# CKD

# **SCARA Robot** KHL Ceiling Type(Overhead Traveling Type) Industrial Robot Specifications

# **INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

SM-A20063-A



- Read this Instruction Manual before using the product.
- Read the safety notes carefully.
- Keep this Instruction Manual in a safe and convenient place for future reference.

**CKD** Corporation

### **Preface**

This manual describes SHIBA specifications of the KHL series ceiling type (or overhead traveling type) industrial robot.

This manual is essential to keep the robot performance for a long time, to prevent failures and to assure safety. Be sure to look through this manual and set up a maintenance program before actually starting the robot.

This manual is comprised of the following five (5) sections:

Section 1 Specifications

This section describes the basic specifications and names of respective parts for the ceiling type (or overhead traveling type) industrial robot.

Section 2 Transportation

This section describes how to remove the ceiling type robot from its box and how to transport it to the installation site. This section also deals with the precautions to be taken when the robot is to be stored temporarily after unpacked.

- Section 3 Installation This section discusses the ceiling type robot installation environment, space requirements, and how to install the robot.
- Section 4: System connection This section describes the procedures for connecting cables of the call controller between the robot and controller, and the peripheral equipment. For details, see the Part of Installation/Transportation or Interface.

Section 5: Tool interface
 This section describes how to install the tool on the robot arm and how to connect the cables and pipes to the tool. For details, see the Part of Installation/Transportation or Interface.

 Section 6 Maintenance

Section 6 Maintenance This section describes the structure of the ceiling type robot and all items required for the maintenance and inspection of the same robot.

Section 7 Replacement Parts for Maintenance This section explains the replacement parts for the maintenance.

### Precautions on Safety

Important information on the robot and controller is noted in the instruction manual to prevent injury to the user and persons nearby, prevent damage to assets and to ensure correct use.

Make sure that the following details (indications and symbols) are well understood before reading this manual. Always observe the information that is noted.

[Explanation of indications]

Indication	Meaning of indication	
	This means that "incorrect handling will imminently lead to fatalities or major injuries".	
	This means that "incorrect handling may lead to fatalities or serious injuries."	
	This means that "incorrect handling may lead to personal injuries *1) or physical damage *2)".	

- \*1) Injuries refer to injuries, burns and electric shocks, etc., which do not require hospitalization or long term treatment.
- \*2) Physical damage refers to major fires due to destruction of assets or resources.

#### [Explanation of symbols]

Symbol	Meaning of symbol		
$\bigcirc$	This means that the action is prohibited (must not be done). Details of the actions actually prohibited are indicated with pictures or words in or near the symbol.		
	This means that the action is mandatory (must be done). Details of the actions that must be done are indicated with pictures or words in or near the symbol.		
$\triangle$	This means danger and caution. The details of the actual danger and caution are indicated with pictures or words in or near the symbol.		

#### [Maintenance and inspection]

Be sure to observe the following items to use this product safely.

<ul> <li>DO NOT incinerate, disassemble or charge the batteries. Otherwise, they may rupture.</li> </ul>		
0	Be sure to disconnect the power plug or turn off the main power switch of the controller before starting inspection or maintenance.	
Mandatory	Batteries should be disposed of according to the user's in-house regulations.	

Disassembly prohibited	<ul> <li>The user must NEVER replace or modify parts other than those described in the instruction manual. Otherwise, the performance may deteriorate or faults or accidents will be caused.</li> </ul>	
•	<ul> <li>Always use the CKD's designated spare parts when replacing the parts.</li> </ul>	
Mandatory	<ul> <li>Maintenance and inspection should be performed regularly. Otherwise, the system may malfunction or accidents will be caused.</li> </ul>	

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#### 1 Specifications

#### 1.1 Name of Each Part

Fig. 1.1 illustrates the names of various parts of the KHL-400-T robot. It should be noted that the KHL-500-T, KHL-600-T and KHL-700-T are the same with each other, except for the arm 1 and base. Fig. 1.2 shows the KHL-600-T as an example.



Fig. 1.1 Name of each part (KHL-400-T)



Fig. 1.2 Name of each part (KHL-600-T)

#### **1.2 Outer Dimensions**

Fig. 1.3 to Fig. 1.10 show the outer dimensions and operating range of the ceiling type robot.



