



SM-9028-A

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

SUPER MOUNT CYLINDER SMD2 Series

Please read this operation manual carefully before using this product, particularly the section describing safety.

Retain this operation manual with the product for further consultation whenever necessary.



For Safety Use

To use this product safely, basic knowledge of pneumatic equipment, including materials, piping, electrical system and mechanism, is required (to the level pursuant to JIS B 8370 Pneumatic System Rules).

We do not bear any responsibility for accidents caused by any person without such knowledge or arising from improper operation.

Our customers use this product for a very wide range of applications, and we cannot keep track of all of them. Depending on operating conditions, the product may fail to operate to maximum performance, or cause an accident. Thus, before placing an order, examine whether the product meets your application, requirements, and how to use it.

This product incorporates many functions and mechanisms to ensure safety. However, improper operation could result in an accident. To prevent such accidents, read this operation manual carefully for proper operation.

Observe the cautions on handling described in this manual, as well as the following instructions:



Precautions

- Before performing an overhaul inspection on the actuator, deactivate residual pressure completely.
- While the actuator is operating, do not step into or place hands in the driving mechanism.
- To prevent an electric shock, do not touch the electric wiring connections (exposed live parts) of the actuator equipped with a solenoid valve or switch.

Perform an overhaul inspection with the power off. Also, do not touch these live parts with wet hands.



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1. PRODUCT

1-1. Cylinder Specification

Model and Class	SM	ID2	SMD2-X	SMD2-Y	SMI	02-M	
Item	Double	e acting	Single acting, Advancing type	Double acting, Whinstopping type			
Tube bore (mm)	6, 10, 16	20, 25, 32	6, 10, 16,	6, 10, 16	20, 25, 32		
Standard Stroke (mm)	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50	5, 10	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30	5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50		
Media		***************************************	Compre	•			
Lubrication	Not required (Turbine oil, Class 1, ISO VG32 is recommended if and when used.)						
Max. Working pressure MPa {kgf/cm²}		0.7 {7}					
Min. Working pressure MPa {kgf/cm²}	φ6: 0.15 {1 φ10~φ32:	-	$\phi 6: 0.3 \{3\}$ $\phi 10 \sim \phi 25: 0.2 \{2\}$ $\phi 32: 0.15 \{1.5\}$	φ6: 0.35 {3.5} φ10~φ25: 0.2 {2} φ32: 0.15 {1.5}	φ6:0.15{1 φ10~φ32:	-	
Withstanding pressure MPa {kgf/cm²}			1.05 {	[10.5]			
Ambient temperature (°C)	−10~60 (Not to be frozen)						
Connecting port size			φ6~φ25 : M5, φ	32 : Rc (PT) 1/8			
Working piston speed (mm/s)		50~500					

Whirl stopping accuracy of Double acting, whirl stopping Model SMD2-M,

Stopping position accuracy (°) (during retraction)	$\phi 6 \sim \phi 16: \pm 0.8$ $\phi 20 \sim \phi 32: \pm 0.5$
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1-2. Switch specification

Type · Model	Contact	Switch
Item	K0H·K0V	K5H · K5V
	For use with relay, programmable control-	For use with programmable controller, re-
Application	ler	lay, IC circuit, series connection (without lamp)
Voltage of source of power		
T 1 1/ C /	DCV24V, 5~50mA	DC24V, 50mA or less
Load voltage Current	AC100V, 7~20mA	AC100V, 20mAor less
Current consumption		
Internal voltage drop	2.4V or less	ov
Lamp	Lit when LED is on	
Leak current)
Length of lead wire	1	
(Note 1)	im standard (On-proof viny)	cabtyre cord, 2-cord, 0,2mm²)
Max. Impact	300	G
Insulation resistance	Over $20 \mathrm{M}\Omega$ by measuring w	ith DC500V megger tester.
Dielectric strength	Should stand normal for 1 mi	nute with AC1000V applied.
Ambient temperature	-10~	+ 60°C
Protective structure	IEC Standard IP67, JIS 0920	(Splash proof) Oil resistant

Type · Model	Non Cont.	act Switch		
Item	K2H · K2V	K3H · K3V		
Auulingtieu	For use with programmable controller, ex-	For use with programmable controller as		
Application	clusively	relay		
Voltage of source of power		DC10~28V		
Load voltage · Current	DC10~30V, 5~25mA (Note 2)	DC30V or less, DC100mA or less		
Current consumption		10mA or less when it is on at DC24V		
Internal voltage drop	4V or less	0.5V or less with 100mA		
Lamp	Lit when I	LED is on.		
Leak current	1 mA or less	$10\mu\mathrm{A}$ or less		
Length of lead wire	1 m Standard (Oil-proof vinyl cabtyre cord,	Standard 1 m (Oil-proof vinyl cabtyre cord,		
(Note 1)	2-cord, 0.2mm ²)	3-cord, 0.15mm ²)		
Max. Impact	10	0G		
Insulation resistance	Over 20M Ω by measuring v	vith DC500V megger tester.		
Dielectric strength	Should stand normal for 1 mi	nute with AC1000V applied.		
Ambient temperature	-10~	+60°C		
Protective structure	IEC Standard IP67, JIS 092	O (Splash proof) Oil resistant		

Note 1. Either 3m or 5m of lead wire are optionally available.

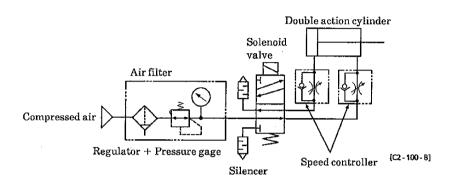
Note 2. The max, load current 25mA is at 25°C. Value will become lower than 25mA when ambient temperature rises higher than 25°C.





