

Low-profile Long Stroke Hand HLF2 Series

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

SM-A26326-A



- Read this Instruction Manual before using the product.
- · Read the safety notes carefully.
- Keep this Instruction Manual in a safe and convenient place for future reference.

SM-A26326-A PREFACE

PREFACE

Thank you for purchasing CKD's "HLF2 Series" Low-profile long stroke hand.

This Instruction Manual contains basic matters such as installation and usage instructions in order to ensure optimal performance of the product. Please read this Instruction Manual thoroughly and use the product properly.

Keep this Instruction Manual in a safe place and be careful not to lose it.

Product specifications and appearances presented in this Instruction Manual are subject to change without notice.

- The product is intended for users who have basic knowledge about materials, piping, electricity, and mechanisms of pneumatic components. CKD shall not be responsible for accidents caused by persons who selected or used the product without knowledge or sufficient training.
- Since there are a wide variety of customer applications, it is impossible for CKD to be aware of all of them. Depending on the application or usage, the product may not be able to exercise its full performance or an accident may occur due to fluid, piping, or other conditions. It is the responsibility of the customer to check the product specifications and decide how the product shall be used in accordance with the application and usage.

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SM-A26326-A SAFETY INFORMATION

SAFETY INFORMATION

When designing and manufacturing any device incorporating the product, the manufacturer has an obligation to ensure that the device is safe. To that end, make sure that the safety of the machine mechanism of the device, the fluid control circuit, and the electric system that controls such mechanism is ensured.

To ensure the safety of device design and control, observe organization standards, relevant laws and regulations, which include the following:

JIS B 8370 (the latest edition)

In order to use our products safely, it is important to select, use, handle, and maintain the products properly.

Observe the warnings and precautions described in this Instruction Manual to ensure device safety.

Although various safety measures have been adopted in the product, customer's improper handling may lead to an accident. To avoid this:

Thoroughly read and understand this Instruction Manual before using the product.

To explicitly indicate the severity and likelihood of a potential harm or damage, precautions are classified into three categories: "DANGER", "WARNING", and "CAUTION".

Indicates an imminent hazard. Improper handling will cause death or serious injury to people.					
 MARNING	Indicates a potential hazard. Improper handling may cause death or serious injury to people.				
⚠ CAUTION	Indicates a potential hazard. Improper handling may cause injury to people or damage to property.				

Precautions classified as "CAUTION" may still lead to serious results depending on the situation. All precautions are equally important and must be observed.

Other general precautions and tips on using the product are indicated by the following icon.



Indicates general precautions and tips on using the product.

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SM-A26326-A SAFETY INFORMATION

Precautions on Product Use

$oldsymbol{\Lambda}$ WARNING

The product must be handled by a qualified person who has extensive knowledge and experience.

The product is designed and manufactured as a device or part for general industrial machinery.

Use the product within the specifications.

The product must not be used beyond its specifications. Also, the product must not be modified and additional work on the product must not be performed.

The product is intended for use in devices or parts for general industrial machinery. It is not intended for use outdoors or in the conditions or environment listed below.

- In applications for nuclear power, railroad system, aviation, ship, vehicle, medical equipment, and equipment that directly touches beverage or food.
- For special applications that require safety including amusement equipment, emergency shutoff circuit, press machine, brake circuit, and safety measures.
- For applications where life or properties may be adversely affected and special safety measures are required.

(Exception is made if the customer consults with CKD prior to use and understands the specifications of the product. However, even in that case, safety measures must be taken to avoid danger in case of a possible failure.)

Do not handle the product or remove pipes and devices until confirming safety.

- Inspect and service the machine and devices after confirming the safety of the entire system.
 Also, turn off the energy source (air supply or water supply) and power to the relevant facility.
 Release compressed air from the system and use extreme care to avoid water or electric leakage.
- Since there may be hot or live parts even after operation has stopped, use extreme care when handling the product or removing pipes and devices.
- When starting or restarting a machine or device that incorporates pneumatic components, make sure that a safety measure (such as a pop-out prevention mechanism) is in place and system safety is secured.

Precautions on Design and Selection

⚠ WARNING

Install a protective cover as a safety measure if the moving workpiece can pose a risk to humans or if human fingers can get caught in the finger and/or the attachment.

