) and Number of Positioning Points" for details.	64-point mode, simple 7-point mode, solenoid valve mode double 2 position type, solenoid valve mode double 3 position type, solenoid valve mode single type	64-point mode	None
Output selection 1 Note 1, Note 2	Selects the assignment of the signal output by general-purpose output 7 of the PIO signal Refer to "3.7.7Output Selection Signal" for details.	Point zone, Zone 1, Zone 2, Traveling, warning, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), soft limit over (+)	Zone 1	None
Output selection 2 Note 1, Note 2	Selects the assignment of the signal output by general-purpose output 8 of the PIO signal Refer to "3.7.7Output Selection Signal" for details.	Point zone, Zone 1, Zone 2, Traveling, warning, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), soft limit over (+)	Zone 2	None
Stop input Note 1	When the operation mode (EtherCAT) is set to the PIO mode and the operation mode (PIO) is set to the 64-point mode or simple 7-point mode, set the stop signal input by the general-purpose input 12 to "Enabled" or "Disabled". You cannot "disable" in the simple direct value mode, and the full direct value mode.	Enabled, disabled	Enabled	None
JOG/INCH speed	When the operation mode (EtherCAT) is the PIO mode and the operation mode (PIO) is the 64 point mode or the simple 7 point mode, or when the operation mode (EtherCAT) is the simple direct value mode or full direct value mode, set the speed for the JOG (-) travel start signal or the JOG (+) travel start signal.	1 to 100	30	(mm/s) (deg/s)
INCH distance	Set the distance the actuator moves when the JOG/INCH (-) travel start signal or JOG/INCH (+) travel start signal is input with INCH selected (INCH selection is ON).	0.01 to 10.00	0.10	mm(deg)

Note 1: Power cycle or software reset is required for the parameter settings to take effect.

Note 2: If the software version is old, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), and soft limit over (+) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

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Name	Content	Setting range	Initial value	Unit
Holding point signal output Note 1, Note 2	When setting to "enabled", it no longer clears point number confirmation bit n, point travel completion, point number n travel completion, and point zones when emergency stop and force brake release. Even when setting to "enabled", the above signal is cleared when the stop signal is turned off or when an	Disabled, enabled	Disabled	None
	alarm occurs.			
Traveling signal ON hold time Note 1, Note 2	Sets the hold time of the ON state of the traveling signal during the point travel and the direct value travel from the start of the travel. Assume that the travel completion position is reached within the set time, it does not turn OFF, and the ON state of the traveling signal is held for the set time. Even if the time is set, when the stop	0 to 9999	0	ms
	operation is performed due to an emergency stop, stop signal OFF, at occurrence of alarm, etc., the ON state of the traveling signal is not held.			
G1 gain	This is for adjusting the convergence time of the waveform.			
(Responsiveness)	Refer to "3.5.4Adjusting the Gains" for details.	0 to 15	0	None
G2 gain	This is adjusted according to the actuator load.	0	_	
(Load magnification)	Refer to "3.5.4 Adjusting the gains" for details.	0 to 15	0	None

Note 1: Power cycle or software reset is required for the parameter settings to take effect.

Note 2: This parameter is not available if the software version is old. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

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3.5.2. Setting Soft Limit and Soft Limit Over Signal Output

This determines operable range of the actuator in transfer and pressing operations.



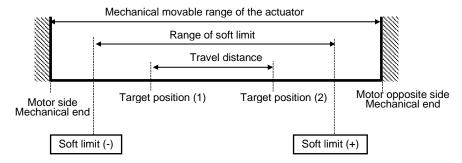
 Exceeding the soft limit range during operation results in an alarm output. In addition, if the operation completion position is outside the soft limit range, an alarm is output when the operation starts.

■ EBS/EJSG/EBR/FLSH/FLCR/GSSD2/GSTK/GSTG/GSTS/GSTL/GCK W

The motor side coordinate is negative while the opposite motor side coordinate is positive. The home position x-coordinate is 0.

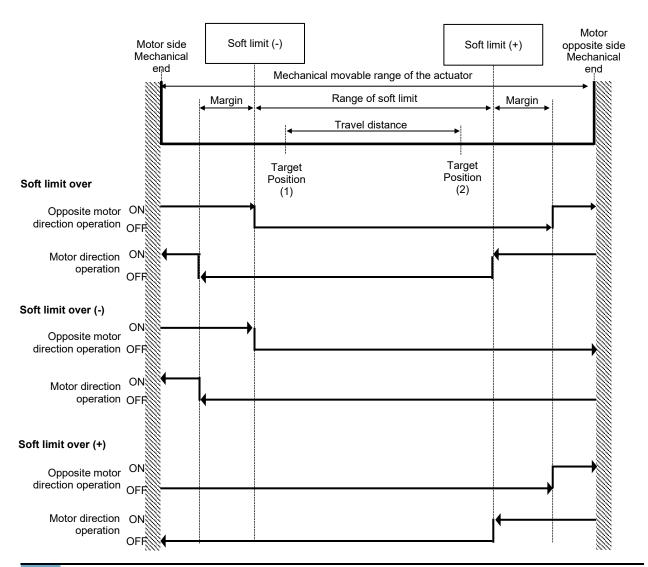
Set the soft limit within the range outside the "travel distance (target position (1), (2))" and inside "the mechanical movable range of the actuator".

If both the soft limit (+) and soft limit (-) settings are 0, the stroke range becomes the operable range.



The soft limit over, soft limit over (+) and soft limit over (-) signals can be used to detect that the actuator's current position is outside the soft limit range.

Output examples for each signal are shown below.





- When zone (−)> (+), each signal of soft limit over is always OFF.
- When soft limit (+) = soft limit (-) = 0, each signal of soft limit over is turned ON outside the range of the stroke.

The value of the margin varies for each actuator. Refer to the following list

Actuator model number	Margin	Unit
Series		
EBS	3	
EJSG	3	
EBR	3	
FLSH	0.2	
FLCR	0.5	
GSSD2	0.5	mm
gsтк	0.5	
GSTG	0.5	
GSTS	0.5	
GSTL	0.5	
GCKW	0.2	

■ FGRC

The position coordinates of the home position are 0.

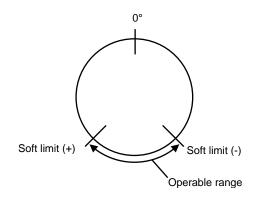
Set the soft limit (+) value to be the soft limit (-) value or higher.

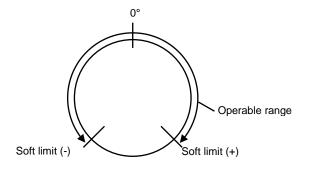
If both the soft limit (+) and soft limit (-) are 0, there is no limit on the operating range. If both the soft limit (+) and soft limit (-) are 0, there is no limit on the operating range.

<Setting example 1>

Soft limit (+): +225deg Soft limit (-): +135deg <Setting example 2>

Soft limit (+): +135deg Soft limit (-): -135deg



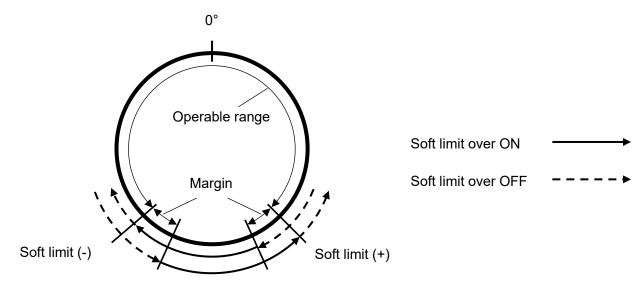


X This is a figure in which FGRC is seen from the above.

The signal of soft limit over can be used to detect that the current position of the actuator is outside the software limit range.

For FGRC series, only soft limit over is output, and soft limit over (+) and soft limit over (-) are not output.

Output examples for soft limit over are shown below.



% This is a figure in which FGRC is seen from the above.



- When soft limit (-)< soft limit (+), set the values of soft limit (+) and soft limit
 (-) 1 deg or more apart.
- When soft limit (-)> (+), each signal of the soft limit over is always OFF.
- When soft limit (+) = soft limit (-) = 0, the soft limit over signal is always OFF.

The value of the margin varies for each actuator. Refer to the following list

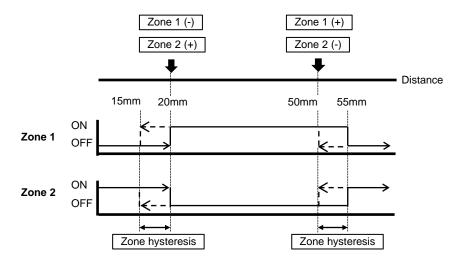
Actuator model number		Margin	Unit	
Series	Body size	Margin	Offit	
	10	0.3		
FGRC	30	0.2	deg	
	50	0.2		

3.5.3. Zone Settings and Output Signals

When the current position is within the setting range, output signals Zone 1 and Zone 2 can be turned ON or OFF.

■ EBS/EJSG/EBR/FLSH/FLCR/GSSD2/GSTK/GSTG/GSTS/GSTL/GCK W

Example Set Zone 1 (-): 20 mm, Zone 1 (-): 50 mm, Zone hysteresis: 5 mm Set Zone 2 (-): 50 mm, Zone 2 (+): 20 mm, Zone hysteresis: 5 mm





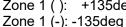
- When zone (-) < zone (+), the output signal of the zone is turned ON in the zone of zone (-) to zone (+) and turned OFF in the other zones.
- When zone (−) > zone (+), the output signal of the zone is turned OFF in the zone of zone (+) to zone (-) and turned ON in the other zones.
- When zone (+) = zone (-), the output signal of the zone is always OFF.

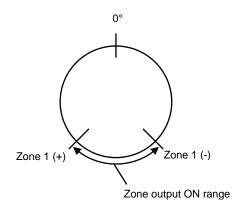
■ FGRC

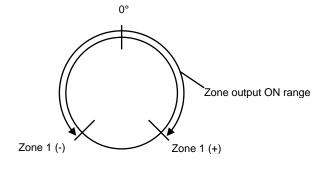
The output range changes as shown in the following figure depending on the setting of the zone.

<Setting example 1>

Zone 1 (+): +225deg Zone 1 (-): +135deg <Setting example 2> Zone 1 (): +135deg







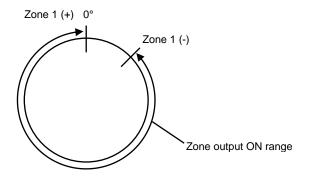
X This is a figure in which FGRC is seen from the above.

If the zone setting is greater than or equal to 360 deg, or less than or equal to -360 deg, the setting is treated as 0 deg.

<Setting example 1>

Zone 1 (+): *9999.99deg(=0deg)

Zone 1 (-): +45deg



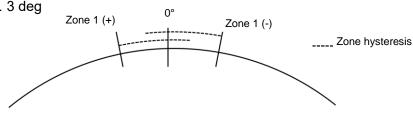
X This is a figure in which FGRC is seen from the above.

When the zone hysteresis is interfering, the zone output does not change once it is switched.

<Setting example>

Zone 1 (+)): +358deg Zone 1 (-): +2deg

Zone hysteresis ... 3 deg



% This is a figure in which FGRC is seen from the above.

After home position return, the zone output is OFF in the range from 358 deg to 2 deg. However, when moving to a position of 2 deg or more or 358 deg or less, the zone output turns ON, and then ON is output in all ranges due to hysteresis.

3.5.4. Adjusting the Gains

Depending on th

e installation conditions, it may be necessary to reset the parameter "G1 gain (responsiveness)" or "G2 gain (load magnification)". S-Tools are required to change the gain. For more information, including how to set these settings, refer to "Adjustment" in "3.7.2 Control Panel" of S-Tools instruction manual (SM-A11147).

■ Setting gain by installation method (EBS/ EBR Series: Standard Series)

The table below shows the recommended values of "G1 gain (responsiveness)" and "G2 gain (load magnification)" parameters for horizontal and vertical installation of EBS series and EBR series actuators.

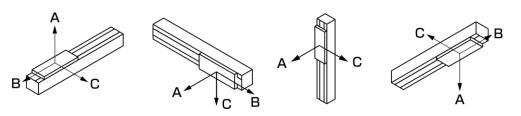
<EBS Series (Standard Series)>

Actuator model number			24 VDC / horizontal, wall-hanging or ceiling-hanging		24 VDC / Vertical		
Series	Size	Motor mounting direction	Screw lead	G1	G2	G1	G2
		GE	6	3	8	2	9
	04	GE	12	7	5	8	3
	04	GR, GD,	6	3	10	4	9
		GL	12	3	10	3	9
			2	4	4	4	4
		GE	5	6	4	6	2
			10	4	4	4	4
	05		20	6	5	7	3
EBS	US	GR, GD, GL	2	5	4	2	6
EBS			5	6	4	6	4
			10	5	5	5	6
			20	4	5	9	2
			5	2	8	3	5
		GE	10	2	8	4	6
	00		20	2	9	2	6
	08	GR, GD, GL	5	2	7	4	5
			10	2	8	2	4
		3-	20	2	8	3	7

In the item "Motor mounting direction", GE indicates straight mounting, GR indicates right-side mounting, GL indicates left-side mounting, and GD indicates bottom mounting.

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Horizontal installation Wall-hanging installation Vertical installation Ceiling-hanging installation





"Screw lead" refers to the distance that the workpiece can be moved when the motor rotates once in the electric actuator.

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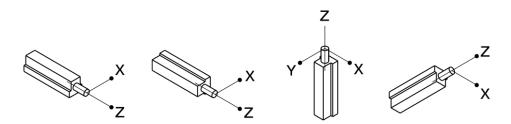
<EBR Series (Standard Series)>

Actuator model number			24 VDC / horizontal, wall-hanging or ceiling-hanging		24 VDC / Vertical		
Series	Size	Motor mounting direction	Screw lead	G1	G2	G1	G2
		GE	6	2	8	2	7
	04	GE	12	5	8	4	8
	04	GR, GD,	6	3	11	4	11
		GL	12	3	10	7	7
			2	4	4	4	4
		GE	5	6	6	5	8
			10	5	8	5	6
	05		20	8	4	9	2
EBR	05	GR, GD, GL	2	5	5	5	3
EBK			5	6	6	5	6
			10	3	9	6	7
			20	7	6	6	7
			5	3	8	3	7
		GE	10	2	11	3	9
	00		20	2	9	2	6
	Uð	08	5	2	9	1	8
		GR, GD, GL	10	2	10	2	8
			20	4	8	3	6

[※] In the item "Motor mounting direction", GE indicates straight mounting, GR indicates right-side mounting, GL indicates left-side mounting, and GD indicates bottom mounting.

Wall-hanging installation

Vertical installation





Horizontal installation

"Screw lead" refers to the distance that the workpiece can be moved when the motor rotates once in the electric actuator.

Ceiling-hanging installation

■ Setting gain by installation method (EBS/ EBR Series: P4 Series)

The table below shows the recommended values of "G1 gain (responsiveness)" and "G2 gain (load magnification)" parameters for horizontal and vertical installation of EBS series and EBR series actuators.

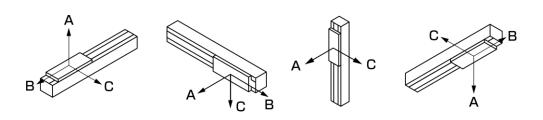
<EBS Series (P4 Series)>

Actuator model number			24 VDC / horizontal, wall-hanging or ceiling-hanging		24 VDC / Vertical		
Series	Size	Motor mounting direction	Screw lead	G1	G2	G1	G2
		GE	6	3	8	2	9
	04	GE	12	7	5	8	3
	04	GR, GD,	6	3	10	4	9
		GL	12	3	10	3	9
			2	4	4	4	4
		GE	5	6	4	6	2
			10	4	4	4	4
	05		20	6	5	7	3
EBS	05	GR, GD, GL	2	5	4	2	6
EBS			5	6	4	6	4
			10	5	5	5	6
			20	4	5	9	2
			5	2	8	3	5
		GE	10	2	8	4	5
	08		20	2	9	2	6
	Uo		5	2	7	4	5
		GR, GD, GL	10	2	8	2	4
			20	2	8	3	7

In the item "Motor mounting direction", GE indicates straight mounting, GR indicates right-side mounting, GL indicates left-side mounting, and GD indicates bottom mounting.

left-side mounting, and GD indicates bottom mounting.

Horizontal installation Wall-hanging installation Vertical installation Ceiling-hanging installation





• "Screw lead" refers to the distance that the workpiece can be moved when the motor rotates once in the electric actuator.

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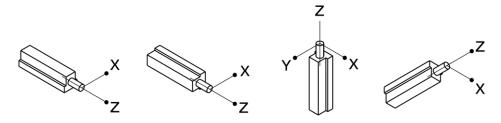
<EBR Series (P4 Series)>

Actuator model number			24 VDC / horizontal, wall-hanging or ceiling-hanging		24 VDC / Vertical		
Series	Size	Motor mounting direction	Screw lead	G1	G2	G1	G2
		GE	6	2	8	2	7
	04	GE	12	5	8	4	8
	04	GR, GD,	6	3	10	4	11
		GL	12	3	10	7	7
			2	4	4	4	4
		GE	5	6	6	4	7
			10	5	8	5	6
	05		20	8	4	8	2
EBR	03		2	5	5	5	3
EBK		GR, GD,	5	6	6	5	6
		GL	10	3	9	6	7
			20	7	6	6	6
			5	3	8	3	7
		GE	10	2	11	3	6
	08		20	2	9	2	6
	UO		5	2	9	1	8
		GR, GD, GL	10	2	10	2	6
			20	3	7	3	6

[%] In the item "Motor mounting direction", GE indicates straight mounting, GR indicates right-side mounting, GL indicates left-side mounting, and GD indicates bottom mounting.

left-side mounting, and GD indicates bottom mounting.

Horizontal installation Wall-hanging installation Vertical installation Ceiling-hanging installation





• "Screw lead" refers to the distance that the workpiece can be moved when the motor rotates once in the electric actuator.

■ Setting gain by installation method (EJSG Series)

The table below shows the recommended values of "G1 gain (responsiveness)" and "G2 gain (load magnification)" parameters for horizontal and vertical installation of EBS series and EJSG series actuators.

<EJSG Series>

Actuator model number		24 VDC / horizontal, wall-hanging or ceiling-hanging		24 VDC / Vertical			
Series	Size	Motor mounting direction	Screw lead	G1	G2	G1	G2
		E	6	3	7	4	4
	04	E	12	7	4	7	5
	04	B D I	6	4	11	4	7
		R, D, L.	12	3	9	4	8
		05 R, D, L.	5	6	2	7	2
			10	6	2	6	2
	05		20	8	3	8	3
EJSG	05		5	6	5	6	4
EJSG			10	6	3	7	3
			20	9	3	6	6
		E	5	4	8	2	9
			10	2	9	2	10
	00		20	2	9	3	8
	08		5	2	8	3	7
		R, D, L.	10	2	10	2	9
			20	2	9	2	9

Wall-hanging installation

A C C A B

Vertical installation



Horizontal installation

• "Screw lead" refers to the distance that the workpiece can be moved when the motor rotates once in the electric actuator.

Ceiling-hanging installation

■ Setting gain by installation method (GSSD2/GSTK/GSTG/GSTS/GSTL Series)

The table below shows the recommended values of "G1 gain (responsiveness)" and "G2 gain (load magnification)" parameters for horizontal and vertical installation of GSSD2,GSTK,GSTG,GSTS, and GSTL Series actuators.

<GSSD2/GSTK/GSTG/GSTS/GSTL Series>

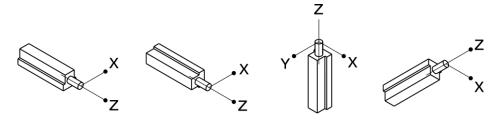
Actuator model number			24 VDC / horizontal, wall-hanging or ceiling-hanging		24 VDC / Vertical		
Series	Size	Motor mounting direction	Screw lead	G1	G2	G1	G2
	20	05	6	5	5	6	5
GSSD2	20	GE	9	4	7	2	9
GSTK			6	2	8	2	8
GSTG GSTS	32	G	12	4	8	4	6
GSTL	05	6	5	7	5	7	
	50	GE	12	6	4	6	5

Horizontal installation

Wall-hanging installation

Vertical installation

Ceiling-hanging installation





• "Screw lead" refers to the distance that the workpiece can be moved when the motor rotates once in the electric actuator.

■ Adjusting the gains

Name	Content	Setting range	Initial value	Unit
G1 gain (response)	This is for adjusting the convergence time of the waveform. Command followability is improved and oscillation is more likely to occur. If set to 0, the internal factory setting will be applied. Use the initial value unless there is a problem.	0 to 15	0	None
G2 gain (load magnification)	This is adjusted according to the actuator load. Increasing the G2 gain reduces speed ripple. If the load is large, increase the set value. If set to 0, the internal factory setting will be applied. Use the initial value unless there is a problem.			

If there is abnormality in the operation of the actuator, adjust the gain by the following methods.

<If abnormal sound is generated when stopped>

If the actuator generates a high-pitched abnormal sound when stopped, decrease the G2 gain. If no effect is found even if the G2 gain has been decreased, decrease also the G1 gain to make an adjustment.

<If abnormal sound is generated during operation>

If abnormal sound is generated during operation at a constant speed other than an acceleration time, decrease the G2 gain. If no effect is found even if the G2 gain has been decreased, decrease also the G1 gain to make an adjustment.

<If the actuator vibrates during operation>

If the actuator vibrates during operation, increase the G2 gain. If no effect is found even if the G2 gain has been increased, increase also the G1 gain to make an adjustment.

<If the actuator does not stop at the set position>

If the actuator does not stop at the set position and misalignment occurs, an overload (S) alarm (alarm code: 6702) is detected. Since the setting of the gain is high, decrease the G1 gain or G2 gain.

<If no workpiece can be carried>

If the actuator does not operate at the set speed or stops during traveling, increase the G2 gain. If abnormal sound is generated when stopped or during operation by increasing the G2 gain, decrease the G1 gain.



G1 gain and G2 gain are the parameters to adjust the control during operation.
If abnormal sound is generated during a stop or the actuator vibrates, respond
to it by setting the stop method of the point data to fixed excitation and
adjusting the fixed current at stop.

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3.6. Point Data Setting

S-Tools can be used to set or change point data. Refer to the S-Tools instruction manual (SM-A11147) for details such as setting method.

3.6.1. Operation Mode (PIO) and Number of Positioning Points

The number of point data that can be set depends on the operation mode. The operation mode can be selected by the parameter.

Operation mode (PIO)	Abbreviation	Number of point data	Signal assignment outline
			JOG travel start input
64-point mode	B064	64 points	Output selection: 2 point (point zone, zone 1, zone 2, traveling, warning, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), soft limit over(+))
			JOG travel start input
Simple 7-point mode	S007	7 points	Output selection: 2 point (point zone, zone 1, zone 2, traveling, warning, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), soft limit over(+))
Solenoid valve			SW inputs 1, 2
mode, double 2- position type	VW2P	2 points	Output selection: 2 point (point zone, zone 1, zone 2, traveling, warning, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), soft limit over(+))
Solenoid valve			SW inputs 1, 2
mode	VW3P	2 points	Output selection: 2 point (point zone, zone 1,
Double 3- position type			zone 2, traveling, warning, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), soft limit over(+))
Solenoid valve			SW inputs 1, 2
mode, single type	VSGL	2 points	Output selection: 2 point (point zone, zone 1, zone 2, traveling, warning, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), soft limit over(+))

^{*} If the software version is old, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), and soft limit over (+) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

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3.6.2. Point Data Table
Set the position specification method, operation method, position, speed, pressing rate, etc. for each point.

The number of points that can be set depends on the number of positioning points in the operation mode.

Setting items	Content	Unit
Position specification method	Select either Absolute or Incremental Refer to "3.6.3Selecting the Position Specification Method" for details.	None
Operation method	Select Positioning operation, Pressing operation 1, or Pressing operation 2. Refer to "3.6.4Selecting the Operation Method" for details.	None
Position	When the operation method is set to positioning operation, set the operation completion position. When the operation method is set to pressing operation 1 or pressing operation 2, the operation completion position is determined together with the "pressing distance". Set positioning operation, pressing operation 1, or pressing operation 2 with the "operation method". The operation completion position of pressing operation 1 or pressing operation 2 is determined by "Position" and "Pressing distance". Refer to "3.6.5Setting the Position" for details.	mm (deg)
Positioning width	Set the output range of the point travel complete output signal and switch 1 and 2 output signals with the width (one side) of the operation completion position. Refer to "3.6.6Setting the Positioning Width" for details.	mm (deg)
Speed	Set the speed for the transfer interval. Refer to "3.6.7Setting the Speed" for details.	(mm/s) (deg/s)
Acceleration	Set the acceleration for the transfer interval. Refer to "3.6.8Setting the Acceleration" for details.	G
Deceleration	Set the deceleration for the transfer interval. Refer to "3.6.9Setting the Deceleration" for details.	G
Acceleration/d eceleration method	Only Trapezoid operation can be selected. Refer to "3.6.10Selecting the Acceleration/Deceleration Method" for details.	None
Stop method	Select Control stop, Fixed excitation, Automatic servo OFF 1, Automatic servo OFF 2, or Automatic servo OFF 3. Refer to "3.6.11Selecting the Stop Method" for details.	None
Rotation direction	Sets the rotation direction of the FGRC series. Refer to "3.6.12Selecting the Rotation Direction" for details.	None
Gain magnification	Sets the gain magnification. Refer to "3.6.13Setting the Gain Magnification" for details.	%
Point zone (+)	Sets the + side position of the point zone. Refer to "3.6.14Point Zone Setting and Output Signal" for details.	mm (deg)
Point zone (-)	Sets the - side position of the point zone. Refer to "3.6.14Point Zone Setting and Output Signal" for details.	mm (deg)

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Setting items	Content	Unit
Pressing rate	Set the upper limit of the pressing force in a pressing interval as a ratio to the maximum pressing force. Refer to "3.6.15Setting the Pressing Rate" for details.	%
Pressing speed	Sets the speed of the pressing interval. Refer to "3.6.16Setting the Pressing Speed" for details.	(mm/s) (deg/s)
Pressing distance	Sets the travel distance in the pressing nterval. Refer to "3.6.17Setting the Pressing Distance" for details.	mm (deg)

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3.6.3. Selecting the Position Specification Method

You can select a position specification method.

