

## **INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

SERIAL TRANSMISSION TYPE MN4S0 - T6C0 T6C1

- Please read this instruction manual carefully before using this product, particularly the section describing safety.
- Retain this instruction manual with the product for further consultation whenever necessary.

# For Safety Use

To use this product safely, basic knowledge of pneumatic equipment, including materials, piping, electrical system and mechanism, is required (to the level pursuant to JIS B 8370 Pneumatic System Rules).

We do not bear any responsibility for accidents caused by any person without such knowledge or arising from improper operation.

Our customers use this product for a very wide range of applications, and we cannot keep track of all of them. Depending on operating conditions, the product may fail to operate to maximum performance, or cause an accident. Thus, before placing an order, examine whether the product meets your application, requirements, and how to use it.

This product incorporates many functions and mechanisms to ensure safety. However, improper operation could result in an accident. To prevent such accidents, read this instruction manual carefully for proper operation.

Observe the cautions on handling described in this manual, as well as the following instructions:



### Precautions

- Incorrect address settings of serial transmission slave stations could cause the solenoid valve and the cylinder to malfunction. Before using the product, check the set addresses of the slave stations.
- For operation of serial transmission slave stations, read the communication system operation manual carefully.
- Do not touch electric wiring connections (exposed live parts): this will cause an electric shock. During wiring, keep the power off. Also, do not touch these live parts with wet hands.

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## $\mathbf{MN4S0\text{-}T6C0}$

### MN4S0-T6C1

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NOTE :	Letters & figures enclosed within Gothic style bracket (examples such as [C2-4PP07] · [V2-503-B] etc. ) are editor; being unrelated with contents of the book	ial symbols



#### 1. PRODUCT

#### 1.1 General outline of the system

MN4S0-T6C1 · T6C0

- This solenoid valve MN4S0-T6C1 · T6C0 is a manifold solenoid valve incorporating a slave station (OPP3-1C·0C), which can be connected to the CompoBus/S of Omron's programmable controllers (PLC) C200HX/HG/HE (hereafter referred to as SYSMAC α), C200HS, and CQM1 series.
  - (1) The PLC and manifold solenoid valve can be connected only with one cable. The can reduce the number of wiring work steps.
  - (2) Up to 16 manifold solenoid valves with the slave station can be connected to one master unit, allowing distributed control in units of 16 or 8 points. (The maximum length of main line is 100 m.)
  - (3) The source of power for unit and valve can be installed individually and each unit has a monitor LED indicator.
  - (4) If the communication error occurs, holding or clearing of the output signal is selected using the output mode setting switch.

#### 2) CompoBus/S

CompoBus/S is one of remote I/O systems of Omron's programmable controllers SYSMAC  $\alpha$  , C200HS, and CQM1 series, and provides the following features.

(1) One cable connection saves the wiring work.

The master station and slave station, as well as two slave stations are connected only with one cable. Additionally, use of 4-wire special flat cable makes it possible to supply the power for communication to the slave station through this cable. This may greatly reduce the floor wiring. Additionally, the branch line can also be easily branched from the main line with special connector.

(2) A high speed communication cycle time of 0.5 ms is achieved.

Up to 16 slave stations and 128 input/output points are connected at a high speed communication cycle of 0.5 ms.

The system is applicable to even time critical FA fields.

(3) The system can be configured freely by means of T branch method and multi-drop method.

T branch method and multi-drop method can be combined freely for wiring.



This makes it possible to configure a system having a high degree of freedom corresponding to the floor structure. Additionally, two kinds of cables, VCTF cable and special flat cable, are provided. When using the special flat cable, the T-branch connector can be attached using one-touch operation.

(4) The maximum length of the main line is 100 m.

With the high speed communication achieved, the length of the main line can be extended to 100 m, ensuring high-speed I/O processing of input and output units in a wide area.

(5) CompoBus/S can be started up easily.

CompoBus/S can be started up easily only by wiring the cables and making simple settings. It is also easy to replace the conventional remote I/O system with this system.

Faulty slave No. is indicated using the LED.

If any fault occurs in a slave station, the slave No. (node address) is displayed on the 4-digit LED on the master station, ensuring easy finding of faulty part.

When using the master unit for C200HX/HG/HE or C200HS, the fault of the internal auxiliary relay is also displayed in detail.

(6) A wide variety of slaves are provided.