Fig. 1.3 Outer dimensions of the robot (KHL-400-T)



Fig. 1.4 Operating range of the robot (KHL-400-T)



Fig. 1.5 Outer dimensions of the robot (KHL-500-T)



Fig. 1.6 Operating range of the robot (KHL-500-T)





Fig. 1.7 Outer dimensions of the robot (KHL-600-T)



Fig. 1.8 Operating range of the robot (KHL-600-T)









Fig. 1.10 Operating range of the robot (KHL-700-T)

#### 1.3 Specifications Table

IKHI	-400-T
	-400-1

ltem		Specifications	
Structure			
Structure			
		KHL-400-1	
Applicable	controller	KSL3000	
Mass of rol	bot body	13 kg	
No. of contro	olled axes	4	
Arm le	ngth	400 mm (225 mm + 175 mm)	
	Axis 1	200 (W)	
Motor capacity	Axis 2	100 (W)	
	Axis 3	100 (W)	
	Axis 4	100 (W)	
	Axis 1	±120 (deg)	
On enertie e recent	Axis 2	±140 (deg)	
Operating range	Axis 3	0 to 160 (mm)	
	Axis 4	±360 (deg)	
	Axis 1	660 (deg/s)	
	Axis 2	660 (deg/s)	
Maximum speed	Axis 3	1120 (mm/s)	
(*1)	Axis 4	1500 (deg/s)	
	Composite speed of axes 1 and 2	6.3 (m/s)	
Rated paylo	bad mass	2 (kg)	
Maximum pay	load mass	5 (kg)	
Permissible loa	d inertia (*1)	0.05 (kg·m²)	
	X, Y	±0.01 (mm)	
Repeatability (*2)	Z	±0.015 (mm)	
	С	±0.007 (deg)	
Cycle time (*3) (When payload mass is 2 kg)		0.47 (sec)	
Drive sy	vstem	By means of AC servo motors	
Position detect	tion method	Absolute	
Power capacity		0.7kVA	

\*1: When the mass of load exceeds 2 kg, or when the gravity center position of load is away from the axis 4 center position, both the speed and acceleration should be reduced, using the PAYLOAD command.

\*2: This is the value for the single-direction repeatability at a fixed ambient temperature. This is not the absolute positioning accuracy.

\*3: The continuous operation in excess of the effective load factor of the standard cyclic operation pattern is disabled. Shuttle time for rough positioning in horizontal direction of 300 mm and vertical direction of 25 mm.

[KHL-500-T]

Item		Specifications	
Structure		Horizontal multi-joint type SCARA robot	
Model		KHL-500-T	
Applicable	controller	KSL3000	
Mass of ro	bot body	22 kg	
No. of contro	olled axes	4	
Arm le	ngth	500 mm (200 mm + 300 mm)	
	Axis 1	400 (W)	
Matarappaitu	Axis 2	200 (W)	
Motor capacity	Axis 3	200 (W)	
	Axis 4	200 (W)	
	Axis 1	±115 (deg)	
Operating range	Axis 2	±115 (deg)	
Operating range	Axis 3	0 to 150 (mm) [Option: 0 to 300 (mm)]	
	Axis 4	±360 (deg)	
	Axis 1	450 (deg/s)	
	Axis 2	450 (deg/s)	
Maximum speed	Axis 3	2000 (mm/s)	
(*1)	Axis 4	1700 (deg/s)	
	Composite speed of axes 1 and 2	6.3 (m/s)	
Rated paylo	oad mass	2 (kg)	
Maximum pay	yload mass	10 (kg)	
Permissible loa	ad inertia (*1)	0.2 (kg·m²)	
	Χ, Υ	±0.01 (mm)	
Repeatability (*2)	Z	±0.015 (mm)	
	С	±0.007 (deg)	
Cycle time (*3) (When payload mass is 2 kg)		0.45 (sec)	
Drive sy	/stem	By means of AC servo motors	
Position detec	tion method	Absolute	
Power capacity		1.4kVA	

- \*1: When the mass of load exceeds 2 kg, or when the gravity center position of load is away from the axis 4 center position, both the speed and acceleration should be reduced, using the PAYLOAD command.
- \*2: This is the value for the single-direction repeatability at a fixed ambient temperature. This is not the absolute positioning accuracy.
- \*3: The continuous operation in excess of the effective load factor of the standard cyclic operation pattern is disabled. Shuttle time for rough positioning in horizontal direction of 300 mm and vertical direction of 25 mm.