<Choices and initial values (factory default)>

Actuator model number	Choices	Initial value	
Series	Choices	Initial value	
EBS/EJSG/EBR/FLSH/FLCR/FGRC/ GSSD2/GSTK/GSTG/GSTS/GSTL/G CKW	Absolute, Incremental	Absolute	

Note 1: In FGRC series, when selecting "Incremental" and setting the rotation direction to "Close rotation", it rotates in the CW direction.

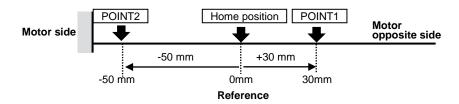
■ Absolute

Set the distance from the home position, with the home position (0 mm) as the reference.

<Setting example> Reference (home position) -

> POINT1 -> POINT2

POINT1 Position "+30mm" is set POINT2 Position "-50mm" is set



The positioning completion position for POINT 1 is the point of 30 mm from the home position.

The positioning completion position for POINT 2 is the point of -50 mm from the home position.

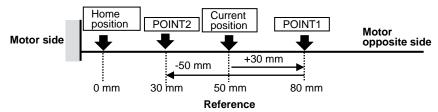
■ Incremental

Set the distance from the current position, with the current position regarded as the reference. The - value input represents a position on the motor side and the + value input represents a position on the opposite motor side.

<Setting example> Reference (current position)

-> POINT1 -> POINT2

POINT1 Position "+30mm" is set POINT2 Position "-50mm" is set



The positioning completion position for POINT 1 is the point of 80 mm from the home position.

The positioning completion position for POINT 2 is the point of 30 mm from the home position.



 When using the operation mode (PIO) in the solenoid valve mode, set it as "Absolute".

Even if it is set to "Incremental", it operates in "Absolute".

3.6.4. Selecting the Operation Method You can select the operation method.

<Choices and initial values (factory default)>

Actuator model number Series	Choices	Initial value
EBS/EJSG/EBR/FLSH/FLCR/F GRC/GSSD2/GSTK/GSTG/GS TS/GSTL/GCKW	Positioning operation Pressing operation 1 Note 1, Note 2 Pressing operation 2 Note 1, Note 2	Positioning operation

Note 1: When pressing operation 1, or 2 is selected in FGRC series, do not set the rotation direction to "Close rotation." Depending on the settings of "Position" and "Pressing distance", operation may not be predicted. Note 2: When pressing operation 1, or 2 is selected in FGRC series, and an operation command is issued at a setting where the value of the position + pressing distance is 360 deg or more, an alarm "Point data (position)" occurs, and the command is not received.

<Description of operation>

Operation method	Explanation
Positioning operation	This operation is intended for general transport. When the positioning width is reached, the point travel complete signal is output. When the positioning completion point is reached, the actuator stops. Refer to "3.7.6Positioning Operation" for details.
Pressing operation 1	Can be used for clamping, etc. In the pressing operation, the workpiece is continuously pressed until the pressing completion point is reached. During this time, the alarm is not detected even if it is stopped halfway due to an external force. When the set pressing rate is reached, the point travel complete signal is output. When the pressing completion point is reached, the pressing operation is terminated and the actuator stops. Refer to "3.7.8Pressing Operation" for details.
Pressing operation 2	Can be used for press fitting, etc. In the pressing operation, the workpiece is continuously pressed until the pressing completion point is reached. During this time, the alarm is not detected even if it is stopped halfway due to an external force. It operates at the set pressing rate, and when it reaches within the positioning width, the point travel complete signal is output. When the pressing completion point is reached, the pressing operation is terminated and the actuator stops. Refer to "3.7.8Pressing Operation" for details.

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3.6.5. Setting the Position Set the movement position.

The movement position differs depending on the position specification method and operation method.

<Setting range and initial values (factory default)>

Actuator model number	Softing range	Initial value	Unit	
Series	Setting range	iiilliai value		
EBS/EJSG/EBR/FLSH/FLCR/GSSD 2/GSTK/GSTG/GSTS/GSTL/GCKW	- stroke to + stroke	0.00	mm	
FGRC	0.00 to 359.99 Note 1, Note 2, Note 3	0.00	deg	

Note 1: For FGRC series, set the operation starting point and the operation ending point 0.05 deg or more apart. If the setting is less than 0.05 deg, the actuator may not operate and output a point travel complete signal. Note 2: When the FGRC series is connected and the position setting is set to 360 deg or more, the remainder of the

setting value divided by 360 deg will be the position setting.

Note 3: For reciprocating operation on FGRC series, set the travel distance to 359.90 or less.

3.6.6. Setting the Positioning Width

Set the output range for the point travel complete output signal and switch 1, 2 output signal.

It is set with the width (one side) (mm) with respect to the operation completion position.

<Setting range and initial values (factory default)>

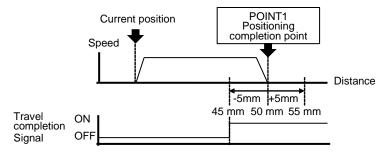
Actuator model number	Satting range	Initial value	Unit	
Series	Setting range	Illitiai value		
EBS/EJSG/EBR/FLSH/FLCR/FGRC /GSSD2/GSTK/GSTG/GSTS/GSTL/ GCKW	0.00 to 9.99 Note 1	0.00	mm(deg)	

Note 1: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common positioning width is applied. The initial value of the common positioning width is 0.10 mm (deg).

■ Positioning operation

<Setting example>

Set POINT 1 position (absolute position): +50 mm, and positioning width: 5 mm



Travel complete signal is output when the actuator moves in the range of 45 mm to 55 mm

Even if it goes out of the positioning width range due to overshoot, etc., the travel complete signal is kept ON.



 If "Hold point signal output" is "Disabled", the travel complete signal is turned OFF when servo is OFF, emergency stop and force brake release is performed. However, if "Hold point signal output" is "Enabled", the travel complete signal does not turn OFF even when servo OFF, emergency stop and force brake release is performed.

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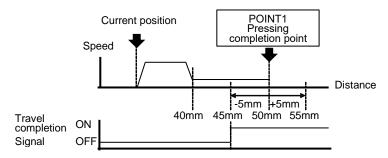
■ Pressing operation 1

The setting of the positioning width is not reflected because the completion signal is judged by the set pressing rate.

■ Pressing operation 2

<Setting example>

Set POINT 1 position (absolute position): +40 mm, pressing distance: +10 mm, and positioning width: 5 mm.



Travel complete signal is output when the actuator moves in the range of 45 mm to 55 mm.

After the travel complete signal is output, the travel complete signal is kept ON even if it goes out of the positioning width due to pushing back, etc.



- The reference of the positioning width is the positioning completion point in the positioning operation and the pressing completion point in the pressing operation.
- If "Hold point signal output" is "Disabled", the travel complete signal is turned OFF when servo is OFF, emergency stop and force brake release is performed. However, if "Hold point signal output" is "Enabled", the travel complete signal does not turn OFF even when servo OFF, emergency stop and force brake release is performed.

3.6.7. Setting the Speed

The speed for the travel interval can be set.

■ EBS Series (Standard Series)

<Setting range and initial values (factory default)>

Actuator model number						
Series	Body size	Motor mounting direction	Screw lead	Setting range	Initial value	Unit
		GE	06	7 to 320 Note 1, Note 2		mm/s
			12	15 to 500 Note 1, Note 2		
	04		06	7 to 250 Note 1, Note 2		
		GR,GD,GL	12	15 to 400 Note 1, Note 2		
		GE	02	2 to 120 Note 1, Note 2	0	
EBS			05	6 to 290 Note 1, Note 2		
EBS			10	12 to 500 Note 1, Note 2		
	05		20 Note 1,	25 to 850 Note 1, Note 2		
	05		02	2 to 100 Note 1, Note 2		
		GR,GD,GL	6 to 250 Note 1, Note 2			
		GR,GD,GL	10	12 to 400 Note 1, Note 2		
			20	25 to 700 Note 1, Note 2		

Note 1: Operation may not be stable even in the setting range, depending on the acceleration, deceleration, or installation method.

Note 2: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common speed is applied. The initial value of the common speed is 30 mm/s (deg/s).

In the item "Motor mounting direction", GE indicates straight mounting, GR indicates right-side mounting, GL indicates left-side mounting, and GD indicates bottom mounting.

Actuator model number							
Series	Body size	Motor mounting direction	Screw lead	Setting range	Initial value	Unit	
EBS		GE	05	6 to 150 Note 1, Note 2			
			GE	10	12 to 250 Note 1, Note 2		
	08		20	25 to 500 Note 1, Note 2	0	,	
	08		05	6 to 125 Note 1, Note 2	Ü	mm/s	
		GR,GD,GL	GR,GD,GL	10	12 to 250 Note 1, Note 2		
			20	25 to 400 Note 1, Note 2			

Note 1: Operation may not be stable even in the setting range, depending on the acceleration, deceleration, or installation method.

Note 2: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common speed is applied. The initial value of the common

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speed is 30 mm/s (deg/s).

X In the item "Motor mounting direction", GE indicates straight mounting, GR indicates right-side mounting, GL indicates left-side mounting, and GD indicates bottom mounting.

■ EBS Series (P4 Series)

<Setting range and initial values (factory default)>

Sotting ran	Actuator model number					
Series	Body size	Motor mounting direction	Screw lead	Setting range	Initial value	Unit
		GE	06	7 to 260 Note 1, Note 2		mm/s
			12	15 to 400 Note 1, Note 2		
	04	GR,GD,GL	06	7 to 200 Note 1, Note 2		
			12	15 to 320 Note 1, Note 2	0	
	05	GE	02	2 to 100 Note 1, Note 2		
EBS			05	6 to 230 Note 1, Note 2		
			10	12 to 400 Note 1, Note 2		
			20	25 to 680 Note 1, Note 2		
			02	2 to 80 Note 1, Note 2		
			05	6 to 200		
		GR,GD,GL	10	12 to 320 Note 1, Note 2		
			20	25 to 560 Note 1, Note 2		

Note 1: Operation may not be stable even in the setting range, depending on the acceleration, deceleration, or installation method.

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Note 2: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common speed is applied. The initial value of the common speed is 30 mm/s (deg/s).

[※] In the item "Motor mounting direction", GE indicates straight mounting, GR indicates right-side mounting, GL indicates left-side mounting, and GD indicates bottom mounting.

Actuator model number						
Series	Body size	Motor mounting direction	Screw lead	Setting range	Initial value	Unit
EBS			05	6 to 120 Note 1, Note 2		
		GE	10	Note 2 25 to 400 Note 1, Note 2		
	08		20		0	
	08		05	6 to 100 Note 1, Note 2	-	mm/s
		GR,GD,GL	10	12 to 200 Note 1, Note 2		
			20	25 to 320 Note 1, Note 2		

Note 1: Operation may not be stable even in the setting range, depending on the acceleration, deceleration, or installation method.

Note 2: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common speed is applied. The initial value of the common

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speed is 30 mm/s (deg/s).

X In the item "Motor mounting direction", GE indicates straight mounting, GR indicates right-side mounting, GL indicates left-side mounting, and GD indicates bottom mounting.

■ EBR Series (Standard Series)

<Setting range and initial values (factory default)>

Actuator model number						
Series	Body size	Motor mounting direction	Screw lead	Setting range	Initial value	Unit
		GE	06	7 to 200 Note 1, Note 2		mm/s
			12	15 to 400 Note 1, Note 2		
	04		06	7 to 200 Note 1, Note 2		
		GR,GD,GL	12	15 to 350 Note 1, Note 2		
			02	2 to 90 Note 1, Note 2		
	05	GE	05	6 to 300 Note 1, Note 2	0	
			10	12 to 500 Note 1, Note 2		
			20	25 to 700 Note 1, Note 2		
		GR,GD,GL	02	2 to 90 Note 1, Note 2		
EBR			05	6 to 250 Note 1, Note 2		
			10	12 to 400 Note 1, Note 2		
			20	25 to 600 Note 1, Note 2		
			05	6 to 125 Note 1, Note 2		
		GE	10	12 to 300 Note 1, Note 2		
	08		20	25 to 500 Note 1, Note 2		
		GR,GD,GL	05	6 to 125 Note 1, Note 2		
			10	12 to 250 Note 1, Note 2		
			20	25 to 400 Note 1, Note 2		

Note 1: Operation may not be stable even in the setting range, depending on the acceleration, deceleration, or installation method.

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Note 2: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common speed is applied. The initial value of the common speed is 30 mm/s (deg/s).

In the item "Motor mounting direction", GE indicates straight mounting, GR indicates right-side mounting, GL indicates left-side mounting, and GD indicates bottom mounting.

■ EBR Series (P4 Series)

<Setting range and initial values (factory default)>

Actuator model number				,		
Series	Body size	Motor mounting direction	Screw lead	Setting range	Initial value	Unit
		GE	06	7 to 160 Note 1, Note 2		mm/s
			12	15 to 320 Note 1, Note 2		
	04		06	7 to 160 Note 1, Note 2		
		GR,GD,GL	12	15 to 280 Note 1, Note 2		
			02	2 to 70 Note 1, Note 2		
	05	GE	05	6 to 240 Note 1, Note 2	- 0 n	
			10	12 to 400 Note 1, Note 2		
			20	25 to 560 Note 1, Note 2		
FDD		GR,GD,GL	02	2 to 70 Note 1, Note 2		
EBR			05	6 to 200 Note 1, Note 2		
			10	12 to 320 Note 1, Note 2		
			20	25 to 480 Note 1, Note 2		
			05	6 to 100 Note 1, Note 2		
		GE	10	12 to 240 Note 1, Note 2		
	00		20	25 to 400 Note 1, Note 2		
	08	GR,GD,GL	05	6 to 100 Note 1, Note 2		
			10	12 to 200 Note 1, Note 2		
			20	25 to 320 Note 1, Note 2		

Note 1: Operation may not be stable even in the setting range, depending on the acceleration, deceleration, or installation method.

Note 2: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common speed is applied. The initial value of the common speed is 30 mm/s (deg/s).

In the item "Motor mounting direction", GE indicates straight mounting, GR indicates right-side mounting, GL indicates left-side mounting, and GD indicates bottom mounting.

■ EJSG Series (Standard Series)

<Setting range and initial values (factory default)>

Actuator model number							
Series	Body size	Motor mounting direction	Screw lead	Setting range	Initial value	Unit	
		E	06	7 to 320 Note 1, Note 2			
	04	L	12	15 to 500 Note 1, Note 2			
	04		R, D, L.	06	7 to 250 Note 1, Note 2		
		Ν, Β, Ε.	12	15 to 400 Note 1, Note 2	- - -	mm/s	
EJSG	05	E	05	6 to 290 Note 1, Note 2			
			10	12 to 500 Note 1, Note 2			
			20	25 to 850 Note 1, Note 2			
		R, D, L.	05	6 to 250 Note 1, Note 2			
			10	12 to 400 Note 1, Note 2			
			20	25 to 700 Note 1, Note 2			

Note 1: Operation may not be stable even in the setting range, depending on the acceleration, deceleration, or installation method.

Note 2: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common speed is applied. The initial value of the common speed is 30 mm/s (deg/s).

X In the item "Motor mounting direction", E indicates straight mounting, R indicates right-side mounting, L indicates left-side mounting, and D indicates bottom mounting.

Actuator model number								
Series	Body size	Motor mounting direction	Screw lead	Setting range	Initial value	Unit		
			05	6 to 150 Note 1, Note 2				
	EJSG 08	E	E	E	10	12 to 250 Note 1, Note 2		1
EISC			20	25 to 500 Note 1, Note 2	0			
		R, D, L.	05	6 to 125 Note 1, Note 2	U	mm/s		
	R, D, L.		R, D, L.	10	12 to 250 Note 1, Note 2			
			20	25 to 400 Note 1, Note 2				

Note 1: Operation may not be stable even in the setting range, depending on the acceleration, deceleration, or installation method.

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Note 2: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common speed is applied. The initial value of the common speed is 30 mm/s (deg/s).

X In the item "Motor mounting direction", E indicates straight mounting, R indicates right-side mounting, L indicates left-side mounting, and D indicates bottom mounting.

■ EJSG Series (C Series, P4 Series, FP1 Series)

<Setting range and initial values (factory default)>

Actuator model number						
Series	Body size	Motor mounting direction	Screw lead	Setting range	Initial value	Unit
		E	06	7 to 260 Note 1, Note 2		
	04	Е	12	15 to 400 Note 1, Note 2		mm/s
	04	R, D, L.	06	7 to 200 Note 1, Note 2		
			12	15 to 320 Note 1, Note 2	- - 0	
EJSG	05	E	05	6 to 230 Note 1, Note 2		
2333			10	12 to 400 Note 1, Note 2		
			20	25 to 680 Note 1, Note 2		
		R, D, L.	05	6 to 200 Note 1, Note 2		
			10	12 to 320 Note 1, Note 2		
			20	25 to 560 Note 1, Note 2		

Note 1: Operation may not be stable even in the setting range, depending on the acceleration, deceleration, or installation method.

Note 2: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common speed is applied. The initial value of the common speed is 30 mm/s (deg/s).

X In the item "Motor mounting direction", E indicates straight mounting, R indicates right-side mounting, L indicates left-side mounting, and D indicates bottom mounting.

Actuator model number						
Series	Body size	Motor mounting direction	Screw lead	Setting range	Initial value	Unit
			05	6 to 120 Note 1, Note 2		
		E	10	12 to 200 Note 1, Note 2	0	
EJSG	00		20	25 to 400 Note 1, Note 2		
E33G	EJSG 08	R, D, L.	05	6 to 100 Note 1, Note 2		mm/s
			10	12 to 200 Note 1, Note 2		
		20	25 to 320 Note 1, Note 2			

Note 1: Operation may not be stable even in the setting range, depending on the acceleration, deceleration, or installation method.

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Note 2: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common speed is applied. The initial value of the common speed is 30 mm/s (deg/s).

X In the item "Motor mounting direction", E indicates straight mounting, R indicates right-side mounting, L indicates left-side mounting, and D indicates bottom mounting.

■ GSSD2/GSTK/GSTG/GSTS/GSTL Series

<Setting range and initial values (factory default)>

Actuator model number						
Series	Body size	Motor mounting direction	Screw lead	Setting range	Initial value	Unit
	20	GE	06	10 to 300 Note 1, Note 2	0	mm/s
	GSSD2 GSTK GSTG 32 GSTS GSTI		09	12 to 400 Note 1, Note 2		
GSTK		GE	06	10 to 250 Note 1, Note 2		
			12	15 to 500 Note 1, Note 2		
50			06	10 to 250 Note 1, Note 2		
	GE	12	15 to 500 Note 1, Note 2			

Note 1: Operation may not be stable even in the setting range, depending on the acceleration, deceleration, or installation method.

Note 2: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common speed is applied. The initial value of the common speed is 30 mm/s (deg/s).

■ FLSH/FLCR/FGRC/GCKW Series

<Setting range and initial values (factory default)>

Actuator model number		Catting a series	Initial		
Series	Body size	Screw lead	Setting range	value	Unit
	16	H1	5 to 50 Note 1, Note 2		
FLSH	20	H1	5 to 50 Note 1, Note 2		
	25	H1	5 to 50 Note 1, Note 2		
	16	02	2 to 100 Note 1, Note 2		
	10	08	10 to 250 Note 1, Note 2	0	mm/s
FLCR	20	02	2 to 100 Note 1, Note 2		
FLOR		08	10 to 300 Note 1, Note 2		
	25	02	2 to 75 Note 1, Note 2		
		06	7 to 200 Note 1, Note 2		
	10		20 to 200 Note 1, Note 2		
FGRC	30		20 to 200 Note 1, Note 2	0	deg/s
	50		20 to 200 Note 1, Note 2		
	16	H1	5 to 50 Note 1, Note 2		
GCKW	20	H1	5 to 50 Note 1, Note 2	0	mm/s
	25	H1	5 to 50 Note 1, Note 2		

Note 1: Operation may not be stable even in the setting range, depending on the acceleration, deceleration, or installation method.

Note 2: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common speed is applied. The initial value of the common speed is 30 mm/s (deg/s).

3.6.8. Setting the Acceleration The speed for the travel interval can be set.

<Setting range and initial values (factory default)>

Actuator model number	Setting range			
Series	Horizontal installation (Wall-hanging installation)	When installed vertically	Initial value	Unit
EBS/EJSG/EBR	0.10 to 0.70 Note 1, Note 2, Note 3, Note 4	0.10 to 0.50 Note 1, Note 2		
GSSD2/GSTK/GSTG/ GSTS/GSTL	0.10 to 0.70 Note 1, Note 2	0.10 to 0.50 Note 1, Note 2		
FLSH/GCKW	0.10 to 0.30 Note 1, Note 2	0.10 to 0.30 Note 1, Note 2	0.00	G
FLCR	0.10 to 0.30 Note 1, Note 2	0.10 to 0.30 Note 1, Note 2		
FGRC	0.10 to 0.30 Note 1, Note 2	0.10 to 0.30 Note 1, Note 2		

Note 1: When converting units, assume $1G = 9800 \text{ mm/s}^2 \text{ (deg/s}^2\text{) for calculation.}$

Note 2: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common acceleration is applied. The initial value of the common acceleration is 0.10 G.

Note 3: It can be set from 0.01 G to 0.09 G, but the operation may become unstable.

For screw lead 2, use in the range of 0.10 G to 0.50 G. It can be set up to the upper limit of 1.00 G, Note 4: but the operation may become unstable.

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3.6.9. Setting the Deceleration The speed for the travel interval can be set.

<Setting range and initial values (factory default)>

Actuator model number	Setting range	Initial		
Series	Horizontal installation (Wall-hanging installation)	When installed vertically	value	Unit
EBS/EJSG/EBR	0.10 to 0.70 Note 1, Note 2, Note 3, Note 4	0.10 to 0.50 Note 1, Note 2		
GSSD2/GSTK/GSTG/G STS/GSTL	0.10 to 0.70 Note 1, Note 2	0.10 to 0.50 Note 1, Note 2		
FLSH/GCKW	0.10 to 0.30 Note 1, Note 2	0.10 to 0.30 Note 1, Note 2	0.00	G
FLCR	0.10 to 0.30 Note 1, Note 2	0.10 to 0.30 Note 1, Note 2		
FGRC	0.10 to 0.30 Note 1, Note 2	0.10 to 0.30 Note 1, Note 2		

Note 1: When converting units, assume 1G = 9800 mm/s² (deg/s²) for calculation.

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Note 2: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common deceleration is applied. The initial value of the common deceleration is 0.10 G.

Note 3: It can be set from 0.01 G to 0.09 G, but the operation may become unstable.

Note 4: For screw lead 2, use in the range of 0.10 G to 0.50 G. It can be set up to the upper limit of 1.00 G, but the operation may become unstable.

3.6.10. Selecting the Acceleration/Deceleration Method

You can select the acceleration/deceleration method for the positioning operation and pressing operation. The acceleration/deceleration method can be selected from common and trapezoidal, but whichever is selected will be the trapezoidal setting.

<Choices and initial values (factory default)>

Choices	Explanation	Initial value
Common	The acceleration/deceleration method set by the common acceleration/deceleration method of the parameters data will be applied.	Common
Trapezoid	This is the acceleration/deceleration method where the speed command changes at a certain rate.	



 The acceleration and deceleration set in the point data are applied to the acceleration and deceleration in the acceleration/deceleration method.

3.6.11. Selecting the Stop Method

For positioning and pressing operations, you can select the stop method after reaching the target position.

<Choices and initial values (factory default)>

Choices	Explanation	Initial value
Common	The stop method set by the common stop method of the parameters will be applied. The initial data of the common stop method is "Control".	
Control	After the positioning or pressing operation is completed, the actuator is controlled by the current that can keep the completion position and stopped and held.	
Fixed excitation	Fixed excitation After the positioning or pressing operation is completed, the actuator is stopped and held by the fixed current when stopped set in the parameters.	
Automatic servo OFF 1	The control stops after reaching the target position in positioning or pressing operation. Servo OFF is initiated after the time set in Automatic servo OFF time 1 in the parameters elapses.	Common
Automatic servo OFF 2 The control stops after reaching the target position in positioning or pressing operation. Servo OFF is initiated after the time set in Automatic servo OFF time 2 in the parameters elapses.		
Automatic servo OFF 3	The control stops after reaching the target position in positioning or pressing operation. Servo OFF is initiated after the time set in Automatic servo OFF time 3 in the parameters elapses.	

3.6.12. Selecting the Rotation Direction

In FGRC series, you can select the rotation direction.

