

INSTRUCTION MANUAL CYLINDER WITH GUIDE Clean Room Specification STG-P7 Series

- Please read this instruction manual carefully before using this product, particularly the section describing safety.
- Retain this instruction manual with the product for further consultation whenever necessary.

For Safety Use

To use this product safety, basic knowledge of pneumatic equipment, including materials, piping, electrical system and mechanism, is required (to the level pursuant to JIS B 8370 Pneumatic System Rules).

We do not bear any responsibility for accidents caused by any person without such knowledge or arising from improper operation.

Our customers use this product for a very wide range of applications, and we cannot keep track of all of them. Depending on operating conditions, the product may fail to operate to maximum performance, or cause an accident. Thus, before placing an order, examine whether the product meets your applications, requirements, and how to use it.

This product incorporates many functions and mechanisms to ensure safety. However, improper operation could result in an accident. To prevent such accidents, read this operation manual carefully for proper operation.

Observe the cautions on handling described in this manual, as well as the following instructions:

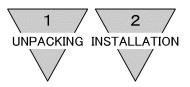
CAUTION :

- Before performing an overhaul inspection on the actuator, deactivate residual pressure completely.
- While the actuator is operating, do not step into or place hands in the driving mechanism.
- To prevent an electric shock, do not touch the electric wiring connections (exposed live parts) of the actuator equipped with a solenoid valve or switch.
 Perform an overhaul inspection with the power off. Also, do not touch these live parts with wet hands.
- The P7 series uses fluorine-based grease. Avoid exposure to open flame to prevent generation of possibly injurious toxic gases. Smoking with a hand with the grease may generate toxic gas, so this is harmful to the health.

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STG - P7 Series Cylinder With Guide Clean Room Specification Manual No. SM-419837-A

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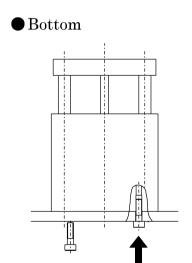
1. UNPACKING

- 1) The product is packaged in a clean room, and should be opened just before piping it in the clean room.
- 2) Make sure that the type No. on the nameplate of the delivered Super Compact Cylinder matches the type No. you ordered.
- 3) Check the appearance for any damage.

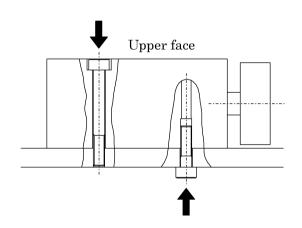
2. INSTALLATION

2.1 Installation

- 1) The ambient temperature for this cylinder is −10 to 60°C(Standard). Always operate the cylinder within this temperature range.
- 2) Install cylinder body with a hexagon socket head cap screw directly.



Side mounting



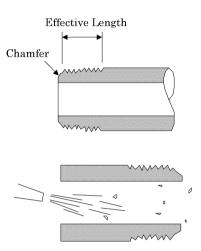
Note) In case of the installation of the body by a through bolt, tighten by the tightening torque in the bellow table.

Bore size (mm)	Tightening torque (N·m)
12 dia. •16 dia.	2.33
20 dia.∙25 dia.	4.52
32 dia.•40 dia.	7.08
50 dia. •63 dia.	15.18

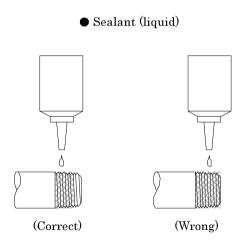


2.2 Piping

- 1) For piping beyond the filter, use pipes that are tough against corrosion such as galvanized pipes, nylon tubes, rubber tubes, etc.
- 2) See to it that the pipe connecting cylinder and solenoid valve has effective cross-sectional area which is needed for the cylinder to drive at the specified speed.
- 3) Install filter preferably adjacent to the upper-stream to the solenoid valve for eliminating rust, foreign substance in the drain of the pipe.
- 4) Be sure observe the effective thread length of gas pipe and give a chamfer of approx. 1/2 pitch from the threaded end.
- 5) Flush air into the pipe to blow out foreign substances and chips before piping.



6) Refrain from applying sealant or sealing tape approx. two pitches of thread off the tip of pipe to avoid residual substances from falling into piping system.

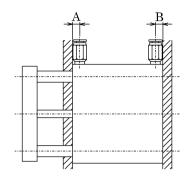


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7) Because the usable piping joint has limitations, for using it, see the note below.