1-3. Fundamental Circuit Diagram

1) Fundamental Circuit Diagram For Double-acting Cylinder (Model SMD2) is as follows.



1-4. Selection of Peripheral equipment

Required peripheral equipment in accordance with the fundamental circuit drawing 1-3 above varies depending on Cylinder tube bore and speed. Select appropriate models out of the following table.

Tube bore	Theoretical	Required flow (l/min)	Solenoi	d valve	Speed con-		Tubing
(mm)	Basic speed	(at pressure=	Single	Double	troller	Silencer	(Between solenoid
(IIIII)	(mm/s)	0.5MPa {5kgf/cm ² })	solenoid	solenoid	troner		and cylinder)
φ6	500	5	B5142		SC3G-M5-4	SL-M5	φ4×φ2.5
φυ	000	Ÿ	D0142		500G-1410-4	OL-MO	Nylon tube
¢10	500	14	B5142		SC3G-M5-4	SL-M5	\$4×\$2.5
φισ	300	14	D0142		2020-1410-4	OL-MO	Nylon tube
ø16	500	35	B5142		SC3G-M5-4	SL-M5	φ4×φ2.5
φχο	000		B0142		D030-110-4	DIPWIO	Nylon tube
 ∮20	500	55	4KA110	4KA120	SC1-6	SL-M5	φ6×φ4
φ20 	000		4KB110	4KB120	501-0	SLW-6A	Nylon tube
ø25	500	86	4KA110	4KA120	SC1-6	SL-M5	φ6×φ4
φΖυ	300	00	4KB110	4KB120	SC1-0	SLW-6A	Nylon tube
	250	71	4KA110	4KA120	SC1-6	SL-M5	φ6×φ4
, 20	200	(1	4KB110	4KB120	301-0	SLW-6A	Nylon tube
φ32	500	141	4KA210	4KA220	SC1-6	SLW-8S	\$8×\$5.7
	300	141	4KB210	4KB220	S∪1-6	DL 44-92	Nylon tube

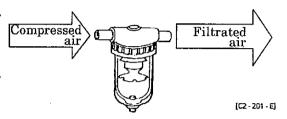


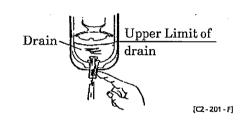


2. CAUTION

2-1. Fluid

- 1) Use the compressed air, filtrated and dehumidified. Carefully select a filter of an adequate filtration rate (5µm or lower preferred), flow rate and its mounting location (as closest to solenoid valve as possible).
- 2) Be sure to drain out the accumulation in filter periodically.
- 3) Note that the intrusion of carbide of compressor oil (such as carbon or tarry substance) into the circuit causes malfunction of solenoid valve and cylinder. Be sure to carry out thorough inspection and maintenance of compressor.





4) This cylinder does not require lubrication. It is recommended, however, to use Turbine oil Grade 1, ISO VG32 as lubricant if lubrication is preferred.



2-2. Cylinder with switch

1) Keep anything magnetic items away.

Keep any magnetizable or magnetizing item such as magnet disk, magnet card, magnet tape, tester etc away from this type of cylinder as its piston has built-in magnet in it.

2) Avoid operating it in such temperature as higher than 60°C.

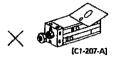
It is strongly suggested to avoid operating it within the ambient of high temperature due to thermal characteristic of magnetic parts and electronic parts.

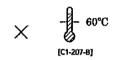
3) Avoid to operate it in the area with external magnetic disturbance.

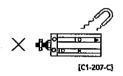
There may be bad influence to its operation due to external magnetic disturbance as the switch is built making use of magnet media.

4) In case there is a magnetizable material such as iron plate near by.

Keep the cylinder at least more than 3.5mm away to eliminate the cause to malfunction of cylinder switch.







(Applies to all bore sizes)

More than 3.5mm

Magnetizable material such as iron plate

[C1-207-D]

Mounting pitch when installing them adjacent to each other Give more mounting pitches than referred to the following table on the next pagge for the purpose of eliminating malfunction of switches.





L	ay out condition			ø6	φ10	ø20	φ20	φ25	φ 32	Remarks
	• Flat lay out		K0、K5 K2、K3	27	29	37	45	55	67	
	[C1-212-A]	В	K0、K5 K2、K3			4	.5			
m1:	• Vertical,	A	K0、K5	18	21	25	33	41	46	Beware of that it is unable to
Two cylin- ders paral-	switches facing to		K2、K3	25	28	35	40	50	55	readjust switch location in later service, if the gap B is
lel	each other	В	K0、K5	5.5	5.5	5.5	6.5	8.5	5.5	made shorter than overall
	[C1-212-B]		K2、K3	11.5	12.5	14.5	14.5	17.5	14.5	length of screw driver.
	• Vertical, switches facing fur-	A	K0、K5	14	16	21	27	33	41	
			K2, K3							
	thest away	В	K0、K5	0.5						
	[C1-212-C]		K2、K3				i			
	• Flat lay out	Α	K0、K5	27	29	37	45	55	67	·
!	B B		K2、K3	ļ						
Three or		В	K0、K5			4.	5			
more cyl-			K2, K3							
inders parallel	• Vertical lay out	A	K0、K5	19	22	26	34	42	47	Beware of that it is unable to
paramer			K2, K3	27	29	34	44	51	56	readjust switch location in
			K0、K5	6.5	6.5	6.5	7.5	9.5	6.5	later service, if the gap B is made shorter than overall
	[C1-515-E]		K2、K3	13.5	13.5	13.5	17.5	18.5	16.5	length of screw driver.

6) Avoid repetitive stress to lead wire.