A wide variety of input and output units, such as I/O and sensor terminals are provided as slave stations. Additionally, the BIT (bit chain) master station can also be used as slave station of CompoBus/S, ensuring free configuration of system corresponding to the application.

Note: Always thoroughly read Omron's User's Manuals. This manual basically describes MN4S0-T6C1·T6C0 and slave station OPP3-1C·0C. For details of Omron's programmable controllers SYSMAC α, C200HS, and CQM1 series and CompoBus/S, see relevant User's Manual.

For this manifold solenoid valve, read this instruction manual, as well as manuals described above to fully understand the functions and performance in order to operate the manifold solenoid valve properly.

For any further inquiries regarding CompoBus/S, contact with the manufacturer as listed below.

OMRON Corporation http://www.omron.co.jp/



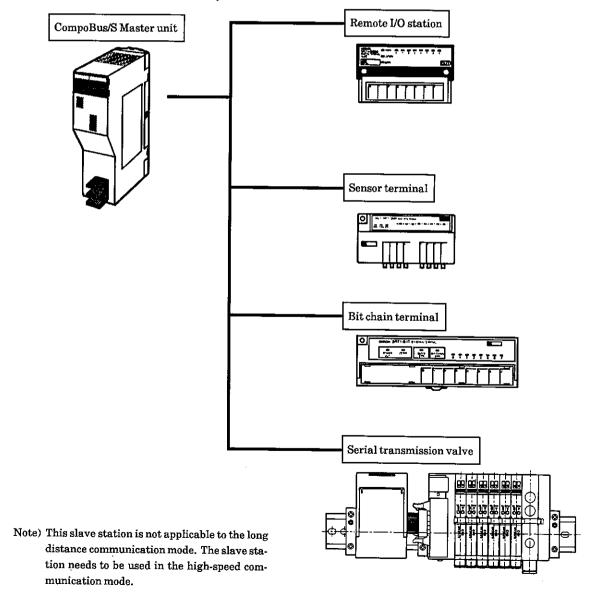
#### 1.2 Structure of the System

This system consists of a programmable controller main unit, master unit, solenoid valve MN4S0-T6C1  $\cdot$  T6C0, and auxiliary units.

• Combination of PLC and Master unit

Type of PLC	Type of master unit
C200HX/HG/HE C200HS, CS1	Model C200HW-SRM21-V1
CQM1H	Model CQM1-SRM21-V1
	Model SRM1-C01/02-V2

Fundamental structure of system





### 1.3 Specifications

### 1) Specification of solenoid valve

#### (1) Specification of Manifold

Model							
Item		MN4S0					
Manifold	system	DIN rail mount					
Electrom	agnetic valve	N4S0 series					
No. of sta	tions	2 - 8 stations (Single is maximum16 stations.)					
Manifold	type	Common supply/common exhaust					
Ambient	temperature °C	5 - 50					
Atmosph	ere	No corroding gas					
Fluid tem	perature °C	5 - 50					
Con- nection	Supply port (P) Exhaust port (R)	Push-in joint \$6, \$8					
port size	Cylinder port (A·B)	Push-in joint \$4, \$6, M5					
por c size	External pilot port (PA-option)	Push-in joint \$6					

#### (2) Electromagnetic valve specifications

Model				4-port valve	9		3-port	tvalve
		2 pos	itions		3 positions	2 positions		
Item		Single	Double	All port block	ABR connection	PAB connection	Normal close	Normal open
		N4S010	N4S020	N4S030	N4S040	N4S050	N3S010	N3S0110
Media				C	ompressed a	ir		<u> </u>
Operating method				I	ilot soft spoo	ol	-	
Min. operation pressure	MPa				0.2	*		<del></del>
Max. operation pressure	MPa				0.7			<u> </u>
Proof pressure	MPa				1.05	·		
Effective cross-sectional a	area mm²	4.	0	3.0	3.6	3.0	4	.0
※1 Response time	ms	20 or	less		30 or less		20 o	r less
Lubrication		Not requ	ired (If lubr	ication is re	quired, use t	urbine oil IS		
Protection construction				***	Dust-proof			- 8- 4401)
Manual override			Nor	-lock type (		ck type (opti	on)	

 $<sup>\</sup>times 1$  The response time shown in the table is when the power is on with the supply pressure of 0.5 MPa and no lubrication. It changes depending on the supply pressure and the type of oil in the case of lubrication.