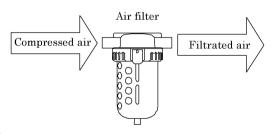
Descriptions	Port				
Bore size (mm)	size	A	В	Compatible joints	Cdia.
12 dia.	M5	12	7	SC3W-M5-4·6 GWS4-M5-S GWS4-M5 GWL4-M5	12 mm
16 dia.	MIO	12	7.5	GWL6-M5 GWS6-M5	or less
20 dia.		10.5	8.5	SC3W-M5-4 GWS4-M5 SC3W-M5-6 GWL4-M5	15 mm
25 dia.	Rc1/8	11.5	9	GWS4-M5-S GWL6-M5	or less
32 dia.	LC1/8	12.5	30.5	SC3W-6-4·6·8 GWS4-6 GWS6-6 GWS8-6	15 mm
40 dia.		14	31	GWL4-6 GWL6-6	or less
50 dia.	Rc1/4	14	35	SC3W-8-6·8·10 GWS4-8 GWS6-8	21 mm
63 dia.	RC1/4	16.5	35	GWS10-8 GWL4 to 12-8	or less

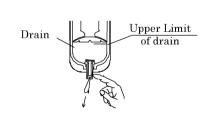




2.3 Fluid

- 1) It is necessary to use dehumidified air that has been filtered from compressed air. Carefully select an adequate filter that has an adequate filtration rate (preferably 5μ m or less), flow rate and its mounting location (as nearest to the directional control valve as possible).
- Be sure to drain out the accumulation in the filter periodically.
- 3) Note that the intrusion of carbide for the compressor oil (such as carbon or tarry substance) into the circuit causes malfunction of the solenoid valve and the cylinder. Be sure to carry out thorough inspection and maintenance of the compressor.

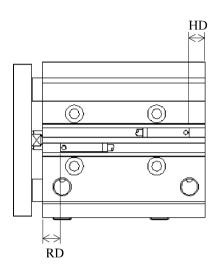






2.4 Switch installation

1) Location of mounting switches on a cylinder.



- (1) At the stroke end
 Refer the illustration above. Mount
 switches within the rod side dimension RD
 as well as the head side dimension HD for
 the purpose of having switches function at
 the points of the maximum sensitive
 position.
- (2) Intermediate of stroke

 Move the piston where it is anticipated to stop and fix it tentatively Slide a switch carefully along the side of cylinder over the piston to find out the spot where switch turns on. This type spot should be located on both side of piston. The intermediate spot between those posits is of the maximum sensitive position and where the switch is supposed to be installed.
- Relocation of switch Slide switch body along cylinder tube after loosening mounting screws and tighten screws when located the maximum sensitive position.
- Replacing switch

Take out switch out of groove after loosening mounting screws. Slide new replacing switch into groove and tighten screws upon placing the switch at the maximum sensitive position. (Apply tightening torque of 1 color indicator:0.1 to 0.2N·m, 2 color indicator:0.5 to 0.7N·m)

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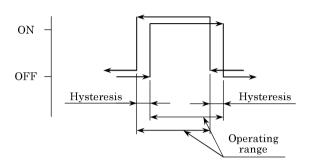


2) Operating range

- (1) The operating range is from the point where the piston moves and the switch turns ON to the point where the piston moves further in the same direction and the switch turns OFF.
- (2) The center of the operation range is the maximum sensitive position. If this position is set as the piston stop position, it is not affected by disturbance and switch operation is stable.

3) Hysteresis

- (1) Hysteresis is the distance from the point where the piston moves and the switch turns ON to the point where the piston moves in the reverse direction and the switch turns OFF.
- (2) If the piston stops between these points, switch operation becomes unstable and is easily adversely affected by external sources.



Maximum sensitive position, operating range and hysteresis

(Unit: mm)

Switch model No.		ТО	·T5/T2·T3				T2Y**							
Item	Max. sensitive position								Operating	Hysteresis		ensitive tion	Operating	Hysteresis
Bore size (mm)	HD	RD	range	Hysteresis	HD	RD	range	Hysteresis						
12 dia.	5	18	1.5 to 5		4	17	6 to10							
16 dia.	10	17	1.5 to 5		9	16	4 to9							
20 dia.		22.5	3 to 8			21.5	6 to 14							
25 dia.	8.5	23		7.5	22	5 to 14	3 or less							
32 dia.		22								1.5 or less		21	5 to 12	or less
40 dia.	12	25	3 to 9		11	24	6 to 14							
50 dia.	11.5	24.5			10.5	23.5	0 to 14							
63 dia.	16	25			15	24	7 to 15							