Pay consideration while laying lead wire to eliminate repetitive stress of neither bending nor tension. Apply such lead wire with bending proof as for designing robot.

7) Excessive speed of piston
Beware of that it sometimes causes failure of relay to respond.

(Example) It is advisable to retain piston speed within 500 mm/s when relay is of 20 ms actuation time and motion limit of switch is 10mm.

8) Large vibration or Great shock Carefully avoid giving vibration or shock to cylinder during transportation or mounting switch on it.



2-3. Proximity switch - Models K2H · K2V · K3H and K3V

1) Connection of lead wire

Comply with the color coding specified on the illustrations. Be sure to turn the power off before starting connecting work.

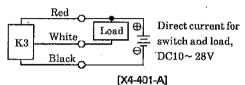
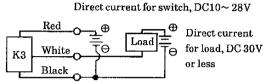


Fig. 1 An example (1) of fundamental circuit of K3
(In case the power for switch and load is the same.)



[X4-401-B]
Fig. 2 An example (2) of fundamental circuit of K3
(In case the power for switch and load is independent.)

2) Protection of output circuit

- Install some protective circuit as per illustrated in Fig. 3 when inducing type load (Relay or solenoid valve) are to be used because those types apt to generate surge current at turning switch off.
- Install some protective circuit as per illustrated in Fig. 4 when capacitor type lord (Capacitor type) are to be used because those types apt to generate dash current at turning switch on.
- Install some protective circuit as per illustrated in Fig. 5 or 6 (in case of model K2) and Fig 7 (in case of model K3) when length of lead wire is over than 10m.

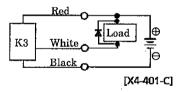


Fig. 3 An example of using inducing load together with surge absorptive element (diode). (Hitachi Mfg. made diode V06C or equivalent is recommended.)

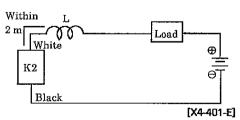
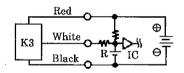


Fig. 5 • Choke coil L $L = a \ couple \ hundred \ \mu H \sim a \ couple \ mH$ surpassing high frequency characteristic

• Install it near by a switch (within 2 m).



[X4-401-D]

Fig. 4 An example of using capacitor type load together with current regulating resister R. Comply with the following formula to figure out required R. $\frac{V}{0.05} = R(\Omega)$

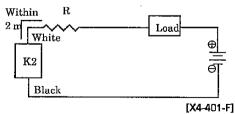
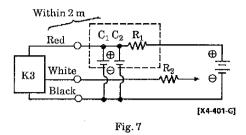


Fig. 6 • Dash current restriction resister R

R=As much large resister as the load circuit can afford.

• Install it near by a switch (within 2 m).





- Electric power noise absorptive circuit C1 $C1 = 20 \sim 50 \mu F$ electrolytic capacitor (withstanding 50V or more) $C2 = 0.01 \sim 0.1 \mu F$ ceramic capacitor $R1 = 20 \sim 30 \Omega$
- Dash current restriction resister R2
 R2=As much large resister as the load circuit can afford.
- Install it near by a switch (within 2 m).
- 3) Connection to a programmable controller (Sequencer)

 Type of the connection varies depending upon the model of the programmable controller. Refer to the following Fig. 8~12 respectively.

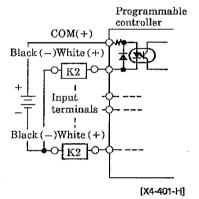


Fig. 8 K2 model connection to source load input type (an external power of source)

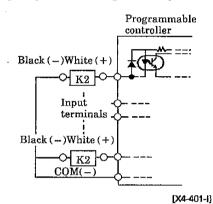


Fig. 9 An example of K2 model connection to source load input type (an internal power of source)

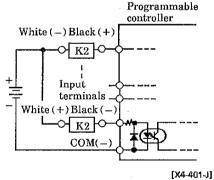


Fig. 10 An example of K2 model connection to sink load input type (an internal power of source)

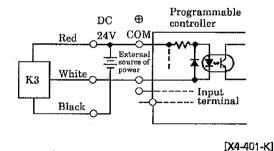


Fig. 11 An example of K3 model connection to source load input type (an external power of source)





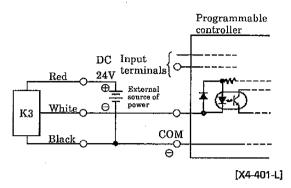


Fig. 12 An example of K3 model connection to source load input type (an internal power of source)

K3 switch is, however, unable to be connected to the source load input sequencer.

4) Series connection

The total voltage loss when series connected K2 switches equals to the sum of respective voltage loss of each switch. Load side voltage is only the residual after total voltage loss. Therefore, confirm the required voltage to the programmable controller input before deciding the number of switches connected in series. It is recommended of consulting us prior to have plural number of K3 switches connected.

5) Parallel connection

When connecting K2 switches in parallel, leak current multiplies by the number of switches connected. Therefore, confirm the required current to the programmable controller input before deciding the number of switches connected. In some occasions, either the lamps dim or distinguish at all. While one switch turns ON till turns OFF, the rest of switches do not turn ON due to internal voltage drop between both ends of switch coming lower than range of load voltage. It is, therefore, confirmation of input specification of programmable controller inlet is mandatory.

K3, on the contrary, connection of these switches creates very rare problem of multiplied leakage due to almost negligible leakage (less than 10 μ A) of individual switch. There will be no visible difference of luminance of lamps.



2-4. Reed switch - Model K0H · K0V · K5H and K5V

Connection of lead wire

Instead of connecting a wire to the power source directly, always connect to the load in series. In case of model K0 connection, pay the following precautions.