[KHL-600-T]

Item		Specifications	
Structure		Horizontal multi-joint type SCARA robot	
Model		KHL-600-T	
Applicable	controller	KSL3000	
Mass of ro	bot body	23 kg	
No. of contro	olled axes	4	
Arm le	ngth	600 mm (300 mm + 300 mm)	
	Axis 1	400 (W)	
Motor conceitu	Axis 2	200 (W)	
Motor capacity	Axis 3	200 (W)	
	Axis 4	200 (W)	
	Axis 1	±115 (deg)	
Operating range	Axis 2	±140 (deg)	
Operating range	Axis 3	0 to 150 (mm) [Option: 0 to 300 (mm)]	
	Axis 4	±360 (deg)	
	Axis 1	450 (deg/s)	
	Axis 2	450 (deg/s)	
Maximum speed	Axis 3	2000 (mm/s)	
(*1)	Axis 4	1700 (deg/s)	
	Composite speed of axes 1 and 2	7.1 (m/s)	
Rated paylo	oad mass	2 (kg)	
Maximum pag	yload mass	10 (kg)	
Permissible loa	ad inertia (*1)	0.2 (kg·m²)	
	Χ, Υ	±0.01 (mm)	
Repeatability (*2)	Z	±0.015 (mm)	
	C	±0.007 (deg)	
Cycle time (*3) (When payload mass is 2 kg)		0.45 (sec)	
Drive sy	/stem	By means of AC servo motors	
Position detec	tion method	Absolute	
Power capacity		1.4kVA	

- \*1: When the mass of load exceeds 2 kg, or when the gravity center position of load is away from the axis 4 center position, both the speed and acceleration should be reduced, using the PAYLOAD command.
- \*2: This is the value for the single-direction repeatability at a fixed ambient temperature. This is not the absolute positioning accuracy.
- \*3: The continuous operation in excess of the effective load factor of the standard cyclic operation pattern is disabled. Shuttle time for rough positioning in horizontal direction of 300 mm and vertical direction of 25 mm.

[KHL-700-T]

Item		Specifications	
Structure		Horizontal multi-joint type SCARA robot	
Model		KHL-700-T	
Applicable of	controller	KSL3000	
Mass of rol	bot body	24 kg	
No. of contro	olled axes	4	
Arm le	ngth	700 mm (400 mm + 300 mm)	
	Axis 1	400 (W)	
	Axis 2	200 (W)	
motor capacity	Axis 3	200 (W)	
	Axis 4	200 (W)	
	Axis 1	±115 (deg)	
On ereting rende	Axis 2	±145 (deg)	
Operating range	Axis 3	0 to 150 (mm) [Option: 0 to 300 (mm)]	
	Axis 4	±360 (deg)	
	Axis 1	450 (deg/s)	
	Axis 2	450 (deg/s)	
Maximum speed	Axis 3	2000 (mm/s)	
(*1)	Axis 4	1700 (deg/s)	
	Composite speed of axes 1 and 2	7.9 (m/s)	
Rated paylo	bad mass	2 (kg)	
Maximum pay	load mass	10 (kg)	
Permissible load inertia (*1)		0.2 (kg·m²)	
	Χ, Υ	±0.01 (mm)	
Repeatability (*2)	Z	±0.015 (mm)	
	С	±0.007 (deg)	
Cycle time (*3) (When payload mass is 2 kg)		0.5 (sec)	
Drive sy	vstem	By means of AC servo motors	
Position detect	tion method	Absolute	
Power capacity		1.4kVA	

\*1: When the mass of load exceeds 2 kg, or when the gravity center position of load is away from the axis 4 center position, both the speed and acceleration should be reduced, using the PAYLOAD command.

\*2: This is the value for the single-direction repeatability at a fixed ambient temperature. This is not the absolute positioning accuracy.

\*3: The continuous operation in excess of the effective load factor of the standard cyclic operation pattern is disabled. Shuttle time for rough positioning in horizontal direction of 300 mm and vertical direction of 25 mm.



- Vibration may occur depending on the posture of the robot. If vibration occurs, decrease the acceleration.
- When you want to travel the axes 1, 2 and 4, set the Z-axis at the highest possible position. If the axes 1, 2 and 4 are moved with the Z-axis at the lower position, the ball screw spline shaft (Z-axis shaft) may be damaged at an earlier stage. If the axes 1, 2 and 4 must be moved with the Z-axis at the lower position for unavoidable circumstances, use the speed instruction and ACCE/DECEL/PAYLOAD instructions to adjust the operation speed and acceleration so that the ball screw spline shaft will not be vibrated. When the axes 1, 2 and 4 are moved with the Z-axis at the lower position take sufficient care not to collide with an obstacle. Even if the axes 1, 2 and 4 are moved at a lower speed, the ball screw spline shaft (Z-axis shaft) may be damaged before an alarm occurs.
- If an alkaline dry battery is used at a high temperature, there will be a higher risk of heat generation, liquid leakage or rupture of the battery. There is also a risk of reducing the performances or service life of the battery. If the robot is to be used at a high temperature, contact our sales department of our company.