### (3) Electrical specifications

Item		Specification	
Rated voltage	v	DC24	<del></del>
Rate current	A	0.025	· · · · ·
Power consumption (with lamp)	w	0.6	****
Power fluctuation ran	ge	±10%	
Heat-proof class		В	
Surge protection circu	it_	Diode	
Indicator		Light-emitting diode	



#### 2) Transmission specifications

Item		Specofocations								
Call processing	<del></del>	Special CompoBus/S protocol								
Transmission speed		750Kbit/s								
Modulation method		Base band method								
Encoding		Manchester coding me								
Error detection	Manchester co	de check, frame length ch								
-			al cross section: 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>							
Cable to be used		(Signal line ×2) (VCTF cable)								
	Special flat cable	: 0.75 mm2 x 4 (signal lin	$e \times 2$ and power line $\times 2$ )							
	When the VCTF cable is	ısed:								
	Length of main line	Length of main line   Length of branch line   Total length of								
	100m or less	3m or less	50m or less							
	When the special flat cab	le is used:								
Distance	Length of main line	Length of branch line	Total length of branch lines							
	30m or less	3m or less	30m or less							
	main line and the less and 50m or l	However, even though the special flat cable is used, the length of the main line and the total length of branch lines can be set to 100 m or less and 50m or less, respectively if the number of connected slave stations is 16 or less.								

Note) The slave station needs to be used in the high-speed communication mode.

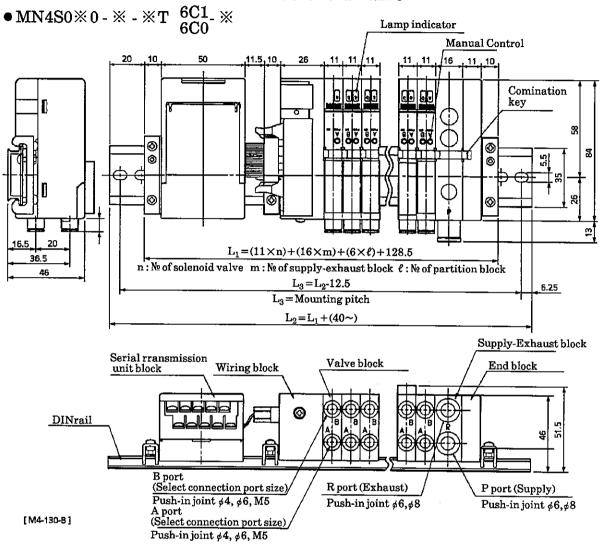
### 3) Slave station specification

It	em	Specifications
Power voltage	(Unit side)	DC21.6V - 26.4V (DC24V ±10%)
Electric consump	tion (Unit side)	OPP3-0C: 40mA or lower OPP3-1C: 60mA or lower (While all points are ON)
Power voltage	(Valve side)	DC22.8V - 26.4V (DC24V +10%, -5%)
Electric consump	tion (Valve side)	15mA or lower (While all points are OFF.)
Insulation resists	ince	Between all external terminals in a lump and Case 20MΩ or more DC500VM
Withstanding vol	tage	Between all external terminals in a lump and Case AC500V for 1 minute
Noise proof		600Vp-p Pulse width 100nsce, 1µsec
Vibration proof	Durability	10 - 150 - 10 Hz 1 octave/min. 15 sweeps in the 3 each axis of X, Y and Z while the half amplitude is 0.75mm or 10G whichever smaller.
· ibiation proof	Wrong operation	10-150-10 Hz 1 octave/min. 4 sweeps in the 3 each axis of X, Y and Z while the half amplitude is 0.5mm or 10G whichever smaller.
Shock proof		30G 3 directions 3 times
Ambient tempera	iture	0 - 50°C
Ambient humidit	У	30 - 85%RH (No dew fall)
Working environ	ment	No corrosive gas
Communication of	bject	CompoBus/S (High-speed communication mode only)
No. of output poin		OPP3-0C: 8 points, OPP3-1C: 16 points
Output insulation	type	Photo coupler insulation
Max. load current		100mA/point
Leak current		0.1mA or lower
Residual voltage		0.5V or lower
Type of output		NPN Transistor, Open collector output
Action indicator		LED (power lamp and communication status indicator only)
No.of output point	ts	OPP3-0C: 8 points, OPP3-1C: 16 points

Note) This slave station is not applicable to the long distance communication mode.