- A For DC connection, use such polarities of wires as white + and black +. The switch still functions right with reversed polarities but lamp is not lit.
- B For AC connection to either relay or input terminal to programmable controller, Switch lamp sometimes is not lit in case when half-wave rectification is being carried out. Lamp is lit, in this occasion, when polarities of cords for switch is reversed.

2) Capacity of contact points

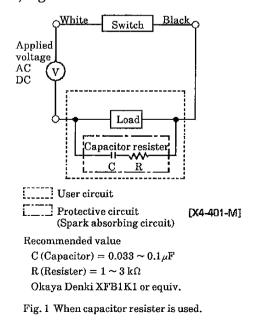
Avoid using a load exceeding the max. capacity of contact points. On the other hand, in case of K0 model, switch lamp may not be lit sometimes when current is lower than rated current.

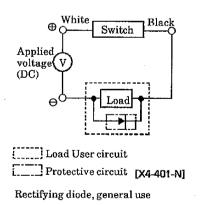
Protection of contact point

Install such protective circuit as illustrated in either Fig 1 or 2, on the following page, when inducing type load such as relay is to be used.

Furthermore, install such protective circuit as illustrated in either Fig. 3 or 4, o the following page. in case the cord length exceeds the length per table 1, right.

Tab	Table 1							
Current	Wire length							
DC	50m							
AC	10m							

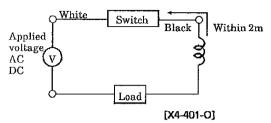




Hitachi Mfg. product V06C or equivalent

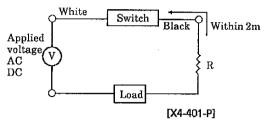
Fig. 2 When diode is used.





- Choke coil L
- L= a couple hundred $\mu H \sim$ a couple mH surpassing high frequency characteristic
- Install it near by a switch (within 2 m).

Fig. 3



- Dash current restriction resister R
- R= As much large resister as the load circuit can afford.
- Install it near by a switch (within 2 m).

Fig. 4

4) Relay

Use such products as specified below or equivalent.

Omron model MY
Fuji Denki Mfg. model HH5
Tokyo Denki Mfg. model MPM
Matsushita Denko Mfg. model HC

5) Series connection

Total voltage loss, when connected K0 switches in series, equals to the sum of respective voltage loss of each switch. The total voltage loss becomes equivalent to one K0 switch (approx. 2.4V) when connecting the combination of one K0 switch for actuation confirming and rest of switches K5 Lamp is lit only when all switches turn on.

6) Parallel connection

There is no restriction in parallel connection number of switches of these types. Multi number connection of model K0, sometimes, cause dimmed lamp or no lamp lit.



3. OPERATION

- 1) The pressure supply range to cylinder is as posted in "1-1 Cylinder specification". Operate the cylinder within this range.
- 2) Although this type cylinder is provided with rubber cushion, it is recommendable to install some external stopper in the event that kinetic energy is large. Allowable kinetic energy is posted below.
- 3) Install a set of speed controller as shown in the fundamental circuit diagram, Section 1, 1-3 to retain the piston speed within specification.
- 4) Carefully avoid transversal load to piston rod. Otherwise it may cause remarkable wear of rod metal or damage to rod.
- 5) Eliminate fixing excessive load to piston rod. Excessive moment of inertia may cause damage to rod.

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Reference : Allowable Kinetic energy \phi 6: 0.0056J \{0.056kgf \cdot cm\} \phi 10: 0.036J \{0.36kgf \cdot cm\} \phi 16: 0.1J \{1kgf \cdot cm\} \phi 20: 0.1J \{1kgf \cdot cm\} \phi 25: 0.19 \{1.9kgf \cdot cm\} \phi 32: 0.5J \{5kgf \cdot cm\}
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6) For whirl stopper type cylinder, fix load onto the Rod tip thread.

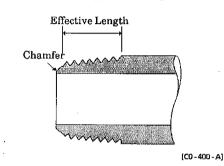
(In other words, eliminate fixing load by using tap screws for whirl stop plate.)

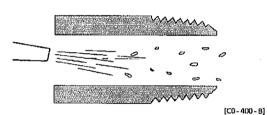


4. INSTALLATION

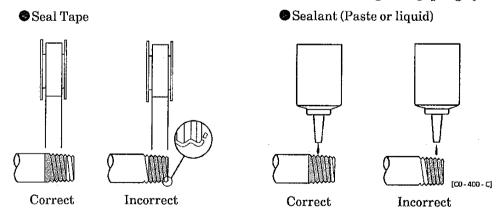
4-1. Piping

- 1) For piping beyond the filter, use pipes that hardly get corroded such as galvanized pipes, nylon tubes, rubber tubes, etc.
- 2) See to it that the pipe connecting cylinder and solenoid valve has effective sectional area needed for the cylinder to drive at specified speed.
- 3) Install filter preferably adjacent upper-stream to solenoid valve for eliminating rust, foreign substance and drain in the pipe.
- 4) Strictly observe the effective thread length of gas pipe and give a chamfer of approx. 1/2 pitch from the threaded end.
- 5) Flush air into the pipe to blow out foreign substances and chips before piping.





6) Refrain applying sealant or sealing tape approx. two pitches of thread off the tip of pipe to avoid residual substances from falling into piping system.





4-2. Installation

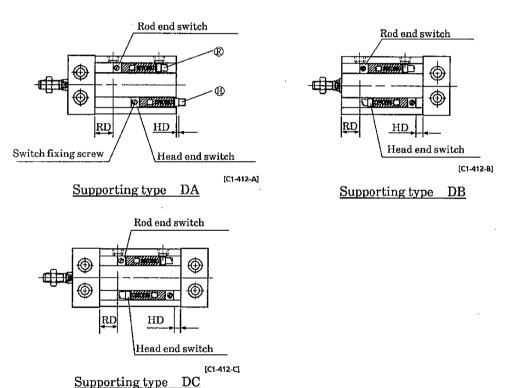
- 1) Range of serviceable ambient temperature for the cylinder of this type is $-10^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +60^{\circ}\text{C}$. Operate it within this range of temperature.
- 2) Install cylinder body directly by using cocket head bolts.