- **1.4 Position of Cautionary Statement** 
  - 1.4.1 Position of Cautionary Statement for Robot (KHL400-T)





# 1.4.2 Position of Cautionary Statement for Robot (KHL-500-T, KHL-600-T, KHL-700-T)

#### 1.4.3 Position of Cautionary Statement for Controller

The position of cautionary statement for controller is the same as that of the standard machine. For details, see the Part of Safety.

#### 2 Transportation

#### 2.1 Unpacking

The robot and controller are shipped separately in wooden crates or corrugated cardboards. Open the packages in a location easily accessible, where the equipment is to be installed. Take careful precautions not to damage the robot and controller. After opening the packages, make sure that all the accessories are present and that no part has been damaged during transport.

For the accessories of the controller, see the accessory list packed with the controller. For the details of the procedures for unpacking the controller, see the Part of Installation/Transportation.

For the robot accessories, see the following Table:

Parts name	Model	Quantity
Clamp	ABMM-A-D	2 pcs.
Pipe joint	GWL4-0	3 pcs.
Тугар	T18RW	5 pcs.
Тугар	T30RW	10 pcs.

#### Table 2.1Robot accessories (for KHL-400-T)

Table 2.2	Robot accessories	for KHL-500-T, KHL-600-T, KHL-700-T)
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Parts name	Model	Quantity
Clamp	ABMM-A-D	2 pcs.
Pipe joint	GWL04-00	3 pcs.
Тугар	T18RW	5 pcs.
Тугар	T30RW	10 pcs.

#### 2.2 Transportation

Move the robot and controller very carefully. Make sure that no excessive impact or vibration is exerted on the equipment. If the equipment is to be subject to vibration over a long period, be sure to tighten all of the clamp and base set bolts completely and put the equipment back into the packaging box.

#### 2.2.1 Mass and Outer Dimensions

The mass and outer dimensions of the robot are shown in Fig. 2.1 to 2.4.



Fig. 2.1 Outer dimensions at transport (KHL-400-T)







Fig. 2.3 Outer dimensions at transport (KHL-600-T)





#### 2.2.2 Transporting the Robot

In principle, the robot should be transported in the state shown in Figs. 2.1 to 2.4 above. Fold back and secure the arm with the attached clamp. (The robot is shipped in this posture. After you have unpacked the shipment, you should move it as it is.) At this time, take careful precautions not to impose a large force on the tool shaft.



• Be sure to secure the arm with the attached clamp before transporting the robot. Failure to do so could cause a hazardous situation as the arm will move when the robot is lifted.

It is possible to lift up and transport KHL-500-T/KHL-600-T/KHL-700-T except for KHL-400-T. Pass the wire through the attached eyebolt, then lift up the robot carefully, as shown in Fig. 2.5.

Use a chain block on the base side or arm 1 side.

\* If a chain block cannot be provided and wires are used on both sides, the wire on one side should be longer than the step between the base and arm (see the table below).









The above figure shows the KHL-600-T



After the installation, remove the clamp and eyebolt used for transport.



- When lifting up the robot by workers, hold the specified locations by hand, as shown in Fig. 2.6. If the cover, harness or ball screw spline shaft are held by hand, an unusually large force is exerted, resulting in malfunction.
- When carrying the robot by workers, take careful precautions to prevent their hand or leg from being caught in the robot.
- Never touch the ball screw spline shaft with a bare hand. If it is touched with a bare hand, rust may grow at an earlier stage. Be sure to use gloves.
- The work should be performed by two (2) or more workers.

#### 2.3 Storage

Avoid storing the robot and controller for long periods of time after unpacking them. If this is unavoidable, however, strictly observe the following precautions for storage.

#### 2.3.1 Storage Precautions for the Robot



• During storage, the life of the backup batteries will shorten. It is recommended to replace the batteries at the time of operation.