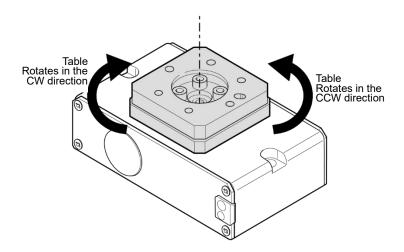
<Choices and initial values (factory default)>

Choices	Explanation	Initial value
Common	The rotation direction set in the common rotation direction of the parameter is applied.	
Common	The initial value of the common rotation direction is "Close rotation".	
Close rotation Note 1, Note 2	From the current position to the target position, it rotates to a direction in which the operation distance is short.	Common
CW	It rotates in the CW direction (clockwise).	
CCW	It rotates in the CCW direction (counterclockwise).	

Note 1: Do not set the operation method to "Pressing operation 1, 2" when the point data is set to "Close rotation".

Depending on the settings of "Position" and "Pressing distance", operation may not be predicted.

Note 2: If the point data is set to "Close rotation" and the position specification method is set to "Incremental", it will rotate in the CW direction.



3.6.13. Setting the Gain Magnification

Use this only when gain adjustment is required for each point. This should normally be used with a setting value of 0.

<Setting range and initial values (factory default)>

Actuator model number Series	Setting range	Initial value	Unit
EBS/EJSG/EBR/FLSH/FLCR/FGRC/ GSSD2/GSTK/GSTG/GSTS/GSTL/G CKW	0 to 9999 Note 1	0	%

Note 1: If the point data setting is set to 0, the gain magnification will be unused.



 Using the wrong setting could result in unstable control. If control is unstable, contact CKD.

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3.6.14. Point Zone Setting and Output Signal

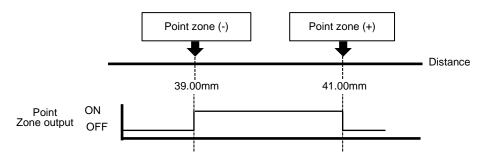
The point zone output signal can be set by the distance from the home position, with the boundary value for switching the signal from OFF to ON as the point zone (-), considering the operation in the + direction. Also it can be set by the distance from the home position, with the boundary value for switching from ON to OFF as a point zone (+).

<Setting range and initial values (factory default)>

Actuator model number	Sotting range	Initial value	Unit	
Series	Setting range	illitiai value		
EBS/EJSG/EBR/FLSH/FLCR/FGRC/ GSSD2/GSTK/GSTG/GSTS/GSTL/G CKW	-9999.99 to 9999.99	0.00	mm(deg)	

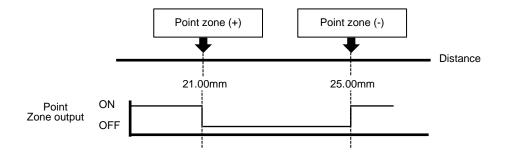
<Setting example 1>

Point zone (-) < Point zone (+) Point zone 1 (-): 39.00mm Point zone 1 (+): 41.00mm



<Setting example 2>

Point zone (-) > Point zone (+) Point zone 1 (+): 21.00 mm Point zone 1 (-): 25.00 mm



- Even when the point zone (-) < point zone (+) < 0, the output signal of the point zone turns ON in the interval between the point zone (-) and the point zone (+), and turns OFF in other intervals.
- When the point zone (-) > the point zone (+), the output signal of the point zone is turned OFF in the interval between the point zone (+) and the point zone (−), and turned ON in other intervals.
- When Point zone (+) = Point zone (-), the output signal of the point zone is always OFF.

3.6.15. Setting the Pressing Rate
Set the upper limit of the pressing force in a pressing interval as a ratio to the maximum pressing force. For details of the pressing rate, refer to the catalog.

<Setting range and initial values (factory default)>

1	Actuator model n	umber	Setting	Initial value	Unit
Series	Body size	Screw lead	range	initiai vaiue	Unit
	04	06	20 to 100 Note 1		
	04	12	20 to 100 Note 1		
		02	20 to 80 Note 1		
	05	05	20 to 80 Note 1		
EBS	03	10	20 to 80 Note 1		
		20	20 to 80 Note 1		%
	08	05	20 to 100 Note 1		
		10	20 to 100 Note 1	0	
		20	20 to 100 Note 1		
	04	06	20 to 100 Note 1		
		12	20 to 100 Note 1		
		05	20 to 80 Note 1		
EJSG	05	10	20 to 80 Note 1		
2000		20	20 to 80 Note 1		
		05	20 to 100 Note 1		
	08	10	20 to 100 Note 1		
		20	20 to 100 Note 1		

Note 1: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common pressing rate is applied. The initial value of the common pressing rate is 50%.

,	Actuator model nu	umber	Setting	Indial colum	Herit
Series	Body size	Screw lead	range	Initial value	Unit
	04	06	20 to 100 Note 1		
	04	12	20 to 100 Note 1		
	02	20 to 80 Note 1			
	05	05	20 to 80 Note 1	0	%
EBR	03	10	20 to 80 Note 1		
		20	20 to 80 Note 1		
		05	20 to 100 Note 1		
	08	10	20 to 100 Note 1		
		20	20 to 100 Note 1		

Note 1: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common pressing rate is applied. The initial value of the common pressing rate is 50%.

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А	Actuator model number		Setting	Lette Leve Leve	11.2
Series	Body size	Screw lead	range	Initial value	Unit
	20	06	40 to 100 Note 1		
	20	09	40 to 100 Note 1		
GSSD2/GSTK/ GSTG/GSTS/G	32	06	30 to 100 Note 1		
STL	32	12	30 to 100 Note 1		
	50	06	30 to 100 Note 1		
	30	12	30 to 100 Note 1		
	16	H1	30 to 100 Note 1		
FLSH	20	H1	30 to 100 Note 1	0	%
	25	H1	30 to 100 Note 1		
	16	02	30 to 100 Note 1		
		08	30 to 100 Note 1		
FLCR	20	02	30 to 100 Note 1		
1201		08	30 to 100 Note 1		
	25	02	30 to 100 Note 1		
	20	06	30 to 100 Note 1		
	10		20 to 100 Note 1		
FGRC	30		20 to 100 Note 1		
	50		20 to 100 Note 1		
	16	H1	30 to 100 Note 1		
GCKW	20	H1	30 to 100 Note 1		
	25	H1 parameter's common pre	30 to 100 Note 1		

Note 1: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common pressing rate is applied. The initial value of the common pressing rate is 50%.

3.6.16. Setting the Pressing Speed

The speed of the pressing interval can be set.

<Setting range and initial values (factory default)>

Actuator mo	odel number	Sotting range	Initial value	Unit
Series	Screw lead	Setting range	illitiai valu e	Offic
EBS/EJSG/EBR		5 to 20 Note 1		
GSSD2/GSTK/G	6	10 to 20 Note 1		
STG/GSTS/GST	9	12 to 20 Note 1		mm/s
L	12	15 to 20 Note 1	0	
FLSH/GCKW		5 to 15 Note 2, Note 3		
FLCR	2	2 to 20 Note 2		
FLOR	6, 8	5 to 20 Note 2		
FGRC		20 to 30 Note 2	0	deg/s

Note 1: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common pressing speed is applied. The initial value of the common pressing speed is 20 mm/s (deg/s).

Note 2: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common pressing speed is applied. The initial value of the common pressing speed is 15mm/s (deg/s). However, depending on the software version of the controller, it is 20mm/s (deg/s). For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

Note 3: If the initial value of the common pressing speed is 20 mm/s, change the pressing speed or the common pressing speed within the setting range when performing pressing operation using FLSH Series.



Set the pressing speed not to exceed the speed of the transfer interval. If the pressing speed is higher, the speed for the transfer interval is automatically applied to the pressing speed.

3.6.17. Setting the Pressing Distance

The travel distance of the pressing interval can be set.

<Setting range and initial values (factory default)>

Actuator model number	Softing range	Initial value	Unit	
Series	Setting range	Illitial value	Offic	
EBS/EJSG/EBR/FLSH/FLCR/GSSD2 /GSTK/GSTG/GSTS/GSTL/GCKW	-Stroke to + stroke Note 1, Note 2	0.00	mm	
FGRC	0 to 359.99 Note 1, Note 2	0.00	deg	

Note 1: If the point data setting is 0, the parameter's common pressing distance is applied. The initial value of the common pressing distance is 3.00 mm (deg).

Note 2: Do not set the common pressing distance to 0.

3.7. Operation and Time-chart

3.7.1. Emergency Stop and Release

⚠ WARNING



When releasing the emergency stop, confirm that the actuator is safe to operate.

 For solenoid valve mode single / double 3 position type, the travel command signal is level input, so it may operate at the same time as emergency stop is released. This may cause injury or damage to the work piece.

A CAUTION



Be careful of emergency stop wiring disconnection.

• No alarm is detected in the emergency stop state.

When performing an emergency stop, it may take several seconds to stop depending on the travel speed and load.

If an emergency stop is performed during operation, a short is generated between the motor terminals after deceleration and stop, and it enters the dynamic brake status. Operation preparation complete output turns OFF until the emergency stop is released, and the electromagnetic brake is also locked for actuators with bakes. Be sure to check the safety of your surroundings when releasing the emergency stop.



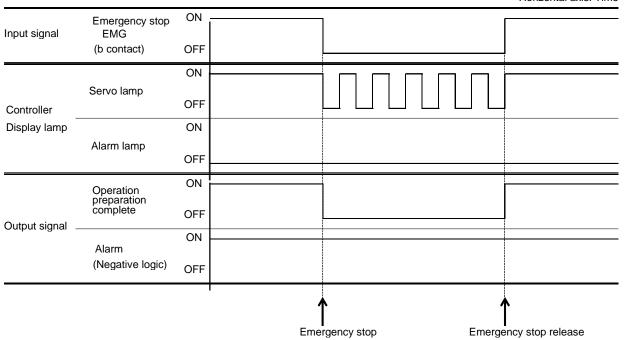
"Dynamic brake" is a method of quickly stopping the rotation of the motor by consuming rotational energy as heat energy by short-circuiting the motor terminals via a resistor in the event of a power failure or emergency stop. Since there is no holding torque during stop, it is necessary to use an electromagnetic brake for vertical installation.



- The emergency stop signal (EMG) can be disabled by the "Emergency stop input" parameter.
- For emergency stop wiring, see "2.3.1Wiring to the Power Supply".
- If an emergency stop is performed during operation, it does not stop suddenly, but stops at the set deceleration speed of the operation that was executed until the emergency stop.

<Time-chart>

Horizontal axis: Time



3.7.2. Force Brake Release

WARNING



Always set the input for force brake release (BRK) to either 0 VDC or open state during normal operation, so that the brake can be applied.

 When 24 VDC is applied to the force brake release (BRK), the brake is forcibly released. The moving part of the actuator may fall, causing injury or damage to the workpiece.

A CAUTION



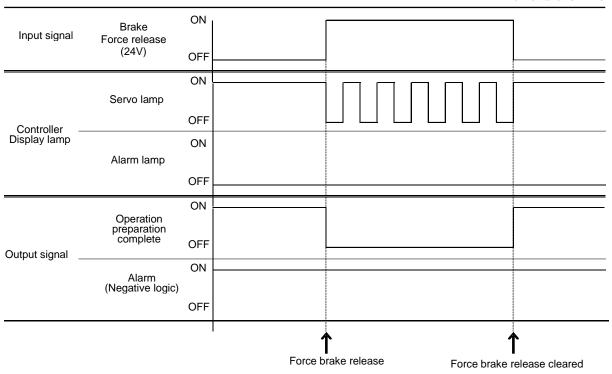
Be careful of force brake release wiring disconnection.



When clearing the brake force release, check that the actuator is safe to operate.

 For solenoid valve mode single / double 3 position type, the travel command signal is level input, so it may operate at the same time as the force brake release is cleared. This may cause injury or damage to the work piece.

When the force brake release signal is input (24 V applied), the electromagnetic brake is forcibly released in the actuators with brakes. If the force brake release is performed during operation, the motor will be deenergized after deceleration and stop. It operates in the same way as an emergency stop, but the electromagnetic brake is released.





• For the wiring for force brake release, see "2.3.1Wiring to the Power Supply".

<Difference between emergency stop and force brake release>

Item	Startup method	Servo	Electromag netic brake	Release method
Emergency stop	0 V applied or open state	OFF	Lock	24 VDC applied
Force brake release	24 VDC applied	OFF	Release	0 V applied or open state
Servo OFF	Input signal "Servo ON" ON -> OFF	OFF	Lock	Input signal "Servo ON" OFF → ON

3.7.3. Servo ON / OFF Operation

♠ WARNING



When turning the servo OFF, check that it is safe even if the actuator stops.

• If the servo is turned OFF during operation, the moving part may fall, causing injury or damage to the workpiece.

A CAUTION

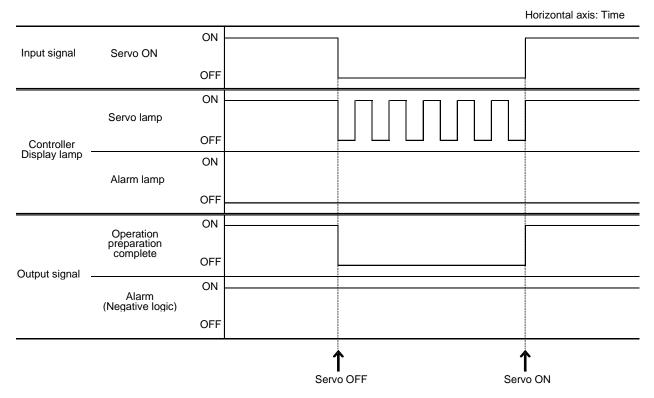


When turning the servo ON, check that the actuator operates safely.

• The travel command signal is level input for the solenoid valve mode single / double 3-position type, so it may operate simultaneously with servo ON. This may cause injury or damage to the work piece.

If the servo is turned OFF during operation, the motor will be de-energized after deceleration and stop. While the servo is OFF, the output signal of ready for operation is turned off, and in the case of an actuator with a brake, the electromagnetic brake is locked.

<Time-chart>





 If operation by setting tool is enabled, servo ON/OFF operation cannot be received via the servo ON signal.

3.7.4. Power-on Sequence

A CAUTION

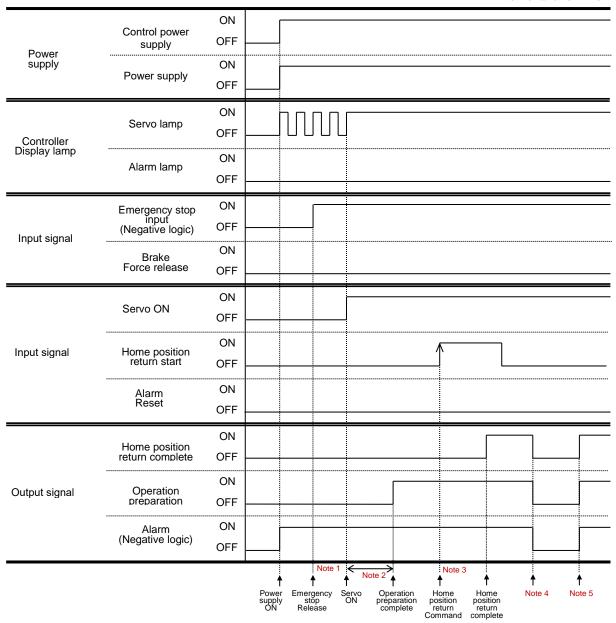


Do not change the power supply voltage after turning on the power.

• The actuator may not operate normally when executing the travel.

The diagram below shows the timing chart of home position return completion from the beginning of the return after the power is turned on..

Horizontal axis: Time



Note 1: The emergency stop is not released automatically. The figure above shows the timing when it is recognized that the emergency stop is ON after the power is turned on.

Note 2: When the servo is turned ON for the first time after the power is turned on, it takes 2s to 10s to complete the operation preparation depending on the position of the stroke.

- Note 3: Operation when automatic home position return of parameter is disabled.
- Note 4: Operation when S-Tools operation is enabled (TOOL mode).
- Note 5: Operation when S-TOOLS operation is disabled (PLC mode).

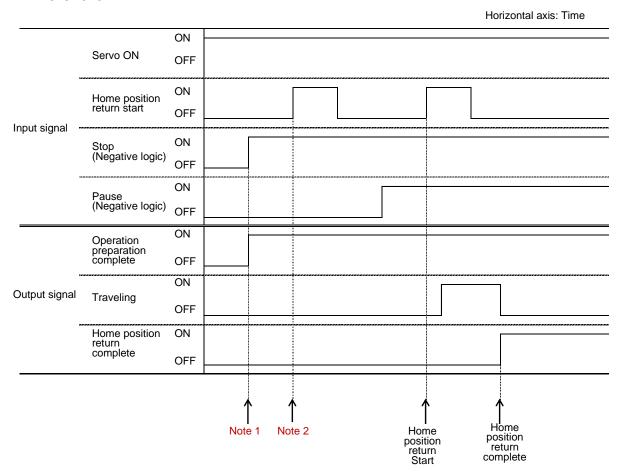


 Due to the use of a stepping motor, excitation phase detection is performed following the first servo ON after turning the power on.

■ Effect of stop and pause signals on operation

After turning on the power, turn on the stop and pause before turning on a travel command such as the home position return start. Actuator cannot be operated while the stop or pause is OFF.

<Time-chart>



Note 1: While the stop is OFF, the operation preparation complete does not turn ON even when the servo is ON, and actuators do not operate even when a travel command such as the home position return start is turned ON.

Note 2: While the pause is OFF, actuators do not operate even if a travel command such as home position return start is turned ON.

3.7.5. Home Position Return Operation

A CAUTION



If contacting with the workpiece while returning to the home position, the home position may be displaced.



 The acceleration and deceleration when home position return is 0.3G when using ECG-A Series and 0.1G when using ECG-B Series.

■ EBS/EJSG/EBR (Incremental Encoder)

Home position return operation is performed according to the parameters in the table below.

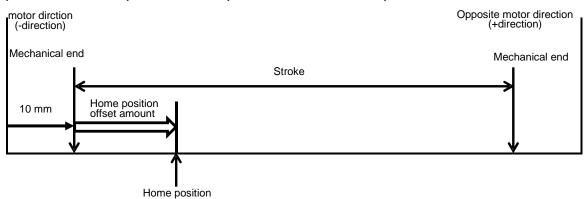
Setting items	Overview	Setting ran	ge	Initial value	Unit
Home position return direction (coordinate axis)	Set the direction of the home position return to "normal (standard coordinate)" or "opposite (standard coordinate), or opposite (inverted coordinate)".	Normal (standard coordinate), opposite (standard coordinate), and opposite (inverted coordinate)		Normal (standard coordinate)	None
Home position return speed	Set the speed for home position return	5 to 20		20	mm/s
Home position offset amount	Set the offset amount for the home position.	Home position return direction (coordinate axis) = normal (standard coordinate), opposite (inverted coordinate) Home position return direction (coordinate axis)= opposite (standard coordinate)	0.00 to + stroke - stroke to 0.00	0.00	mm
Automatic home position return	When this is set to enabled, home position return is performed at the first movement command input after the controller is powered on, and the movement starts at the second movement command input.	Disabled, enabled		Disabled	None

Note 1: If the software version is old, opposite (inverted coordinate) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

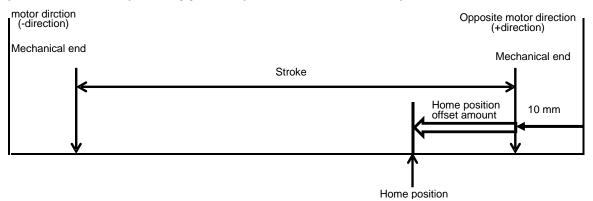
The table below shows the "home position return direction (coordinate axis)" setting when "home position offset amount" = 0 mm and the relationship between the home position and the coordinate axes.

Home position return direction (coordinate axis)	Home position	+direction	-direction
Normal (standard coordinate)	10 mm from motor side mechanical end to opposite motor direction	Opposite motor direction	Motor direction
Opposite (standard coordinate)	10 mm from opposite motor side mechanical end to motor direction	Opposite motor direction	motor dirction
Opposite (inverted coordinate)	10 mm from opposite motor side mechanical end to motor direction	motor dirction	Opposite motor direction

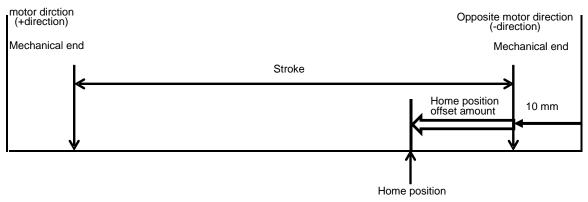
<Origin position and coordinate axis, if "Home position return direction (coordinate axis)" = "Normal (standard coordinate)">



<Origin position and coordinate axis, if "Home position return direction (coordinate axis)" = "Opposite (standard coordinate)">

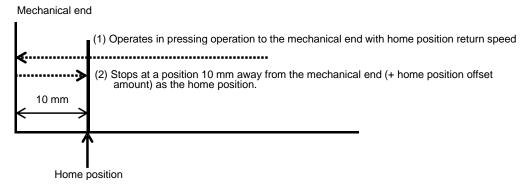


<Home position and coordinate axis, if "Home position return direction (coordinate axis)" = "Opposite (inverted coordinate)">

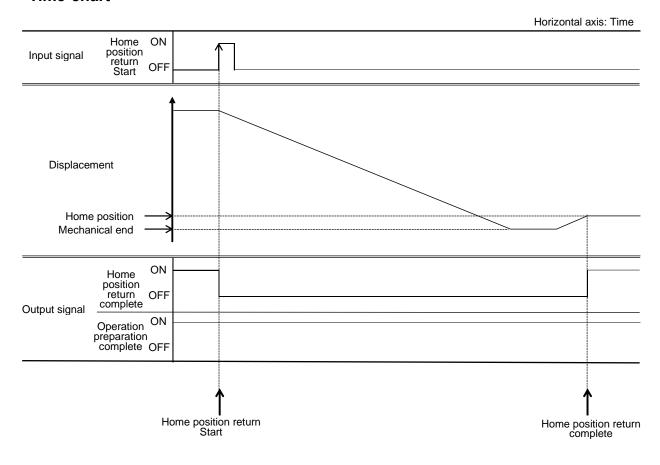


< Operation when returning to home position>

When the home position return is performed, it travels to the mechanical end in pressing operation, and after traveled to the mechanical end, it operates with the position 10 mm away from the mechanical end as the home position.



<Time-chart>



■ EBS/EJSG/EBR (Absolute encoder)

Home position return operation is performed according to the parameters in the table below.

Setting items	Overview	Setting rar	nge	Initial value	Unit
Home position return direction (coordinate axis)	Set the direction of the home position return to "normal (standard coordinate)" or "opposite (standard coordinate)," or "opposite (inverted coordinate)".	Normal (standard coordinate), opposite (standard coordinate), and opposite (inverted coordinate)		Normal (standard coordinate)	None
Home position return speed	Set the speed for home position return	5 to 20		20	mm/s
Home position offset	Set the offset amount for the home	Home position return direction (coordinate axis) = normal (standard coordinate), opposite (inverted coordinate)	0.00 to + stroke	0.00	mm
amount	l position	Home position return direction (coordinate axis) = opposite (standard coordinate)	- stroke to 0.00		
Automatic home position return	Since the batteryless absolute encoder is used, automatic home position return is disabled.	Disabled, enabled		Disabled	None

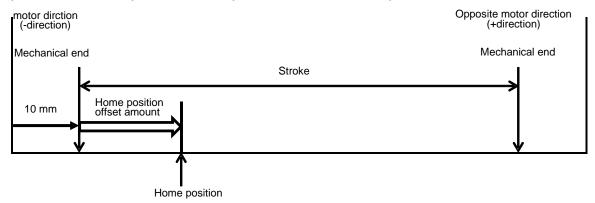
Note 1: If the software version is old, opposite (inverted coordinate) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

The table below shows the "home position return direction (coordinate axis)" setting when "home position offset amount" = 0 mm and the relationship between the home position and the coordinate axes.

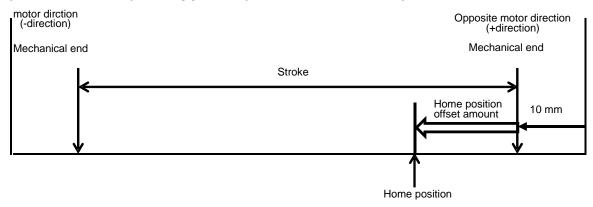
Home position return direction (coordinate axis)	Home position	+direction	-direction
Normal (standard coordinate)	10 mm from motor side mechanical end to opposite motor direction	Opposite motor direction	motor dirction
Opposite (standard coordinate)	10 mm from opposite motor side mechanical end to motor direction	Opposite motor direction	motor dirction
Opposite (inverted coordinate)	10 mm from opposite motor side mechanical end to motor direction	motor dirction	Opposite motor direction

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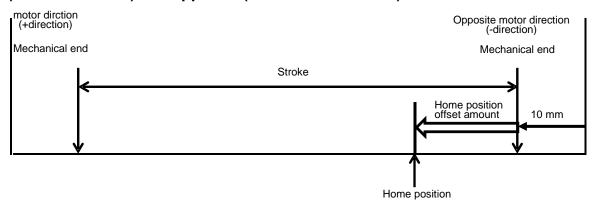
<Origin position and coordinate axis, if "Home position return direction (coordinate axis)" = "Normal (standard coordinate)">



<Origin position and coordinate axis, if "Home position return direction (coordinate axis)" = "Opposite (standard coordinate)">

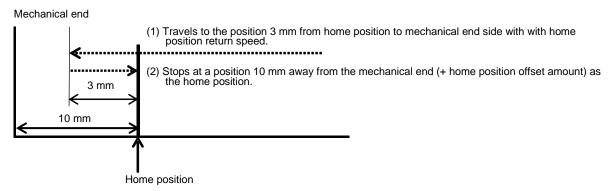


<Home position and coordinate axis, if "Home position return direction (coordinate axis)" = "Opposite (inverted coordinate)">



< Operation when returning to home position>

When the home position return is performed, it moves 3 mm from the home position to the mechanical end side and then moves to the home position without pushing against the mechanical end. A batteryless absolute encoder is used, so point travel is possible even if home position return operation is not executed. The home position is 10 mm from the mechanical end.