4-3. Installation of switch

1) Location of mounting point

(1) At the stroke end

Refer the illustration above. Mount switches within the rod side dimension RD as well as the head side dimension HD for the purpose of having switches function at the points of the highest sensitivity.

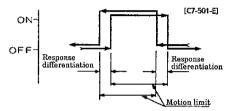


(2) Intermediate of stroke

Move the piston where it is anticipated to stop and fix it tentatively Slide a switch carefully along the side of cylinder over the piston to find out the spot where switch turns ON. This type spot should be located on both side of piston. The mean spot between those points is of the highest sensitivity and where the switch is supposed to be installed.



- 2) Motion limit
 - (1) The switch turns ON first and turns OFF as the piston moves along its stroke.
 - (2) The mean point of motion limit is where switch reacts most sensitively. Select this point to make piston stop as it is the point with the least magnetic disturbance making switch actuates most stably.
- 3) Hysteresis
 - (1) It is the distance from where switch turns ON first as piston moves along one direction to where switch turns OFF as piston reverses its stroke.



- (2) Motion of switch becomes the most unstable if letting piston stop within this distance because it easily receive external magnetic disturbance.
- 4) Relocation of switch
 Loosen the set screws then slide the switch along the cylinder tube without letting screws drop off then tighten screw at required position. (Note. 1)
- 5) Switch replacement
 Slide switch body out of groove after loosening fixing screw. Make new switch slide into groove and fix it at required point. (Note. 1)
 - Note 1: To tighten switch, use minus tip screw driver of less than 0.3mm thick, less than 2.4mm wide with grip handle diam. of 5~6 mm (such as watch repair driver and precision driver) applying torque of 0.1~0.2N·m {1~2kgf·cm}.





The most sensitive area (HD, RD) of switch mounted at stroke end of piston SMD2-L

Supporting style		DA (Rod end mounting)									
Switch model No.	кон,	K5H	K2H,	КЗН	KOV, K5V		K2V,	K3V			
Mounting location	HD	RD	HD	RD	HD	RD	HD	RD			
Tube bore (mm)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)			
ø 6	-2(%2)	5	-3(※2)	6	-5(※2)	5	-6(※2)	6			
φ10	0	6	-1 (※2)	7	-3(※2)	6	-4(※2)	7			
ø16	1	10	0	11	-2(%2)	10	-3(%2)	11			
φ 2 0	4	13	3	14	1	13	0 .	14			
¢25	8	13	7	14	5	13	4	14			
ø32	8.5	19.5	7.5	20.5	5.5	19.5	4.5	20.5			

Supporting style		DB (Head end mounting), DC (Solid mounting)									
Switch model No.	кон,	K5H	K2H,	K3H	K0V.	, K5V	K2V, K3V				
Mounting location	HD	RD	HD	RD	HD	RD	HD	RD			
Tube bore (mm)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)			
ø 6	1 (※3)	5(※3)	2.5 (※3)	6(%3)	1	5	2.5	6			
φ10	3 (※4)	6(%4)	4.5 (※4)	7(%4)	3	6	4.5	7			
ø16	4 (※4)	10 (※4)	5.5 (※4)	11 (※4)	4	10	5.5	11			
ø20	7.5 (※4)	13 (※4)	8.5 (※4)	14 (※4)	7.5	13	8.5	14			
φ2 5	11.5	13	12.5	14	11.5	13	12.5	14			
φ 3 2	12	19.5	13	20.5	12	19.5	13	20.5			

 $[\]times 1$: Dimensions of HD, RD in this table are not applicable for cylinders of stroke 5.10 because it is to be set on each case individually.

SMD2-XL

Supporting style	DA (Rod end mounting)								
Switch model No.	K0H,	K5H	K2H,	КЗН	KOV,	K5V	K2V, K3V		
Mounting location	HD	RD	HD	RD	HD	RD	HD	RD	
Tube bore (mm)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	
ø 6	-2(%2)	10	-3(%2)	11	-5(※2)	10	-6(※2)	11	
ø10	0	11	-1 (※2)	12	-3 (※ 2)	11	-4(%2)	12	
φ16	1	15	0	16	-2(※2)	15	-3(※2)	16	
ø20	4	18	3	19	1	18	0	19	
φ25	8	18	7	19	5	18	4	19	
φ 32	8.5	24.5	7.5	25.5	5.5	24.5	4.5	25.5	

Supporting style		DB (Head end mounting), DC (Solid mounting)									
Switch model No.	K0H,	K5H	K2H,	K3H	KOV	, K5V	K2V	K2V, K3V			
Mounting location	HD	RD	HD	RD	HD	RD	HD	RD			
Tube bore (mm)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)			
ø 6	1 (※3)	10 (※3)	2.5 (※3)	11 (※3)	1	10	2.5	11			
φ10	3 (※4)	11 (※4)	4.5 (※4)	12(※4)	3	11	4.5	12			
ø16	4(※4)	15 (※4)	5.5 (※4)	16 (※4)	4	15	5.5	16			
φ20	7.5 (※4)	18 (※4)	8.5 (※4)	19 (※4)	7.5	18	8.5	19			
ø25	11.5	18	12.5	19	11.5	18	12.5	19			
ø32	12	24.5	13	25.5	12	24.5	13	25.5			

^{★1:} Dimensions of HD, RD in this table are not applicable for cylinders of stroke 5.10 because it is to be set on each case individually.