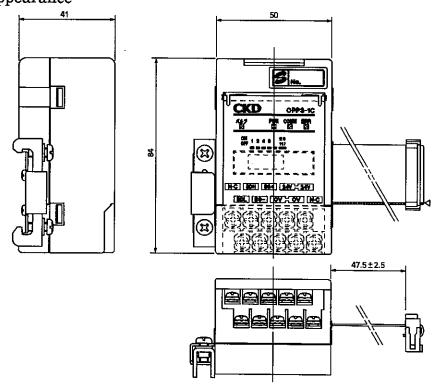
### 1.4 External dimensions of Solenoid valve





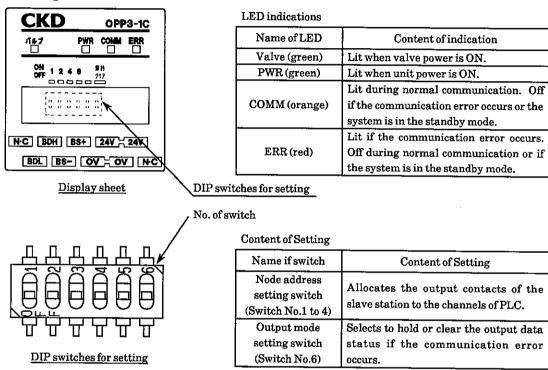
### 1.5 Slave station for valve

### 1) Appearance





- Indicators and switches on Slave station
  - (1) Various LED lamps are installed in front of station to aid visual varification of operational conditions. Each function is printed on the sheet made of resin. The content of each function is posted in the table below. Make use of them during maintenance works or for varification of operation.

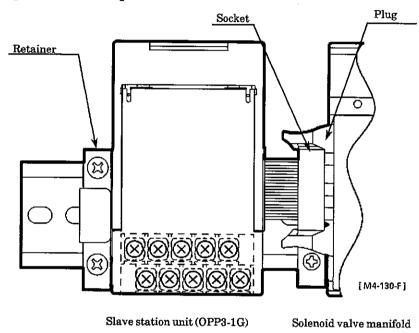


- X Switch No. 5 is not used.
- (2) The node address of the slave station for the valve and output mode if the communication error occurs are set using the setting switches. (Refer to "Chapter 3. Operation".) Be sure to set it before turning power to valve slave station ON.
- The cover of the slave station unit for the solenoid valve system can easily be opened and closed. Keep the cover closed except when you have to change switch positions or reconnect wires. If you keep the cover open unnecessarily, foreign matter may enter the circuit board causing an unexpected failure, or the cover may be broken by accidental contact. While the cover is open as you change switch positions or reconnect wires, be careful not to cause the entry of foreign matter.
- Setting switch has been precisely built. Disorderly handling may cause damage of switch. To set station number, never touch internal circuit printed board.



### 1.6 Mounting of Slave station for valve

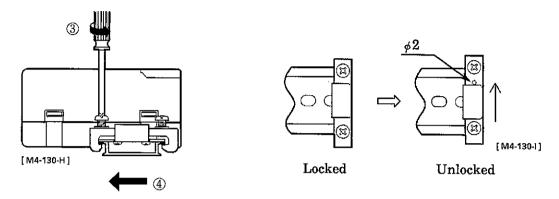
The slave station unit OPP3-1C·0C is normally secured by a retainer to the DIN rail (next to the solenoid valve manifold) and connected with the solenoid valve manifold by a connector (plug and socket). If you have to dismount the slave station unit from the DIN rail when you connect signal and power cables, for example, follow the procedure below:



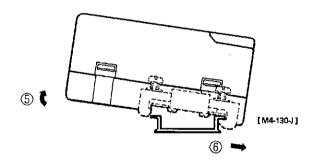
- Spread the plug ends to remove the socket.
   Spread the plug ends evenly.
  - (M4-130-G)



- 2) Slacken the two mounting screws and then slide the retainer until you can see a perfect hole (dia. 2 mm) in the retainer surface.
  - \* The retainer is unlocked when you can see the hole (dia. 2 mm); locked when you cannot.



- 3) To disengage the slave station unit from the DIN rail, lift it at the rear end and pull toward the terminal block.
  - \* At this time, keep the retainer at the unlocked position by using your finger to hold the retainer at the end closer to you.

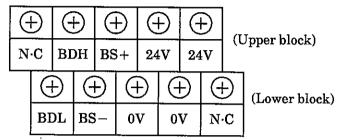


- 4) To reinstall the slave station unit, reverse the procedure; start with 6 and end with 1. Reverse the directions of arrows in the illustrations.
  - \*\* The distance between the slave station unit and the solenoid valve manifold depends on whether the connector is oriented vertically or horizontally. Be careful of this when reinstalling the slave station unit.