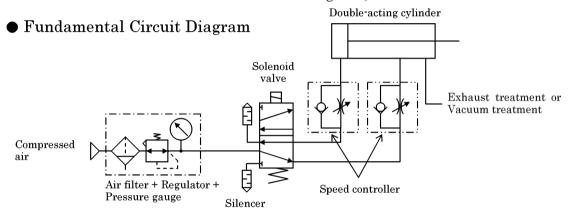
(Unit: mm)

Switch model No.			T1				T8								
Item	Max. sensitive position Opera		Operating Hysteresis –			ensitive tion	Operating	Hysteresis							
Bore size (mm)	HD	RD	range	Hysteresis	HD	RD	range	Trysteresis							
12 dia.	4	17	1.5 to 5		-	_	1.5 to 5								
16 dia.	9	16	1.5 to 5		-	-	1.5 to 5	1.5 on loss							
20 dia.		21.5	3 to 8		2.5	16.5	3 to 8								
25 dia.	7.5	22		1.5 or less		17									
32 dia.		21	3 to 9	3 to 9	3 to 9	3 to 9	3 to 9		ı		1.5 or less		16		1.5 or less
40 dia.	11	24							6	19	3 to 9				
50 dia.	10.5	23.5			5.5	18.5									
63 dia.	15	24			10	19									

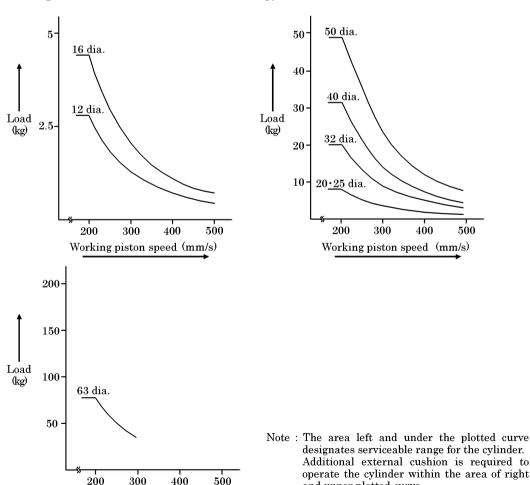


3.1 Operating the Cylinder

- 1) The working pressure for this type of cylinder is specified in "Product Specifications". Operate the system within this range.
- 2) Although a rubber cushion is internally provided for this type of cylinder, it is advisable to install an additional external stopper when the kinetic energy is excessive. Tolerable kinetic energy is as the graphs below indicate.
- 3) Regulate the working piston speed by installing speed controllers as per illustration in the Fundamental Circuit Diagram, below.



Graphs for Tolerable kinetic energy



and upper plotted curve.

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Working piston speed (mm/s)



3.2 How to use the Switches

3.2.1 Common items

1) Magnetic environment

Do not operate this product in a place where a strong magnetic field or large current (large magnet or spot welder, etc.) exists. If a cylinder with the switch is installed in parallel to this product or the magnetic substance moves near the cylinder, the mutual interference may occur and affect the detection accuracy.

2) Protection of lead cord

Pay consideration to eliminate repeating bending stress or stretching of lead cord while laying the cord.

To the moving portion, use such cord of flexibility as for building a robot.

3) Operating temperature

Do not operate the product at a high temperature (60°C).

Always avoid operation of the product in a hot place due to temperature characteristics of magnetic and electronics parts.

4) Intermediate position detection

When activating the switch halfway of the stroke, the relay may not respond if the working piston speed is too fast.

(Example) Operate cylinder with the speed of less than 500mm/s in case the relay actuation time is 20ms.

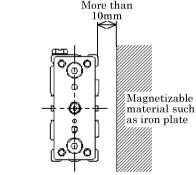
5) Impact

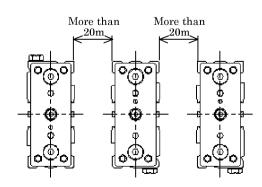
Do not apply a large vibration or impact to the product when transporting the cylinder, or mounting or adjusting the switch.

More than

- 6) Magnetizable material such as iron plate near by cylinder switch is apt to cause malfunction of cylinder switches. Keep it from cylinder surface at least 10mm away.
 - (This is applicable for all bore sizes of tube.)
- 7) It usually causes malfunction cylinder switches when plural cylinders are laid adjoining. Keep a space between each other as illustrated to right.

(This is applicable for all bore sizes of tube.)







3.2.2 Operational Cautions, Solid states type switch (T1, T2, T3)

1) Connection of lead cord

Comply with the color coding specified on the illustrations. Be sure to turn the power off before starting connecting work.