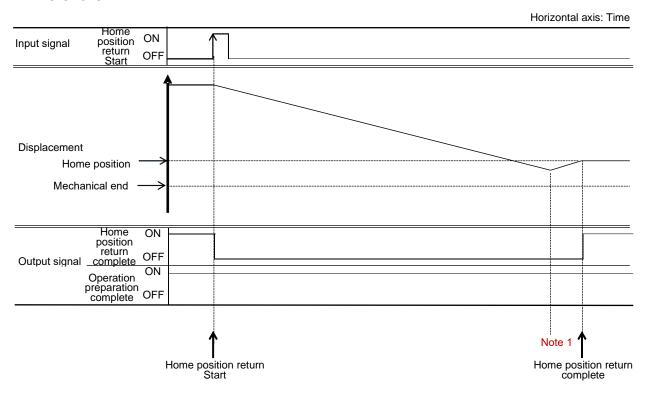


When home position return is performed, the operation is completed without pressing against the mechanical end. The reverse operation is not performed depending on the position at the start of the home position return.



 A "batteryless absolute encoder" is an absolute encoder that does not require a battery to store its position.

<Time chart>



Note 1: When the home position return is performed, it moves to the home position without pushing against the mechanical end.

■ GSSD2/GSTK/GSTG/GSTS/GSTL (Incremental encoder)

Home position return operation is performed according to the parameters in the table below.

Setting items	Overview	Setting rang	je	Initial value	Unit
Home position return direction (coordinate axis)	Set the direction of the home position return to "normal (standard coordinate)" or "opposite (standard coordinate), or opposite (inverted coordinate)".	Normal (standard coordinate), opposite (standard coordinate), and opposite (inverted coordinate)		Normal (standard coordinate)	None
Home position return speed	Set the speed for home position return	20 to 30		20	mm/s
Home position offset	Set the offset amount for the home position.	Home position return direction (coordinate axis) = normal (standard coordinate), opposite (inverted coordinate)	0.00 to + stroke	0.00	mm
amount		Home position return direction (coordinate axis)= opposite (standard coordinate)	- stroke to 0.00		
Automatic home position return	When this is set to enabled, home position return is performed at the first movement command input after the controller is powered on, and the movement starts at the second movement command input.	Disabled, enabled		Disabled	None

Note 1: If the software version is old, opposite (inverted coordinate) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

The table below shows the "home position return direction (coordinate axis)" setting when "home position offset amount" = 0 mm and the relationship between the home position and the coordinate axes. The value entered in A varies for each model.

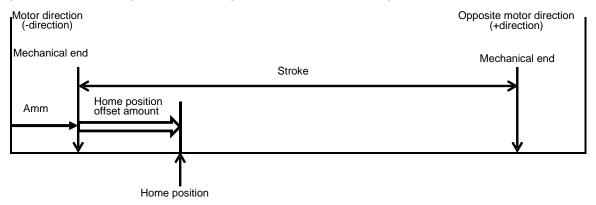
Home position return direction (coordinate axis)	Homo position		-direction
Normal (standard coordinate)	A mm from motor side mechanical end to opposite motor direction	Opposite motor direction	Motor direction
Opposite (standard coordinate)	A mm from opposite motor side mechanical end to motor direction	Opposite motor direction	Motor direction
Opposite (inverted coordinate)	A mm from opposite motor side mechanical end to motor direction	Motor direction	Opposite motor direction

<Value of A (position from mechanical end) for each model >

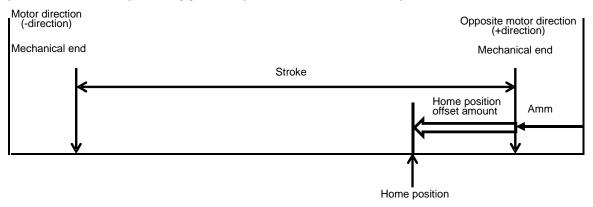
When the parameter "Home position return direction" is "Normal" and the "Home position offset amount" is "0.00", the home position will be the position from the mechanical end in the table below.

Actuator model number		Position from the	11.25	
Series	Body size	Screw lead	mechanical end	Unit
	20	06		
	20	09	3.0	
GSSD2	32	06		
GSTK	32	12		
	50	06		
	30	12		
	20	06	4.1	
	20	09		
GSTG	32	06	2.6	mm
GSIG		12	2.10	
	50	06	3.3	
	30	12		
	20	06	5.0	
	20	09		
GSTS	32	06	5.6	
GSTL		12		
	50	06	2.8	
		12		

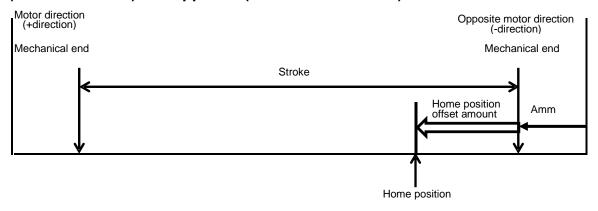
<Origin position and coordinate axis, if "Home position return direction (coordinate axis)" = "Normal (standard coordinate)">



<Origin position and coordinate axis, if "Home position return direction (coordinate axis)" = "Opposite (standard coordinate)">

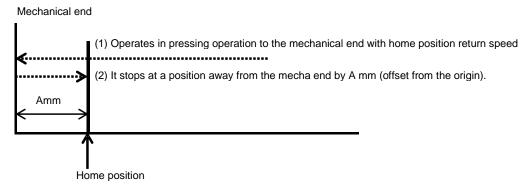


<Home position and coordinate axis, if "Home position return direction (coordinate axis)" = "Opposite (inverted coordinate)">

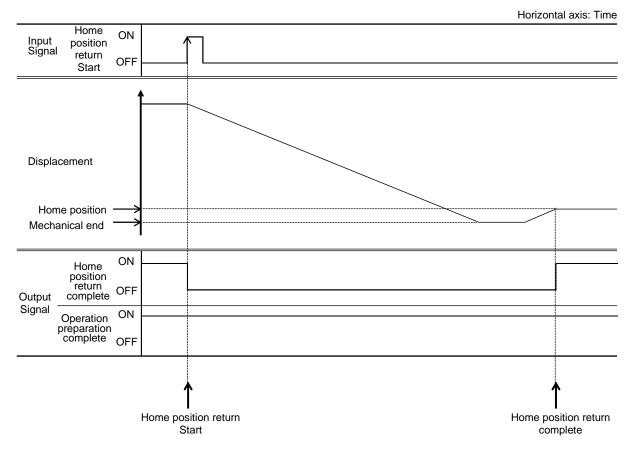


< Operation when returning to home position>

When the home position return is performed, it travels to the mechanical end in pressing operation, and after traveled to the mechanical end, it operates with the position A mm away from the mechanical end as the home position.



<Time-chart>



■ GSSD2/GSTK/GSTG/GSTS/GSTL (Absolute encoder)

Home position return operation is performed according to the parameters in the table below.

Setting items	Overview	Setting range		Initial value	Unit
Home position return direction (coordinate axis)	Set the direction of the home position return to "normal (standard coordinate)" or "opposite (standard coordinate), or opposite (inverted coordinate)".	Normal (standard coordinate), opposite (standard coordinate), and opposite (inverted coordinate)		Normal (standard coordinate)	None
Home position return speed	Set the speed for home position return	20 to 30		20	mm/s
Home position offset amount	Set the offset amount for the home position.	Home position return direction (coordinate axis) = normal (standard coordinate), opposite (inverted coordinate)	0.00 to + stroke	0.00	mm
		Home position return direction (coordinate axis) = opposite (standard coordinate)	- stroke to 0.00		
Automatic home position return	Since the batteryless absolute encoder is used, automatic home position return is disabled.	Disabled, enabled		Disabled	None

Note 1: If the software version is old, opposite (inverted coordinate) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

The table below shows the "home position return direction (coordinate axis)" setting when "home position offset amount" = 0 mm and the relationship between the home position and the coordinate axes. The value entered in A varies for each model.

Home position return direction (coordinate axis)	Home position	+direction	-direction
Normal (standard coordinate)	A mm from motor side mechanical end to opposite motor direction	Opposite motor direction	Motor direction
Opposite (standard coordinate)	A mm from opposite motor side mechanical end to motor direction	Opposite motor direction	Motor direction
Opposite (inverted coordinate)	A mm from opposite motor side mechanical end to motor direction	Motor direction	Opposite motor direction

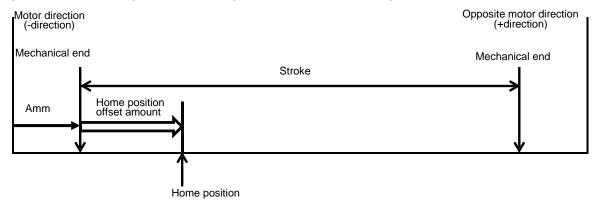
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<Value of A (position from mechanical end) for each model >

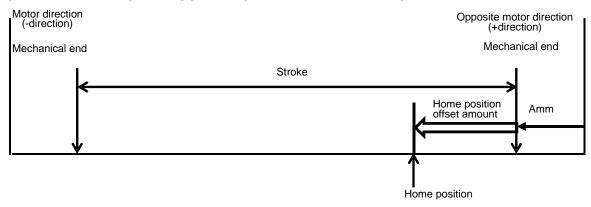
When the parameter "Home position return direction" is "Normal" and the "Home position offset amount" is "0.00", the home position will be the position from the mechanical end in the table below.

Actuator model number		Position from the	116.54		
Series	Body size	Screw lead	mechanical end	Unit	
	20	06			
	20	09	3.0		
GSSD2	32	06			
GSTK	32	12			
	50	06			
	30	12			
	20	06	4.1		
	20	09			
GSTG	32	22	06	2.6	mm
GSIG		12	2.10	-	
	50	06	3.3		
	30	12			
	20	06	5.0		
GSTS	20	09			
	32	06	5.6		
GSTL		12			
	50	06	2.8		
	30	12			

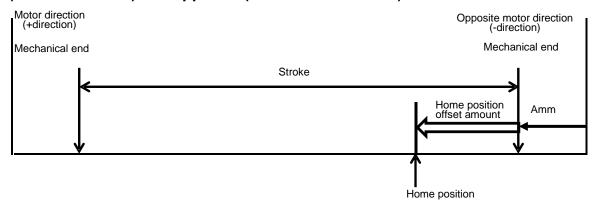
<Origin position and coordinate axis, if "Home position return direction (coordinate axis)" = "Normal (standard coordinate)">



<Origin position and coordinate axis, if "Home position return direction (coordinate axis)" = "Opposite (standard coordinate)">



<Home position and coordinate axis, if "Home position return direction (coordinate axis)" = "Opposite (inverted coordinate)">



< Operation when returning to home position>

When the home position return is performed, it moves 1.0 mm from the home position to the mechanical end side and then moves to the home position without pushing against the mechanical end. A batteryless absolute encoder is used, so point travel is possible even if home position return operation is not executed. The home position is A mm from the mechanical end.

Mechanical end

(1) Travels to the position 1.0 mm from home position to mechanical end side with with home position return speed.

(2) It stops at a position away from the mecha end by A mm (offset from the origin).

Home position



 When home position return is performed, the operation is completed without pressing against the mechanical end. The reverse operation is not performed depending on the position at the start of the home position return.



 A "batteryless absolute encoder" is an absolute encoder that does not require a battery to store its position.

<Time-chart>

Horizontal axis: Time Home Input Signal position return OFF Start Displacement Home position Mechanical end Home ON position return OFF Output Signal <u>complete</u> Operation preparation complete Home position return Home position return complete Start

Note 1: When the home position return is performed, it moves to the home position without pushing against the mechanical end.

■ FLSH/GCKW (incremental encoder)

Home position return operation is performed according to the parameters in the table below.

Setting items	Overview	Setting rang	Setting range		Unit
Home position return direction (coordinate axis)	Set the direction of the home position return to "normal (standard coordinate)" or "opposite (standard coordinate)," or "opposite (inverted coordinate)".	Normal (standard coordinate), opposite (standard coordinate), and opposite (inverted coordinate)		Normal (standard coordinate)	None
Home position return speed	Set the speed for home position return	5 to 15		15 Note 2	mm/s
Home position offset amount	Set the offset amount for the home position.	Home position return direction (coordinate axis) = normal (standard coordinate), opposite (inverted coordinate) Home position return direction (coordinate axis)= opposite (standard coordinate)	0.00 to + stroke - stroke to 0.00	0.00	mm
Automatic home position return	When this is set to enabled, home position return is performed at the first movement command input after the controller is powered on, and the movement starts at the second movement command input.	Disabled, enabled		Disabled	None

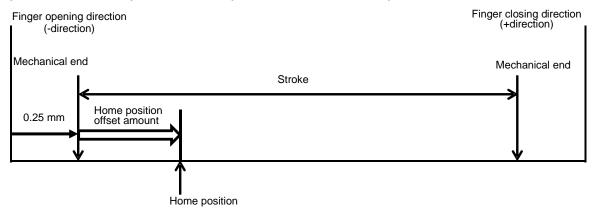
Note 1: If the software version is old, opposite (inverted coordinate) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

Note 2: Initial value is 20, if the software version is old. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

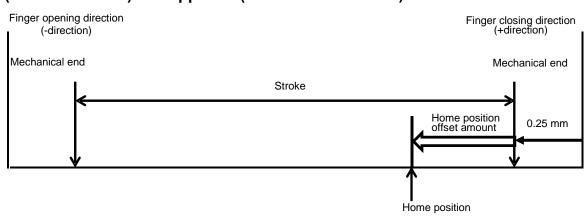
The table below shows the "home position return direction (coordinate axis)" setting when "home position offset amount" = 0 mm and the relationship between the home position and the coordinate axes.

Home position return direction (coordinate axis)	Home position	+direction	-direction
Normal (standard coordinate)	0.25mm from the open side mechanical end to the close direction	Close direction	Open direction
Opposite (standard coordinate)	0.25mm from the close side mechanical end to the open direction	Close direction	Open direction
Opposite (inverted coordinate) 0.25mm from the close side mechanication		Open direction	Close direction

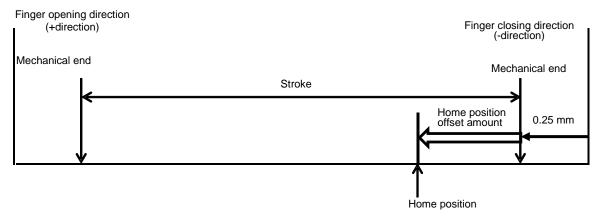
<Origin position and coordinate axis, if "Home position return direction (coordinate axis)" = "Normal (standard coordinate)">



<Origin position and coordinate axis, if "Home position return direction (coordinate axis)" = "Opposite (standard coordinate)">

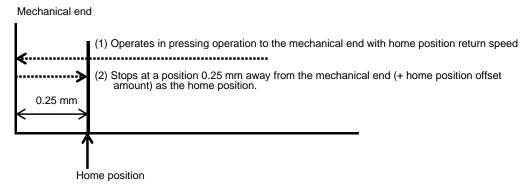


<Home position and coordinate axis, if "Home position return direction (coordinate axis)" = "Opposite (inverted coordinate)">

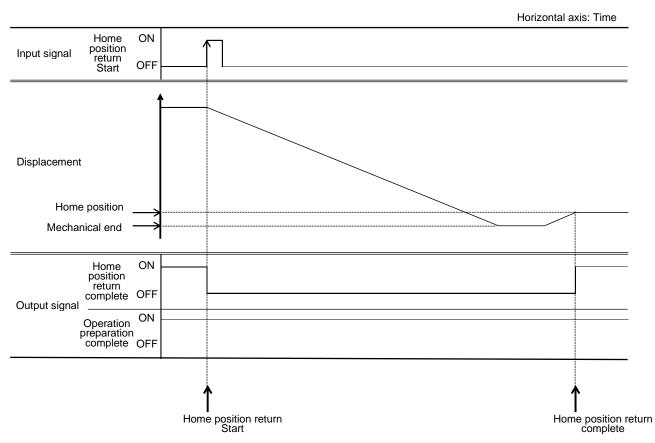


< Operation when returning to home position>

When the home position return is performed, it travels to the mechanical end in pressing operation, and after traveled to the mechanical end, it operates with the position 0.25 mm away from the mechanical end as the home position.



<Time-chart>



■ FLCR (Incremental encoder)

Home position return operation is performed according to the parameters in the table below.

Setting items	Overview	Setting rang	е	Initial value	Unit
Home position return direction (coordinate axis)	Set the direction of the home position return to "normal (standard coordinate)" or "opposite (standard coordinate)," or "opposite (inverted coordinate)".	Normal (standard coordinate), opposite (standard coordinate), and opposite (inverted coordinate)		Normal (standard coordinate)	None
Home position return speed	Set the speed for home position return	5 to 20		15 Note 2	mm/s
Home position offset	Set the offset amount for the home position.	Home position return direction (coordinate axis) = normal (standard coordinate), opposite (inverted coordinate)		0.00	mm
amount		Home position return direction (coordinate axis) = opposite (standard coordinate)	- stroke to 0.00		
Automatic home position return	When this is set to enabled, home position return is performed at the first movement command input after the controller is powered on, and the movement starts at the second movement command input.	Disabled, enabled		Disabled	None

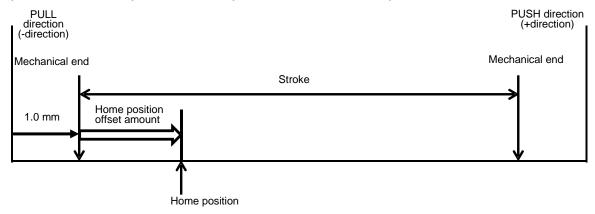
Note 1: If the software version is old, opposite (inverted coordinate) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

Note 2: Initial value is 20, if the software version is old. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

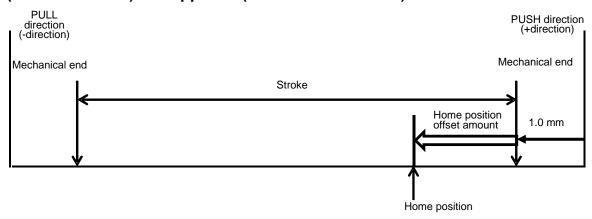
The table below shows the "home position return direction (coordinate axis)" setting when "home position offset amount" = 0 mm and the relationship between the home position and the coordinate axes.

Home position return direction (coordinate axis)	Home position	+direction	-direction
Normal (standard coordinate)	1.0 mm from PULL side mechanical end to PUSH direction	PUSH direction	PULL direction
Opposite (standard coordinate)	1.0 mm from PUSH side mechanical end to PULL direction	PUSH direction	PULL direction
Opposite (inverted coordinate)	1.0 mm from PUSH side mechanical end to PULL direction	PULL direction	PUSH direction

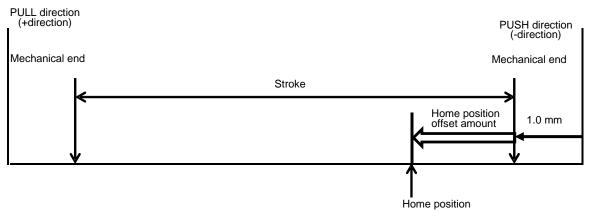
<Origin position and coordinate axis, if "Home position return direction (coordinate axis)" = "Normal (standard coordinate)">



<Origin position and coordinate axis, if "Home position return direction (coordinate axis)" = "Opposite (standard coordinate)">

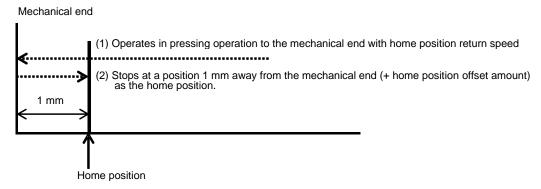


<Home position and coordinate axis, if "Home position return direction (coordinate axis)" = "Opposite (inverted coordinate)">

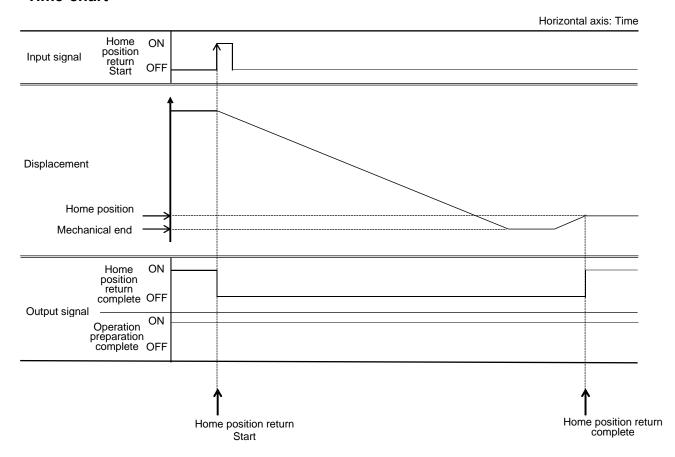


< Operation when returning to home position>

When the home position return is performed, it travels to the mechanical end in pressing operation, and after traveled to the mechanical end, it operates with the position 1 mm away from the mechanical end as the home position.



<Time-chart>



■ FGRC (Incremental encoder)

Home position return operation is performed according to the parameters in the table below.

Setting items	Overview	Setting ra	inge	Initial value	Unit
Home position return direction (coordinate axis)	Sets the direction of the home position return to "normal (standard coordinate)" or "opposite (standard coordinate)".	Normal (Normal Coordinates), opposite (Normal Coordinates) Note 1		Normal (standard coordinate)	None
Home position return speed	Set the speed for home position return	20 to 30 N	ote 2	15 Note 3	deg/s
Home position	Set the offset amount for the home position. A positive value indicates the offset amount in the CW direction, and a negative value indicates the offset amount in the CCW		0.00 to +360.00	0.00	dog
offset amount	direction. The offset amount can be set only in the CW direction when the home position return direction is "Normal", and only in the CCW direction when the home position return direction is "Opposite".	Home position return direction (coordinate axis)= opposite (standard coordinate)	-360.00 to 0.00	0.00	deg
Automatic home position return	When this is set to enabled, home position return is performed at the first movement command input after the controller is powered on, and the movement starts at the second movement command input.	Disabled, er	nabled	Disabled	None
FGRC home position return method Note 4	In the FGRC series, select whether to reference the position of the internal sensor or to reference the position pushed against the stopper of the external mounting when returning to home.	Sensor, pu		Sensor	None

Note 1: Depending on the software version, opposite (inverted coordinate) can be selected, but in the FGRC Series, the setting is the same as the opposite (standard coordinate). For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

Note 2: For FGRC Series, the initial value is 15 mm/s, so set again within the range of 20 to 30 mm/s.

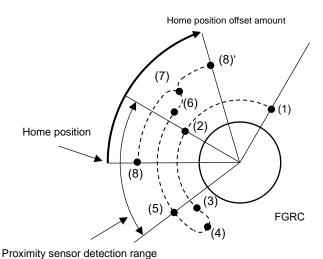
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Note 3: Initial value is 20, if the software version is old. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

Note 4: This parameter is not available if the software version is old. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

<Setting/ operating example (when "FGRC home position return method" = "Sensor")>

When the parameter "Home position return direction" is "Normal" and the "Home position offset amount" is "0.00", the position of (8) will be the home position. Also, if "Home position return direction" of the parameter is "Normal" and the "Home position offset amount" is the travel distance between (8) and (8), the offset position (8) will be the home position.

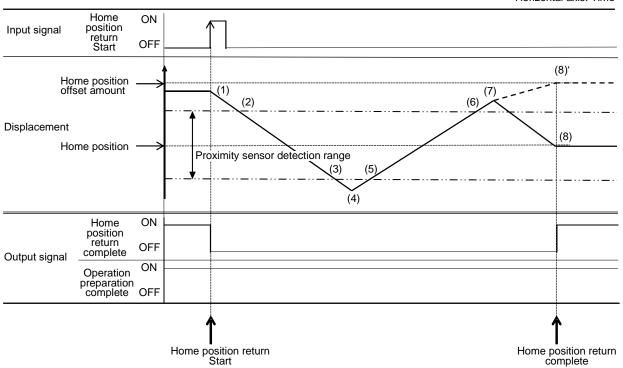


Point	Content
(1)	When home position return is commanded, home position return operation starts in the specified rotation direction.
(2)	The proximity sensor is turned on.
(3)	The proximity sensor is turned off.
(4)	Reverse movement is performed.
(5)	The proximity sensor is turned on.
(6)	The proximity sensor is turned off. The home position offset reference position is calculated from the results of (2), (3), (5), and (6).
(7)	The actuator stops once and starts the operation to the home position.
(8)	The home position return is completed when the home position offset amount is 0.00.
(8)'	When the home position offset amount is the "travel distance from (8) to (8)", the actuator travels the home position offset amount, and the home position return is completed at (8).

- If the home position return direction is "Normal," an operation is started counterclockwise (in the CCW direction).
- If the home position return direction is "Opposite," an operation is started clockwise (in the CW direction).
- If there is an obstacle within the detection range of the proximity sensor, the home position return will not be completed.
- When traveling the home position offset amount, the rotation direction can not be specified. When the home position return direction is "Normal", it moves clockwise (CW direction). When the home position return direction is "Opposite", it moves counterclockwise.