Take proper measures to prevent the workpiece from falling so that people are not injured and machines and devices are not damaged.

If the circuit pressure drops due to a power failure or a problem with the air source, the gripping power may decrease and the workpiece may fall.

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SM-A26326-A SAFETY INFORMATION

Precautions on Product Disposal

ACAUTION

When disposing of the product, comply with laws pertaining to disposal and cleaning of wastes and have an industrial waste disposal company dispose of the product.

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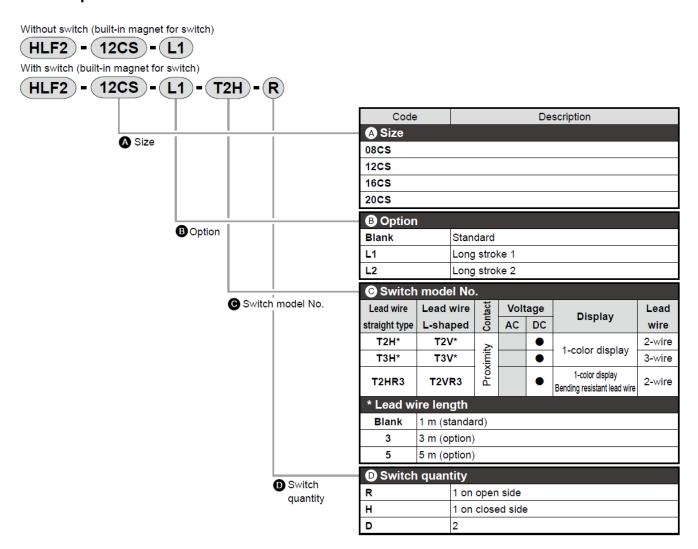
SM-A26326-A 1. PRODUCT OVERVIEW

1. PRODUCT OVERVIEW

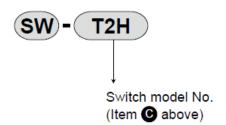
1.1 Model Number Indication

1.1.1 Product model number

■ Example of model number indication



1.1.2 Switch model number



SM-A26326-A 1. PRODUCT OVERVIEW

1.2 Specifications

1.2.1 Product specifications

							HL	.F2					
Descriptions		HLF2-08CS		HLF2-12CS		HLF2-16CS			HLF2-20CS				
		Std.	L1	L2	Std.	L1	L2	Std.	L1	L2	Std.	L1	L2
Bore size	mm		ø8×2			ø12×2			ø16×2 ø20×2				
Working fluid							Compre	ssed air					
Max.working pressure	MPa		0.7										
Min. working	MPa												
pressure		0.2											
Ambient temperature	°C	5 to 60											
Port size		M3 M5											
Operating stroke length	mm	12	24	48	16	32	64	20	40	80	24	48	96
Volumetric capacity (reciprocating)	cm³	1.2	2.4	4.8	3.6	7.2	14.4	8.0	16.0	32.0	15.1	30.1	60.2
Repeatability	mm	±0.03											
Product weight	kg	0.09	0.12	0.17	0.17	0.24	0.37	0.34	0.48	0.75	0.62	0.84	1.33
Lubrication		Not required (If lubrication is necessary, use Class 1 ISO VG32 turbine oil.)											

SM-A26326-A 1. PRODUCT OVERVIEW

1.2.2 Switch specifications

	Proximity 2-wire type	Proximity 3-wire type				
Descriptions	T2H/V,T2HR3,T2VR3	T3H/V				
Applications	Only for programmable controller	For programmable controller, relay				
Output method	_	NPN				
Power supply voltage	_	10 VDC to 28 VDC				
Load voltage	10 VDC to 30 VDC	30 VDC or less				
Load current	5 mA to 20 mA Note 2	100 mA or less				
Current consumption	_	10 mA or less at 24 VDC				
Internal voltage drop	4 V or less	0.5 V or less				
Indicator	Red LED (Lights up when turned on)					
Leakage current	1 mA or less	10 μA or less				
Note 1	Standard is 1 m	Standard is 1 m				
Lead wire Note 1	(Oil-resistant vinyl cabtyre 2 core cord, 0.2 mm²)	(Oil-resistant vinyl cabtyre 3 core cord, 0.2 mm²)				
Shock resistance	980m/s ² or less					
Insulation resistance	20 MΩ or more with 500 VDC megger					
Withstand voltage	No abnormality after applying 1000 VAC for one minute					
Ambient temperature	-10°C to 60°C					
Degree of protection	IP 67 (IEC standard), JIS C 0920 (watertight), oil-resistant					

Note 1: 3 m and 5 m lead wires are available as options.