An erroneous wiring or short circuiting of load causes damage to not only switches, but also load side circuit. Wiring work without shutting electricity off may cause damage to the load side circuit

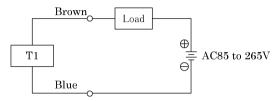


Fig. 1 Fundamental circuit Example of T1

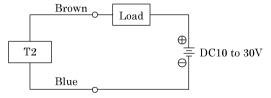


Fig.2 T2 Fundamental circuit Example

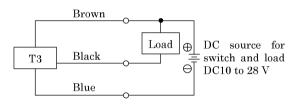


Fig. 3 T3 Fundamental circuit Example of (1) (In case the same source of power is used.)

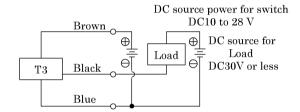


Fig. 4 T3 Fundamental circuit Example of (2)
(In case individual sources of power are used.)

2) Protection of output circuit

Install some protective circuit as illustrated in Fig. 5, 7 or SKAC/DC when inducing type load (Relay or solenoid valve) are to be used because those types apt to generate surge current switch off.

Install some protective circuit as illustrated in Fig. 6 or SKDC when capacitor type load (Capacitor type) are to be used, because these types apt to generate a dash current when turning the switch ON.

Install some protective circuit as illustrated in Fig. 8, 9 or SKAC/DF (in case of model T2) and Fig 10 (in case of model T3).

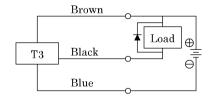
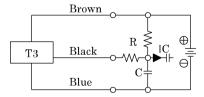


Fig.5 An example of using inducing load together with surge absorptive element (diode). (Hitachi Mfg. made diode V06C or equivalent is recommended.)



Flg.6 An example of using capacitor type load together with current regulating resister R.

Comply with the following formula to figure out required R.

$$\frac{\mathrm{V}}{0.05} = \mathrm{R}(\Omega)$$



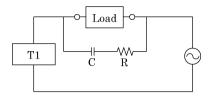


Fig. 7 • Capacitor $\begin{array}{c} \text{C=0.03 to 0.1}\,\mu\,\text{F} \\ \text{• Resister} \\ \text{R=1}\!\sim\!3\text{K}\,\Omega \\ \text{XEB1K1 Okaya Denki Mfg or equivalent} \end{array}$

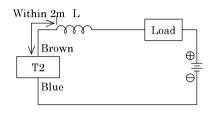


Fig. $8 \cdot \text{Choke coil}$

L = a couple hundred μ H to a couple mH surpassing high frequency characteristic · Install it near by a switch (within 2m).

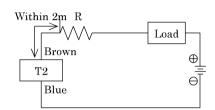
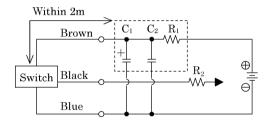


Fig.9 · Dash current restriction resister.

R=As much large resister as the load circuit can afford.

· Install it near by a switch (within 2m).



 $\label{eq:Fig10} \begin{array}{l} Fig10 \, \cdot \, Electric \mbox{ power noise absorptive circuit.} \\ C_1 = 20 \mbox{ to } 50 \, \mu \, F \mbox{ electrolytic capacitor} \\ (Withstand voltage 50 V \mbox{ or more}) \\ C_2 = 0.01 \mbox{ to } 0.1 \, \mu \, F \mbox{ ceramic capacitor} \\ R_1 = 20 \mbox{ to } 30 \, \Omega \end{array}$

- Dash current restriction resister.
 R₂=As much large resister as the load circuit can afford.
- · Install it nearby the switch (Within 2m)

3) Connection to a programmable controller (Sequencer).

Type of connection varies depending upon the model of the programmable controller. Refer to the following Fig. 11 to 16 respectively.