Time-chart (when "FGRC home position return method" = "Sensor")

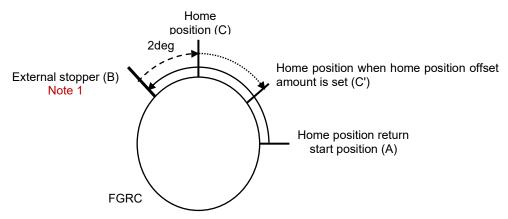
Horizontal axis: Time



<Setting/ operating example (when "FGRC home position return method" =</p> "Pushing")>

The following example shows the operation when the parameter "Home position return direction (coordinate axis)" is "Normal (standard coordinate)".

- 1. When home position return start command is input, it will rotates counterclockwise from the "Home position return start position (A)".
- 2. It will be pushed to the external stopper (B).
- 3. If the home position offset amount is 0.00, the home position is the position 2 deg inverted from the position of the "external stopper (B)".
- 4. If the home position offset amount is between 0.01 and 360.00, the home position is the position with the home position offset amount rotated clockwise from the position of the "home position (C)".

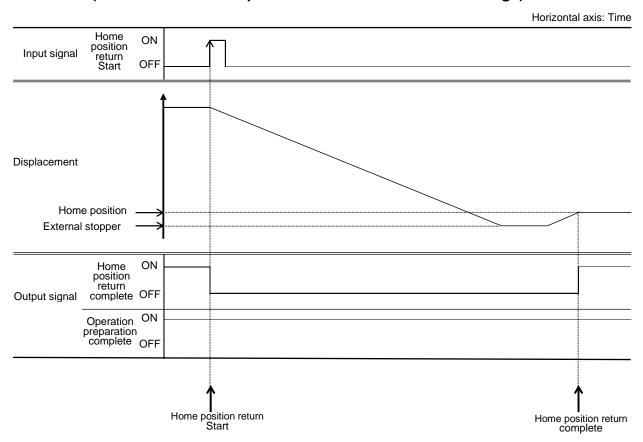


- If the home position return direction is "Normal," an operation is started counterclockwise (in the CCW direction).
- If the home position return direction is "Opposite," an operation is started clockwise (in the CW direction).
- If an obstacle is placed in the range between (B) to (C), it recognizes the position 2 deg inverted from the position where collided with the obstacle as the home position.
- If an obstacle is placed in the range between (B) to (C), the home position return is not completed.
- When traveling the home position offset amount, the rotation direction can not be specified. When the home position return direction is "Normal", it moves clockwise (CW direction). When the home position return direction is "Opposite", it moves counterclockwise.





Time chart(when "FGRC home position return method = "Pushing")>



3.7.6. Positioning Operation

■ 64-point mode

<Point operation>

After specifying the point number with the point number selection bit, turn the point travel start signal ON (edge input) to start traveling. Use the following input and output signals for operation.

<Input signal>

General purpose input 0 to 5 Point number selection bit 0 to 5	Content
-	Sets the point No. in binary.

0: OFF (level input), 1: ON (level input), 1↑: ON (edge input)

General purpose input 6	Content
Point travel start	Content
1 ↑	Starts traveling to the point. Operates to the point set by the point number selection bit.

0: OFF (level input), 1: ON (level input), 1↑: ON (edge input)

<Output signal>

General purpose output 0 to 5 Point number selection bit 0 to 5	Content	
-	Outputs the point No. that has been traveled to in binary.	

0: OFF, 1: ON

General purpose output 6	Content	
Point travel completion		
1	Turns ON when it finishes traveling to the set point.	

0: OFF, 1: ON



• When an alarm occurs, the upper 1 digit of the alarm code is output in binary.

<Setting example>

General purpose input 0	General purpose input 1	General purpose input 2	General purpose input 3	General purpose input 4	General purpose input 5	General purpose input 6	Content
1	0	0	0	0	0	1↑	Travel start to point 1
0	0	0	1	0	0	1↑	Travel start to point 8
1	1	1	1	1	1	1↑	Travel start to point 63

0: OFF (level input), 1: ON (level input), 1↑: ON (edge input)

<Operation method>

1. Set the point number

Set the point number with the point number selection bit.

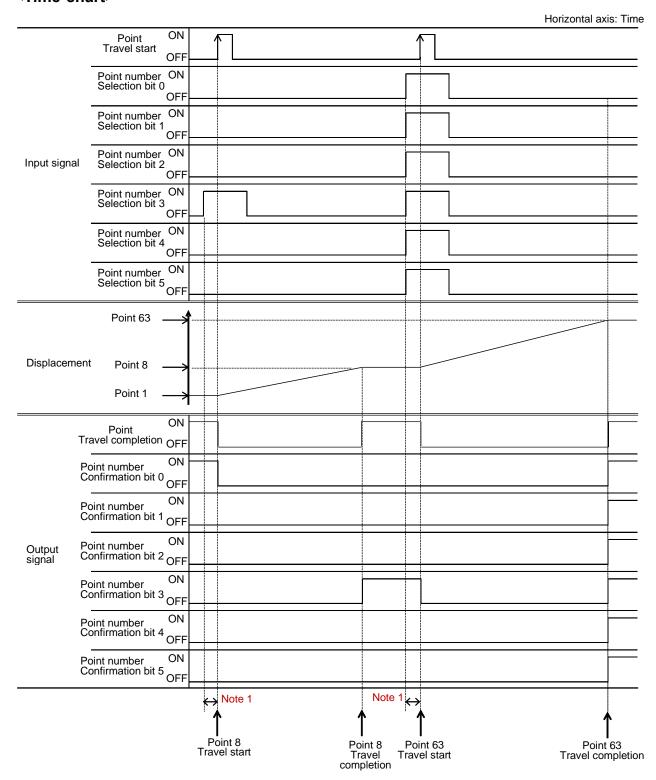
2. Turn on the point travel start

3. Confirm that the point travel completion is turned on

The point number check bit outputs the set point number.

Then confirm that the point travel completion is turned on.

<Time-chart>



Note 1: Leave an interval of at least 10 ms after setting point number selection and travel start ON.

<Jog operation>

Use the following input and output signals for operation.

General purpose input 7	General purpose input 8	Content	
JOG (-) travel start	JOG (+) travel start	Content	
0	1↑	Starts JOG operation to the opposite motor side.	
X	0	Stops JOG operation to the opposite motor side.	
1 ↑	0	Starts JOG operation to the motor side.	
0	Х	Stops JOG operation to the motor side.	

0: OFF (level input), 1↑: ON (edge input), x: Not specified (regardless of ON/OFF state)

<Operation method>

1. Set JOG/INCH speed

Set the JOG speed of the parameter arbitrarily.

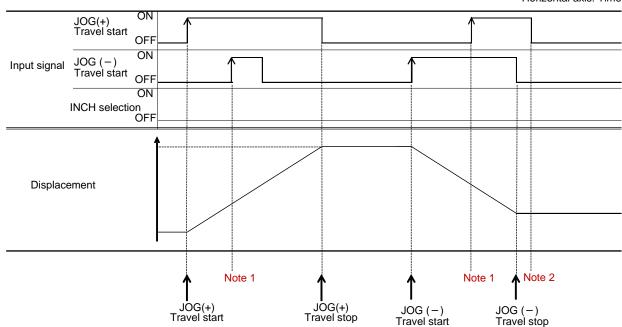
2. Turn ON JOG travel start

To operate in the + direction, turn ON the JOG (+) travel start. To operate in the - direction, turn ON the JOG (-) travel start.

3. Turn OFF JOG travel start

When the actuator travels to the target position, turn OFF the JOG (+) travel start or the JOG (-) travel start that was ON.

^{**} The JOG speed can be set by the JOG speed parameter. For details, refer to "JOG/INCH speed" of "3.5.1Parameter List".



Note 1: When the jog travel start (-) is performed in the - direction, the travel command will not be accepted even if the jog travel start (+) command in the + direction is turned ON.

Note 2: The jog travel start command that is continuously turned on takes precedence, and unless it is turned off once, the jog travel start command in the opposite direction is not accepted.

* When the operation mode (EtherCAT) is other than PIO mode, INCH selection must be OFF.



- Jog operation can be executed even when the home position return is not completed. Even when the automatic home position return is "enabled" and the home position return is not completed, the home position return is not executed before jog operation.
- Jog operation is a function to perform teaching, etc. When using FGRC Series, the operation may become unstable if you continue to rotate more than 360 deg in a certain direction.

<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode: Input signal>

Item	PIO mode	Simple direct value mode	Full direct value mode
Point number selection bit 0	Input signal 1 Bit 0	Input signal 1 Bit 0	Input signal 1 Bit 0
Point number selection bit 1	Input signal 1 Bit 1	Input signal 1 Bit 1	Input signal 1 Bit 1
Point number selection bit 2	Input signal 1 Bit 2	Input signal 1 Bit 2	Input signal 1 Bit 2
Point number selection bit 3	Input signal 1 Bit 3	Input signal 1 Bit 3	Input signal 1 Bit 3
Point number selection bit 4	Input signal 1 Bit 4	Input signal 1 Bit 4	Input signal 1 Bit 4
Point number selection bit 5	Input signal 1 Bit 5	Input signal 1 Bit 5	Input signal 1 Bit 5
Point travel start	Input signal 1 Bit 6	Input signal 1 Bit 10	Input signal 1 Bit 10
JOG (-) travel start	Input signal 1 Bit 7	Input signal 1 Bit 7	Input signal 1 Bit 7
JOG (+) travel start	Input signal 1 Bit 8	Input signal 1 Bit 8	Input signal 1 Bit 8
INCH selection	-	Input signal 1 Bit 9	Input signal 1 Bit 9

<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode: Output signal>

Item	PIO mode	Simple direct value mode	Full direct value mode
Point number confirmation bit 0	Output signal 1 Bit 0	Output signal 1 Bit 0	Output signal 1 Bit 0
Point number confirmation bit 1	Output signal 1 Bit 1	Output signal 1 Bit 1	Output signal 1 Bit 1
Point number confirmation bit 2	Output signal 1 Bit 2	Output signal 1 Bit 2	Output signal 1 Bit 2
Point number confirmation bit 3	Output signal 1 Bit 3	Output signal 1 Bit 3	Output signal 1 Bit 3
Point number confirmation bit 4	Output signal 1 Bit 4	Output signal 1 Bit 4	Output signal 1 Bit 4
Point number confirmation bit 5	Output signal 1 Bit 5	Output signal 1 Bit 5	Output signal 1 Bit 5
Point travel completion	Output signal 1 Bit 6	Output signal 1 Bit 10	Output signal 1 Bit 10

■ Simple 7-point mode

<Point operation>

Traveling starts when the point travel start signal is turned ON (edge input). Use the following input and output signals.

<Input signal>

General purpose input 0 to 6	Content	
Point No. 1 to 7 travel start		
1↑	Starts traveling to corresponding point.	

0: OFF (level input), 1: ON (level input), 17: ON (edge input)

<Output signal>

General purpose output 0 to 6		
Point No. 1 to 7 travel completion	Content	
1	Turns ON when it finishes traveling to the corresponding point.	

0: OFF, 1: ON

<Setting example>

General purpose input 0	General purpose input 1	General purpose input 2	General purpose input 3	General purpose input 4	General purpose input 5	General purpose input 6	Content
1↑	0	0	0	0	0	0	Travel start to point 1
0	0	1↑	0	0	0	0	Travel start to point 3
0	0	0	0	0	0	1↑	Travel start to point 7

0: OFF (level input), 1: ON (level input), 1↑: ON (edge input)

<Operation method>

1. Turn ON the point travel start

Turn ON the point travel start corresponding to the point where you want to operate.

2. Turn OFF the point travel start

Turn OFF the point travel start that was ON.

3. Confirm that the point travel completion is turned on

Confirm that the point travel completion for the corresponding point is turned ON.

<Time-chart>

Horizontal axis: Time ON Port number 1 Travel start OFF ON Port number 2 Travel start OFF ON Port number 3 Travel start OFF ON Port number 4 Travel start Input signal OFF ON Port number 5 Travel start OFF ON Port number 6 Travel start OFF ON Port number 7 Travel start OFF Point 7 Displacement Point 3 Point 1 ON Port number 1 Travel completion OFF Port number 2 Travel completion OFF ON ON Port number 3 Travel completion OFF Port number 4 Travel completion OFF Output signal ON Port number 5 Travel completion OFF Port number 6 Travel completion OFF Port number 7 Travel completion OFF Point 3 Travel completion Point 7 Travel start Point 7 Travel completion

Point 4

Travel start Note 1

Note 1: Does not start traveling while another point No. travel start input is ON.

Point 3

Travel start

<Jog operation>

The jog operation is similar to the 64-point mode. For details, refer to "64-point mode" of "3.7.6Positioning Operation".

<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode: Input signal>

ltem	PIO mode
Point number 1 travel start	Input signal 1 Bit 0
Point number 2 travel start	Input signal 1 Bit 1
Point number 3 travel start	Input signal 1 Bit 2
Point number 4 travel start	Input signal 1 Bit 3
Point number 5 travel start	Input signal 1 Bit 4
Point number 6 travel start	Input signal 1 Bit 5
Point number 7 travel start	Input signal 1 Bit 6
JOG (-) travel start	Input signal 1 Bit 7
JOG (+) travel start	Input signal 1 Bit 8

<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode: Output signal>

ltem	PIO mode	
Point number 1 travel complete	Output signal 1 Bit 0	
Point number 2 travel complete	Output signal 1 Bit 1	
Point number 3 travel complete	Output signal 1 Bit 2	
Point number 4 travel complete	Output signal 1 Bit 3	
Point number 5 travel complete	Output signal 1 Bit 4	
Point number 6 travel complete	Output signal 1 Bit 5	
Point number 7 travel complete	Output signal 1 Bit 6	

■ Solenoid valve mode, double 2-position type

Travels between two points when turned ON (edge input).

<Input signal>

General purpose input 0	General purpose input 1	Content	
Solenoid valve travel command 1	Solenoid valve travel command 2	Content	
1↑	0	Begins traveling to point 1.	
0	1↑	Begins traveling to point 2.	

0: OFF (level input), 1: ON (level input), 1↑: ON (edge input)

<Output signal>

General purpose output 0	General purpose output 1	Content
Point 1 travel completion	Point 2 travel completion	Content
1	0	Turns ON when it finishes traveling to point 1.
0	1	Turns ON when it finishes traveling to point 2.

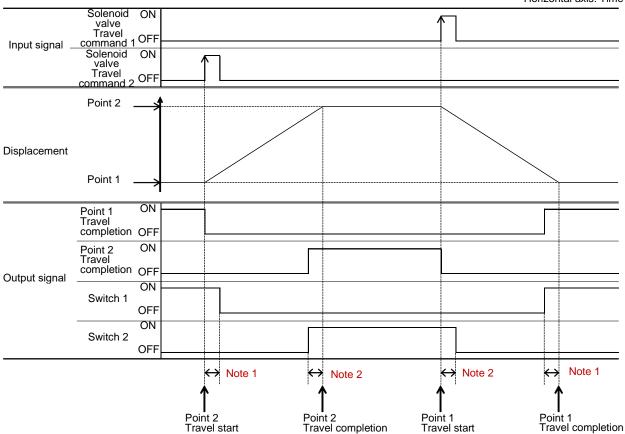
0: OFF, 1: ON

General purpose output 4 Switch 1	General purpose output 5 Switch 2	Content
1	0	Turns ON when entering the positioning completion width of point 1.
0	1	Turns ON when entering the positioning completion width of point 2.

0: OFF, 1: ON

<Time-chart>

Horizontal axis: Time



Note 1: The output of switch 1 turns ON according to the positioning width set in the point data. Note 2: The output of switch 2 turns ON according to the positioning width set in the point data.

<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode: Input signal>

<u> </u>	•
Item	PIO mode
Solenoid valve travel command 1	Input signal 1 Bit 0
Solenoid valve travel command 2	Input signal 1 Bit 1

<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode: Output signal>

Item	PIO mode	
Point number 1 travel complete	Output signal 1 Bit 0	
Point number 2 travel complete	Output signal 1 Bit 1	
Switch 1	Output signal 1 Bit 4	
Switch 2	Output signal 1 Bit 5	

■ Solenoid valve mode, double 3-position type

A CAUTION



When turning the power on again, confirm that it is safe for the actuator to operate.

 When turning the power on again with the automatic home position return set to "Enables", the PLC mode is automatically entered. The actuator may start moving depending on the input state of the host device (PLC, etc.).

Travels between two points when turned ON (level input).

<Input signal>

General purpose input 0	General purpose input 1	Contont	
Solenoid valve travel command 1	Solenoid valve travel command 2	Content	
1	0	Begins traveling to point 1.	
0	1	Begins traveling to point 2.	
0	0	Suspends travel operation and stops at that point.	

0: OFF (level input), 1: ON (level input), 1↑: ON (edge input)

<Output signal>

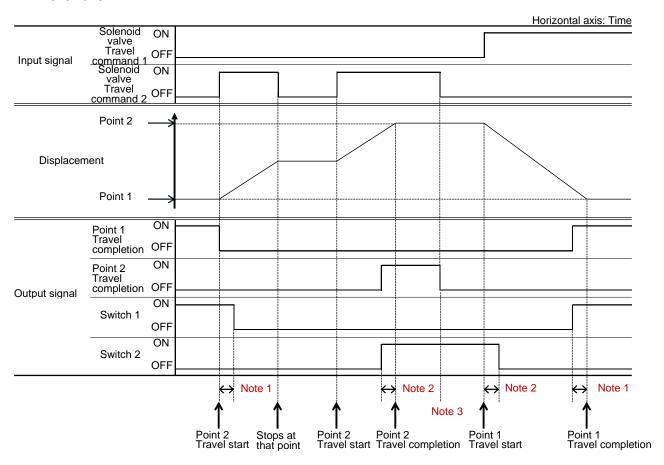
General purpose output 0	General purpose output 1	Contont	
Point 1 travel completion	Point 2 travel completion	Content	
1	0	Turns ON when it finishes traveling to point 1.	
0	1	Turns ON when it finishes traveling to point 2.	

0: OFF, 1: ON

General purpose output 4	General purpose output 5	Content
Switch 1	Switch 2	
1	0	Turns ON when entering the positioning completion width of point 1.
0	1	Turns ON when entering the positioning completion width of point 2.

0: OFF, 1: ON

<Time-chart>



Note 1: The output of switch 1 turns ON according to the positioning width set in the point data. Note 2: The output of switch 2 turns ON according to the positioning width set in the point data. Note 3: When turning the solenoid valve travel command OFF, travel complete output also turns OFF.

<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode: Input signal>

ltem	PIO mode
Solenoid valve travel command 1	Input signal 1 Bit 0
Solenoid valve travel command 2	Input signal 1 Bit 1

<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode: Output signal>

ltem	PIO mode
Point number 1 travel complete	Output signal 1 Bit 0
Point number 2 travel complete	Output signal 1 Bit 1
Switch 1	Output signal 1 Bit 4
Switch 2	Output signal 1 Bit 5

■ Solenoid valve mode, single type





When turning the power on again, confirm that it is safe for the actuator to operate.

 When turning the power on again with the automatic home position return set to "Enables", the PLC mode is automatically entered. The actuator may start moving depending on the input state of the host device (PLC, etc.).

Travels between two points by turning one input signal OFF (level input) or ON (level input).

<Input signal>

General purpose input 1	Content	
Solenoid valve travel command	Content	
0	Begins traveling to point 1.	
1	Begins traveling to point 2.	

0: OFF (level input), 1: ON (level input), 1↑: ON (edge input)

<Output signal>

General purpose output 0	General purpose output 1	Contont	
Point 1 travel completion	Point 2 travel completion	Content	
1	0	Turns ON when it finishes traveling to point 1.	
0	1	Turns ON when it finishes traveling to point 2.	

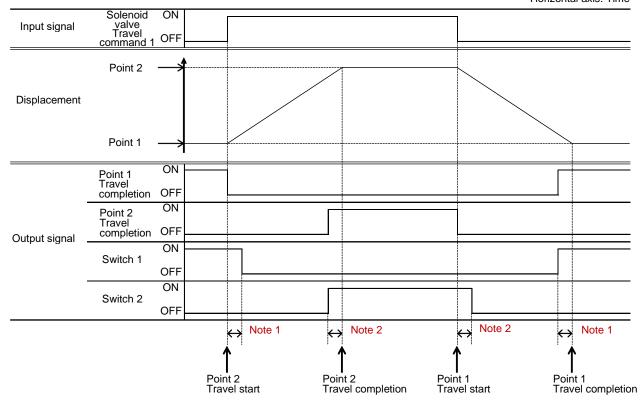
0: OFF, 1: ON

General purpose output 4	General purpose output 5	Content	
Switch 1	Switch 2		
1	0	Turns ON when entering the positioning completion width of point 1.	
0	1	Turns ON when entering the positioning completion width of point 2.	

0: OFF, 1: ON

<Time-chart>

Horizontal axis: Time



Note 1: The output of switch 1 turns ON according to the positioning width set in the point data. Note 2: The output of switch 2 turns ON according to the positioning width set in the point data.

<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode: Input signal>

ltem	PIO mode
Solenoid valve travel command	Input signal 1 Bit 1

<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode: Output signal>

ltem	PIO mode
Point number 1 travel complete	Output signal 1 Bit 0
Point number 2 travel complete	Output signal 1 Bit 1
Switch 1	Output signal 1 Bit 4
Switch 2	Output signal 1 Bit 5

■ Direct value operation

<Simple direct value mode>

1. Check the point data settings

Check that the point data for the point number to be specified by Input signal is set.

2. Set the position and point number

Set the point number in the Input signal and the position in the input data.

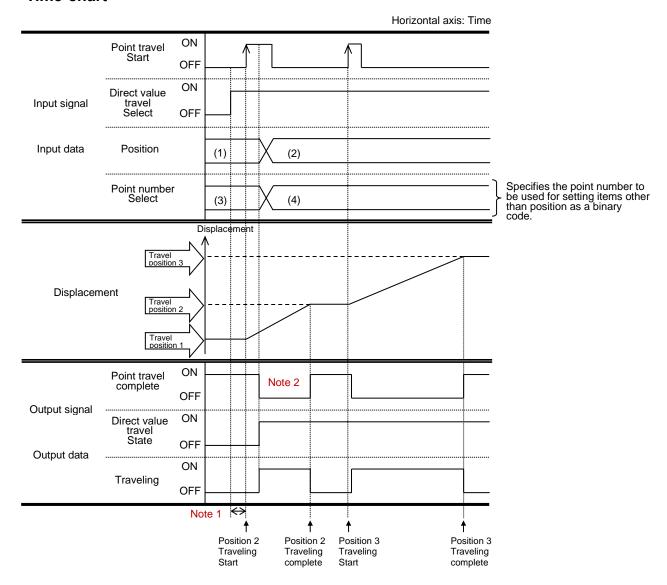
3. Set Direct value travel selection to ON

The order of steps 2 and 3 can be reversed.

4. Turn ON the point travel start bit

The position setting is reflected only in the operation when the point travel start bit is turned ON, and the position of the set point number is not updated.

<Time-chart>



Note 1: Leave an interval of at least 10 ms until the point travel start turns ON after setting of point number selection. Note 2: Even after the point travel start is turned on, the previous point travel completion remains on until the actuator actually starts traveling, so do not make a mistake. Also, both travel complete and traveling may be ON at the same time depending on the timing.

- ※ (1) indicates that the position data of travel position 2 is set, and (2) indicates that the position data of travel position 3 is set.
- ※ In the figure above, (3) indicates the point number for which the point data to be used for operation toward travel position 2 is set, and (4) indicates the point number for which the point data to be used for operation toward travel position 3 is set.. For (4), the settings of (3) can be left as they are if the point data other than position is the same as (3).
- When the point travel is completed, point number is not set and all the point number confirmation bits are turned OFF.
- ** The stop and pause operations are the same as the point operation. Refer to "3.7.10Operation When Stop Signal Is Input During Operation" for details.

<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode: Input signal, Input data>

Item	Simple direct value mode
Point number selection bit 0	Input signal 1 Bit 0
Point number selection bit 1	Input signal 1 Bit 1
Point number selection bit 2	Input signal 1 Bit 2
Point number selection bit 3	Input signal 1 Bit 3
Point number selection bit 4	Input signal 1 Bit 4
Point number selection bit 5	Input signal 1 Bit 5
Direct value travel selection	Input signal 2 Bit 15
Point travel start	Input signal 1 Bit 10
Stop	Input signal 1 Bit 14
Pause	Input signal 1 Bit 15
Position (0.01 mm) (0.01 deg)	Input data 1

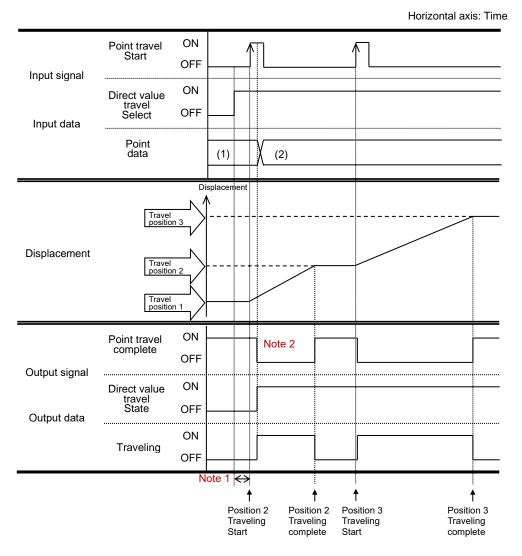
<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode Output signal/Output data>

Item	Simple direct value mode
Point number confirmation bit 0	Output signal 1 Bit 0
Point number confirmation bit 1	Output signal 1 Bit 1
Point number confirmation bit 2	Output signal 1 Bit 2
Point number confirmation bit 3	Output signal 1 Bit 3
Point number confirmation bit 4	Output signal 1 Bit 4
Point number confirmation bit 5	Output signal 1 Bit 5
Direct value travel status	Output signal 2 Bit 15
Point travel completion	Output signal 1 Bit 10
Traveling	Output signal 2 Bit 17
Position (0.01 mm) (0.01 deg)	Output data 1

<Full direct value mode>

After setting the position, speed, and other point data in the Input data, turn the travel start bit ON in the Input signal.