There are terminal blocks provided on the mounting device. Wiring connection to station is accomplished through these terminal blocks. Function of each terminal is printed on the face of station mounting device.

• Choose 6.6mm wide or less of M3 crimp type terminal metal piece and tighten it with torque of 0.3 - 0.5N·m..



Terminal symbols and functions

Symbol	Function	Major objects to be connected
BD H BD L	Data terminal	To be connected to the communication terminals BD H and BD L of the master station or other slave station.
BS + BS -	Power for Units	Apply source of power with less noise, such as DC24V $\pm$ 10%.
24V 0V *		To be connected to the power supply (DV24V $+10\%$ , -5%) with less noise.
$\mathbf{N} \cdot \mathbf{C}$	Not used	Do not use this terminal.



#### 2. CAUTION

1) Output transmission delay time

The transmission delay time of the system may vary depending on the scanning time of the PLC main unit and/or devices connected to the master unit. For details, see the manuals for PLC main unit and master unit.

Solenoid valve responding time, of course, varies depending on model. It is advisable of referring to valve specification.

As for OFF time, there is another delay factor of approx. 20ms due to flywheel diode being used for surge absorbing circuit to valve slave station.

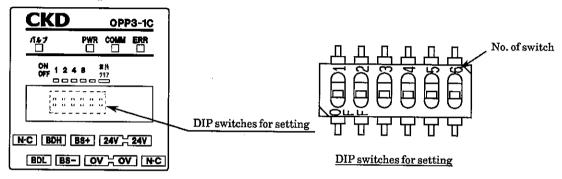


#### 3. OPERATION

#### 3.1 Switch setting

The setting switches are used to set two kinds of functions, node address and output mode if the communication error occurs.

Since different switches are used for different kinds of setup, you must correctly identify the switch to be used. Before changing the switch positions, be sure to cut the power.



#### (1) Setting the node address (Switch No. 1 - 4)

The node address of the remote I/O terminal to be connected to the slave station for this valve and the same signal line can be set in a range of #0 - #15. However, the I/O allocation of the slave unit may vary depending on the type of PLC main unit to be used and values set on the master unit. (For details of I/O allocation, see the User's Manual for CompoBus/S prepared by Omron.) The following table shows the correspondence between the node address and switch on this slave station.

\* To set a node address, set it so that it is not duplicated with the node address of other slave station.

If the node address is duplicate, the correct communication cannot be performed.

Additionally, if the 4-point mode is set on the master unit for CQM1, OPP3-1C (occupation of 16 points) cannot be used. (OPP3-0C (occupation of 8 points) can be used.)



A node address is set using the switch No. 1 - 4 as shown in the following table.

Node		Switc	h No.		Node		Swite	h No.	
address	1(1)	2(2)	3 (4)	4(8)	address	1(1)	2(2)	3 (4)	4(8)
0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	•
1	•	0	0	0	~9	•	0	0	•
2	0	•	0	0	10	0	•	0	•
3	•	•	0	0	11	•	•	0	•
4	0	0	•	0	12	0	0	•	•
5	•	0	•	0	13	•	0	•	•
6	0	•	•	0	14	0	•	•	•
7	•	•	•	0	15	•	•	•	•
		<u> </u>			• Switch	ie ON	0.9	Switch i	° OFF

Note) Value in ( ) corresponds to each switch (case marking).

(2) Setting the output mode (Switch No. 6)

The output status if the communication error occurs is set as shown below.

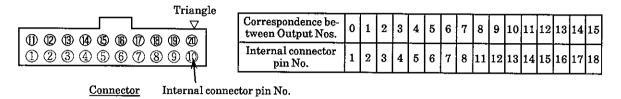
Switch No. 6	Output data setting
ON	Hold
OFF	Clear

% DIP switch No. 5 for setting is not used.



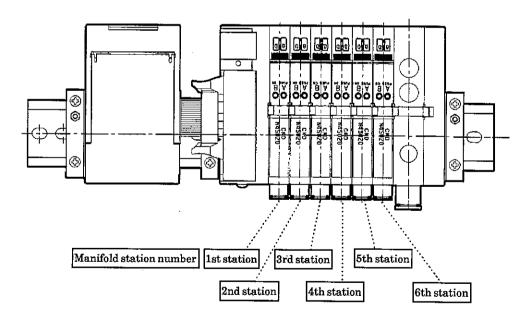
# 3.2 Correspondence between Output Nos. and internal connector Nos.