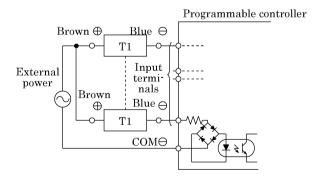


Fig. 11 An example of T1 connection to AC input (external electric power)

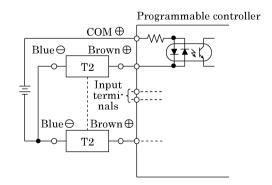


Fig.12 An example of T2 connection to source input type (external electric power)



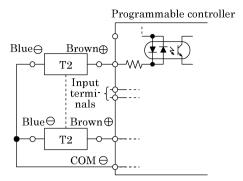


Fig.13 An example of T2 connection to source input type (internal electric power)

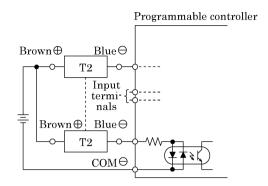
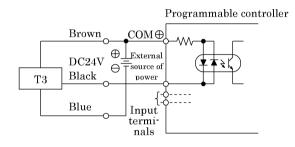


Fig.14 An example of T2 connection to sink input type (external electric power)



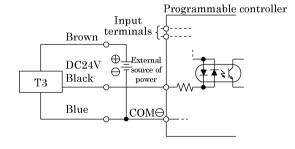


Fig.15 An example of T3 connection to source input type (external electric power)

Fig.16 An example of T3 connection to source input type (internal electric power)

4) Series connection

The total voltage will decrease when the T2 switches connections have a leak. Therefore, confirm the input specifications for the programmable controllers, which are the connecting load. However, dimming or total failure of the indicator light may exist.

T3 switches hardly ever leak. When less than 10μ A, then leakage may occur. Usually dimming and failure of the indicator light do not occur.



3.2.3 Reed switch (T0, T5, T8)

1) Lead wire connections

Do not connect the lead wires of the switch to the power supply directly. Always connect the loads in series. For T0 switch, carefully check following items (A), (B).

- (A) When using the switch for DC power supply, connect the brown and blue lines to the positive and negative sides, respectively. If these lines are connected reversely, the switch is activated, but the indicator light is not lit.
- B When the switch is connected to an AC relay or a programmable controller input, the indicator light on the switch is not lit if the half-wave rectification is performed in the connected circuit. If this occurs, reverse the polarities of the switch lead wire connection. The indicator light may then be lit.
- 2) Contact protective measures
 When an inductive load, such as relay is used
 or the wire length exceeds that stated in
 Table 1, always install a contact protective
 circuit.

Table1									
Electric power	Length of wire								
DC	50m								
AC	10m								

(1) Protective circuit when connecting an inductive type load.

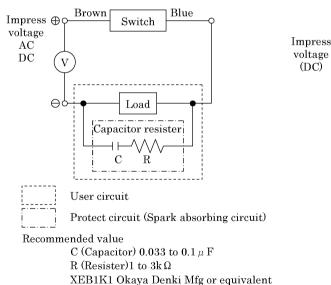
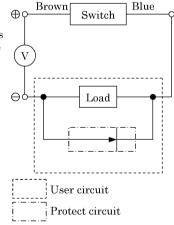


Fig.1 When capacitor resister is used.

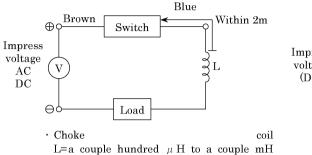


Rectifying diode, general use Hitachi Mfg. product V06C or equivalent

Fig.2 When diode is used.



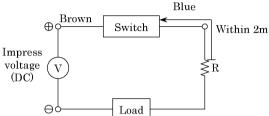
(2) Protective circuit when the wire length exceeds that stated Table 1.



· Install it near by a switch (within 2m).

Fig.3

surpassing high frequency characteristic



- Dash current restriction resister R=As much large resister as the load circuit can afford.
- · Install it near by a switch (within 2m).

Fig.4

3) Contact capacity

Do not use a load exceeding the maximum contact capacity of the switch. Additionally, if the current is lower than the rated current value, the indicator light may not be lit.

4) Relay

Always use the relays listed below.

Omron Corporation ······ MY type
Fuji Electric Co., Ltd. ····· HH5 type
Panasonic, Ltd. ···· HC type

5) Serial connection

Total voltage loss, when connected T0 switches in series, equals to the sum of respective voltage loss of each switch.

The total voltage loss becomes equivalent to one T0 (approx. 2.4V) when connecting the combination of one T0 for actuation confirming and rest of T5 switches. Indicator light is lit only when all switches turn on.

6) Parallel connection

There is no restriction in parallel connection number of switches of these types. Multi number connection of model T0, sometimes, cause a dimmed indicator light or complete indicator light failure.

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4. MAINTENANCE

4.1 Periodical Inspection

- 1) In order to upkeep the cylinder in optimum condition, carry out periodic inspection once or twice a year.
- 2) Inspection items
 - (1) Check the main body mounting bolts and work piece mounting bolts for slackening.
 - (2) Check to see that the cylinder operates smoothly.
 - (3) Check any change of the working piston speed and cycle time.
 - (4) Check for internal and/or external leakage.
 - (5) Check the piston rod for flaw (scratch) and deformation.
 - (6) Check the stroke for abnormality.