Note 2: The maximum load current of 20 mA is the value when the ambient temperature is 25°C.

The current will be lower than 20 mA when the ambient temperature of the switch is higher than 25°C (5 mA to 10 mA at 60°C).

[&]quot;T□H" show Lead wire straight type, as well as "T□V" show Lead wire angled type.

2. INSTALLATION

2.1 Environment

⚠ CAUTION

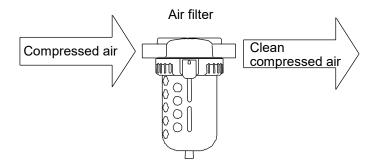
When using the product in a cutting, casting, or welding plant, install a cover to prevent foreign matters such as cutting fluid, chips, powder, and dust from entering.

Do not use the equipment in the following environments.

- Where cutting oil can splash onto the product (abrasives and polishing powder in the oil can abrade the sliding section)
- · Where organic solvents, chemicals, acids, alkalis, and kerosene are present
- · Where water can splash onto the product
- Use the product within the following ambient temperature range.

5°C to 60°C

For compressed air, use clean and dry air that has been passed through an air filter.
 Use an air filter in the circuit and be careful with the filtration rate (a filter that removes particles exceeding 5 µm is desirable), flow rate, and mounting position (install the filter near the directional control valve).



2.2 Unpacking

- Check that the model number ordered and the model number indicated on the product are the same.
- · Check the exterior of the product for any damage.
- When storing the product, take proper measures to prevent foreign matters from entering the cylinder.

2.3 Mounting

2.3.1 Mounting the body

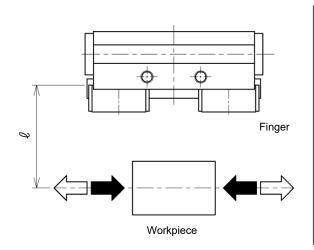
The body can be mounted from four mounting surfaces with tap holes and one surface with through holes. Select the mounting direction appropriate for the application. Do not put any dents and scratches on the body mounting surface or the finger that may affect their flatness and perpendicularity.

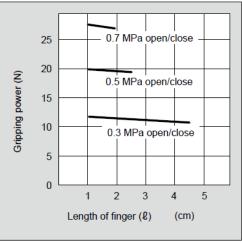
■ Screw diameter and depth of body installation

Model	Screw diameter and depth and positioning holes						
Model	Bottom mounting	Top mounting	Side mounting	Positioning hole			
HLF2-08CS	M3 depth 4	M3 depth 6	M3 depth 6	ø2 depth 2			
HLF2-12CS	M4 depth 5	M4 depth 8	M4 depth 5	ø3 depth 3			
HLF2-16CS	M5 depth 5	M5 depth 10	M5 depth 5	ø4 depth 4			
HLF2-20CS	M6 depth 6	M6 depth 12	M6 depth 6	ø5 depth 5			

■ Allowable load

Gripping power represents the force holding the workpiece, as shown in the figure below. Performance data indicates the gripping power at hand finger length ℓ at a supply pressure of 0.2 to 0.7 MPa.





To find the gripping power from performance data, if the distance from the attachment to the workpiece center of gravity when manufactured is ℓ , gripping power F is

When $\ell = \ell 1$ F=F1

When $\ell = \ell 2$ F = F2 Refer to the lower right figure expressed as above.

Max. working length of finger should be within the performance data.

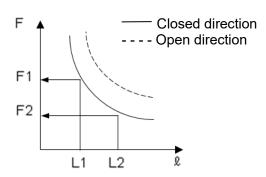
When transferring a workpiece (weight WL), the reference is as below.