#### 2.3.2 Storage Precautions for the Controller



- Keep the controller out of direct sunlight. Otherwise, the controller interior will be excessively heated up, causing a trouble.
- Seal the controller in a vinyl bag to prevent rust development and contamination. Put a desiccant in the bag to absorb moisture.

#### 3 Installation Environment

#### **3.1 Installation Environment**

Table 3.1 shows the environmental conditions for the location in which the robot and controller are to be installed.

Item	Specifications
Temperature	In operation: 0 to 40°C
	In storage: –10 to 50°C
Humidity	20 to 80% (Non-condensing)
	DO NOT install the robot where it may be subject to fluids such as water.
Altitude	1000 m or less
Vibration	In operation: 0.98 m/s <sup>2</sup> or less
Dust	No inductive dust should exist.
	Consult with CKD first if you wish to use the robot and controller in a dusty environment.
Gas	No corrosive or combustible gas should exist.
Degrees of protection	IEC60529 IP10 (robot only) IP20 (controller only)
Overvoltage category	IEC60664-1 Class III (controller only)
Protection against electric shock	IEC61140 Class I (controller only)
Pollution Degree	IEC60664-1 Pollution Degree 3 (controller only)
Sunlight	The robot and controller should not be exposed to direct sunlight.
Power noise	A heavy noise source should not exist nearby.
Magnetic field	A heavy magnetic field source should not exist nearby.
Other ambient environment	Must be free from iron powder, oil, salt, and organic solvents. Must not be exposed to water.

 Table 3.1
 Environmental conditions for robot and controller



• Do not place the robot or controller near combustible. Doing so could lead to fires if it ignites due to a fault, etc.



- In the case where batteries for detecting the motor position are of alkaline type (standard type), the batteries can overheat, leak battery fluid, or rupture when used under high temperatures. Also, high temperatures can reduce the performance and lifespan of the battery. If using the robot under high temperatures, please consult with the CKD sales office.
- When starting fast-movement operation in low-temperature environment, errors may occur because of the increased torque. In operating the robot in low-temperature environment, start by making low-speed continuous operation for a several minutes to soften the grease before starting high-speed operations.



#### 3.2 External View and Operating Range







#### 3.3 Change of Operating Range

The robot is provided with a mechanical stopper to restrict the operating range of axes mechanically. "Change of the operating range" can be defined as the change of the mechanical operating range of a robot by changing this mechanical stopper.

#### 3.3.1 Change of Operating Range for Axes 1 and 2

The operating range for axes 1 and 2 is different from that of the axes 1 and 2. For the operating range of the ceiling type robot, see the following Table. The procedure for change is the same as that of the standard machine. See the Part of Installation/Transportation, and change the operating range.

Table 3.2 Operating ranges before and after change (for KHL-400-T)

		Before change	After change
Avia 1 aparating range	+ direction	120°	105°
Axis T operating range	- direction	120°	105°
Avia 2 aparating range	+ direction	140°	120°
Axis 2 operating range	- direction	140°	120°

Table 3.3	Operating	ranges before	and after change	(for KHL-500-T)	
		0	0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

		Before change	After change
Avia 1 operating range	+ direction	115°	105°
Axis Toperating range	- direction	115°	105°
Avia 2 aparating range	+ direction	115°	110°
Axis 2 operating range	- direction	115°	110°

Table 3.4	Operating ra	anges before	and after chane	ae (for KHL-600-T)
				J - \ -

		Before change	After change
Avia 1 aparating range	+ direction	115°	105°
Axis Toperating range	- direction	115°	105°
Avia 2 aparating range	+ direction	140°	110°
Axis 2 operating range	- direction	140°	110°

		Before change	After change
Avia 1 operating range	+ direction	115°	105°
Axis Toperating range	- direction	115°	105°
Avia 2 aparating range	+ direction	145°	110°
Axis 2 operating range	- direction	145°	110°

	Onerating repare before and offer change (for KULL 700 T)
Lable 3.5	Unerating ranges before and after change (for KHL-700-L).

#### 3.3.2 Change of Operating Range for Axis 3

The procedure for changing the operating range for axis 3 is the same as that for the standard machine. For details, see the Part of Installation/Transportation.

#### **3.4 Installation Posture of the Robot**

Before installing the robot, you should plan a layout, fully considering the working envelope (or operating range), coordinate system and space for maintenance. Use of this robot is allowed only in the ceiling-hung posture.



#### 3.4.1 Coordinate System

The robot's joint angle origin (0° or 0 mm position) is factory-calibrated according to the base reference planes. Figs. 3.1 to 3.4 show the base coordinate system (XB, YB, ZB) and the origin of each axis joint angle.