See "Trouble shooting", 4.2 should there be any trouble found, also carry out additional tightening if bolts, nuts, etc. are slackened.



4.2 Trouble shooting

1) Cylinder

Trouble	Causes	Remedies		
	No pressure or inadequate pressure.	Provide an adequate pressure source.		
Does not operate.	Signal is not transmitted to direction control valve.	Correct the control circuit.		
Does not operate.	Improper or misalignment of installation.	Correct the installation state and/or change the mounting style.		
	Broken piston packing	Replace the piston packing.		
	Speed is below the low speed limit	Limit the load variation.		
	Improper or misalignment of installation.	Correct the installation state and/or change the mounting style.		
Does not function smoothly.	Exertion of transverse (lateral) load.	Install a guide. Revise the installation state and/or change the mounting style.		
	Excessive load.	Increase the pressure itself and/or the inner diameter of the tube.		
	Speed control valve is built in the way of "Meter in" circuit.	Change the installation direction of the speed control valve.		
Breakage and/or	Impact force due to high speed operation	Turn the speed down. Reduce the load and/or install a mechanism with more secured cushion effect (e.g.external cushion mechanism).		
deformation	Exertion of transverse load.	Install a guide. Reverse the installation state and/or change the mounting style.		

2) Switch

Troubles	Causes	Remedies				
	Deposited contact point	Replace the switch.				
Indicator light is	Excessive load than rated capacity	Replace the relay with a recommended one or replace the switch.				
not lit.	Damaged indicator light	Replace the switch.				
	Inadequate incoming signal	Review the external signal circuit and remove the causes.				
	Broken circuit	Replace the switch.				
	Inadequate incoming signal	Review the external signal circuit and remove the causes.				
	Improper voltage	Correct voltage to specified.				
	Incorrect location of switch	Correct its location.				
Switch does not function right.	Aberrant position of switch	Set it back to original position and tighten the mounting device.				
	Incorrect direction of switch mounting	Correct the direction of the switch mounting.				
	Relay is unable to respond properly	Turn the speed down. Replace the relay with a recommended one.				
	Excessive load than rated capacity	Replace the relay with a recommended one or replace the switch.				
	Piston is not moving	Make the piston move.				
	Deposited contact point	Replace the switch				
Switch does not	Excessive load (relay) than rated capacity	Replace the relay with a recommended one or replace the switch.				
return.	The ambient temperature is out of the specification range	Adjust the ambient temperature within the range of -10 to $60^\circ\!$				
	Existence of a foreign magnetic field	Shield the magnetic field.				
	Inadequate incoming signal	Review the external signal circuit and remove the causes.				

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5. HOW TO ORDER

5.1 Product Number Coding

(а) Туре	e of bearing	(b) Bore			
В	Ball bearing	12	12 dia.	32	32 dia.
		16	16 dia.	40	40 dia.
		20	20 dia.	50	50 dia.
		25	25 dia.	63	63 dia.

 \bigcirc : Standard - : Not available

(c) Sta	andard stroke (mm)	10	20	25	30	40	50	75	100	125	150	175	200	250	300	350	400
	12 dia.	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		_	_
	16 dia.	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		_	
	20 dia.	_	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
STG	25 dia.	_	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
516	32 dia.	_	_	0	_	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	40 dia.	_	_	0	_	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	50 dia.	_	_	0			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	63 dia.			0			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

(d) Switch mo	odel No.	(e) Qty. of	switch			
Lead wire	Lead wire	Switch	Indicator light	Lead	R	One on rod side
$straight\ type$	L-shaped type	type	indicator light	wire	Н	One on head side
тонж	T0V*	D 1	1 color indicator		D	Two
Т5НЖ	T5V※	Reed	Without indicator light		Т	Three
Т8НЖ	T8V*			2 wire		•
T1H※	T1V※		1 color indicator			
T2H**	T2V*		1 color indicator			
ТЗНЖ	T3V※	state		3 wire		
Т2ҮНЖ	T2YV*	s p	2 color indicator	2 wire		
ТЗҮНЖ	T3YV※	Solid	2 color indicator	3 wire		
Т2ЈН※	T2JV※] 31	Off delay type			
T2YD※				2 wire		
T2YDT*			Strong magnetic field proof			

*mark shows lead wire length.