<Time-chart>



Note 1: Leave an interval of at least 10 ms before turning the point travel start ON after setting the point data.

Note 2: Even after the point travel start is turned on, the previous point travel completion remains on until the actuator actually starts traveling, so do not make a mistake. Also, both travel complete and traveling may be ON at the same time depending on the timing.

- ※ (1) indicates that the point data of travel position 2 is set, and (2) indicates that the point data of travel position 3 is set.
- * While the direct value travel selection is ON, the point number selection setting does not affect the travel.
- *When the travel is completed, point number is not set and all the point number confirmation bits are turned OFF.
- ** The stop and pause operations are the same as the point operation. Refer to "3.7.10Operation When Stop Signal Is Input During Operation" for details.

<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode: Input signal, Input data>

orginal accignment in certaing	each operation mode, input s
Item	Full direct value mode
Point number selection bit 0	Input signal 1 Bit 0
Point number selection bit 1	Input signal 1 Bit 1
Point number selection bit 2	Input signal 1 Bit 2
Point number selection bit 3	Input signal 1 Bit 3
Point number selection bit 4	Input signal 1 Bit 4
Point number selection bit 5	Input signal 1 Bit 5
Direct value travel selection	Input signal 2 Bit 15
Point travel start	Input signal 1 Bit 10
Stop	Input signal 1 Bit 14
Pause	Input signal 1 Bit 15
Position (0.01 mm) (deg)	Input data 1
Positioning width (0.01 mm) (0.01 deg)	Input data 2
Speed (mm/s) (deg/s)	Input data 3
Acceleration (0.01 G)	Input data 4
Deceleration (0.01 G)	Input data 5
Pressing rate (%)	Input data 6
Pressing speed (mm/s) (deg/s)	Input data 7
Pressing distance (0.01 mm) (0.01 deg)	Input data 8
Mode	
Operation method	
Position specification method	
Rotation direction	Input data 9
Acceleration/deceleration method	
Stop method	
Gain magnification (%)	Input data 10

<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode Output signal/Output data>

ltem	Full direct value mode
Point number confirmation bit 0	Output signal 1 Bit 0
Point number confirmation bit 1	Output signal 1 Bit 1
Point number confirmation bit 2	Output signal 1 Bit 2
Point number confirmation bit 3	Output signal 1 Bit 3
Point number confirmation bit 4	Output signal 1 Bit 4
Point number confirmation bit 5	Output signal 1 Bit 5
Direct value travel status	Output signal 2 Bit 15
Point travel completion	Output signal 1 Bit 10
Traveling	Output signal 2 Bit 17
Position (0.01 mm) (0.01 deg)	Output data 1

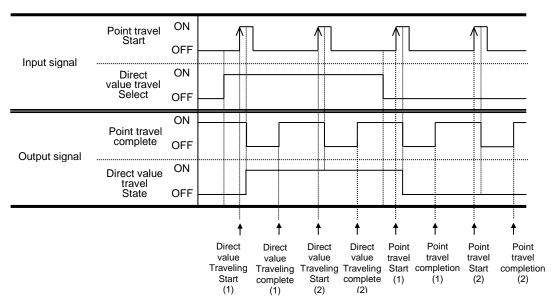
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<Direct value travel selection and direct travel status>

Turn ON the direct value travel selection. When the direct value travel starts, the direct value travel status is turned ON and stays ON until the point travel starts, as shown below. It remains ON even when the servo OFF.

<Time-chart>





<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode: Input signal>

Item	Simple direct value mode	Full direct value mode
Direct value travel selection	Input signal 2 Bit 15	Input signal 2 Bit 15
Point travel start	Input signal 1 Bit 10	Input signal 1 Bit 10

<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode: Output signal>

Item	Simple direct value mode	Full direct value mode
Direct value travel status	Output signal 2 Bit 15	Output signal 2 Bit 15
Point travel completion	Output signal 1 Bit 10	Output signal 1 Bit 10

3.7.7. Output Selection Signal

The signals of output selection 1 and output selection 2 of the parameter are output according to the signal assignment setting of PIO.

Point zone, zone 1, zone 2, traveling, or warning can be selected for the output selection.

<Output signal>

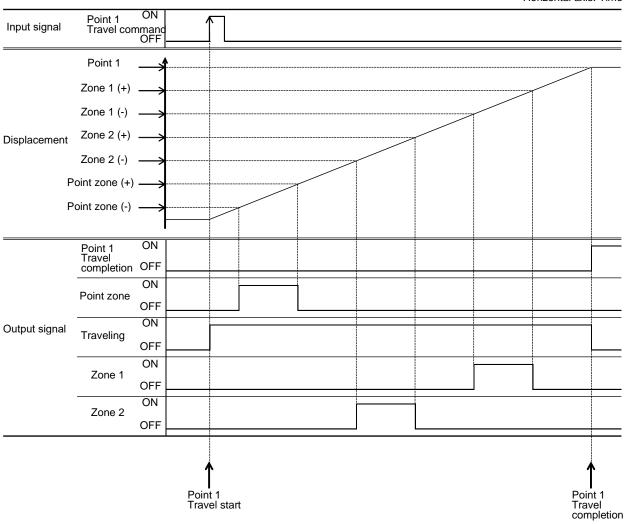
Output signal name	Content
Point zone	Turns ON when the current position is within the range of the point zone (+) and point zone (-) set in the point data. Refer to "3.6.14Point Zone Setting and Output Signal" for details.
Traveling	Turns ON while traveling (including during point traveling and traveling at the time of home position return).
Zone 1	Turns ON when the current position is within the range of the zone 1 (+) and zone 1 (-) set in the parameter. Refer to "3.5.3Zone Settings and Output Signals" for details.
Zone 2	Turns ON when the current position is within the range of the zone 2 (+) and zone 2 (-) set in the parameter. Refer to "3.5.3Zone Settings and Output Signals" for details.
Warning	Turns OFF when a slight abnormality that does not affect actuator operation is detected. Refer to "5.2.2Warning" for details.
Soft limit over Note 1	Turns ON when the current position is outside the range of soft limit (+) and soft limit (-) set in the parameter Refer to "3.5.2Setting Soft Limit and Soft Limit Over Signal Output" for details.
Soft limit over (-) Note 1	Turns ON when the current position is smaller than the soft limit (-) set in the parameter Refer to "3.5.2Setting Soft Limit and Soft Limit Over Signal Output" for details.
Soft limit over (+) Note 1	Turns ON when the current position is larger than the soft limit (+) set in the parameter Refer to "3.5.2Setting Soft Limit and Soft Limit Over Signal Output" for details.

Note 1: If the software version is old, soft limit over, soft limit over (-), and soft limit over (+) cannot be selected. For the correspondence of the version and controller specification, refer to "1.3.1 Version List".

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<Time-chart>

Horizontal axis: Time



3.7.8. Pressing Operation

You can select "Pressing operation 1" or "Pressing operation 2" as the operation method of the point data. After the transfer operation, the actuator operates at the set "pressing rate" or less in the pressing zone. Alarm is not output even if it stops due to contact with the workpiece.



• The pressing rate may vary depending on load conditions and operating

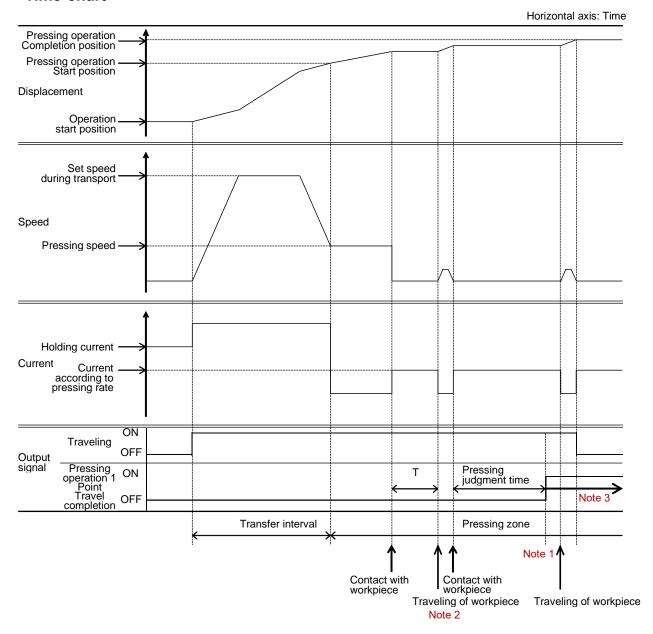
<Pre><Pressing operation settings>

Setting items	Content
Pressing rate	The upper limit of the pressing force in the pressing interval can be set in percentage to the maximum pressing force. Refer to "3.6.15Setting the Pressing Rate" for details.
Pressing speed	The speed of the pressing interval can be set. Refer to "3.6.16Setting the Pressing Speed" for details.
Pressing distance	The pressing zone from the start to the end of pressing can be set. Refer to "3.6.17Setting the Pressing Distance" for details.
Pressing judgment time	Set by pressing operation 1. The time until determining that pressing is complete in the pressing zone can be set. For details, refer to "Pressing judgment time" of "3.5.1Parameter List".

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■ Pressing operation 1

<Time-chart>

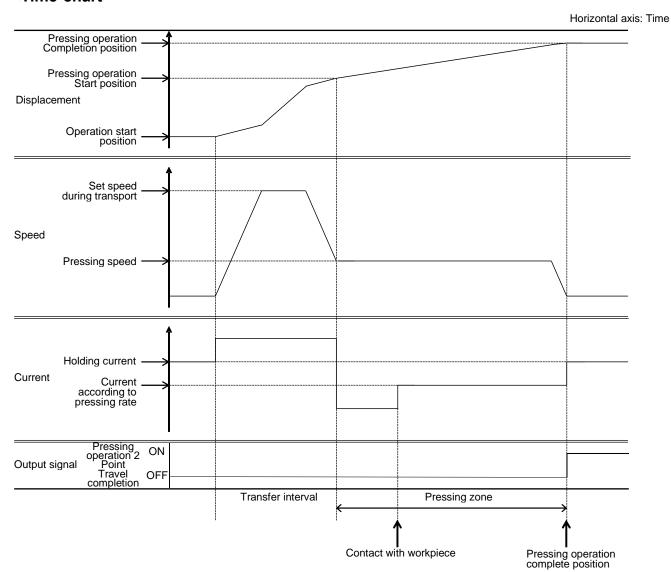


- Note 1: If current corresponding to "Pressing judgment time" continues to flow for the "Pressing judgment time" or longer, the point travel completion is output. However, the output during traveling does not turn off until the pressing operation completion position is reached.
- Note 2: If a displacement such as the workpiece moving occurs earlier than the pressing judgment time is reached during pressing, the above judgment time will be reset.

 (T < Pressing judgment time)
- Note 3: Even if the workpiece moves after the travel completion output, the point travel completion output continues to be ON.

■ Pressing operation 2

<Time-chart>



Note 1: When the pressing operation completion position is reached, the point travel completion is output. If the actuator stops halfway and does not reach the operation completion position, the point travel completion is not output.

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Note 1

3.7.9. Operation When a New Operation Signal Is Input During Operation

A CAUTION

Be careful of the operation signal input timing.

• Depending on settings such as position, speed, acceleration, etc., it may not operate as setting.



- If a new operation signal is input near the soft limit, an alarm of soft limit over may be output.
- If a new operation signal is input while acceleration/deceleration, an overload alarm may be output.

Be careful of the movement at new operation signal input.

• If a new operation signal is input, actuator decelerates temporarily.

When a new point operation signal is input during point operation, the following operations are performed.

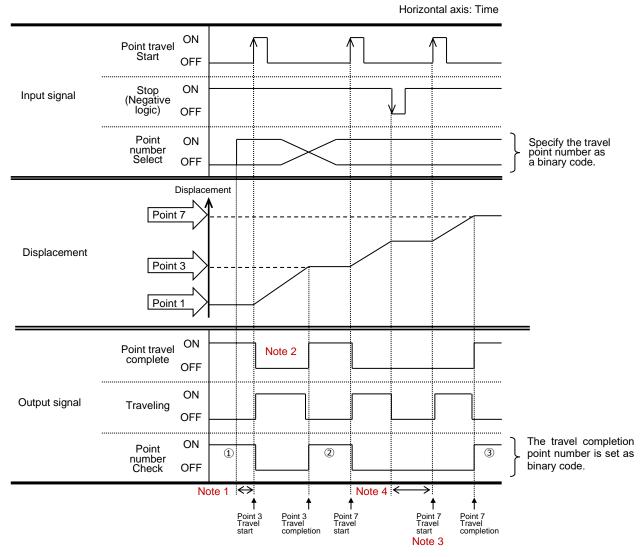
New point target position	Content
Same as current operation direction	Continues to operate to the target position at the speed set in the new point.
Opposite of current operation direction	After decelerating and stopping, it begins operation in the opposite direction.

3.7.10. Operation When Stop Signal Is Input During Operation

If a stop signal is input during operation, it will decelerate and then stop during operation. The point travel complete signal is not output.

■ When stop is designated during travel

<Time-chart>



Note 1: Leave an interval of at least 10 ms until the point travel start turns ON after setting of point number selection.

Note 2: Even after the point travel start is turned on, the previous point travel completion remains on until the actuator actually starts traveling, so do not make a mistake. Also, both travel complete and traveling may be ON at the same time depending on the timing.

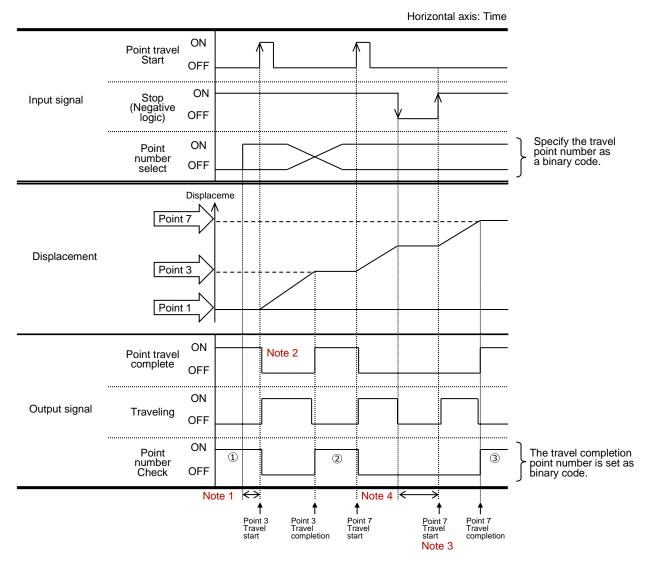
Note 3: Since "Stop" works on negative logic, the actuator becomes ready to move when the bit is turned ON. Turning ON the point travel start starts traveling.

Note 4: If it is stopped by "Stop," point travel complete is not turned ON.

**(1), (2) and (3) indicate that points 1, 3, and 7 are set for point number confirmation, respectively.

■ When pause is designated during travel

<Time-chart>



Note 1: Leave an interval of at least 10 ms until the point travel start turns ON after setting of point number selection. Note 2: Even after the point travel start is turned on, the previous point travel completion remains on until the actuator actually starts traveling, so do not make a mistake. Also, both travel complete and traveling may be ON at the same time depending on the timing.

Note 3: Since "Pause" works on negative logic, point travel is restarted when the bit is turned ON.

Note 4: If it is paused by "Pause," point travel complete is not turned ON.

 \times (1), (2) and (3) indicate that points 1, 3, and 7 are set for point number confirmation, respectively.

3.7.11. Holding Operation After Travel Completion

MARNING



When the actuator is mounted vertically, take measures against falling.

 When the workpiece is mounted in the vertical direction, a load larger than the actuator holding force may be applied due to vibration or impact of the device. Be sure to implement fall prevention measures.

If the "Stop method" of the point data is set to "Fixed excitation", it holds at the current value set in the "Fixed current when stopped" of the parameters after travel is complete. An alarm is generated when a load exceeding the holding force (100% of the fixed current when stopped) in the table below is applied during holding.

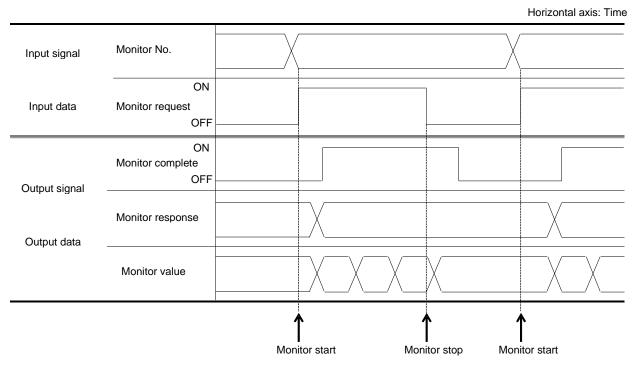
Actuator model number		Holding force		
Series	Body size	Screw lead	When using power supply	Unit
	04	06	9.2	
	04	12	3.3	
		02	18.3	
	0.5	05	10.0	
EBS	05	10	3.3	
		20	0.8	
	08	05	33.3	
		10	18.3	
		20	3.3	kg
	04	06	9.2	
	04	12	3.3	
		05	10.0	
EJSG	05	10	3.3	
		20	0.8	
		05	33.3	
	08	10	18.3	
		20	3.3	

A	ctuator model numb	per	Holding force	
Series	Body size	Screw lead	When using power supply	Unit
	04	06	8.3	
		12	2.9	
		02	23.3	
	05	05	14.0	
EBR	05	10	6.7	
		20	1.7	
		05	55.0	
	08	10	20.0	kg
		20	8.3	
	20	06	6.4	
GSSD2	20	09	4.0	
GSTK GSTG	32	06	11.6	
GSTS	32	12	4.8	
GSTL	50	06	19.6	
	50	12	13.2	
	16	H1		
FLSH	20	H1		
	25	H1		
	46	02	4.0	
	16	08	0.5	
El CD	20	02	6.0	le co
FLCR	20	08	0.8	- kg
	35	02	8.5	
	25	06	3.0	
	10			
FGRC	30			
	50			
	16	H1		
GCKW	20	H1		
	25	H1		

3.7.12. Monitor

After setting the monitor number, turn monitor request ON.

<Time-chart>



Monitor No. (hexadecimal)	Data output to monitoring value (decimal)
0x0001	Position (0.01 mm) (0.01 deg) -999999 to 999999
0x0002	Speed (mm/s) (deg/s) 0 to 9999
0x0003	Current (%) 0 to 100
0x0005	Alarm

<Simple direct value mode, Full direct value mode>

Monitor response				
Output signal 2 Bit 11	Output signal 2 Bit 10	Output signal 2 Bit 9	Output signal 2 Bit 8	Content
0	0	0	0	Normal
0	0	0	1	Monitor number error

The signal assignment in each operation mode used in this operation is as follows.

<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode: Input signal, Input data>

Item	Simple direct value mode	Full direct value mode
Monitor request	Input signal 2 Bit 12	Input signal 2 Bit 12
Monitor number 1	Input datal 4	Input datal 13
Monitor number 2	Input datal 5	Input datal 14
Monitor number 3	Input datal 6	-

<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode Output signal, Output data>

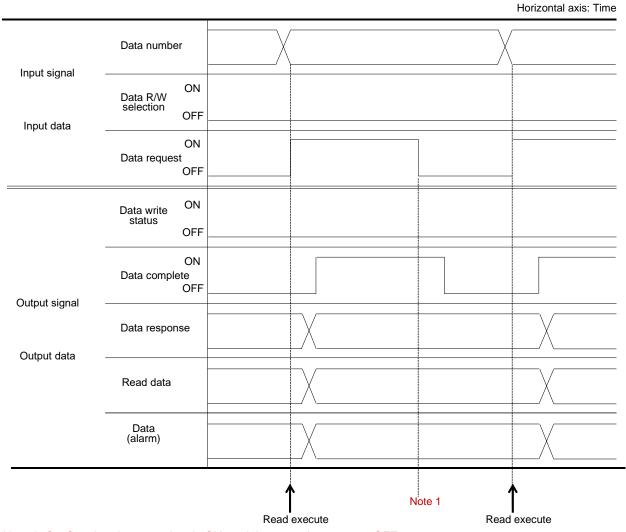
Item	Simple direct value mode	Full direct value mode	
Monitor response	Output signal 2 Bits 8 to 11 Note 1	Output signal 2 Bits 8 to 11 Note 1	
Monitor complete	Output signal 2 Bit 12	Output signal 2 Bit 12	
Monitor value 1	Output datal 4	Output datal 13	
Monitor value 2	Output datal 5	Output datal 14	
Monitor value 3	Output datal 6	-	

Note 1: The bit 8 side indicates the low-order bit, and the bit 11 side indicates the high-order bit.

3.7.13. Data Read

After setting the data number and data R/W selection, turn data request ON.

<Time-chart>



Note 1: Confirm that data complete is ON, and then turn data request OFF.



 Do not change ON/OFF of the data R/W selection or switch the PLC mode / TOOL mode from S-Tools while the data request is ON. Unintended data reading or data writing may be performed. The data response in each mode is as follows.

<PIO mode>

Data response	Content
0	Normal
1	Error

<Simple direct value mode, Full direct value mode>

Data response				
Output signal 2 Bit 3	Output signal 2 Bit 2	Output signal 2 Bit 1	Output signal 2 Bit 0	Content
0	0	0	0	Normal
0	0	1	0	Data number error

The signal assignment in each operation mode used in this operation is as follows.

<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode: Input signal, Input data>

Item	PIO mode	Simple direct value mode	Full direct value mode
Data request	Input signal 1 Bit 14	Input signal 2 Bit 4	Input signal 2 Bit 4
Data R/W selection	Input signal 1 Bit 15	Input signal 2 Bit 5	Input signal 2 Bit 5
Data number	Input datal 2	Input datal 2	Input datal 12

<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode Output signal, Output data>

Item	PIO mode	Simple direct value mode	Full direct value mode
Data response	Output signal 2 Bit 13	Output signal 2 Bit 0 to bit 3 Note 1	Output signal 2 Bit 0 to bit 3 Note 1
Data complete	Output signal 2 Bit 14	Output signal 2 Bit 4	Output signal 2 Bit 4
Data Write status	Output signal 2 Bit 15	Output signal 2 Bit 5	Output signal 2 Bit 5
Read data	Output datal 1	Output datal 2	Output datal 11
Data (alarm)	Output data 2 Note 2	Output data 3 Note 2	Output data 12 Note 2

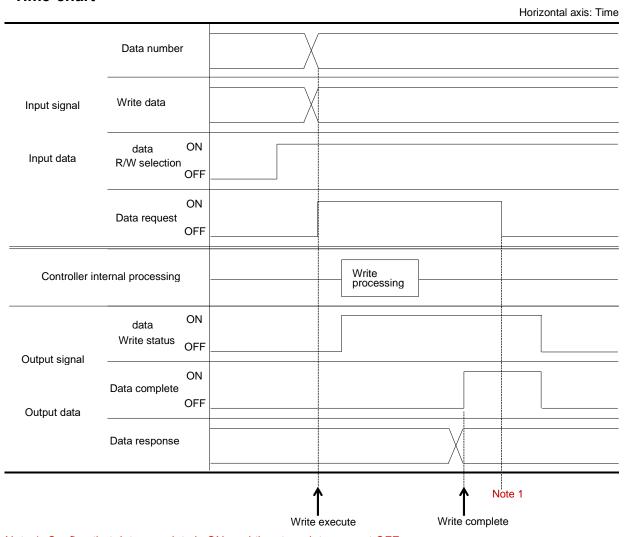
Note 1: The bit 0 side indicates the low-order bit, and the bit 3 side indicates the high-order bit.

Note 2: The time is set when alarm data detail is read.

3.7.14. Data Write

After setting the data number, write data, and data R/W selection, turn data request ON.

<Time-chart>



Note 1: Confirm that data complete is ON, and then turn data request OFF.



 Do not change ON/OFF of the data R/W selection or switch the PLC mode / TOOL mode from S-Tools while the data request is ON. Unintended data reading or data writing may be performed. The data response in each mode is as follows.

<PIO mode>

Data response	Content
0	Normal
1	Error

<Simple direct value mode, Full direct value mode>

	Data re				
Output signal 2 Bit 3	Output signal 2 Bit 2	Output signal 2 Bit 1	Output signal 2 Bit 0	Content	
0	0	0	0	Normal	
0	0	1	0	Data number error	
0	1	1	1	Write data over lower limit	
1	0	0	0	Write data over upper limit	

The signal assignment in each operation mode used in this operation is as follows.