Those Numbers correspond as per table, posted below.



### 3.3 Correspondence between Output Nos. and Valve solenoid Nos.

- (1) Connector pin Nos. and manifold solenoid correspond with each other as per tables posted below. However, since OPP3-0C has 8 output points, salve station output Nos. 0 7 (8 points) become valid.
- (2) Manifold block number is allocated from leftmost block toward right while holding piping port facing to you, regardless the location of wiring block.





### Manifold wiring example

### • For Single solenoid valve

							Con	necto	r pin	No.						
	0(1)	1(2)	2(3)	3(4)	4(5)	5(6)	6(7)	7(8)	8(11)	9(12)	10(13)	11(14)	12(15)	13(16)	14(17)	15(18)
1st station	0															
2nd station		0												,		
3rd station			0										<b>-</b>			<del>                                     </del>
4th station				0												
5th station					0							<u> </u>	_			
6th station						0										
7th station							0						<u> </u>		_	_
8th station								0					<del>                                     </del>			_
9th station									0							
10th station									<u> </u>	0						<del>                                     </del>
11th station											0			<del></del>		
12th station												0				$\vdash$
13th station													0	-		
14th station												-		0		
15th station															0	
16th station															<u> </u>	0
Symbol						SOL.	(a) sid	e /	•	SOL.	(b) side	,			<u> </u>	

(Corresponds with up to the 16th manifold blocks.)

#### • For Double solenoid valve

							Con	necto	r pin	No.						
	0(1)	1(2)	2(3)	3(4)	4(5)	5(6)	6(7)	7(8)	8(11)	9(12)	10(13)	11(14)	12(15)	13(16)	14(17)	15(18)
1st station	0	•												<u> </u>	, , , , ,	()
2nd station			0	•				<u> </u>								
3rd station						•								<del>                                     </del>		
4th station							0	•			<del></del> -					
5th station								_	0	•		<del>                                     </del>	<del>                                     </del>			
6th station					Ţ,						0	•	<del>                                     </del>			
7th station			_		-						<del></del> -	_	0			
8th station												<del>                                     </del>	Ĕ	_	0	
9th station								_			<del> </del>		_			_
10th station						_		<u> </u>				<u> </u>				
11th station											<del></del>			<u> </u>		<del></del>
12th station		•										<del>                                     </del>		-		-
13th station					-										-	<u></u>
14th station								_							<del></del>	
15th station																
16th station																
Symbol			<u> </u>			SOL.	(a) sid	e /	•	SOL.	(b) side		L			

(Corresponds with up to the 8th manifold block.)



• For Mixed (Single and Double) solenoid valve

							Con	necto	r pin	No.						
	0(1)	1(2)	2(3)	3(4)	4(5)	5(6)	6(7)	7(8)	8(11)	9(12)	10(13)	11(14)	12(15)	13(16)	14(17)	15(18)
1st station	0						· · · ·									
2nd station		0				<del></del>				- "						
3rd station	-		0	•												
4th station					0	•	İ									
5th station							0				-					
6th station								0			i					
7th station			·						0	•				*		-
8th station										<u> </u>	0					
9th station												0				
10th station					-								0	•		
11th station															0	•
12th station															·	<u> </u>
13th station																
14th station																
15th station																
16th station		-														
Symbol						SOL.	(a) sid	e /	•	SOL.	(b) side					

(Corresponds with up to the 16th solenoid valve.)

3) Output pin No. sometimes become vacant depending upon manifold valve block number due to the sequential wiring. Such vacant pin is not available to be used for driving any other equipment.

### 3.4 Programming

The programming of the slave station for this valve is made in the same manner as the remote terminal (output type) made by Omron. For details, see Omron's User's Manual.



#### 4. INSTALLATION

#### 4.1 Wiring

It is required to connect signal circuit with power line to make this model MN4S0-T6C0, T6C1 function. Erroneous connection causes not only malfunction but in some cases, vital transmission damage to this station including other related devices. Before starting the wiring work, see the manuals for Omron's programmable controllers SYSMAC  $\alpha$ , C200HS, and CQM1 series, and CompoBus/S. Always carry out the wiring work in a correct manner.