^{※2:} Dimensions with negative sign designate projected dimension of switch out of body.
※3: Use model K□V switch model for cylinder of stroke 5.10 because model K□H switch is not applicable for the cylinder.

der. $\times 4$: Use model K \square V switch model for cylinder of stroke 5 because model K \square H switch is not applicable for the cylinder.

^{※2:} Dimensions with negative sign designate projected dimension of switch out of body
※3: Use model K□V switch model for cylinder of stroke 5.10 because model K□H switch is not applicable for the cylin-

^{¾4: Use model K□V switch model for cylinder of stroke 5 because model K□H switch is not applicable for the cylinder.}





SMD2-YL

Supporting style	DA (Rod end mounting)								
Switch model No.	KOH, K5H		K2H, K3H		K0V, K5V		K2V, K3V		
Mounting location	HD	RD	HD	RD	HD	RD	HD	RD	
Tube bore (mm)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	
ø 6	3	5	2	6	0	5	-1(※2)	6	
ø10	5	6	4	7	2	6	1	7	
ø16	6	10	5	11	3	10	2	11	
ø20	9	13	8	14	6	13	5	14	
ø25	13	13	12	14	10	13	9	14	
φ32	13.5	19.5	12.5	20.5	10.5	19.5	9.5	20.5	

Supporting style		DB (Head end mounting), DC (Solid mounting)							
Switch model No.	K0H, K5H		K2H,	K2H, K3H		KOV, K5V		, K3V	
Mounting location	HD	RD	HD RD		HD	RD	HD	RD	
Tube bore (mm)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	(※1)	
ø 6	6(%3)	5(※3)	7.5 (※3)	6(※3)	6	5	7.5	6	
ø10	8 (※3)	6 (※3)	9.5 (※3)	7(※3)	8	6	9.5	. 7	
φ16	9	10	10.5	11	9	10	10.5	11	
φ20	12.5	13	13.5	14	12.5	13	13.5	14	
ø25	16.5	13	17.5	14	16.5	13	17.5	14	
φ32	17	19.5	18	20.5	17	19.5	18	20.5	

X1: Dimensions of HD, RD in this table are not applicable for cylinders of stroke 5.10 because it is to be set on each case individually.

※2: Dimensions with negative sign designate projected dimension of switch out of body.

※3: Use model K□V switch model for cylinder of stroke 5 because model K□H switch is not applicable for the cylinder.

The most sensitive area (HD, RD) of switch mounted at stroke end of piston SMD2-ML

Switch model No.	K0H, K5H		К2Н, К3Н		K0V, K5V		K2V, K3V	
Mounting location Tube bore (mm)	HD (※1)	RD (※1)	HD (※1)	RD (※1)	HD (※1)	RD (※1)	HD (※1)	RD (※1)
ø 6	1 (※2)	5(※2)	2.5 (※2)	6 (※2)	1	5	2.5	6
φ 1 0	3 (※3)	6(%3)	4.5 (※3)	7(※3)	3	6	4.5	7
ø16	4 (%3)	10 (※3)	5.5 (※3)	11 (※3)	4	10	5.5	11
ø20	7.5 (※3)	13 (※3)	8.5 (※3)	14 (※3)	7.5	13	8.5	14
ø25	11.5	13	12.5	14	11.5	13	12.5	14
φ32	12	19.5	13	20.5	12	19.5	13	20.5

 $[\]times$ 1: Dimensions of HD, RD in this table are not applicable for cylinders of stroke 5.10 because it is to be set on each case individually.

Motion limit and hysteresis

(Unit of measure: mm)

Item	Proximity sw (K2H · K2V, K3H		Reed switch (K0H · K0V, K5H · K5V)		
Tube bore (mm)	Motion limit	Hysteresis	Motion limit	Hysteresis	
ø6	1.5~7		3~9.5		
ø10	1.5~7		3.5~9.5		
φ16	1.5~7	I4h 0	4~11		
ø20	2.5~9	Less than 2	5~12.5	Less than 3	
φ25	φ25 3.5~11 φ32 3.5~11.5		6.5~14		
ø32			5.5~14		

^{※2:} Use model K□V switch model for cylinder of stroke 5.10 because model K□H switch is not applicable for the cylinder

X3: Use model K□V switch model for cylinder of stroke 5 because model K□H switch is not applicable for the cylinder.





5. MAINTENANCE

5-1. Periodic Inspection

- 1) In order to upkeep the cylinder in optimum condition, carry out periodic inspection once or twice a year.
- 2) Inspection items
 - (a) Check the bolts and nuts fitting the piston rod end fittings and supporting fittings for slackening.
 - (b) Check to see that the cylinder operates smoothly.
 - © Check any change of the piston speed and cycle time.
 - d Check for internal and/or external leakage.
 - @ Check the piston rod for flaw (scratch) and deformation.
 - ① Check the stroke for abnormality.

See 5-2, "Trouble shooting", should there be any trouble found, also carry out additional tightening if bolts, nuts, etc.are slackened.





5-2. Trouble Shooting

1) Cylinder

Troubles	Causes	Countermeasure
	No pressure or inadequate pressure	Provide an adequate pressure source.
Dogo not engante	Signal is not transmitted to direction control valve	Correct the control circuit.
Does not operate	Improper or misalignment of installation	Correct the installation state and/or change the supporting system.
	Broken piston packing	Replace the packing.
	Speed is below the low speed limit	Limit the load variation and consider the adoption of low pressure cylinder.
	Improper or misalignment of installation	Correct the installation state and /or change the supporting system.
Does not function smoothly	Exertion of transverse (lateral) load	Install a guide. Revise the installation state and/or change the supporting system.
	Excessive load	Increase the pressure itself and/or the inner diameter of the tube.
	Speed control valve is built in the way of "Meter in" circuit	Change the installation direction of the speed control valve.
Breakage and/or deforma-	Impact force due to high speed operation	Turn the speed down. Reduce the load and/or install a mechanism with more secured cushion effect (e.g. external cushion mechanism).
tion	Exertion of transverse load	Install a guide. Reverse the installation state and/or change the supporting system.