<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode: Input signal, Input data>

Item	PIO mode	Simple direct value mode	Full direct value mode
Data request	Input signal 1 Bit 14	Input signal 2 Bit 4	Input signal 2 Bit 4
Data R/W selection	Input signal 1 Bit 15	Input signal 2 Bit 5	Input signal 2 Bit 5
Write data	Input datal 1	Input datal 2	Input datal 11
Data number	Input datal 2	Input datal 3	Input datal 12

<Signal assignment in setting each operation mode Output signal, Output data>

		•	<u> </u>
Item	PIO mode	Simple direct value mode	Full direct value mode
Data response	Output signal 2 Bit 13	Output signal 2 Bit 0 to bit 3 Note 1	Output signal 2 Bit 0 to bit 3 Note 1
Data complete	Output signal 2 Bit 14	Output signal 2 Bit 4	Output signal 2 Bit 4
Data Write status	Output signal 2 Bit 15	Output signal 2 Bit 5	Output signal 2 Bit 5

Note 1: The bit 0 side indicates the low-order bit, and the bit 3 side indicates the high-order bit.

4. MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

WARNING



Do not perform disassembly or modification of products that are not specified in this manual.

• An injury, accident, malfunction, or failure may occur; in addition, the specifications described in this manual may not be satisfied.

Do not attach or detach wiring or connectors while the power is turned on

• A malfunction, failure, or electric shock may occur.

Do not work with wet hands.

Doing so may cause electric shock.



Do not touch the heat sink and cement resistor inside the controller, and the actuator motor.

An electric shock or burns may occur.



Install the product before wiring.

An electric shock may occur.



After 5 minutes or more have passed since the power was turned off, check the voltage with a tester, etc., and then perform the inspection.

An electric shock may occur.

A CAUTION



During maintenance, inspection, and repair, call attention to the surroundings so that a third party does not accidentally turn on the power.



Wiring and inspections must be performed by specialists.

Use a power cable that can sufficiently tolerate the instantaneous maximum current.

A heat generation or damage may occur during operation.

Perform periodic inspections (two to three times a year) to confirm that the product operates properly.

Turn off the power immediately if abnormal heat, smoke, odor, sound, or vibration occurs in the product.

Damage to the product or fire may occur.

4.2. Precautions on Product Disposal

A CAUTION



When disposing of the product, comply with "laws pertaining to disposal of wastes and cleaning" and have an industrial waste disposal company dispose of the product.

5. TROUBLESHOOTING

5.1. Problems, Causes, and Solutions

If the product does not operate as intended, check according to the table below.

Problem	Cause	How to troubleshoot	References
	Wiring is not correct.	Check the power supply wiring.	"2.3.1Wiring to the
Servo lamp does	The cable is disconnected.	Check for cable sheath damage and disconnection. Check the connector and terminal.	Power Supply"
not light or blink even when the power is turned on.	Product has failure or is damaged.	It requires repair.	"5.1.1Items to Check When Trouble Occurs"
	Power supply has failure.	Repair or replace the power supply.	-
	Power capacity is insufficient.	Use a power supply with large capacity.	"2.3.1Wiring to the Power Supply"
The alarm lamn	Alarm has been issued.	Check the alarm code and remove the cause.	"5.2.1Alarm"
The alarm lamp remains lit in red.	There is an abnormality in system.	It requires repair.	"5.1.1Items to Check When Trouble Occurs"
	It is in emergency stop state.	Release the emergency stop.	"3.7.1Emergency Stop and Release"
	A voltage is applied to the force brake release signal.	Ensure that a 24 V voltage is not applied to the force brake release signal during operation.	"3.7.2Force "
No signal of ready for operation is output.	The servo is OFF.	Input the servo ON signal from the PLC.	"3.4.4Process Data", "3.4.5 Cyclic Data Details for PIO Mode", or "3.7.3Servo ON / OFF Operation"
	The stop signal is OFF.	Turn ON the stop signal.	"3.4.4Process Data" or "3.4.5 Cyclic Data Details for PIO Mode"
	Wiring is not correct.	Check the wiring to the PLC.	-
Product does not operate as intended with	Input signal is unstable.	The input signal from the host equipment may be chattering. Ensure the input signal is at least 20 msec.	-
PLC signal.	It stops during operation.	The transfer load may be too large. Recheck the specifications.	Catalogs and instruction manuals for each actuator

Problem	Cause	How to troubleshoot	References
	The position setting is incorrect.	Check the "Point" in the point data.	"3.6.5Setting the Position"
	The speed setting is incorrect.	Check the "Speed" in the point data.	"3.6.7Setting the Speed"
	The acceleration setting is incorrect.	Check the "Acceleration" in the point data.	"3.6.8Setting the Acceleration"
	The setting of pressing rate is incorrect.	Check the "Pressing rate" in the point data.	"3.6.15Setting the Pressing Rate"
Product does not	Setting of operation mode is incorrect.	Check the "Operation mode" details in the parameters.	"Sets the operation mode (PIO)" in "3.5.1Parameter List"
operate as intended with	Wiring is not correct.	Check the wiring.	-
PLC signal.	Friction load is too large.	Check the friction load during transport. Confirm that it is not seizing with the workpiece.	-
	It is colliding with the workpiece. Check the assembly and setting status.		-
	Internal resistance of product has increased.	Check the environment conditions and the conditions of use. Check the usage period (operating distance).	"5.2.2Warning"
	Actuator body is damaged.	It requires repair.	"5.1.1Items to Check When Trouble Occurs"
Product itself	Connection to actuator is loose.	Tighten the bolts.	Catalogs and instruction manuals for each actuator
vibrates.		Perform gain adjustment.	"3.5.4Adjusting the Gains"
	It is in TOOL mode.	Use S-Tools to change it to PLC mode.	SM-A11147
	Wiring is not correct.	Check the wiring.	-
The product cannot be operated with	The cable is disconnected.	Check for cable sheath damage, disconnection, connectors and terminals.	-
PLC.	Overload error occurs.	Check the transport load. Check the speed.	Catalogs and instruction manuals for each actuator
	Power capacity is insufficient.	Confirm that the power capacity satisfies the required voltage and current.	"2.3.1Wiring to the Power Supply"

Problem	Cause	How to t	roubleshoot	References
	It is servo OFF	Designed to be brakeless	Use a type with brake.	Catalogs and instruction manuals for each actuator
Workpiece moves due to its own weight during an emergency stop.	state at emergency stop.	Brake is forcibly released.	Turn off the forced release of the brake.	"3.7.2Force "
	Load exceeding holding force is	Confirm that an equal to or high force is not beir	er than the holding	"3.7.11Holding Operation After Travel Completion"
	applied.		ng of the "Fixed in the parameter	"Fixed current at stop" of "3.5.1Parameter List"
Positioning completion output does not turn off.	The positioning width is too large for the travel distance.	Check the "Pos the point data.	itioning width" in	"3.6.6Setting the Positioning Width"
Pressing operation cannot be performed.	Operation method is not set to pressing operation.	Check the "Ope the point data.	eration method" in	"3.6.4Selecting the Operation Method"
The maximum speed is not	The load or speed is excessive.	' I SDECITICATION VALUES.		Catalogs and instruction manuals for each actuator
achieved.	is excessive.	Perform gain ac	djustment.	"3.5.4Adjusting the Gains"
The speed is very	Operation method is set to pressing	Check the "Operation method" in the point data.		"3.6.4Selecting the Operation Method"
slow.	operation instead of positioning operation.	Perform gain adjustment.		"3.5.4Adjusting the Gains"
The actuator is making abnormal sound.	It is resonating.	Perform gain ad	djustment.	"3.5.4Adjusting the Gains"
	Both transfer	Confirm that the and operation s specification va		Catalogs and instruction manuals for each actuator
Overshoot occurs.	weight and amount of deceleration are large.	Reduce the "Deceleration" in the point data.		"3.6.9Setting the Deceleration"
	largor	Perform gain adjustment.		"3.5.4Adjusting the Gains"
	_	Check the MPI and MPO connections on the power connector.		"2.3.1Wiring to the Power Supply"
	The servo does not turn ON.	Check the emergency stop release status.		"2.3.1Wiring to the Power Supply"
The actuator does not work.		Check whether a voltage is applied to the force brake release.		"2.3.1Wiring to the Power Supply"
	With FGRC series, the point travel complete signal is output immediately after operation.	In the FGRC series, set "Position" at least 0.05 deg away.		"3.6.5Setting the Position"
It cannot reach	Setting of acceleration or	Check the "Acc point data.	eleration" in the	"3.6.8Setting the Acceleration"
target takt time.	speed is not correct.	Check the "Spe data.	ed" in the point	"3.6.7Setting the Speed"

If you have any other questions or concerns, contact your nearest CKD sales office or distributor.

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5.1.1. Items to Check When Trouble Occurs

Item		What to check				
	Che	eck the light stat	us on the controller			
Controller		Communi	cation status	SV	ALM	
		When the con	trol power is	Off		
		At normal	At servo ON	Lit green	Off	
		operation	At servo OFF	Blinking green (lit once per second)		
		At alarm	At occurrence of non- cancelable alarm	Blinking green (After lighting off for 2 seconds, light on once	Lit red	
		occurrence	At occurrence of cancelable alarm	every 1 second n times, and then repeat) -> Alarm 0xn□□□ occurs	Blinking red (lit once per second)	
		At	At servo ON	Lit green	Blinking red	
	occurrence of warning		At servo OFF	Blinking green (lit once per second)	(lit once per 2 seconds)	
PLC	Che	eck whether ther	e is an error on the	PLC.		
Alarm	Use	e S-Tools to che	ck the alarm inform	ation.		
Actuator information			G-B series, check tall with the connecte	hat the actuator information d actuator.	written in the	
PLC communica tion		e PLC developm erCAT.	ent tools or S-Tools	s to check the communication	on status of	
Cable connection check	she Bef	eath".	continuity, be sure	ed properly without "disconrector to turn off the power and re	_	
Control power supply	Che	Check the voltage of the control power supply (24 VDC).				
Anti-noise measure		Check that measures (such as connecting ground wire and attaching a surge protector) have been taken against noise.				
Situation check		eck the history le trouble occurred		uble occurring and the opera	ation condition whe	en
Serial number		eck the product's uiry.	serial No. It may b	e requested for confirmation	n when you make	an

^{**} Check the cause of the problem according to the above items. See also "5.1Problems, Causes, and Solutions" or "5.2Alarm Indications and Countermeasures" as a solution.

5.2. Alarm Indications and Countermeasures

5.2.1. Alarm

A CAUTION

When an alarm occurs, eliminate the cause of the alarm.

 Repeated operation under the condition that an alarm is generated may impose a load on the actuator and controller, and may accelerate degradation of the product or cause damage.



Consider the possibility of actuator or controller failure.

 If there is an alarm that affects the operation of the actuator, such as "overload (C)", failure of the actuator or controller may have occurred. If the alarm recurs even after performing the preventive measures listed in the table below and turning the controller power cycling, contact your nearest CKD sales office or distributor.

An alarm is output from the controller when an abnormality affecting actuator operation is detected.

Check the alarm code, alarm items, contents, cause, and countermeasures. As a tip for countermeasures, the reference is described.

After taking corrective action, confirm that there is no problem before releasing the alarm.



 There are two alarm release methods depending on the degree of abnormality.

Cancelable alarm: The alarm can be released by resetting the alarm from the host device (PLC, etc.) or S-Tools operation.

Non-cancelable alarm: The alarm can be released by turning on the power again.

Alarm code	Alarm item	Problem	Cause/Solution	References	Release method
			"0x1300 to 0x13FF" indicates that there is an error in the parameter data. Initialize the parameters.		
			"0x1500 to 0x15FF" indicates that there is an error in the point data. Initialize the point data.		
			"0x1700 to 0x170F" indicates that there is an error in the alarm data. Initialize the alarm data.		
0x1000 to	Memory	An error has been detected in reading data from memory at power-on.	"0x1800 to 0x180F" indicates that there is an error in the maintenance data. Initialize the maintenance data.	SM-A11147	Power on again
0x1FFF	(Read)		"0x1B00 to 0x1B0F" indicates that there is an error in the actuator information of ECG-A. Overwrite the information of the actuator connected last time with the information of the actuator being connected.		
			"0x1B10 to 0x1B1F" indicates that there is an error in the actuator information of ECG-B. Initialize or overwrite the actuator information.		
			Other codes indicate that there is an error in the internal data.	-	
0x2000 to 0x2FFF	Memory (Write)	An error has been detected in writing data into memory when changing data.	-	-	Power on again
0x3000 to 0x30FF	Temperature	The temperature in the controller is high.	Turn off the power and eliminate the cause of high temperature rise.	-	Power on again

Alarm code	Alarm item	Problem	Cause/Solution	References	Release method
0x3100 to 0x31FF	Current	An overcurrent has flown into the motor.	-	-	Power on again
0x3200 to 0x320F	Encoder not connected	There is an error in the connection status between the controller and actuator.	Check the cable connection status. Check the connection status of the connector.	-	Power on again
0x3210 to 0x321F	Encoder for other models connected	An encoder that the controller does not support is connected.	Make sure that it is a supported actuator.	-	Power on again
0x3220 to 0x322F	Encoder identification error	There is an abnormality in the identification of the encoder type (incremental/abso lute).	Make sure that it is a supported actuator.	-	Power on again
0x3230 to 0x32FF	Encoder not connected	There is an error in the connection status between the controller and actuator.	Check the cable connection status. Check the connection status of the connector.	-	Power on again
0x3400 to 0x342F	Encoder not connected	There is an error in the connection status between the controller and actuator.	Check the cable connection status. Check the connection status of the connector.	-	Power on again
0x3800 to 0x38FF	TOOL not connected	There is an error in the connector connection status while using in TOOL mode.	Check the USB cable connection status. Check the USB connector connection status. If the connector is disconnected, set to PLC mode after connecting the connector.	"2.3.3 Wiring With S-Tools"	Alarm Reset
0x3900 to 0x39FF	Interface	There is an error with the interface.	-	-	Power on again
0x3A00 to 0x3A0F	Actuator model number error	When the power is turned on, the model number of the actuator that was connected last time and the actuator that is connected are different.	Reconnect the previously connected actuator. Overwrite the information of the actuator connected last time with the information of the actuator being connected.	"Model information " of SM- A11147	Power on again
0x3A10 to 0x3A1F	Actuator information not set	It indicates that actuator information is not set in the controller when the power is turned on in ECG-B series.	Set the actuator information.	"Actuator setting" of "3.1Setting Actuator Information " or SM- A11147	Power on again

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Alarm code	Alarm item	Problem	Cause/Solution	References	Release method
0x3A20 to 0x3A2F	Changing actuator information	The power is not turned on again after the actuator information is changed in ECG-B series.	This alarm occurs when the actuator information is changed and the power is not turned on again.	"Actuator setting" of "3.1Setting Actuator Information" or SM- A11147	Power on again
0x4000 to	Parameter	There is an error	Review the setting of the parameter "Home position speed".	"Home position return speed" in "3.5.1Param eter List"	Alarm
0x40FF	data	in the parameter.	Review the setting of the parameter "Home position offset amount".	"Home position offset amount" in "3.5.1Param eter List"	Reset
0x4100 to 0x41FF	Point data (position)	When the point travel command is input, there is an error in the point data of that point number.	The operation completion position exceeds the range of the soft limit, or in FGRC series, the operation completion position is 360 deg or more. Review the "Position" and "Pressing distance" settings of the point data.	"3.6.5Setting the Position" or "3.6.17Settin g the Pressing Distance"	Alarm Reset
			For "0x4212", review the "Speed" setting of the point data.	"3.6.7Setting the Speed"	
0x4200 to	Point data	When the point travel command is input, there is an	For "0x4222", review the "Acceleration" setting of the point data.	"3.6.8Setting the Acceleration"	Alarm
0x42FF	(Speed)	error in the point data of that point number.	For "0x4232", review the "Deceleration" setting of the point data.	"3.6.9Setting the Deceleration"	Reset
			For "0x4202", review the "Pressing speed" setting of the point data.	"3.6.16Setting the Pressing Speed"	
0x4300 to 0x43FF	Point data (pressing)	When the point travel command is input, there is an error in the point data of that point number.	Review the "Pressing rate" setting of the point data.	"3.6.15Settin g the Pressing Rate"	Alarm Reset
0x4400	IO-Link	There is an error in data setting or	Reconfigure the data.	-	Power
to 0x440F	data abnormality	IO-Link backup data.	Reconfigure the data storage function.	"Data storage function" of SM-A40831	on again
0x6000 to 0x60FF	Servo ON	There is an error in the encoder data signal for the motor excitation at the time of the servo ON after power-on again.	Check the encoder cable connection status. Check the motor cable connection status. Check the connection status of the connector. Check whether any external force is applied to the actuator.	-	Alarm Reset

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Alarm code	Alarm item	Problem	Cause/Solution	Referenc es	Release method
0x6200 to 0x62FF	Home position return	The home position cannot be detected even after traveling a distance longer than the stroke of the actuator when returning to the home position.	Check the encoder cable connection status. Check the connection status of the connector.	-	Alarm Reset
0x6400 to 0x64FF	Soft limit over	The current position is outside the range of the soft limit during the point travel.	If it occurs due to an overshoot when positioning close to the soft limit, check the load conditions. If it occurs by inputting a point travel command outside the soft limit range, check the safety and move the actuator within the soft limit range by moving it by hand.		Alarm Reset
			Check the "Soft limit" setting of the parameter.	"3.5.2Setti ng Soft Limit"	iti
0x6500 to 0x65FF	Overload (M)	Cannot travel.	Occurs when the actuator cannot move for a certain period of time while it is operating except during the pressing operation, or when it is pushed back in the direction opposite to the operating direction. Check the load and operating conditions. Check that if there are things within the movable range that prevent operation.	-	Alarm Reset
			Review the gain value.	"3.5.4Adju sting the Gains"	
0x6600 to 0x66FF	Overload (P)	When pressing, it was pushed back to the pressing start point by an	Occurs when the moving part is pushed back to the pressing start position during pressing operation. Check the load and operating conditions.	-	Alarm Reset
CASSI I	external force or the like.	Review the gain value.	"3.5.4Adju sting the Gains"		
0x6700 to 0x67FF	Overload (S)	Cannot stop.	Occurs when the actuator cannot be stopped within a certain period of time during the stop operation. Check the load and operating conditions.	-	Alarm Reset

Alarm code	Alarm item	Problem	Cause/Solution	References	Release method
0x6800	Overload	Misalignment occurred when	Occurs when the actuator is stopped and the position deviates more than a certain amount. Check the load and operating conditions.	-	Alarm
0x68FF (H)	(H)	stopping.		"Fixed current at stop" of "3.5.1Para meter List"	Reset
0x6900 to 0x69FF	Overload (C)	An overcurrent has flown into the motor.	Occurs when the motor current more than the standard value flows for a certain period of time or longer. Check the load and operating conditions.	-	Alarm Reset
0x6A00 to 0x6AFF	Overload (D)	There is an error in the position control.	Occurs when the position on the control command deviates from the current position by a certain amount or more during actuator operation other than the pressing operation. Check the load and operating conditions.	-	Alarm Reset
0x6B00 to 0x6BFF	Overload (T)	Excessive torque output has continued.	Occurs when a load exceeding the standard value is applied for a certain period of time or longer during actuator operation other than the pressing operation. Check the load and operating conditions.	-	Alarm Reset
0x6C00 to 0x6CFF	Home position return (C)	Excessive load is detected during home position return in FGRC series.	Check that there are no workpieces to collide with within the range of the home position return operation.	"3.7.5Home Position Return Operation"	Alarm Reset
0x7000 to 0x7FFF	Memory (Initialize)	An error has been detected during initializing memory data when changing data.	-	-	Power on again

* If the error reoccurs even after power cycling, contact your nearest CKD sales office or distributor.



 When an alarm occurs, the actuator is in the servo OFF state. In the case of an actuator with a brake, the brake is activated and the holding torque is applied. In the case of an actuator without a brake, the actuator is in the dynamic brake state, but in the state without holding torque.

5.2.2. WarningA warning is output when a slight abnormality that does not affect the actuator operation is detected. It can be cleared by changing the setting such as threshold. Warnings are information that informs the timing of actuator maintenance. It does not directly affect the operation.

Alarm code	Alarm item	Problem	Cause/Solution	References
0×0201	Maintenance data (Running distance)	The integrated running distance of the actuator has exceeded the threshold.	The integrated running distance has exceeded the parameter setting threshold. After performing maintenance, reconfigure the threshold. The warning is cleared when the threshold exceeds the integrated running distance.	"Threshold value for integrated running distance (Actuator)" of "3.5.1Parameter List" or "Maintenance information" of SM-A11147
0×0211	Maintenance data (Number of travels)	The integrated number of actuator travels has exceeded the threshold.	The integrated number of travels has exceeded the parameter setting threshold. After performing maintenance, reconfigure the threshold. The warning is cleared when the threshold exceeds the integrated number of travels.	"Threshold value for integrated number of travel times (Actuator)" of "3.5.1Parameter List" or "Maintenance information" of SM-A11147
0×0221	Maintenance data (Operating time)	The integrated operating time of the actuator has exceeded the threshold.	The integrated operating time has exceeded the parameter setting threshold. After performing maintenance, reconfigure the threshold. The warning is cleared when the threshold exceeds the integrated operating time.	"Threshold value for integrated operating time (Motor)" of "3.5.1Parameter List" or "Maintenance information" of SM-A11147
0×0401	Power supply voltage drop	The power supply voltage has dropped below a certain value.	The power supply voltage detected by the controller is less than 21.6 V while the power supply is ON. Adjust the power supply voltage. The warning is cleared when the motor power supply voltage detected by the controller is 21.6 V or more.	"2.3.1Wiring to the Power Supply"

6. STANDARD COMPLIANCE

■ European standards compliance

Products with the CE mark conform to European standards.

This product is intended to be incorporated into the customer equipment and use as a part of equipment. The CE marking affixed to the product itself indicates that CKD has declared conformity to the EMC Directive under our limited conditions. If the customer equipment incorporating this product is to be shipped to or used in the European Economic Area as a final product, it is the responsibility of the customer to confirm compliance with the EU Directives.

■ PRODUCT COMPLIANCE

Products with the UL mark conform to UL standards.

To use the product as a product conforming to the UL/cUL standards, refer to this chapter and follow the instructions.

If the customer equipment incorporating this product is to be shipped to or used in the US/Canada as a final product, it is the responsibility of the customer to confirm compliance with the UL standards.

6.1. EU Directives/European Standards

• EMC Directive: 2014/30/EU

EN 61000-6-2:2005

EN 55011:2016 +A1:2017 +A11:2020

(Group1 Class A)

RoHS Directive: 2011/65/EU and (EU)2015/863

EN 50581:2012

• This product is Group 1, Class A product that complies with EN 55011. Group 1 means that radio frequency energy is not intentionally generated and used in the form of electromagnetic radiation, induction, or capacitive coupling for the purpose of processing, inspecting, or analyzing materials, or for the transmission of electromagnetic energy.

Class A means that the product is suitable for use in all locations except facilities that are directly connected to a low-voltage power distribution network that feeds residential environments and residential buildings.



6.2. Precautions for Use in Europe (EU member states)

6.2.1. Suitable Actuator

Combinations of controller model numbers and suitable actuators are listed below.

Controller model number	Suitable actuator	
ECG-A Series	EBS-G Series, EJSG Series, EBR-G Series, GSSD2 Series, GSTK Series, GSTG Series, GSTS Series, GSTL Series	
ECG-B Series	FLSH-G Series, FLCR-G Series, FGRC-G Series, GCKW Series	

6.2.2. Working Environment

When using, storing or transporting the product, check the following environmental temperature and atmosphere.

Condition	Temperature	Humidity	
During use	0 to 40°C (no freezing)	35 to 80% RH (no condensation)	
During storage	-10 to 50°C (no freezing)	35 to 80% RH (no condensation)	
During transport	-10 to 50°C (no freezing)	35 to 80% RH (no condensation)	

6.2.3. System Structure

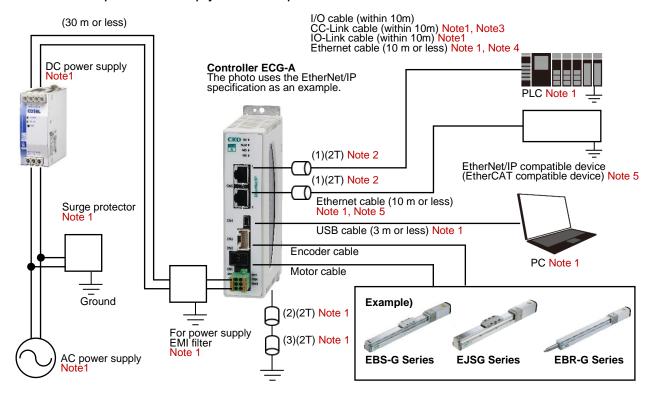
- This product is not intended for use in residential areas. It may also not be able to provide sufficient protection for wireless receivers in the same environment.
- If this product is used in a residential environment, it may interfere with other equipment.



- Do not use this product in a residential environment unless you take measures to reduce electromagnetic interference so as not to interfere with radio and television reception status.
- Surge protector and noise filters should be installed near the input device and wired at the shortest possible distance.
- The ferrite core must be installed close to the equipment or ground point.

■ Example of EMC measure installation (ECG-A Series)

The following figure shows how to install this product (ECG-A Series) in compliance with European standards. A surge protector, EMI filter for power supply, and ferrite cores are required to comply with European standards.