# 1) Cable type and distance The following shows the cable types and specifications.

Туре	Specifications				
VCTF cable (general purchase item)	Vinyl cable VCTF JIS C 3306 2-core nominal cross section: 0.75 mm2 (Signal line $\times$ 2) Resistance of conductor (at 20C°): 25.1 $\Omega$ km				
Special flat cable Model SCA1-4F10 (100 m long)	Nominal cross section: $0.75~\text{mm}^2 \times 4$ (signal line $\times$ 2 and power line $\times$ 2)  Operating ambient temperature: $60^{\circ}\text{C}$ or less				

#### The following shows the distance of each communication cable.

Туре	Length of main line	Length of branch line	Total length of branch lines	
VCTF cable	100 m or less	3 m or less	50 m or less	
Special flat cable	30 m or less	3 m or less	30 m or less	

Even though the special flat cable is used, the length of the main line and the total length of branch lines are set to 100 m or less and 50 m or less, respectively if the number of connected slave stations is 16 or less

Note) This slave station is not applicable to the long distance communication mode.

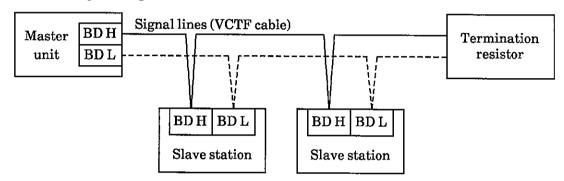


2) Connecting the communication cable to this slave station

To connect the communication cable to this slave station, connect the BDH and BDL signal lines to the BDH and BDL terminals, respectively. Additionally, to supply the unit power of the slave station, connect the BS+ (positive side of power) and BS- (negative side of power) lines to the BS+ and BS- terminals, respectively.

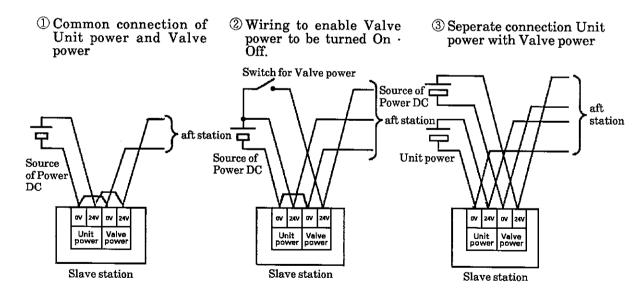
The following shows an example of connection to this slave station.

- VCTF cable
  - (a) Wiring the signal lines



(b) Wiring the source of power

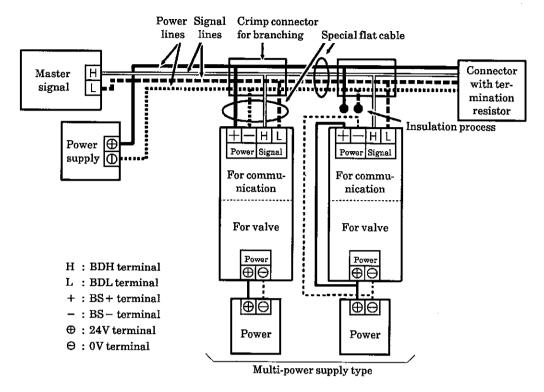
The power supply lines are connected by means of wiring method shown below.



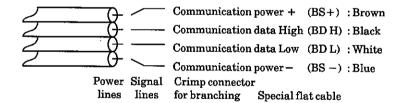
Note: When designing the system to supply power to duplex number of slave stations and remote I/O stations, choose and wire the source of power cord with a consideration of voltage drop. Secure ample voltage within rating by providing dual wiring, if necessary, to keep as small voltage loss of single system as possible or installing source of power near-by solenoid



#### • Special flat cable



X The signal lines of the special flat cable are determined as shown below.
If the power is not supplied through this cable, the BS+ and BS- power lines need to be insulated.





#### 5. MAINTENANCE

#### 5.1 Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting should address the entire system rather than a particular slave station. The same LED indicators as those on the remote I/O terminal made by Omron are provided on the slave station for this valve. According to these indications and those on the master unit, the cause of the error is located and appropriate remedy is taken. When taking the remedial action, see Chapter 4, Maintenance, in Omron's User's Manual for CompoBus/S. Additionally, a valve LED specially designed for the slave station for the valve is also provided. If only this LED is off, check the voltage supplied to the valve and power cable connection.