2) Switch

Troubles	Causes	Remedies		
	Deposited contact point	Replace the switch.		
	Excessive load than rated capacity	Replace the relay with a recommended one or		
T		replace the switch.		
Lamp is not lit.	Damaged lamp	Replace the switch		
	Inadequate incoming signal	Review the external signal circuit and remove		
		the causes.		
	Broken circuit	Replace the switch.		
	Inadequate incoming signal	Review the external signal circuit and remove		
		the causes.		
	Improper voltage	Correct voltage to specified.		
Switch does not function	Incorrect location of switch	Correct its location.		
	Aberrant position of switch	Set it back to original position.		
right.	Incorrect direction of switch mounting	Correct the direction of the switch mounting.		
	Relay is unable to respond properly	Adjust speed slower.		
	within the piston stroke	Replace the relay with a recommended one.		
	Excessive load than rated capacity	Replace the relay with a recommended one or		
		replace the switch.		
	Piston is not moving	Make the piston move.		
	Deposited contact point	Replace the switch		
	Excessive load (relay) than rated capacity	Replace the relay with a recommended one or		
		replace the switch.		
Switch does not return.	Improper ambient temperature	Adjust the ambient temperature within the		
		range of -10~60°C		
	Existence of a foreign magnetic field	Shield the magnetic field.		
	Inadequate incoming signal	Review the external signal circuit and remove		
		the causes.		



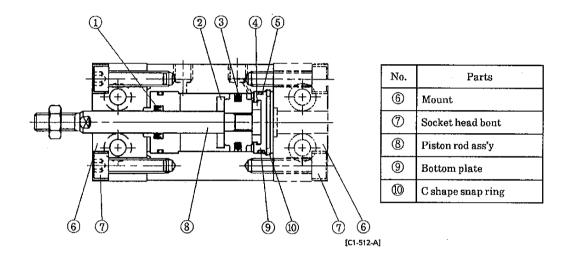


5-3. Disassembly

Replace expendable parts, referring to the following internal structure diagram, should there be any air leakage ever occurs.

1) SMD2 (Double action type)

- (1) For disassembling, after removing mount ⑤ by taking out socket head bolt ⑦, remove C shape snap ring ⑩ to take out Bottom plate ⑨ and Piston rod ass'y ⑧.
- (2) Internal structure diagram



(3) Expendable parts list

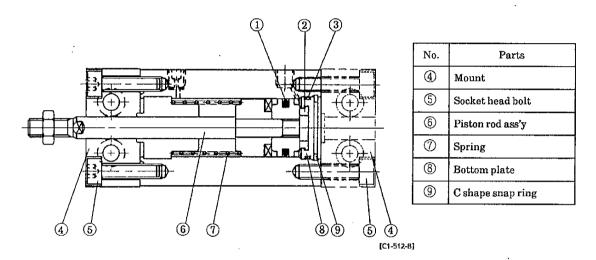
No. and Parts		1	2	3	4	5
Tube bore (mm)	Kit No.	Rod packing	Cushion rubber (R)	Piston packing	Cushion rubber (H)	Gasket
ø 6	SMD2- 6K	DYR-3K	F4-662938	PSL-6S	F4-160422	F4-160908
ø 10	SMD2-10K	DYR-4K	F4-662980	PSL-10S	F4-659142	F3-657978
ø 16	SMD2-16K	DYR-6K	F4-160423	PSL-16S	F4-659122	F4-160909
ø 20	SMD2-20K	DYR-8K	F4-160424	PSD-20	F4-659113	F3-657968
ø 25	SMD2-25K	DYR-10SK	F4-116102	PSD-25	F4-659113	F3-657969
ø 32	SMD2-32K	DYR-12	F4-116103	PSD-32	F4-659049	F3-657975

Specify the kit No. when ordering expendable parts.





- 2) SMD2-X (Single action, advancing type)
 - (1) For disassembling, after removing mount ① by taking out socket head bolt ⑤ (It is unnecessary to remove ② and ⑤ in case of DA style supporting.) remove C shape snap ring ⑨ to take out Bottom plate ⑧ and Piston rod ass'y ⑥. Be cautious while removing C shape snap ring ⑨, to prevent such components as C shape snap ring ⑨, Bottom plate ⑧ and Piston rod ass'y ⑥ from popping out of tube due to the force of Spring ⑦.
 - (2) Internal structure diagram



(3) Expendable parts list

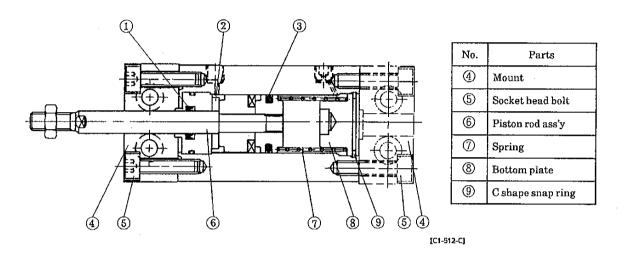
No. · Parts		1	2	③ Gasket	
Tube bore (mm)	Kit No.	Piston packing	Cushion rubber (H)		
ø 6	SMD2-X- 6K	PSL-6S	F4-160422	F4-160908	
ø 10	SMD2-X-10K	PSL-10S	F4-659142	F3-657978	
φ 16	SMD2-X-16K	PSL-16S	F4-659122	F4-160909	
ø 20	SMD2-X-20K	PSD-20	F4-659113	F3-657968	
φ 25	SMD2-X-25K	PSD-25	F4-659113	F3-657969	
ø 32	SMD2-X-32K	PSD-32	F4-659049	F3-657975	

Specify the kit No. when ordering expendable parts.