涨 Lead wi	re length	(f) Clean	room specifications
Blank	1m (Standard)	P72	Exhaust treatment
3	3m (Optional)	P73	Vacuum treatment
5	5m (Optional)		

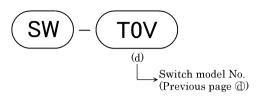
• Custom stroke length

Available per 5mm increment.

Overall length dimensions are as same as the following standard stroke length increment.



5.2 How to order switch



[SM-419837-A]



6. SPECIFICATION

6.1 Cylinder Specifications

Model code					CMC D	DEO/DEO			
Item		STG-B-P72/P73							
Bore size	mm	12 dia.	16 dia.	20 dia.	25 dia.	32 dia.	40 dia.	50 dia.	63 dia.
Actuation		Double-acting type							
Working fluid		Compressed air							
Max. working pressure	MPa	1.0							
Min. working pressure	MPa	0.2 0.15 0.1							
Proof pressure	MPa	1.6							
Ambient temperature	$^{\circ}$	-10 to 60 (No freezing)							
Port size		M5 Rc1/8			Re	1/4			
Stroke tolerance	mm	+2.0 0							
Working piston speed	mm/s	50 to 500 50 to 300			300				
Cushion		With rubber cushion							
Lubrication		Not permissible							
Allowable Energy absorp	tion J	0.056	0.088	0.157	0.157	0.401	0.627	0.980	1.560

6.2 switch Specifications

1) Type of switches and applications

Model Item			Application (Purpose)	
Item				
	2 wire	T2H	DC Programmable controller, exclusive	
		T2V	DC 1 rogrammable controller, exclusive	
Slid state	3 wire	ТЗН	DC Programmable controller, Relay	
Silu state	o wire	T3V	DC Frogrammable controller, Kelay	
	O revises	T1H	AC Discourse ble scatterilles Delegation 1 1 1 1	
	2 wire	T1V	AC Programmable controller, Relay, compact solenoid valve	
	2 wire	T0H	AC/DC Relay, Programmable controller	
		T0V		
Reed		T5H	AC/DC Programmable controller, Relay or IC circu	
Reed		T5V	(not including light), for Series connection	
		T8H	AC/DC Relay, Programmable controller	
		T8V		
	2 wire	T2YH	DC Down and the sector line and the leading	
2 color indicator		T2YV	DC Programmable controller, exclusive	
solid state	3 wire	ТЗҮН	DC Dllt.ll. D.l.	
		T3YV	DC Programmable controller, Relay	
Off delegation	2 wire	T2JH	DC December 11	
Off delay type		T2JV	DC Programmable controller, exclusive	
Strong magnetic field proof	proof 2 wire	T2YD	DC D	
solid state		T2YDT	DC Programmable controller, exclusive	

Note1. T%H expresses the axial lead wire. T%V expresses the radial lead wire.



2) Switch specification

December	Reed switch					
Descriptions	ТОІ	H/V	T5H/V			
Applications	Programmable controller, relay		Programmable controller, relay, IC circuit (without indicator light), series connection			
Power supply voltage	_					
Load Voltage	DC12/24V	AC110V	DC5/12/24V	AC110V		
Load Current	5 to 50mA	7 to 20mA	50mA or less	20mA or less		
Current consumption		-	_			
Internal voltage drop	2.4V (or less	0V			
Indicator light	LED (ON lighting)		Without indicator light			
Leakage current	0mA					
Lead wire length (Note1)	Standard 1m (Oil resistant vinyl cabtire cord 2 conductor 0.2mm²)					
Shock resistance	$294\mathrm{m/s^2}$					
Insulation resistance	$20 \mathrm{M}\Omega$ over at DC500V megger					
Withstand voltage	No failure impressed at AC1000V for one minute					
Ambient temperature	−10 to 60°C					
Degree of protection	IEC Standards IP67, JIS C0920 (water tight type), oil resistance					

Danninkinna	Reed switch				
Descriptions	T8H/V				
Applications	Programmable controller, relay				
Power supply voltage	-				
Load Voltage	DC12/24V	AC110V	AC220V		
Load Current	5 to 50mA	7 to 20mA	7 to 20mA		
Current consumption	_				
Internal voltage drop	3V or less				
Indicator light	LED (ON lighting)				
Leakage current	$0 \mathrm{mA}$				
Lead wire length (Note1)	Standard 1m (Oil resistant vinyl cabtire cord 2 conductor 0.3mm²)				
Shock resistance	$294 \mathrm{m/s^2}$				
Insulation resistance	$100 \mathrm{M}\Omega$ over at DC500V megger				
Withstand voltage	No failure impressed at AC1500V for one minute				
Ambient temperature	−10 to 60°C				
Degree of protection	IEC Standards IP67, JIS C0920 (water tight type), oil resistance				