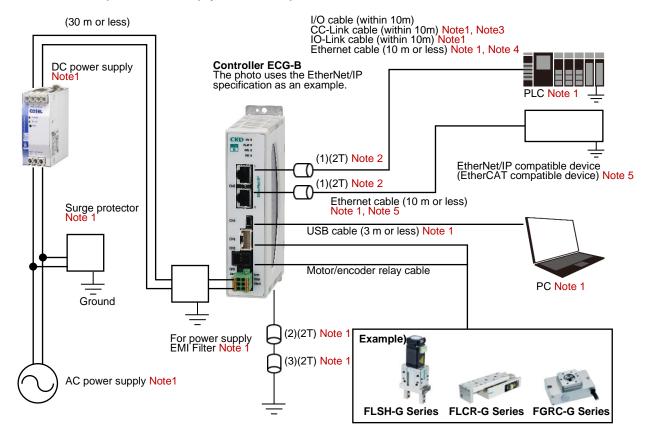


- Note 1: Peripheral equipment and cables are customer-supplied. However, the motor cable, encoder cable and I/O cable are dedicated cables. Please buy them from us.
- Note 2: The ferrite cores can only be installed for CC-Link specification, EtherCAT specification, and EtherNet/IP specification, and are provided by the customer.
- Note 3: The shield of the CC-Link cable is grounded at both ends.
- Note 4: The shield of the Ethernet cable is grounded at one end (PLC side only).
- Note 5: Connect only for EtherNet/IP and EtherCAT specifications. Connect the relevant network devices.

Part used	Model	Manufacturer	
	RSPD-250-Q4	Okaya Electric Industries Co.,	
Curae protector	RSPD-250-U4	Ltd.	
Surge protector	LT-CS32G801WS	Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.	
	LT-C32G801WS		
EMI filter for power supply	AX-NSF-NF2015A-OD	Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.	
Ferrite core (1)	E04SR401938		
Ferrite core (2)	E04SR301334	Seiwa Electric MFG Co., Ltd.	
Ferrite core (3)	E04RMX251512		

■ Example of EMC measure installation (ECG-B Series)

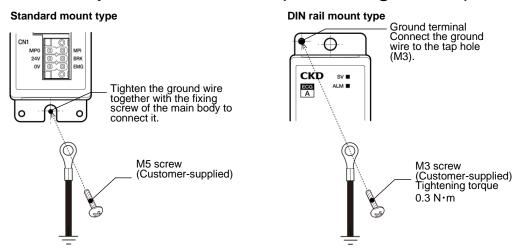
The following figure shows how to install this product (ECG-B Series) in compliance with European standards. A surge protector, EMI filter for power supply, and ferrite cores are required to comply with European standards.



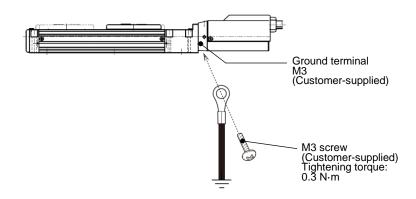
- Note 1: Peripheral equipment and cables are customer-supplied. However, the motor and encoder relay cable and I/O cable are dedicated cables. Please buy them from us.
- Note 2: The ferrite cores can only be installed for CC-Link specification, EtherCAT specification, and EtherNet/IP specification, and are provided by the customer.
- Note 3: The shield of the CC-Link cable is grounded at both ends.
- Note 4: The shield of the Ethernet cable is grounded at one end (PLC side only).
- Note 5: Connect only for EtherNet/IP and EtherCAT specifications. Connect the relevant network devices.

Part used	Model	Manufacturer	
	RSPD-250-Q4	Okova Flactria Industrias Co. Ltd.	
Surge protector	RSPD-250-U4	Okaya Electric Industries Co., Ltd.	
Surge protector	LT-CS32G801WS	Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.	
	LT-C32G801WS		
EMI filter for power supply	AX-NSF-NF2015A-OD	Soshin Electric Co., Ltd.	
Ferrite core (1)	E04SR401938		
Ferrite core (2)	E04SR301334	Seiwa Electric MFG Co., Ltd.	
Ferrite core (3)	E04RMX251512		

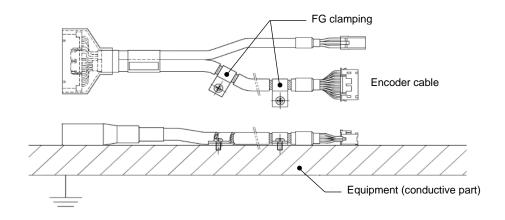
■ Example of EMC measure (controller grounded)



■ Example of EMC measure (actuator grounded)



■ Example of EMC measure (motor and encoder relay cable grounded)



■ Example of EMC measure (ethernet cable shield grounded)

Clamp the PLC side of the Ethernet cable to the frame ground in the same way as grounding the motor and encoder relay cable.

■ Example of EMC measure (CC-Link cable shield grounded)

Connect the shield wire of the CC-Link cable (PLC side) to the SLD terminal of PLC. Connect the ground wire to the frame ground terminal of the CC-Link communication connector.

Refer to the CC-Link installation manual for details.

6.3. UL Standards

Controller model number	ECG-A Series ECG-B Series	
File No.	E325064	
Vol No.	Volume3	
Sec No.	Section 1	
	NMMS2	
CCN	(Power Conversion Equipment-Component)	
l	NMMS8	
	(Power Conversion Equipment Certified for Canada-Component)	
Authentication level Recognized Component Marking		
Sofoty otondords	UL61800-5-1 (US authentication)	
Safety standards	CSA C22.2 No. 274 (Canada authentication)	

6.4. Precautions in Compliance With UL Standards

6.4.1. Installation location/Installation Environment

When using the product, check that it comply with the following environment.

Item	Value
Maximum ambient temperature	40°C
Pollution degree	2
Overvoltage category	П

^{We use in an environment that is equal to Class 2 pollution degree or cleaner than Class 2 pollution degree. When using in a pollution degree of Class 3, a controller must be installed in a control panel with a structure (IP54) that prevents water, oil, carbon, metal dust, dust, etc. from entering.}

6.4.2. Degree of Protection

It has a solid-state motor overload protection function. Overload protection operates at up to 150% of FLA.

% FLA (Full Load Ampere): Rating output current

6.4.3. External Power Supply

This product is intended for use with the power supply listed in the table below in compliance with UL standards.

Model	Rating (Output voltage, output current)	Manufacturer	
S8VK-S48024	24V、20A	OMRON Corporation	
S8VK-S24024	24V、10A		

6.4.4. Over Temperature Protection

There is no motor over temperature protection function specified in UL61800-5-1. If the motor overheating protection function is required as the entire equipment, take measures such as detecting the motor over temperature.

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7. WARRANTY PROVISIONS

7.1. Warranty Conditions

■ Warranty coverage

If the product specified herein fails for reasons attributable to CKD within the warranty period specified below, CKD will promptly provide a replacement for the faulty product or a part thereof free of charge or repair the faulty product at one of CKD's facilities free of charge.

However, the following failures are excluded from this warranty:

- Failure caused by handling or use of the product under conditions and in environments that deviate from those stated in the catalog, the Specifications, or this Instruction Manual.
- Failure because durability (number of times, distance, time, etc.) has been exceeded, and failures related to expendable parts.
- Failure not caused by the product.
- Failures caused by use not intended for the product
- Failures caused by an alteration or repair that CKD is not involved
- Failures caused by reasons unforeseen at the level of technology available at the time of delivery
- Failure caused by acts of nature and disasters beyond control of CKD. The warranty stated herein covers only the delivered product itself. Any loss or damage induced by failure of the delivered product is excluded from this warranty.

■ Confirmation of product compatibility

It is the responsibility of the customer to confirm compatibility of the product with any system, machinery, or device used by the customer.

Others

These terms and conditions of warranty set out the basics. When the terms and conditions of the warranty described in individual specification drawings or the Specifications are different from those of this warranty, the specification drawings or the Specifications shall have a higher priority.

Warranty period

The product is warranted for one (1) year from the date of delivery to the location specified by the customer.

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8. REFERENCE INFORMATION

8.1. Specifications

8.1.1. Basic Specifications

The basic specifications of ECG-A series and ECG-B series (EtherCAT specifications) are as follows.

Item	Content	
Controller	ECG-A series	ECG-B series
	EBS-G Series	
	EJSG Series	
	EBR-G Series	FLSH-G Series
Applicable actuators	GSSD2 Series	FLCR-G Series
	GSTK Series	FGRC-G Series
	GSTG Series	GCKW Series
	GSTS Series	
	GSTL Series	
Setting software	S-Tools	
Operation mode (PIO) Note 1	64-point mode, simple 7-point mode, solenoid valve mode double 2 position type, solenoid valve mode double 3 position type, solenoid valve mode single type	
Operation mode (EtherCAT)	PIO mode, simple direct value mode, or full direct value mode	
Power supply voltage	24 VDC ± 10%	
Indicator lamp	SV: Servo lamp, ALM: Alarm lamp, Communication status check lamp	
Brake release input	24 VDC ± 10%	
Emergency stop release input	24 VDC ± 10%	
Insulation resistance	500 VDC 10 MΩ or more	
Withstand voltage	500 VAC 1 minute	
Operating ambient temperature	0 to 40°C (no freezing)	
Operating ambient humidity	35 to 80% RH (no condensation)	
Storage ambient temperature	-10 to 50°C (no freezing)	
Storage ambient humidity	35 to 80% RH (no condensation)	
Operating atmosphere	No corrosive gas, explosive gas, or dust	
Protective structure	IP20	
Mass	Standard mounting: approx. 310g DIN rail mounting: approx. 340 g	

Note 1: Operative only when the operation mode (EtherCAT) is PIO mode.

8.1.2. Communication Specifications
The communication specification of ECG-A series and ECG-B series (EtherCAT specifications) are as follows.

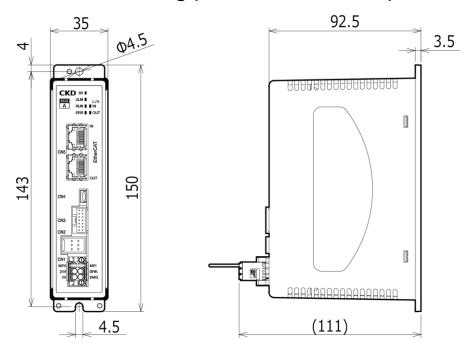
Item		Content
Communication protocol		EtherCAT
Communication speed		100Mbps (Fast Ethernet, full duplex)
Process data		Variable PDO mapping
Max. PDO data length	RxPDO	64 bytes
	TxPDO	64 bytes
Station alias		0 to 65535 (set with parameter)
Communication cable		Ethernet cable (CAT5e or above twisted-pair cable (aluminum tape and braided double-shield) recommended)
Node address		Automatically assigned by master

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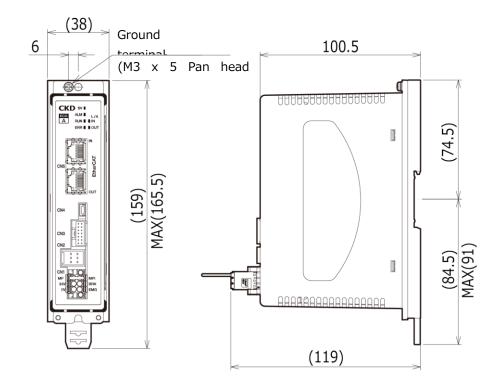
8.2. Dimensions

8.2.1. ECG-A Series (EtherCAT Specifications)

■ Standard mounting (ECG-ANNN30-ECA□□)

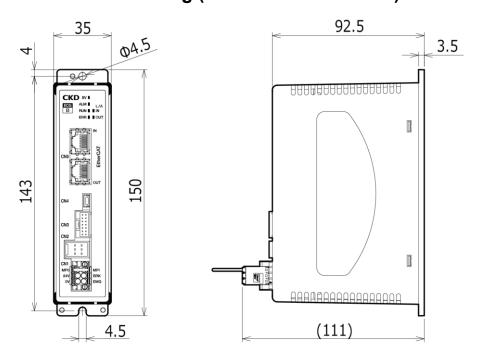


■ DIN rail mounting (ECG-ANNN30-ECD□□)

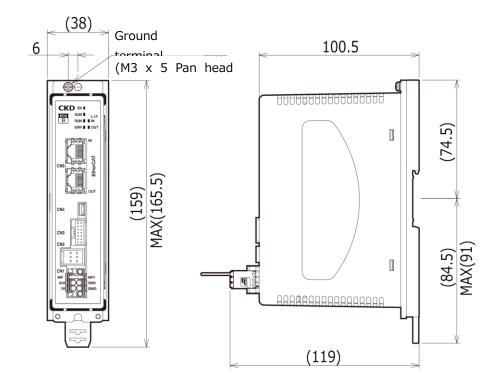


8.2.2. ECG-B Series (EtherCAT Specifications)

■ Standard mounting (ECG-BNNN30-ECA□□)



■ DIN rail mounting (ECG-BNNN30-ECD□□)



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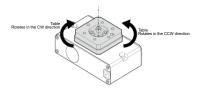
Glossary

CAT5e

A standard for network cables, also called category 5e or category 5 enhanced. The communication speed has been improved from the conventional CAT5 standard. This cable is less susceptible to crosstalk caused by noise from other cables.

CCW

Abbreviation for Counter Clockwise Rotation. Counterclockwise when viewed from the output shaft side.



CRC

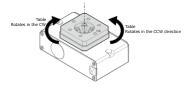
Abbreviation for Cyclic Redundancy Check. Also referred to as cyclic redundancy checking. A method to check whether data was transmitted, recorded, or replicated accurately.

CSP + file

Abbreviation for the Control & Communication System Profile Plus file. It contains information to help start up, operate, and maintain CC-Link compatible devices. Since the profile specification is fixed, parameters can be easily set for CC-Link products even if they are from different manufacturers.

CW

Abbreviation for Clockwise Rotation. Clockwise when viewed from the output shaft side.



Data Storage function

A function to back up the configuration parameter data of an IO-Link device, such as an ECG controller, to the IO-Link master.

DHCP server

A server that automatically assigns IP addresses and other configuration information to devices connected to a network.

EDS file

Abbreviation for Electronic Data Sheet file. It contains information to help start up, operate, and maintain EtherNet/IP-compatible devices. Since the profile specification is fixed, parameters can be easily set for EtherNet/IP products even if they are from different manufacturers.

ESI file

Abbreviation for EtherCAT Slave Information file. It contains information to help start up, operate, and maintain EtherCAT compatible devices. Since the profile specification is fixed, parameters can be easily set for EtherCAT products even if they are from different manufacturers.

HDLC

Abbreviation for High-level Data Link Control, and a type of protocol of the data link layer. Transmission efficiency is high because continuous transmission can be performed without waiting for the other party's response, and data error detection using CRC enables highly reliable data transmission.

IODD file

An abbreviation for the IO Device Description file. It contains information to help start up, operate, and maintain IO-Link compatible devices. Since the profile specification is fixed, parameters can be easily set for IO-Link products even if they are from different manufacturers.

IO-Link device

Devices such as sensors, actuators, and controllers compatible with IO-Link.

IO-Link master

It can connect multiple IO-Link devices and receive signals of the IO-Link devices. The IO-Link master can be set with IO-Link device setting items such as device verification function, backup function, and restore function using PLC development tools.

Input data

It indicates the 32 bit unit data (2 words) to be written from the host device (PLC, etc.) to the controller in EtherCAT communication.

Input signal

It indicates the bit-wise data to be written from the host device (PLC, etc.) to the controller in EtherCAT communication.

Output data

It indicates the 32 bit unit data (2 words) read from the controller by the host device (PLC, etc.) in EtherCAT communication.

Output signal

It indicates the bit-wise data read from the controller by the host device (PLC, etc.) in EtherCAT communication.

NPN

It indicates that NPN transistors are generally used in the output unit of a PLC in the connection of the parallel I/O specification. Even if the NPN transistor is not used, if the – side of the external power supply is connected to the output COM (output common) and the + side of the external power supply is connected to the input COM (input common), the term NPN is used. Also referred to as negative common type or sink type.

PNP

It indicates that PNP transistors are generally used in the output unit of a PLC in the connection of the parallel I/O specification. Even if the PNP transistor is not used, if the + side of the external power supply is connected to the output COM (output common) and the - side of the external power supply is connected to the input COM (input common), the term PNP is used. Also referred to as positive common type or source type.

PLC

Abbreviation for Programmable Logic Controller. A programmable controller for controlling industrial equipment. Possible to control multiple motors, sensors, robots, and other various devices.

WDT

Abbreviation for watchdog timer. A timer that detects an error in the computation time, monitors the time of one scan of the program, and issues an alarm if processing does not finish within the scheduled time.

Alarm code

When an error is detected, it is output from the controller to inform you of the error. You can check the display lamp of the controller, the output signal to the PLC, and all digits or one upper digit of the alarm code from S-Tools. You can check the details of the alarm in the Instruction Manual or the alarm history screen of S-Tools.

Inch operation

It is used when you want to move by relative position specification by the amount of travel set from the current position.

Encoder

There are a linear encoder that measures and outputs movement on a linear axis, and a rotary encoder that measures and outputs angle (rotational movement). The rotary encoder is referred to as an encoder in this Instruction Manual, the instruction manual described in the "Instruction manual for this product", and the catalog.

- Incremental encoder An encoder that measures and outputs the angle moved from the measurement start position. When using with an electric actuator, the amount of movement from the home position is unknown, so it is necessary to return to the home position before operating the actuator.
- Absolute encoder

An encoder that measures and outputs the angle moved from the home position. When using with an electric actuator, it is not necessary to return to the home position before operating the actuator because it outputs the amount of movement from the home position.

 A "batteryless absolute encoder" is an absolute Batteryless absolute encoder
 An absolute encoder that does not require a battery to store its position.r that does not require a battery to store its position.

Overhang amount

It indicates the distance from the center of the top surface of the slider to the center of gravity of the object transferred. In the catalog, the amount of overhang that is allowed in the front-back, left-right, and up-down directions is listed for each mass.

Regenerative current

Current that is generated by the motor operating like a generator when the moving part of the actuator is moved by an external force. Reverse current flows from the motor to the controller, causing malfunction or damage.

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Portable mass

It indicates the maximum mass that the actuator can transfer.

Allowable thrust load

Limit value of the load that can be applied in the direction of the actuator rotation axis. WS is used in this Instruction Manual, the instruction manual described in the "Instruction manual for this product", and the catalog.



Allowable radial load

Limit value of the load that can be applied perpendicular (laterally) to the actuator rotation axis. WR is used in this Instruction Manual, the instruction manual described in the "Instruction manual for this product", and the catalog.



Allowable moment load

Limit value of the load that can be applied in the direction of tilting the actuator rotation axis. M is used in this Instruction Manual, the instruction manual described in the "Instruction manual for this product", and the catalog.



Home position

Position to be the reference (0 mm) for actuator operation.

Positioning repeatability

A term that is used only for grippers. It indicates the difference between the maximum and minimum stop positions when positioning operation is repeated from the same direction to the same position.

Repeatability

It Indicates the difference between the maximum and minimum stop positions when positioning operation is repeated from the same direction to the same position. However, in the case of grippers, it indicates the variation when the same workpiece is repeatedly gripped under the same operating conditions.

Grease

It is applied to bearings, bearings, etc., to reduce friction and smooth the operation of the machine. Because the performance cannot be demonstrated due to deterioration of grease or adhesion of foreign material, periodic maintenance is required.

Surge protector

A device that protects equipment and communication equipment from transient abnormal high voltage such as lightning.

Servo OFF

It indicates that the motor is not energized.

Servo ON

It indicates that the motor is energized.

Cyclic communication (transmission)

It indicates periodic communication between the host device (PLC, etc.) and the controller.

Subnet mask

A value that identifies in the IP address the part indicating which network it belongs to (network range) and the part indicating which device in the network. The subnet mask value tells you how many bits from the beginning of the IP address indicate the network range.

IP address : 192.168.10.1
Subnet mask : 255.255.0.0

▶
Network range : 192.168. □.□

Jog operation

While the travel command is issued, the actuator continues to operate at the set speed.

Slave station

A general term for stations other than the master station.

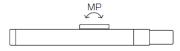
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Static allowable moment

Limit value of the load moment that can be applied to the slider when the actuator is stationary. How to apply each moment in the slider type is as follows.

Pitching moment

A moment acting in the front-rear direction on the slider movement axis. MP is used in this Instruction Manual, the instruction manual described in the "Instruction manual for this product", and the catalog.



Yawing moment

A moment that acts in the left-right direction on the slider movement axis. MY is used in this Instruction Manual, the instruction manual described in the "Instruction manual for this product", and the catalog.



Rolling moment

A moment that acts in the axial rotation direction on the slider movement axis. MR is used in this Instruction Manual, the instruction manual described in the "Instruction manual for this product", and the catalog.



Installation category

A concept that expresses how well an electrical device can withstand the application of a transient voltage from an AC power source. The installation category 2 corresponds to "primary side circuit for equipment using a power cord connected to an outlet".

Full-duplex communication

A communication method that allows simultaneous transmission and reception.

Occupied station number

In the CC-Link specification, a value that indicates how much traffic the controller occupies in the communication in the system. Since the number of stations that can be used by one master station is fixed, the total number of stations occupied by the controller and other units connected to the master station must be less than that value.

Soft limit

It indicates the limit of the operating range set in the controller.

Dynamic brake

A method that quickly stops the rotation of the motor by consuming rotational energy as heat energy by short-circuiting the motor terminals via a resistor in the event of a power failure or emergency stop. Since there is no holding torque during stop, it is necessary to use an electromagnetic brake for vertical installation.

Electromagnetic brake

A mechanism that mechanically fixes the output shaft of the motor to prevent the workpiece from falling off when becoming the servo OFF state due to power failure or an alarm in the vertical installation state. Because it is a brake for holding, it cannot be used for stopping during operation.

Electric Actuator

It is a combination of a motor and mechanical parts, and can control operations such as speed, angle, and force. The rotational force of the motor is transmitted to the drive system and converted into rotational motion or linear motion.

Default gateway

It indicates the IP address of a relay device (such as a router) that connects the inside network to the outside network. When sending or receiving data to or from a device at an address other than the network range set by the subnet mask, the relay device set by the default gateway is always passed through.

Screw lead

It refers to the distance that the workpiece can be moved when the motor rotates once in the electric actuator.

Noise filter

An electrical circuit or electronic circuit that removes noise, or a device that contains it.

Backlash

A mechanical play in gears, etc.. The lower the backlash, the less rattling.

Parameter

Parameters let you set basic items for operating the actuator. In addition to the settings related to the actuator operation, settings related to communication with the PLC and warnings are also set with parameters.

Half-duplex communication

A communication method in which both transmission and reception cannot be performed at the same time (only one of them can be performed).

Fast Ethernet

It is standardized by IEEE802.3u and is a standard that improves the transmission speed of Ethernet to 100 Mbps.

Function block (FB)

It is a component of a circuit block that is used repeatedly so that it can be reused in a sequence program. By making them into the components, the control that combines multiple functions can be simplified as if it were a single command.

Ferrite core

It is magnetic material using ferrite material. It is used to attenuate high frequency noise.

Process data output / PD(out)

It indicates the data to be written from the host device (PLC, etc.) to the controller in IO-Link specification communication.

Process data input / PD(in)

It indicates the data that the host device (PLC, etc.) reads out from the controller in IO-Link specification communication.

Point data

In the point data, the actuator operation pattern such as the target position and speed is set for each point number. In ECG series, the operation pattern for 64 points can be set, and the actuator can be operated by specifying the point number and issuing a travel command.

Polling

If multiple devices communicate separately, processing and signals can conflict and cause problems. Polling is the process in which the main device (master station) checks in order whether there are any requests from other devices (slave station) in order to communicate smoothly.

When polling response is being performed, it means that there is polling from the master station to the slave station, and the slave station is responding to the polling from the master station.

Ball screw

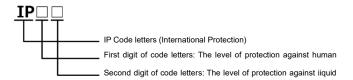
A mechanical element that can convert rotational motion to linear motion. Unlike sliding screws, the ball rolls between the screw shaft and nut, reducing energy loss due to friction. It is used to convert the rotational motion of the motor into the linear motion of the actuator.

Baud rate

It indicates the communication speed. A value that indicates how many times per second digital data can be modulated and demodulated.

Protective class IP20 / IP40

The protective class indicates the degree of protection from solid foreign materials such as dust and water. The first digit of the number indicates the degree of protection against the human body and solid foreign materials, and "2" indicates the it is protected against foreign solid materials with a diameter of 12.5 mm or more and "4" indicates that it is protected against foreign solid substances with a diameter of 1.0 mm or more. The second digit of the number indicates the degree of protection against water intrusion, and "0" indicates no protection. It is specified in JIS C 0920 and IEC 60529.



Master station

A station that controls the entire network. One master station is required for one network.

Mechanical end

A position where the moving part of the actuator stops mechanically.

Message communication (transmission)

It indicates communication that occurs irregularly (when necessary) between the host device (PLC, etc.) and the controller.

Remote device station

A station that cyclically transmits bit-wise input / output signal and word-based input / output data to the master station in the communication of CC-Link specification.

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Remote output

It indicates bit-wise data that is written from the host device (PLC, etc.) to the controller in the communication of CC-Link specification.

Remote input

It indicates bit-wise data that the host device (PLC, etc.) reads out from the controller in the communication of CC-Link specification.

Remote register (output)

It indicates 16-bit unit (1 word) data that is written from the host device (PLC, etc.) to the controller in the communication of CC-Link specification.

Remote register (input)

It indicates 16-bit unit (1 word) data that the host device (PLC, etc.) reads out from the controller in the communication of CC-Link specification.

Lost motion

It is the maximum value of the difference between the average values at the stop position after rotating in the forward and reverse directions multiple times. It is affected by the backlash and the rigidity of the mechanism.

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