 $W_L x 9.8 x 5 < (F x N)$ [holding only]

 $W_L x 9.8 \times 10 < (F \times N)$ [normal transport]

W_Lx 9.8 x 20 < (F x N) [sudden accelerated transport]

W_L: Weight of workpiece [kg] F: Gripping power [N] N: Number of fingers [pcs.]



2.3.2 Finger

■ Rigidity of the attachment

If the attachment is not rigid enough, sagging can result and cause the finger to twist or adversely affect operation.

■ Mounting the attachment

The effect on the hand body must be taken into consideration when mounting the attachment to the finger. Support the attachment with a wrench when tightening it so as not to twist the finger. Be careful not to apply a lateral load to the finger when mounting the attachment. Backlash or damage may occur when an excessive lateral load or an impact load is applied.

Tighten with the following tightening torque when mounting.

Thread nominal	M3	M4	M5	M6	M8
Recommended tightening torque (N·m)	0.59	1.4	2.8	4.8	12.0

■ Clamping operation

Clamping operation is accurate when performed as softly as possible at a low speed. Repeatability is also stable.

■ Attachment

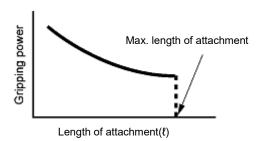
Use attachments as short and lightweight as possible. If the attachments is long and heavy, inertia increases when opening and closing. This may cause play in the finger, and adversely affect durability.

When mounting an L-shaped attachment, select length as shown below. Example: If the L-shape is 30 mm in the finger direction and 30 mm at a 90° angle, assume the attachment length is 60 mm.

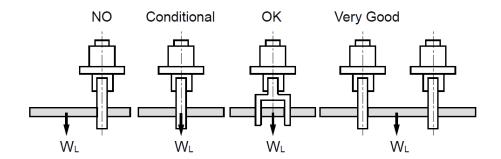
- · Length of attachment should be within the numerical value of performance data.
- The weight of the attachment affects durability, so check that the weight is less than the following value.

W < 1/4 H (1 pc.)

W: Weight of attachment H: Product weight of Hand

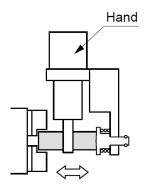


• When gripping long or large workpieces, stable gripping requires a grip on the center of gravity. Stability is a must when using larger or multiple workpieces as well.

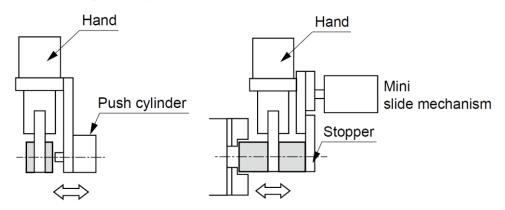


- Select a model that has sufficient opening / closing width for the workpiece size.
- If directly inserting the workpiece into the jig with the hand, consider clearance during design. The hand could be damaged.

Push-in jig with ejector



When using push cylinder



Note: Since the workpiece slides over the top of the attachment, it may significantly shorten the service life of the hand. The shape of the attachment should be sufficiently considered.

2.3.3 Mounting the switch

■ Mounting position

For the switch to function at an intermediate position of the stroke, secure the piston at the position where the switch needs to function and then slide the switch on the piston back and forth to find the positions where the switch turns on when slid forward and when slid backward. The intermediate point between these two positions is where the switch functions at maximum sensitivity for that piston position and where the switch is to be mounted.

■ Operating range

This is the range from where the switch is turned on when the piston moves and to where the switch is turned off when the piston moves farther in the same direction.

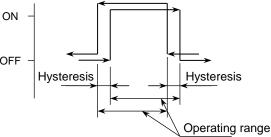
The center of the operating range is the maximum sensitivity position.

When the piston stop position is set at the maximum sensitivity position, disturbances are not easily received and the switch operation will be stable.

■ Hysteresis

This is the distance from where the switch is turned on when the piston moves and to where the switch is turned off when the piston moves in the opposite direction.

If the piston stops within this distance, the switch operation will become unstable and disturbances are easily received.



■ Changing the position of the switch

- **1** Loosen the fastening screw (set screw).
- **2** Move the switch body along the groove on the side of the body or the rail plate and then tighten the screw at the predetermined position.