- 3) SMD2-Y (Single action, Retracting type)
 - (1) For disassembling, after removing mount ④ by taking out socket head bolt ⑤, remove C shape snap ring ⑨ to take out Bottom plate ⑧ and Piston rod ass'y ⑥. Be cautious while removing C shape snap ring ⑨, to prevent such components as C shape snap ring ⑨ and Bottom plate ⑧ from popping out of tube due to the force of Spring ⑦.
 - (2) Internal structure diagram



(3) Expendable parts list

No. · Parts		1)	2	3	
Tube bore (mm)	Kit No.	Rod packing	Cushion rubber (R)	Piston packing	
ø 6	SMD2-Y- 6K	DYR-3K	F4-662938	PSL-6S	
ø 10	SMD2-Y-10K	DYR-4K	F4-662980	PSL-10S	
ø 16	SMD2-Y-16K	DYR-6K	F4-160423	PSL-16S	
ø 20	SMD2-Y-20K	DYR-8K	F4-160424	PSD-20	
ø 25	SMD2-Y-25K	DYR-10SK	F4-116102	PSD-25	
ø 32	SMD2-Y-32K	DYR-12	F4-116103	PSD-32	

Specify the kit No. when ordering expendable parts.





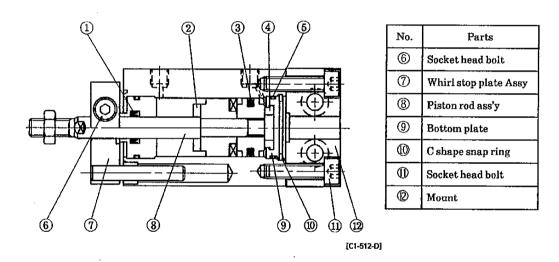
4) SMD2-M (Double action, Whirl stop type)

(1) For disassembling, after removing mount ② by taking out socket head bolt ③, then removing Whirl stop plate ⑦ by taking our socket head bolt ⑤,remove C shape snap ring ⑥ to take out Bottom plate ⑨ and Piston rod ass'y ⑧. During assembly, apply tightening torque to Socket head bolt ⑩ as posted in the following table.

Tightening torque to Socket head bolt

Tube bore (mm)	φ 6	ø10	ø16	ø20	φ21	ø32
Tightening torque	1.26~1.54	1.26~1.54	1.26~1.54	1.26~1.54	3.06~3.74	5.13~6.27
(N·m) {kgf·m}	{0.126~0.154}	{0.126~0.154}	{0.126~0.154}	{0.126~0.154}	{0.306~0.374}	{0.513~0.627}

(2) Internal structure diagram



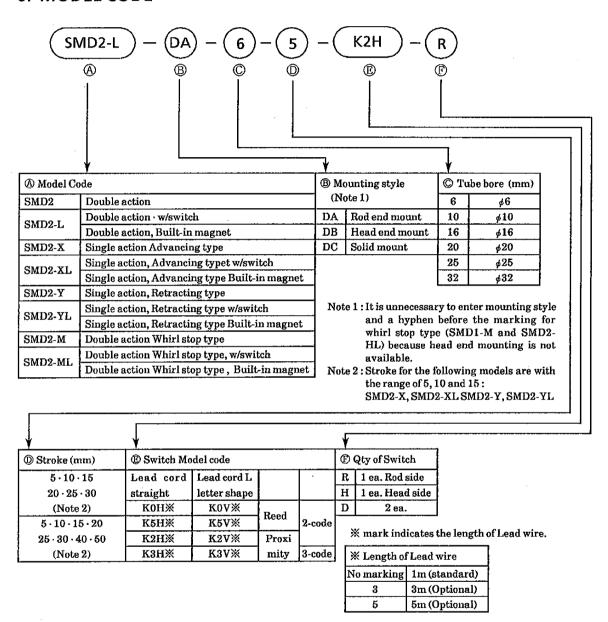
(3) Expendable parts list

No. Parts	ļ	• ①	2	3	4	(5)
Tube bore (mm)	Kit No.	Rod packing	Cushion rubber (R)	Piston packing	Cushion rubber (H)	Gasket
ø 6	SMD2- 6K	DYR-3K	F4-662938	PSL-6S	F4-160422	F4-160908
ø 10	SMD2-10K	DYR-4K	F4-662980	PSL-10S	F4-659142	F3-657978
ø 16	SMD2-16K	DYR-6K	F4-160423	PSL-16S	F4-659122	F4-160909
ø 20	SMD2-20K	DYR-8K	F4-160424	PSD-20	F4-659113	F3-657968
ø 25	SMD2-25K	DYR-10SK	F4-116102	PSD-25	F4-659113	F3-657969
ø 32	SMD2-32K	DYR-12	F4-116103	PSD-32	F4-659049	F3-657975

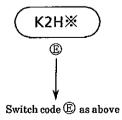
Specify the kit No. when ordering expendable parts.



MODEL CODE



Switch alone



• Example of Model Coding: SMD2-L-DA-6-5-K2H-R

It denotes to be Super mount cylinder of Double action one rod,
Rod end mount, Tube bore \$6\$, Stroke 5mm, K2 type Switch, Lead
cord stright type, Lead wire length 1m, with one Rod side Switch.