Meanings of LED indicators

Name	Color	Status	Meaning
Parrier	C	<u>)</u> o(	Communication power is being supplied.
Fower	Green	•	Communication power is not turned ON.
Communi-	37 -11	)O(	During normal communication
cation	X errow	•	Communication error occurs or system is in the standby mode.
Communi-	D. 1	<u>`</u> )<	Communication error occurs.
cation error	nea	•	During normal communication or system is in the standby mode.
	Power  Communication  Communication	Power Green  Communication Yellow  Communication Red	Power Green  Communication  Communication  Red



#### List of errors and alarms

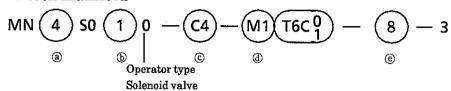
Item	I	ED statu	s	Cause of error	D 1
106111	PWR COMM ERR		ERR	Cause of error	Remedy
Unit power OFF	•	•	•	Unit power is turned OFF.	Turn ON the unit power.
Area duplication	)Ó(	•	)Ó,	When the master unit for CQM1 is used and the number of occupied points per node address is set at the 4-point mode, the area is duplicated by slave stations. If this occurs, the communication is stopped.	Check the area of the 8-point slave station, where the error occurs. Eliminate the duplication with other slave station and turn ON the power to the master unit and PLC main unit.
Address over	X	)ó(	•	When the master unit for CQM1 is used and the number of channels occupied by the PLC main unit is 2 or 4, a disable address is set in a node address of 0 - 7.	Check the LED indicator on the master unit and correct the node address to a level within the set range.
Out of node ad- dress range	<u>`</u> ,`\(\)\(\)	•	•	When the master unit for CQM1 is used, a node address ranging from 8 to 15 is set.	Check the LED indicator on the master unit and correct the node address to a level within the set range.
Communication error	)Ó(	•	<u>`</u> ,o(	Communication error occurs in the slave station communicating the data, and then the communication fails.	Check the LED indicator on the master unit and remove the cause of the communication error.
Master power OFF	<u>`</u> o´.	•	_	Master power is OFF.	Turn ON the master power.

The node address of the slave station where the error occurs is displayed in the status information (only master unit for C200HX/HG/HE and C200HS) or on the LED indicator of the master unit.



#### 6. HOW TO ORDER

### 1) Block manifold



@ Val	lve type	Switching position classificattion				© Port size (cylinder port)		
Mark	Description		Mark	Description	Mark	Model		
3	3-port valve		1	2-position single	C4	Push-in joint, sideways \$4		
4	4-port valve	1	2	2-position double	C6	Push-in joint, sideways \$6		
	3/4-port mixed valve	4-port valve	3	3-position all port block	CL4	Push-in joint, upwards ø4		
		valve	4	3-position ABR connection	CL6	Push-in joint, upwards ø6		
			5	3-position PAB connection	М5	M5 internal thread		
		3-port	1	2-position normal close single	CX	Mixed Push-in joint,		
		valve	11	2-position normal open single	7	upwards		
			- 8	Mixed manifold	******	I.D. 1614 0		

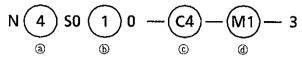
J With AB port filter for prevention against foreigh substance notes F after port size mark.

@ Mar	Manual override						
Mark	Description						
No mark	Non -locking manual override	Standard					
M1	Lock type manuao ocerride (tool required)	Option					
M2	Non-locking convex type						
М3	Lock convex type	Custom					
MX	Manual unit mixing	order					

	® № of							
	magnetic valve stations							
	Mark Description							
	2	2 stations						
	S	\$						
	n Maximum number							
	of stations for eac							
İ		wiring						



### 2) Valve block unit



Valve type		(b) Switching	g positi	on classification	© Port	© Port size		
Mark	Description	1	Mark	Description	Mark	Description		
3	3-port valve		1	2-position single	C4	Push-in joint, sideways, \$4		
4	4-port valve		_2	2-position double	C6	Push-in joint, sideways, 66		
		4-port valve	3	3-position all port block	CL4	Push-in joint, upwards, ø4		
			4	3-position ABR connection	CL6	Push-in joint, upwards, \$6		
			5	3-position PAB connection	M5	M5 internal thread		
		2	1	2-position normal close single	With A	B port filter for prevention		
		3-port valve	11	2-position normal open single	1	t foreigh substance notes F		
				after port size mark.				

d Mar	nual override						
Mark	Mark Description						
No mark	Non-locking manual override	Standard					
М1	Lock type manuao ocerride (tool required)	Option					
M2	Non-locking convex type	Custom					
М3	Lock convex type	order					