■ Replacing the switch

- 1 Loosen the fastening screw (set screw) and remove the switch body from the groove.
- **2** Put the replacement switch into the groove.
- **3** Determine where to position the switch and tighten the screw. (For T2 and T3 switches, the tightening torque for the fastening screw is 0.10 N·m to 0.20 N·m.)

2.4 Piping

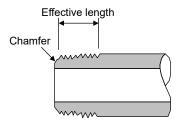
2.4.1 Piping

MARNING

Insert the tube into the fitting until it firmly rests on the tube end and make sure that the tube does not come off before use.

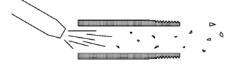
• Use pipes that are made of corrosion-resistant materials after the filter such as zinc-plated pipes, nylon tubes, and rubber tubes.

- Use pipes with an effective cross-sectional area that allows the cylinder to achieve the predetermined piston speed.
- Install the filter for removing rust, foreign matters, and drainage from the piping as close as possible to the solenoid valve.
- · Observe the effective thread length for the gas pipes.
- In addition, chamfer the threaded end of the pipes by about a 1/2 pitch.



■ Pipe cleaning

Before piping, blow air into the pipes to clean the interior and to remove cutting chips and foreign matters.



■ Seal material

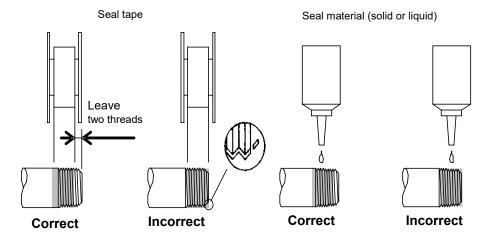
Use a seal tape or a seal material to stop leakage from piping.

Apply a seal tape or seal material to the screw threads leaving two or more threads at the pipe end uncovered or uncoated. If the pipe end is fully covered or coated, a shred of seal tape or residue of seal material may enter inside of the pipes or device and cause a failure.

When using a seal tape, wind it around the screw threads in the direction opposite from the screw threads and press it down with your fingers to attach it firmly.

When using a liquid seal material, be careful not to apply it to resin parts. The resin parts can become damaged and this may lead to a failure or malfunction.

Also, do not apply seal material to the internal threads.



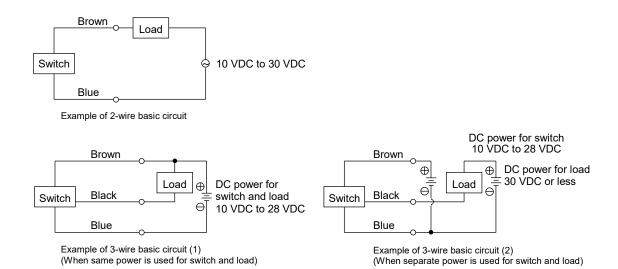
2.5 Wiring

2.5.1 Proximity switch

■ Connection of lead wires

Turn off the power to the device in the electric circuit to which the switch is to be connected and connect the lead wires according to their color. Not turning off the power may cause damage to the electric circuit of the switch load.

If the switch is not wired correctly or the load is short-circuited, it may cause damage not only to the switch but also to the electric circuit on the load side.

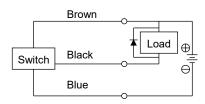


■ Protection of the output circuit

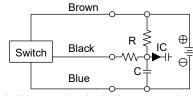
For the following cases, refer to the figures below and install a protection circuit:

• When an inductive load (relay or solenoid valve) is connected and used: See Ex. 1
Use a surge absorption element since a surge voltage is generated when the switch is turned off.

- When a capacious load (capacitor) is connected and used: See Ex. 2
 Use a current regulating resistor since a starting current is generated when the switch is turned on.
- When the lead wire length exceeds 10 m: See Ex. 3 and 4 (2-wire type), Ex. 5 (3-wire type)

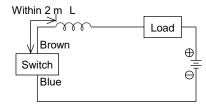


Ex. 1 Using inductive load with surge absorption element (diode). (For diode, use V06C manufactured by Hitachi or equivalent.)