Fig. 3.1 Base coordinate system and joint angle origin (KHL-400-T)





Fig. 3.2 Base coordinate system and joint angle origin (KHL-500-T)





Fig. 3.3 Base coordinate system and joint angle origin (KHL-600-T)





Fig. 3.4 Base coordinate system and joint angle origin (KHL-700-T)

#### 3.4.2 Installing the Robot

The robot is secured, using the set holes on the base (four (4) places).

For fixing KHL-400-T, use M8 hexagon socket head cap screws.

For fixing KHL-500-T/KHL-600-T/KHL-700-T, use M10 hexagonal socket head cap screws.

The robot installation method is shown in Figs. 3.5 and 3.6. Place the robot on a pallet, etc., then carry it to a frame where the robot is to be installed, using a forklift truck, etc.

The base is provided with a reference surface. To adjust the position of the base coordinate system of the robot or to replace the robot, prepare an appropriate reference surface. Apply the reference surface of the base and fix it in position. A pin hole is also provided so that positioning can be performed by the pin hole.



Fig. 3.5 Installation method (KHL-400-T)



Fig. 3.6 Installation method (KHL-500-T/KHL-600-T/KHL-700-T)

#### 3.4.3 Frame Rigidity

The loads that occur during KHL-400-T/KHL-500-T/KHL-600-T/KHL-700-T operation are shown in Table 3.2.

A reaction force due to the loads shown in Table 3.2 occur on the frame, and so be sure to design the frame by incorporating a large number of beams and using other methods to provide a sufficient factor of safety.

Model	Load by horizontal axis (axes 1, 2, and 4) operation	Load by vertical axis (axis 3) operation
KHL-400-T	110 [Nm]	340 [N]
KHL-500-T	350 [Nm]	410 [N]
KHL-600-T	350 [Nm]	410 [N]
KHL-700-T	350 [Nm]	410 [N]

Table 3.2	Frame	riaidity
	Trame	ingituity



• The robot will suddenly accelerate and decelerate during operation. When installing it on a frame, make sure that the frame has sufficient strength and rigidity.

If the robot is installed on a frame that does not have sufficient rigidity, vibration will occur while the robot is operating, and could lead to faults.

- Install the robot on a level place. Failure to do so could lead to a drop in performance or faults.
- When carrying the robot to a frame by means of a forklift truck, etc., move down the robot and perform the work with utmost care.
- When carrying the robot to a frame by means of a forklift truck, etc., put your hand on the robot. Failure to do so could cause the robot to tilt and fall. Be careful not to get your hand caught in when carrying the robot.
- When moving up the robot to the set surface by means of a forklift truck, etc., perform the work with utmost care.

#### 3.5 Controller Installation

Controller installation procedure is the same as that of the standard machine. For details, see the Part of Installation/Transportation.

#### 4 System Connection

System connection procedure is the same as that of the standard machine. For details, see the Part of Installation/Transportation or Interface.

#### 5 Tool Interface

System connection procedure is the same as that of the standard machine. For details, see the Part of Installation/Transportation or Interface.

#### 6 Maintenance

The basic structure of the lifting type (or overhead traveling type) robot is the same as that of the standard robot though the arm set direction differs. This section describes only the items different from those of the standard robot.

#### 6.1 Layout of Robot Components

The layout of the robot mechanical components is shown in Figs. 6.1 and 6.2.



Fig. 6.1 Layout of robot mechanical components (KHL-400-T)



Fig. 6.2 Layout of robot mechanical components (KHL-500-T/KHL-600-T/KHL-700-T)

#### 7 Replacement Parts for Maintenance

#### 7.1 Replacement Parts List for Maintenance

Most of the replacement parts for maintenance are the same as the standard robots. For details, see Maintenance Manual provided separately.

No.	Parts name	Drawing No.	Unit code	Manufacturer	Quantity	Remarks
1	Harness of main unit For KHL-400-T	F113059	Y610A3RE0	SHIBAURA MACHINE CO.,LTD.	1	
2	Harness of main unit For KHL-500-T	F112965	Y610A3PL0		1	
3	Harness of main unit For KHL-600-T	F113061	Y610A3RG0		1	
4	Harness of main unit For KHL-700-T	F113062	Y610A3RH0		1	

• When you wish to purchase the replacement parts for maintenance, <u>make sure of the serial</u> <u>number of the main robot</u> and contact us.