Degovintions	Solid state switch				
Descriptions	T2H/V T2JH/V		T2YH/V		
Applications	Programmable controller				
Power supply voltage		_			
Load Voltage	DC10 to 30V				
Load Current		5 to 20mA (Note 2)			
Current consumption	_				
Internal voltage drop	4V or less				
Indicator light	LED (ON	Red/green LED (ON lighting)			
Leakage current	1 mA or less				
Lead wire length (Note1)	Standard 1m (Oil resistant vinyl cabtire cord 2 conductor 0.2mm) Standard 1m (Oil resistant vinyl cabtire cord 2 conductor 0.3mm)				
Shock resistance	$980 \mathrm{m/s^2}$				
Insulation resistance	$20 \mathrm{M}\Omega\mathrm{over}$ at DC500V meggeer	$100 \mathrm{M}\Omega$ over at DC500V megger			
Withstand voltage	No failure impressed at AC1000V for one minute				
Ambient temperature	-10 to 60°C				
Degree of protection	IEC Standards IP67, JIS C0920 (water tight type), oil resistance				

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Descriptions	Solid state switch			
Descriptions	ТЗН/V	T3YH/V		
Applications	Programmable controller, relay			
Power supply voltage	DC10	to 28V		
Load Voltage	DC30V	or less		
Load Current	100 mA or less	50mA or less		
Current consumption	10mA or less at DC24V			
Internal voltage drop	0.5V or less			
Indicator light	LED (ON lighting)	Red/green LED (ON lighting)		
Leakage current	$10\mu\mathrm{A}\mathrm{or}\mathrm{less}$			
Lead wire length (Note1)	Standard 1m (Oil resistant vinyl cabtire cord 3 conductor 0.2mm²)			
Shock resistance	$980 \mathrm{m/s^2}$	$294 \mathrm{m/s^2}$		
Insulation resistance	$20{ m M}\Omega$ over at DC500V meggeer	$100 \mathrm{M}\Omega$ over at DC500V megger		
Withstand voltage	No failure impressed at AC1000V for one minute			
Ambient temperature	-10 to 60°C			
Degree of protection	IEC Standards IP67, JIS C0920 (water tight type), oil resistance			

D	Solid state switch		
Descriptions	T1H/V		
Applications	Programmable controller, relay, compact solenoid valve		
Power supply voltage	-		
Load Voltage	AC85 to 265V		
Load Current	5 to 100 mA		
Current consumption	_		
Internal voltage drop	7V or less		
Indicator light	LED (ON lighting)		
Leakage current	1mA at AC100 2mA at AC200		
Lead wire length (Note1)	Standard 1m (Oil resistant vinyl cabtire cord 2 conductor 0.3mm²)		
Shock resistance	$980\mathrm{m/s^2}$		
Insulation resistance	$100 \mathrm{M}\Omega$ over at DC500V megger		
Withstand voltage	No failure impressed at AC1500V for one minute		
Ambient temperature	-10 to 60°C		
Degree of protection	IEC Standards IP67, JIS C0920 (water tight type), oil resistance		

Demoisting	Solid state switch			
Descriptions	T2YD	T2YDT		
Applications	Programmable controller			
Load voltage	DC24	V±10%		
Load current	5 to	20mA		
Internal voltage drop	6V or less			
Indicator light	Red/green LED (ON lighting)			
Leakage current	1.0mA or less			
Output delay time (Note3) (ON delay, OFF delay)	30 to 60ms			
Lead wire length (Note1)	Standard 1m (Oil resistant vinyl cabtire cord 2 conductor 0.5mm) Standard 1m (Flame resistant vinyl cord 2 conductor 0.5mm)			
Shock resistance	$980 \mathrm{m/s^2}$			
Insulation resistance	$100 \mathrm{M}\Omega$ over at DC500V megger			
Withstand voltage	No failure impressed at AC1000V for one minute			
Ambient temperature	−10 to 60°C			
Degree of protection	IEC Standards IP67, JIS C0920 (water tight type), oil resistance			

Note1: 3m or 5m long lead wire is optionally available.

Note2: Maximum value, 20mA is at 25°C of ambient temperature. Load current decreases less than 20mA when the ambient temperature exceeds 25°C. (For example: it may be 5 to 10mA at 60)