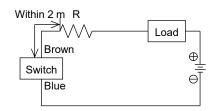
Ex. 2 Using capacious load with current regulating resistor R. Use the following formula to figure out resistance R (Ω) .

$$\frac{V}{0.05} = R(\Omega)$$



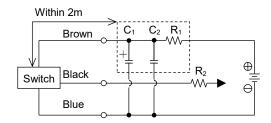
Ex. 3 - Choke coil
L = Several hundred µH to several mH
Excellent high frequency characteristic

- Wire near the switch (within 2 m).



Ex. 4 - Starting current restriction resistor R = Highest possible resistance for the load circuit.

- Wire near the switch (within 2 m).



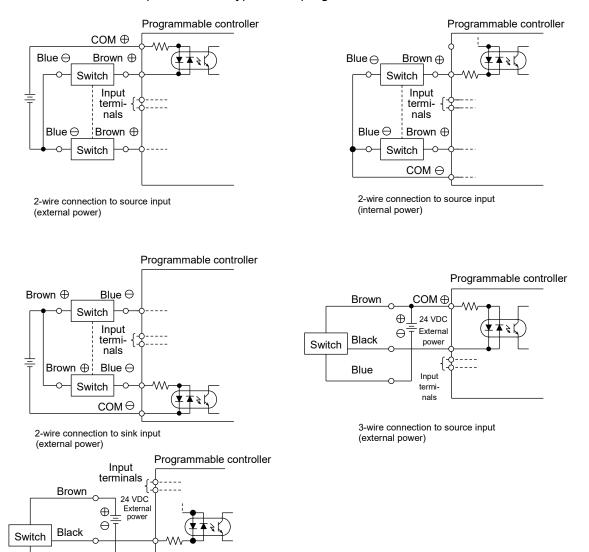
Ex. 5 - Power supply noise absorption circuit C_1 =20 µF to 50 µF electrolytic capacitor (withstand voltage 50V or more) C_2 =0.01 µF to 0.1 µF ceramic capacitor R_1 =20 Ω to 30 Ω

- Starting current restriction resistor R_2 = Highest possible resistance for the load circuit.

- Wire near the switch (within 2 m)

■ Connection to the programmable controller

The connection method depends on the type of the programmable controller. Connect as shown below.



■ Parallel connection

Blue

(internal power)

COM ∈

3-wire connection to source input

Since the leakage current of a 2-wire type switch increases according to the number of connected units, check the input specifications of the programmable controller, which is a connected load, to determine the number of switches to connect. For the 2-wire type switch, the indicator may become dim or not light up.

Although the leakage current of a 3-wire type switch increases according to the number of connected units, the leakage current is very small (10 μ A or less) and can generally be ignored. For the 3-wire type switch, the indicator will light up without dimming.

SM-A26326-A 3. USAGE

3. USAGE

3.1 Using the Hand

⚠ CAUTION

Do not apply excessive load to the finger when attaching, removing, or transferring the workpiece.

Scratches and dents may occur on the rolling surface of the finger linear guide and possibly cause a malfunction.

Adjustment of the piston speed

Adjust the opening and closing speeds of the hand with the speed controller (sold separately). When used at a high speed, backlash may occur sooner than expected. In addition, the workpiece may vibrate due to shocks from opening or closing and this may lead to erroneous handing, erroneous insertion of workpiece, and poor repeatability.

■ Prevention of condensation

Condensation (water drops) may occur in the piping under certain conditions if an actuator with small bore size or short stroke is operated at high frequency. Use a quick exhaust valve to prevent condensation.

3.2 Using the Switch

Magnetic environment

Do not use the switch in a place where there is a strong magnetic field or large current (such as a large magnet or welding machine). If switch mounted cylinders are installed close to each other and in parallel or if magnetic substances are moving close to the cylinder, the magnetic forces may interfere with each other and affect the detection accuracy.

■ Wiring of lead wires

When wiring, be careful not to apply bending stress and tension repeatedly to lead wires. For movable sections, use wiring material with the same level of bending resistance as the robot wire.

Ambient temperature

Do not use the switch in a high temperature environment (60°C or more).

Using the switch in a high temperature environment may affect its performance due to the temperature characteristics of magnetic parts and electronic parts.

■ Shock

Do not subject the product to strong vibrations and shocks when transporting the cylinder and mounting and adjusting the switch.

4. MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

MARNING

Do not disassemble the product.

Do not touch electrical wiring connections (bare live parts) of actuators equipped with switches, and other such actuators.

Do not touch live parts with bare hands.

An electric shock may occur.

⚠ CAUTION

Plan and perform daily and periodic inspections so that maintenance can be managed properly.

If maintenance is not properly managed, the product's functions may deteriorate significantly and this may lead to faults (such as short service life, damage, and malfunction) or accidents.

4.1 Periodic Inspection

In order to use the product under optimum conditions, perform a periodic inspection every six months or when the operation count reaches 5 hundred thousand times.

4.1.1 Inspection item

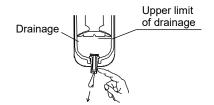
- · Actuation state
- · Air leakage
- · Looseness of screws and bolts
- · Backlash in the finger
- Stroke abnormality
- · Apply grease to sliding portion

4.1.2 Maintenance of the product

- Regularly grease the sliding section of the finger with grease. Regular greasing can extend service life further.
- This product can not be disassembled.

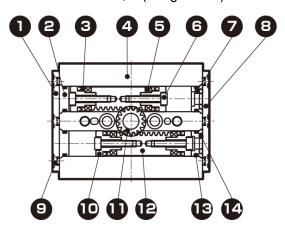
4.1.3 Maintenance of the circuit

- Discharge the drainage accumulated in the air filter periodically before it exceeds the specified line.
- Since foreign matters such as carbide (carbon or tar substance) from the compressor oil may contaminate the circuit and cause an operation fault of the solenoid valve or the cylinder, be careful when performing maintenance or inspection of the compressor.

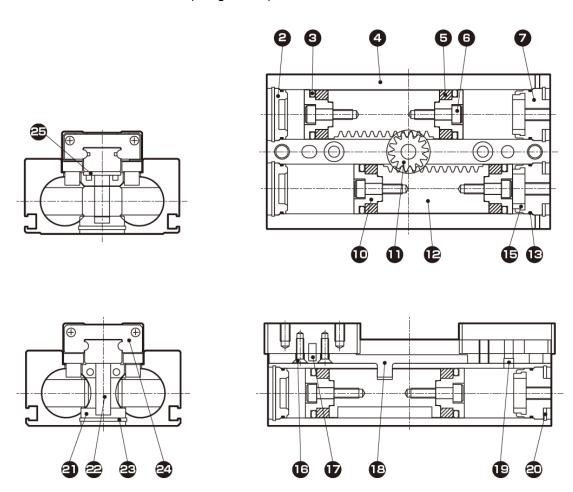


4.1.4 Internal structure

HLF2-08CS(Standard) HLF2-08CS-L1,L2(Long stroke)



HLF2-12CS to 20CS(Standard) HLF2-12CS to 20CS-L1,L2(Long stroke)



Parts list

No.	Part name	Material	Remarks
1	Side plate 2	Stainless steel	
2	Cylinder guard	Resin	
3	Piston packing	NBR	
4	Body	Aluminum alloy	
5	Magnet		
6	Hexagon socket head bolt		
7	Cylinder cover port	Aluminum alloy	
8	Side plate 1	Stainless steel	
9	Cross-recessed flat head machine screw		
10	Piston	Resin	
11	Pinion	Stainless steel	
12	Rack	Stainless steel	
13	Cylinder gasket	NBR	
14	Cover gasket	NBR	
15	Cushion	Resin	
16	Cross-recessed flat head machine screw		
17	Positioning pin	Bearing steel	
18	Rack joint	Stainless steel	
19	Positioning pin	Bearing steel	
20	C-type stop ring	Stainless steel	
21	Center plate	Aluminum alloy	
22	Pinion shaft	Bearing steel	
23	C-type stop ring	Stainless steel	
24	Linear guide		
25	Seal plate	Aluminum alloy	

SM-A26326-A 5. TROUBLESHOOTING

5. TROUBLESHOOTING

5.1 Problems, Causes, and Solutions

If the product does not operate properly, check the table below for a possible solution.

5.1.1 Finger (cylinder)

Problem	Cause	Solution	
	No pressure or insufficient pressure is applied.	Secure sufficient pressure.	
Finger does not	No signal is input to directional control valve.	Repair the control circuit.	
operate.	Centers were not aligned when mounted.	Correct the way the cylinder is mounted. Change the mounting style.	
	Piston packing is damaged.	Replace the cylinder.	
	Speed is lower than minimum working piston speed.	Mitigate load fluctuation.	
	Centers were not aligned when mounted.	Correct the way the cylinder is mounted. Change the mounting style.	
Finger does not operate smoothly.	Lateral load is applied.	Install a guide. Correct the way the cylinder is mounted. Change the mounting style.	
	Load is too large.	Increase the pressure. Enlarge the bore size.	
	Speed control valve has meter-in circuit.	Change the mounting direction of the speed control valve.	
Finger is damaged or deformed.	Force of shock due to high-speed actuation is excessive.	Decrease the speed. Lighten the load. Install a more effective cushion mechanism (external cushion mechanism).	
	Lateral load is applied.	Install a guide. Correct the way the cylinder is mounted. Change the mounting style.	

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5.1.2 Switch

Problem	Cause	Solution	
	Contact is welded.	Replace the switch.	
Switch turns on but indicator does not	Rating of load is exceeded.	Replace the relay with one recommended by CKD or replace the switch.	
blink.	Indicator is damaged.	Replace the switch.	
	External signal is faulty.	Check the external circuit.	
	Cables are disconnected.	Replace the switch.	
	External signal is faulty.	Check the external circuit.	
	Voltage is wrong.	Use specified voltage.	
	Switch is not mounted in right place.	Mount the switch in right place.	
Switch does not turn on.	Switch is not positioned correctly.	Position and tighten the switch correctly.	
	Switch is facing opposite direction.	Mount the switch so that it faces the correct direction.	
	Load (relay) cannot respond for intermediate position detection.	Lower the speed. Replace the relay with one recommended by CKD.	
	Rating of load is exceeded.	Replace the relay with one recommended by CKD or replace the switch.	
	Piston is not moving.	Move the piston.	
	Contact is welded.	Replace the switch.	
Switch does not	Rating of relay is exceeded.	Replace the relay with one recommended by CKD or replace the switch.	
turn off.	Ambient temperature is too high or too low.	Use the switch at an ambient temperature of −10°C to 60°C.	
	Magnetic field is nearby.	Install a magnetic shield.	
	External signal is faulty.	Check the external circuit.	

If you have any other questions or concerns, contact your nearest CKD sales office or distributor.

6. WARRANTY PROVISIONS

6.1 Warranty Conditions

■ Warranty coverage

If the product specified herein fails for reasons attributable to CKD within the warranty period specified below, CKD will promptly provide a replacement for the faulty product or a part thereof or repair the faulty product at one of CKD's facilities free of charge.

However, following failures are excluded from this warranty:

- Failure caused by handling or use of the product under conditions and in environments not conforming to those stated in the catalog, the Specifications, or this Instruction Manual.
- · Failure caused by incorrect use such as careless handling or improper management.
- · Failure not caused by the product.
- Failure caused by use not intended for the product.
- Failure caused by modifications/alterations or repairs not carried out by CKD.
- Failure that could have been avoided if the customer's machinery or device, into which the product is incorporated, had functions and structures generally provided in the industry.
- Failure caused by reasons unforeseen at the level of technology available at the time of delivery.
- Failure caused by acts of nature and disasters beyond control of CKD.

The warranty stated herein covers only the delivered product itself. Any loss or damage induced by failure of the delivered product is excluded from this warranty.

■ Confirmation of product compatibility

It is the responsibility of the customer to confirm compatibility of the product with any system, machinery, or device used by the customer.

■ Others

The terms and conditions of this warranty stipulate basic matters.

When the terms and conditions of the warranty described in individual specification drawings or the Specifications are different from those of this warranty, the specification drawings or the Specifications shall have a higher priority.

6.2 Warranty Period

The product is warranted for one (1) year from the date of delivery to the location specified by the customer.